# **University of Guadalajara** University Center of the Valleys



## **Software Configuration Management**

Local system for sales in a store

Teacher: Omar Ali Zatarain Duran

Author: Elizabeth Baños Arias

#### 1. Understanding the Request

The project involves expanding the current sales system, which currently operates only locally in the store, to an online model. This requires implementing an e-commerce website, integrating digital payments, and ensuring real-time inventory synchronization between the physical store and the web platform.

#### 2. Affected Modules

#### 1. Cashier

- Reason: Currently, the cashier manages local sales with physical payment. The website must process online payments and generate digital receipts.
- Impact:
  - Integration with electronic payment gateways (cards, transfers, PayPal, etc.).
  - ➤ Generation of electronic receipts and automatic registration in the database.

#### 2. Vendor

- Reason: Vendor supply products to the store. Managing their information ensures timely replenishment and accurate inventory.
- Impact:
  - Database integration to track deliveries and product availability.
  - Automatic updating of stock levels upon receipt of new products.

#### 3. Products

- Reason: The product catalog must be available in both the physical store and the website.
- Impact:
  - An API or synchronization service is required.

#### 4. Stock

- Reason: Stock control must be updated the moment a sale occurs, whether physical
  or online.
- Impact:
  - > Prevents the sale of out-of-stock products.

> Involves implementing blocking mechanisms and simultaneous inventory updates for multiple users.

#### 5. Sales

- Reason: The sales process must unify both channels (physical store and online platform), ensuring that every transaction is registered consistently.
- Impact:
  - Centralized management of all sales (local + online) in a single database.

#### 3. List of system and project risks

#### List of system risks

- Risk of security breaches.
- Higher maintenance and hosting costs.
- System overload if not properly designed.
- Possible incompatibility between the local system and the new web platform.

#### List of project risks

- Poorly defined scope: The client requests new, unforeseen features that delay the project.
- Schedule delays: Technical tasks are more complex than expected, delaying deliveries.
- Human resource limitations: Limited availability of developers, designers, or testers.
- Lack of technical expertise on the team: Problems with new technologies such as payment gateways or inventory synchronization.
- Communication problems: Poor understanding between the team and stakeholders, leading to rework.
- Cost estimation errors: Unforeseen licensing, server, or security costs.
- Integration problems: Difficulty connecting the local system to the online platform.
- Key staff turnover: A developer or leader leaving the project, affecting continuity.

### 4. Resource estimation

Category	Estimated Cost (MXN)
Infrastructure (Hosting, Payment Gateway)	\$10,000
Human Resources (Developers, Security Specialist, DateBase Administrator)	\$250,000
Development Tools (GitHub, Testing)	\$10,000
Support & Maintenance (3 months)	\$90,000
Training & Documentation	\$12,000
Time	3 months
Total Cost (3 months)	\$500,000
Profit	\$200,000 MXN

<sup>☑</sup> El proyecto te dejaría una ganancia del 40% en 3 meses.

Figure 1: Cost estimation