# The most important foreign languages for English-speaking job seekers in global development and humanitarian relief By Ma. Eliza J. Villarino, June 2016

Breaking into the field of global development and humanitarian relief (or the aid industry) can be tough. Employers often ask candidates to have a few years of experience relevant to the organizations' operations, even for entry-level positions. They also prefer if not require applicants to have foreign language skills, as assignments may entail being deployed overseas.

For English speakers who are serious about joining the global development and humanitarian relief industry, an important question could be which foreign language to invest their time in learning. Knowing the answer can also benefit universities offering courses focused on the sector as this can improve not only their curriculum but more importantly career guidance to students.

Talking with recruiters could help. But perhaps a more definitive method would be to look at job ads – tens of thousands of them.

But where can you find and how do you gather those job ads?

If you Google "international development jobs," you'll see Reliefweb among the top search results. On any given day, it has more than 2,000 open job announcements, volume that's comparable if not better than similar jobs boards. Being owned by the United Nations, it makes all job ads and other information available to the public. Reliefweb also allows users to extract data from its archive, which for job ads date from 2011.

# Knowing the demand

The focus here would be on job ads written in English and those that require English and one or more languages.

To determine the extent of the demand for bilingual or multilingual English speakers means to know the proportion of job ads that require or prefer English-speaking candidates to be fluent or have knowledge in one or a combination of certain foreign languages. In this case, that would French, Spanish, Arabic, Chinese and Russian, which together with English make up the official languages of the United Nations, as well as others that some career advice articles have mentioned, namely Portuguese and "local languages."

### Collecting the data

Reliefweb offers an API search of its job ads, which you can run in R using the jsonlite package. The API search string filtered the data based on the month and the year when the job ads were posted, and specified the below fields and subfields. The aim is to use the same extracted data for future data science projects.

- id
- date.created
- title
- body, which contains the job description, including foreign language requirements
- theme.name, or expertise
- experience.name, as expressed by the number of years
- country.name
- career\_categories.name, or job functions

- type.name, i.e., whether the position is considered a job, consultancy, internship or volunteer opportuning
- source.name, or the name of the employer
- source.type.name, or the type of organization hiring for the job

Documentation on the Reliefweb API indicates that a user can only extract 1,000 data entries per search. This means iterating the searches by setting the "limit" parameter to 1,000 and the "offset" parameter in intervals of 1,000, starting with 0 for the first search, 1,000 for the second search and so forth.

```
library(jsonlite)
fromJSON("http://api.reliefweb.int/v1/jobs?offset=0&limit=1000&preset=analysis&filter[fie
ld]=date.created&filter[value][from]=2015-05-01T00:00:00%2B00:00&filter[value][to]=2015-
05-
31T00:00:00%2B00:00&&fields[include][]title&fields[include][]=body&fields[include][]=them
e.name&fields[include][]=country.name&fields[include][]=type.name&fields[include][]=exper
ience.name&fields[include][]=career_categories.name&fields[include][]=date.created&fields
[include][]=id&fields[include][]=source.name&fields[include][]=source.type.name")
rwjobs1 <- rwjobsraw1$data$fields</pre>
```

### Cleaning the data

The extracted data initially had nested lists, which made it impossible to save the data frame into a csv file. Calling the llply function from the plyr package resolved this issue.

```
library(plyr)

rwjobs1$theme <- llply(rwjobs1$theme, unlist)
rwjobs1$type <- llply(rwjobs1$type, unlist)
rwjobs1$experience <- llply(rwjobs1$experience, unlist)
rwjobs1$career_categories <- llply(rwjobs1$career_categories, unlist)
rwjobs1$country <- llply(rwjobs1$country, unlist)
rwjobs1$date <- llply(rwjobs1$date, unlist)
rwjobs1$source <- llply(rwjobs1$source, unlist)</pre>
```

That action, however, resulted in the appearance of unnecessary characters in the strings. Using the gsub function removed these characters.

```
rwjobs1$source <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$source)
rwjobs1$source <- gsub("\"", rwjobs1$source)
rwjobs1$source <- gsub("\\)", rwjobs1$source)
rwjobs1$theme <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$theme)
rwjobs1$theme <- gsub("\"", rwjobs1$theme)
rwjobs1$theme <- gsub("\\)", rwjobs1$theme)
rwjobs1$career_categories <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$career_categories)
rwjobs1$career_categories <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$career_categories)
rwjobs1$career_categories <- gsub("\\", "", rwjobs1$career_categories)
rwjobs1$career_categories <- gsub("\\)", "", rwjobs1$career_categories)
rwjobs1$date <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$date)
rwjobs1$date <- gsub("\\c\\(", "", rwjobs1$date)</pre>
```

The values under the "source" and "date" columns were separated using the strsplit function and the separated values filled new columns called "organization", "organization\_type", "year" and "month".

```
library(stringr)
source_split <- strsplit(rwjobs1$source, split = ",")
select_el <- function(x, index) {x[index]}
org_name <- lapply(source_split, select_el, index = 1)
org_type <- lapply(source_split, select_el, index = 2)
rwjobs1$organization <- as.character(org_name)
rwjobs1$organization_type <- as.character(org_type)
rwjobs1$source <- NULL

date_split <- strsplit(rwjobs1$date, split = "-")
select_el <- function(x, index) {x[index]}
year <- lapply(date_split, select_el, index = 1)
month <- lapply(date_split, select_el, index = 2)
day <- lapply(date_split, select_el, index = 3)</pre>
```

The whole process enabled saving the data into a csv file. The rbind function allowed the csv files for all searches to be combined into a dataset with 102,343 unique data entries or job ads posted from March 2011 to June 15, 2016.

```
rwjAll <- rbind(rwj2011, rwj2012, rwj2013, rwj2014, rwj2015, rwj2016)
rwjAll <- rwjAll[!duplicated(rwjAll), ]</pre>
```

With the combined dataset, the type, experience and organization\_type columns were further cleaned to clarify the categorical values and replace missing or NA values.

```
library(gdata)
rwjAll$jobType1 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$jobType1 <- str match(rwjAll$type, "Consultancy")</pre>
rwjAll$jobType1 <- ifelse(rwjAll$jobType1=="Consultancy", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType1 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$jobType1)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType2 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$jobType2 <- str_match(rwjAll$type, "Internship")
rwjAll$jobType2 <- ifelse(rwjAll$jobType2=="Internship", 2, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType2 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$jobType2)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType3 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))
rwjAll$jobType3 <- str_match(rwjAll$type, "Job")</pre>
rwjAll$jobType3 <- ifelse(rwjAll$jobType3=="Job", 3, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType3 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$jobType3)</pre>
rwjAll$jobType4 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$jobType4 <- str_match(rwjAll$type, "Volunteer Opportunity")</pre>
rwjAll$jobType4 <- ifelse(rwjAll$jobType4=="Volunteer Opportunity", 4, 0)
rwjAll$jobType4 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$jobType4)</pre>
rwjAll$jobTypeAll <- rowSums(rwjAll[, 13:16], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
rwjAll$jobTypeAll[rwjAll$jobTypeAll==1] <- "1 Consultancy"</pre>
rwjAll$jobTypeAll[rwjAll$jobTypeAll==2] <- "2 Internship"</pre>
rwjAll$jobTypeAll[rwjAll$jobTypeAll==3] <- "3 Job"</pre>
rwjAll$jobTypeAll[rwjAll$jobTypeAll==4] <- "4 Volunteer Opportunity"
rwjAll$jobTypeAll[rwjAll$jobTypeAll==0] <- "5 Other"
rwjAll$jobType1 <- NULL
rwjAll$jobType2 <- NULL
rwjAll$jobType3 <- NULL</pre>
rwjAll$jobType4 <- NULL
rwjAll$jobType5 <- NULL</pre>
```

```
rwjAll$type <- NULL
names(rwjAll)[names(rwjAll)=="jobTypeAll"] <- "job type"</pre>
rwjAll$orgType1 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType1 <- str match(rwjAll$organization_type, "Academic and Research</pre>
Institution")
rwjAll$orgType1 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType1=="Academic and Research Institution", 1, 0)
rwjAll$orgType1 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType1)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType2 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType2 <- str match(rwjAll$organization type, "Inc")</pre>
rwjAll$orgType2 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType2=="Inc", 2, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType2 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType2)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType3 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType3 <- str match(rwjAll$organization type, "Government")
rwjAll$orgType3 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType3=="Government", 3, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType3 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType3)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType4 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType4 <- str_match(rwjAll$organization_type, "Media")
rwjAll$orgType4 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType4=="Media", 4, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType4 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType4)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType5 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType5 <- str_match(rwjAll$organization_type, "Non-governmental Organization")</pre>
rwjAll$orgType5 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType5=="Non-governmental Organization", 5, 0)
rwjAll$orgType5 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType5)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType6 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType6 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType6=="Red Cross/Red Crescent Movement", 6, 0)
rwjAll$orgType6 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType6)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType7 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType7 <- str match(rwjAll$organization type, "International Organization")
rwjAll$orgType7 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType7=="International Organization", 7, 0)
rwjAll$orgType7 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType7)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType8 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$orgType8 <- str match(rwjAll$organization type, "Other")</pre>
rwjAll$orgType8 <- ifelse(rwjAll$orgType8=="Other", 8, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$orgType8 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$orgType8)</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll <- rowSums(rwjAll[, 18:25], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==1] <- "1 Academic and Research Institution"
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==2] <- "2 Consultancy"</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==3] <- "3 Government"</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==4] <- "4 Media"</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==5] <- "5 Non-governmental Organization"</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==6] <- "6 Red Cross/Red Crescent Movement"
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==7] <- "7 International Organization"
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==8] <- "8 Other"</pre>
rwjAll$orgTypeAll[rwjAll$orgTypeAll==0] <- "8 Other"</pre>
rwjAll$orgType1 <- NULL
rwjAll$orgType2 <- NULL</pre>
rwjAll$orgType3 <- NULL</pre>
rwjAll$orgType4 <- NULL</pre>
rwjAll$orgType5 <- NULL
rwjAll$orgType6 <- NULL
rwjAll$orgType7 <- NULL
rwjAll$orgType8 <- NULL
rwjAll$organization type <- NULL
names(rwjAll)[names(rwjAll) == "orgTypeAll"] <- "organization type"</pre>
```

```
rwjAllTest <- as.data.frame(rwjAll)
rwjAllTest$experience <- as.character(rwjAllTest$experience)
rwjAllTest$experience[rwjAllTest$experience=="NULL"] <- "Other"
rwjAllTest$experience[rwjAllTest$experience=="N/A"] <- "Other"</pre>
```

#### Transforming and preparing the data for analysis

Calling the str\_match function and ifelse statements, binary columns were added to the dataset to determine the frequencies and later the proportion of job ads requiring or preferring English speakers with foreign language skills.

The following keyword searches of the "body" column formed the basis of the values in the binary columns:

- "is" which denotes that the ad is written English.
- "anglais" which denotes that the ad is written French and seeks English speakers.
- "ingles" which denotes that the ad is written Spanish and seeks English speakers.
- "French" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of French.
- "Spanish" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of Spanish.
- "Arabic" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of Arabic.
- "Chinese" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of Chinese.
- "Russian" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of Russian.
- "Portuguese" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of Portuguese.
- "local languages" which denotes that the ad asks for applicants to be fluent in or knowledge of local languages.

Another binary column was created to combine values for all languages, and this was used to initially filter the dataset.

```
rwjAll$English1 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$English1 <- str match(rwjAll$body, "is ")</pre>
rwjAll$English1 <- ifelse(rwjAll$English1 == "is ", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$English1 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$English1)</pre>
rwjAll$English2 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$English2 <- str_match(rwjAll$body, "anglais")
rwjAll$English2 <- ifelse(rwjAll$English2 == "anglais", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$English2 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$English2)</pre>
rwjAll$English3 <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$English3 <- str match(rwjAll$body, "ingles")</pre>
rwjAll$English3 <- ifelse(rwjAll$English3 == "ingles", 1, 0)
rwjAll$English3 <- unmatrix(rwjAll$English3)</pre>
rwjAll$English total <- rowSums(rwjAll[, 13:15], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
rwjAll$English total[rwjAll$English total == 2] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$French <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$French <- str match(rwjAll$body, "French")</pre>
rwjAll$French <- ifelse(rwjAll$French == "French", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$French <- unmatrix(rwjAll$French)
rwjAll$Arabic <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$Arabic <- str match(rwjAll$body, "Arabic")</pre>
rwjAll$Arabic <- ifelse(rwjAll$Arabic=="Arabic", 1, 0)
rwjAll$Arabic <- unmatrix(rwjAll$Arabic)</pre>
```

```
rwjAll$Spanish <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$Spanish <- str match(rwjAll$body, "Spanish")</pre>
rwjAll$Spanish <- ifelse(rwjAll$Spanish=="Spanish", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$Spanish <- unmatrix(rwjAll$Spanish)</pre>
rwjAll$Russian <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$Russian <- str_match(rwjAll$body, "Russian")</pre>
rwjAll$Russian <- ifelse(rwjAll$Russian=="Russian", 1, 0)
rwjAll$Russian <- unmatrix(rwjAll$Russian)</pre>
rwjAll$Chinese <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$Chinese <- str match(rwjAll$body, "Chinese")</pre>
rwjAll$Chinese <- ifelse(rwjAll$Chinese=="Chinese", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$Chinese <- unmatrix(rwjAll$Chinese)</pre>
rwjAll$Portuguese <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$Portuguese <- str match(rwjAll$body, "Portuguese")</pre>
rwiAll$Portuguese <- ifelse(rwjAll$Portuguese=="Portuguese", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$Portuguese <- unmatrix(rwjAll$Portuguese)</pre>
rwjAll$local <- as.vector(c(NA * nrow(rwjAll)))</pre>
rwjAll$local <- str match(rwjAll$body, "local language")</pre>
rwjAll$local <- ifelse(rwjAll$local=="local language", 1, 0)</pre>
rwjAll$local <- unmatrix(rwjAll$local)</pre>
rwjAll$French Arabic <- rowSums(rwjAll[, c("French", "English2", "Arabic")], na.rm =
rwjAll$French Arabic[rwjAll$French Arabic==2] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$French Arabic[rwjAll$French Arabic==3] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$French Spanish <- rowSums(rwjAll[, c("French", "English2", "Spanish",
"English3")], na.rm = TRUE)
rwjAll$French Spanish[rwjAll$French Spanish==2] <- 1
rwjAll$French Spanish[rwjAll$French Spanish==3] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish <- rowSums(rwjAll[, c("French", "English2", "Arabic",
"Spanish", "English3")], na.rm = TRUE)
rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish[rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish==2] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish[rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish==3] <- 1
rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish[rwjAll$French Arabic Spanish==4] <- 1
rwjAll$language all <- rowSums(rwjAll[, 16:26], na.rm = TRUE)
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 2] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 3] <- 1
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 4] <- 1</pre>
\label{language_all} $$ rwjAll$language_all == 5] <- 1 
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 6] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language_all[rwjAll$language_all == 7] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 8] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 9] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language_all[rwjAll$language_all == 10] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll$language all[rwjAll$language all == 11] <- 1</pre>
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
rwjAll bil <- filter(rwjAll, language all == 1)</pre>
rwjAll bil <- rwjAll bil[!duplicated(rwjAll bil), ]</pre>
rwjAll_bil$EF <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$English2 + rwjAll_bil$French
rwjAll_bil$EF[rwjAll_bil$EF==2] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll bil$EF[rwjAll bil$EF==3] <- 1
rwjAll_bil$EF[rwjAll_bil$EF==4] <- 1</pre>
rwjAll bil$EA <- rwjAll bil$English1 + rwjAll bil$Arabic
rwjAll bil$EA[rwjAll_bil$EA==2] <- 1
rwjAll_bil$ES <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$English3 + rwjAll_bil$Spanish
rwjAll bil$ES[rwjAll bil$ES==2] <- 1
rwjAll_bil$ES[rwjAll_bil$ES==3] <- 1</pre>
```

```
rwjAll_bil$ER <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$Russian
rwjAll_bil$EC <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$Chinese
rwjAll_bil$EP <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$Portuguese
rwjAll_bil$EL <- rwjAll_bil$English1 + rwjAll_bil$locallibrary(tidyr)</pre>
```

The filtered dataset (with 99,310 entries) was filtered anew, by year to compare annual trends.

```
rwjAll_bil16 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2016)
rwjAll_bil15 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2015)
rwjAll_bil14 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2014)
rwjAll_bil13 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2013)
rwjAll_bil12 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2012)
rwjAll_bil11 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2011)</pre>
```

To get the proportion of job ads asking for English speakers with certain foreign language skills, the values under the columns showing the frequencies were summed up, excluding the NA values, and then divided by the number of the dataset rows.

```
rwjAll bil16 <- filter(rwjAll bil, year == 2016)</pre>
total EF 16 <- sum(rwjAll bil16$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bil16$English2, na.rm =
EF_percent_16 <- total_EF_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)
total_EA_16 <- sum(rwjAll_bil16$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EA percent 16 <- total EA 16 / nrow(rwjAll bill6)
total ES 16 <- sum(rwjAll bill6$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bill6$English3, na.rm =
ES percent 16 <- total ES 16 / nrow(rwjAll bil16)
total ER 16 <- sum(rwjAll bil16$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)
ER_percent 16 <- total ER_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)
total_EC_16 <- sum(rwjAll_bil16$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EC percent 16 <- total EC 16 / nrow(rwjAll bil16)
total_EP_16 <- sum(rwjAll_bil16$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP_percent_16 <- total_EP_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)
total_EL_16 <- sum(rwjAll_bil16$local, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EL_percent_16 <- total_EL_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)</pre>
total EFA 16 <- sum(rwjAll bil16$French Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EFA percent 16 <- total EFA 16 / nrow(rwjAll bil16)
total EFS 16 <- sum(rwjAll bill6$French Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS_percent_16 <- total_EFS_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)</pre>
total EFAS 16 <- sum(rwjAll bill6$French Arabic Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFAS_percent_16 <- total_EFAS_16 / nrow(rwjAll_bil16)</pre>
rwjAll bil15 <- filter(rwjAll bil, year == 2015)</pre>
total \overline{\text{EF}} 15 <- sum(rwjAll bil\overline{15}$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bil15$English2, na.rm =
EF_percent_15 <- total_EF_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)
total_EA_15 <- sum(rwjAll_bil15$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EA percent 15 <- total EA 15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)
total ES 15 <- sum(rwjAll bil15$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bil15$English3, na.rm =
ES percent 15 <- total_ES_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)
total ER 15 <- sum(rwjAll bil15$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)
ER_percent_15 <- total_ER_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)</pre>
total_EC_15 <- sum(rwjAll_bil15$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)
EC_percent_15 <- total_EC_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)</pre>
total EP 15 <- sum(rwjAll bil15$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP_percent_15 <- total_EP_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)
total_EL_15 <- sum(rwjAll_bil15$local, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EL percent 15 <- total EL 15 / nrow(rwjAll bil15)
total_EFA_15 <- sum(rwjAll_bil15$French_Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EFA_percent_15 <- total_EFA_15 / nrow(rwjAll_bil15)</pre>
total EFS 15 <- sum(rwjAll bill5$French Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS percent 15 <- total EFS 15 / nrow(rwjAll bil15)
total_EFAS_15 <- sum(rwjAll_bil15$French_Arabic_Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
EFAS percent 15 <- total EFAS 15 / nrow(rwjAll bil15)
rwjAll bil14 <- filter(rwjAll_bil, year == 2014)</pre>
total \overline{\text{EF}} 14 <- sum(rwjAll bil\overline{14}$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bil14$Englis2, na.rm =
EF percent 14 <- total EF 14 / nrow(rwjAll bil14)
total_EA_14 <- sum(rwjAll_bill4$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EA_percent_14 <- total_EA_14 / nrow(rwjAll_bill4)</pre>
total ES 14 <- sum(rwjAll bill4$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) +sum(rwjAll bill4$English3, na.rm =
ES percent 14 <- total ES 14 / nrow(rwjAll bil14)
total ER 14 <- sum(rwjAll bil14$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)
ER percent 14 <- total_ER_14 / nrow(rwjAll_bil14)</pre>
total_EC_14 <- sum(rwjAll_bil14$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)
EC_percent_14 <- total_EC_14 / nrow(rwjAll_bil14)</pre>
total EP 14 <- sum(rwjAll bil14$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP_percent_14 <- total_EP_14 / nrow(rwjAll_bil14)</pre>
total EL 14 <- sum(rwjAll_bill4$local, na.rm = TRUE)
EL percent 14 <- total EL 14 / nrow(rwjAll bill4)
total EFA 14 <- sum(rwjAll bil14$French Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EFA_percent_14 <- total_EFA_14 / nrow(rwjAll_bil14)</pre>
total EFS 14 <- sum(rwjAll bill4$French Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS percent 14 <- total EFS 14 / nrow(rwjAll bill4)
total EFAS 14 <- sum(rwjAll bill4$French Arabic Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFAS percent 14 <- total EFAS 14 / nrow(rwjAll bil14)
rwjAll bil13 <- filter(rwjAll bil, year == 2013)</pre>
total EF 13 <- sum(rwjAll bill3$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bill3$English2, na.rm =
TRUE)
EF percent 13 <- total EF 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)</pre>
total_EA_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bil13$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EA percent 13 <- total EA 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)
total ES 13 <- sum(rwjAll bill3$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bill3$English3, na.rm =
TRUE)
ES_percent_13 <- total_ES_13 / nrow(rwjAll_bil13)
total_ER_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bil13$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ER percent 13 <- total ER 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)
total_EC_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bil13$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)
EC_percent_13 <- total_EC_13 / nrow(rwjAll_bil13) total_EP_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bil13$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP percent 13 <- total EP 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)
total_EL_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bil13$local, na.rm = TRUE)
EL percent 13 <- total EL 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)
total EFA 13 <- sum(rwjAll bill3$French Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EFA percent 13 <- total EFA 13 / nrow(rwjAll bill3)
total_EFS_13 <- sum(rwjAll_bill3$French_Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS_percent_13 <- total_EFS_13 / nrow(rwjAll_bill3)</pre>
total EFAS 13 <- sum(rwjAll bill3$French Arabic Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFAS_percent_13 <- total_EFAS_13 / nrow(rwjAll_bil13)</pre>
rwjAll bil12 <- filter(rwjAll bil, year == 2012)</pre>
total EF 12 <- sum(rwjAll bill2$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bill2$English2, na.rm =
EF_percent_12 <- total_EF_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)</pre>
total EA 12 <- sum(rwjAll bill2$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EA_percent_12 <- total_EA_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)
total_ES_12 <- sum(rwjAll_bil12$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll_bil12$English3, na.rm =</pre>
ES percent 12 <- total ES 12 / nrow(rwjAll bil12)
total_ER_12 <- sum(rwjAll_bil12$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)
ER_percent_12 <- total_ER_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)</pre>
total EC 12 <- sum(rwjAll bill2$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)
EC_percent_12 <- total_EC_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)
total_EP_12 <- sum(rwjAll_bil12$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP_percent_12 <- total_EP_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)
total_EL_12 <- sum(rwjAll_bil12$local, na.rm = TRUE)
EL_percent_12 <- total_EL_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)
total_EFA_12 <- sum(rwjAll_bil12$French_Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
EFA percent 12 <- total EFA 12 / nrow(rwjAll bil12)
total EFS 12 <- sum(rwjAll bill2$French Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS_percent_12 <- total_EFS_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)</pre>
total EFAS 12 <- sum(rwjAll bill2$French Arabic Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFAS percent 12 <- total_EFAS_12 / nrow(rwjAll_bil12)</pre>
rwjAll bil11 <- filter(rwjAll bil, year == 2011)</pre>
total \overline{E}F 11 <- sum(rwjAll bil\overline{1}1$French, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bil11$English2, na.rm =
EF_percent_11 <- total_EF_11 / nrow(rwjAll_bill1)
total_EA_11 <- sum(rwjAll_bill1$Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EA percent 11 <- total EA 11 / nrow(rwjAll bill1)
total ES 11 <- sum(rwjAll bill1$Spanish, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(rwjAll bill1$English3, na.rm =
ES percent 11 <- total ES 11 / nrow(rwjAll bil11)
total ER 11 <- sum(rwjAll bill1$Russian, na.rm = TRUE)
ER_percent_11 <- total_ER_11 / nrow(rwjAll_bil11)</pre>
total_EC_11 <- sum(rwjAll_bill1$Chinese, na.rm = TRUE)
EC_percent_11 <- total_EC_11 / nrow(rwjAll_bill1)</pre>
total EP 11 <- sum(rwjAll bill1$Portuguese, na.rm = TRUE)
EP_percent 11 <- total EP_11 / nrow(rwjAll_bill1)
total_EL_1I <- sum(rwjAll_bill1$local, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
EL percent 11 <- total EL 11 / nrow(rwjAll bill1)
total EFA 11 <- sum(rwjAll bil11$French Arabic, na.rm = TRUE)
EFA percent 11 <- total EFA 11 / nrow(rwjAll bil11)
total EFS 11 <- sum(rwjAll bill1$French Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFS percent 11 <- total EFS 11 / nrow(rwjAll bill1)
total_EFAS_11 <- sum(rwjAll_bil11$French_Arabic_Spanish, na.rm = TRUE)
EFAS_percent_11 <- total_EFAS_11 / nrow(rwjAll_bil11)</pre>
```

The proportion of job ads requiring bilingual and multilingual skills (transformed into whole numbers and rounded to two digits) populated a new dataset that also includes the covered years (2011-2016). This dataset was used for the analysis.

```
year <- c(2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016)
English French <- c(EF percent 11, EF percent 12, EF percent 13, EF percent 14,
EF percent 15, EF percent 16)
English Arabic <- c(EA percent 11, EA percent 12, EA percent 13, EA percent 14,
EA percent_15, EA_percent_16)
English Spanish <- c(ES percent 11, ES percent 12, ES percent 13, ES percent 14,
ES percent 15, ES percent 16)
English_Russian <- c(ER_percent_11, ER_percent_12, ER_percent_13, ER_percent_14,</pre>
ER percent 15, ER percent 16)
English_Chinese <- c(EC_percent_11, EC_percent_12, EC percent 13, EC percent 14,</pre>
EC_percent_15, EC_percent 16)
English Portuguese <- c(EP percent 11, EP percent 12, EP percent 13, EP percent 14,
EP percent 15, EP percent \overline{16})
English local <- c(EL percent 11, EL percent 12, EL percent 13, EL percent 14,
EL percent 15, EL percent 16)
English French Arabic <- c(EFA percent 11, EFA percent 12, EFA percent 13,
EFA_percent_14, EFA_percent_15, EFA_percent_16)
English French Spanish <- c(EFS percent 11, EFS percent 12, EFS percent 13,
EFS_percent_14, EFS_percent_15, EFS_percent_16)
English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- c(EFAS_percent_11, EFAS_percent_12, EFAS_percent_13,</pre>
EFAS percent 14, EFAS percent 15, EFAS percent 16)
bi lang pct <- cbind(year, English_French, English_Arabic, English_Spanish,
English Russian, English Chinese, English Portuguese, English local,
English French Arabic, English French Spanish, English French Arabic Spanish)
bi_lang_pct <- as.data.frame(bi_lang_pct)</pre>
bi_lang_pct$English_French <- bi_lang_pct$English_French * 100
bi lang pct$English French <- round(bi lang pct$English French, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_Arabic <- bi_lang_pct$English_Arabic * 100
bi lang pct$English Arabic <- round(bi lang pct$English Arabic, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_Spanish <- bi_lang_pct$English_Spanish * 100
bi lang pct$English Spanish <- round(bi lang pct$English Spanish, digits = 2)
```

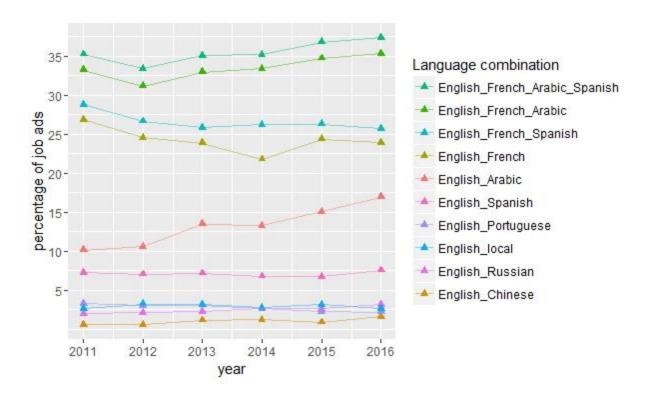
```
bi_lang_pct$English_Russian <- bi_lang_pct$English_Russian * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_Russian <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_Russian, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_Chinese <- bi_lang_pct$English_Chinese * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_Chinese <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_Chinese, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_Portuguese <- bi_lang_pct$English_Portuguese * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_Portuguese <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_Portuguese, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_local <- bi_lang_pct$English_local * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_local <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_local, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic <- bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Spanish <- bi_lang_pct$English_French_Spanish * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Spanish <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Spanish, digits = 2)
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish * 100
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish * 20
bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish <- round(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish, digits = 2)
```

#### Analyzing the data

The table below illustrates the dataset with the proportions of job ads seeking bilingual and multilingual speakers.

year 2011	English_ French 26.85	English_ Arabic 10.12	English_ Spanish 7.22	English_ Russian 1.94	English_ Chinese 0.59	English_ Portuguese 3.26	English_ local 2.6	English_ French_ Arabic 33.22	English_ French_ Spanish 28.79	English_ French_ Arabic_ Spanish 35.24
2012	24.53	10.56	7.02	2.06	0.52	3.02	3.21	31.16	26.65	33.42
2013	23.86	13.46	7.16	2.25	1.13	3.04	3.1	32.96	25.82	35.03
2014	21.76	13.26	6.75	2.58	1.23	2.63	2.74	33.37	26.22	35.18
2015	24.37	15.05	6.71	2.58	0.88	2.23	3.11	34.72	26.29	36.81
2016	23.89	16.93	7.54	3.15	1.58	2.18	2.64	35.35	25.67	37.37

Reshaping the data frame allowed for plotting of the results using the ggplot2 package



The table and the plot show that:

- English speakers who are fluent in or have knowledge of French have the highest demand among bilingual English job seekers in global development and humanitarian relief. Nearly 24 in 100job ads seek such candidates in 2016, while about 17 in 100 positions requires or prefers English-Arabic speakers. Meanwhile, only more than 1 in 100 assignments need or favor English-Chinese speakers so far in 2016.
- Knowing both French and Arabic allows qualified English speakers to apply for or gives them an edge in nearly 35 in 100 jobs in the aid industry.
- The demand for English-French speakers in global development has declined over the years, from 26.9 percent in 2011 to 23.9 percent as of June 15, 2016. On the other hand, the demand for English-Arabic job candidates is on an upswing, rising from 10.1 percent in 2011 to nearly 16.9 percent by mid-June 2016.
- There's a relatively steady demand for English speakers who know Spanish, Russian, Portuguese, Chinese and local languages.

# Verifying the results

To verify the results, the data were subjected to statistical tests.

# One sample t-tests

```
EF tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English French, mu=23)
Results:
t = 1.8156, df = 5, p-value = 0.1291
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 23
95 percent confidence interval:
22.49681 25.92319
sample estimates:
mean of x
    24.21
EA tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English Arabic, mu=14)
Results:
t = -0.72481, df = 5, p-value = 0.5011
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 14
95 percent confidence interval:
10.49916 15.96084
sample estimates:
mean of x
    13.23
ES_tTest <- t.test(bi_lang_pct$English_Spanish, mu=7)</pre>
t = 0.52382, df = 5, p-value = 0.6228
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 7
95 percent confidence interval:
6.739507 7.393826
sample estimates:
mean of x
 7.066667
EC_tTest <- t.test(bi_lang_pct$English_Chinese, mu=1)</pre>
Results:
t = -0.070641, df = 5, p-value = 0.9464
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
0.5637894 1.4128773
sample estimates:
mean of x
0.9883333
ER tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English Russian, mu=2.5)
Results:
t = -0.40725, df = 5, p-value = 0.7007
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 2.5
95 percent confidence interval:
1.963787 2.889546
sample estimates:
mean of x
2.426667
EP tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English Portuguese, mu=2)</pre>
Results:
t = 3.9341, df = 5, p-value = 0.01102
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 2
95 percent confidence interval:
2.251855 3.201479
sample estimates:
mean of x
 2.726667
EL tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English local, mu=2.5)
Results:
t = 3.6344, df = 5, p-value = 0.01499
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 2.5
95 percent confidence interval:
2.61708 3.18292
sample estimates:
mean of x
  2.9
EFA_tTest <- t.test(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic, mu=33)</pre>
t = 0.77346, df = 5, p-value = 0.4742
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 33
95 percent confidence interval:
31.92346 35.00321
sample estimates:
mean of x
 33.46333
EFS tTest <- t.test(bi lang pct$English French Spanish, mu=26)
Results:
t = 1.2309, df = 5, p-value = 0.2731
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 26
95 percent confidence interval:
25.37604 27.77062
sample estimates:
mean of x
 26.57333
EFAS_tTest <- t.test(bi_lang_pct$English_French_Arabic_Spanish, mu=35)</pre>
Results:
t = 0.88356, df = 5, p-value = 0.4174
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 35
95 percent confidence interval:
34.02942 36.98725
sample estimates:
mean of x
 35.50833
```

The results reject the assumptions on the expected value for each of the variables, i.e, bilingual and multilingual skills. The assumptions were based on the values from previous table and plot.

#### A two-sample z-test

The near likeness of the proportion of job ads seeking English-Portuguese speakers and that of those seeking English-local language speakers prompted a z-test of the two samples based on the frequencies by month. This would determine whether indeed there are differences in the demand between the two.

The test involved filtering the existing dataset and then creating a new one for the analysis.

```
bidem_jan16 <- filter(rwjAll_bil16, month == 1)
jan16_EP <- sum(bidem_jan16$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
jan16_EL <- sum(bidem_jan16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)

bidem_feb16 <- filter(rwjAll_bil16, month == 2)
feb16_EP <- sum(bidem_feb16$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
feb16_EL <- sum(bidem_feb16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)

bidem_mar16 <- filter(rwjAll_bil16, month == 3)
mar16_EP <- sum(bidem_mar16$EP, na.rm = TRUE)

mar16_EL <- sum(bidem_mar16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)

bidem_apr16 <- filter(rwjAll_bil16, month == 4)
apr16_EP <- sum(bidem_apr16$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
apr16 EL <- sum(bidem apr16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem may16 <- filter(rwjAll bil16, month == 5)</pre>
may16 EP \leftarrow sum(bidem may16\$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
may16 EL <- sum(bidem may16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jun16 <- filter(rwjAll bil16, month == 6)
jun16 EP <- sum(bidem jun16$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jun16 EL <- sum (bidem jun16$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jan15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 1)</pre>
jan15 EP <- sum(bidem jan15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jan15 EL <- sum(bidem jan15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem feb15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 2)</pre>
feb15 EP <- sum(bidem feb15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
feb15 EL <- sum(bidem feb15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem mar15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 3)</pre>
mar15 EP <- sum(bidem mar15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
mar15 EL <- sum(bidem mar15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem apr15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 4)
apr15_EP <- sum(bidem_apr15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
apr15 EL <- sum(bidem apr15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem may15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 5)</pre>
may15 EP <- sum(bidem may15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
may15 EL <- sum(bidem may15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jun15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 6)</pre>
jun15 EP <- sum(bidem jun15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jun15 EL <- sum(bidem jun15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jul15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 7)</pre>
jul15 EP <- sum(bidem jul15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jul15_EL <- sum(bidem_jul15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem aug15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 8)
aug15 EP <- sum(bidem aug15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
aug15 EL <- sum (bidem aug15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem sep15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 9)
sep15 EP <- sum(bidem sep15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
sep15 EL <- sum(bidem sep15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem oct15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 10)</pre>
oct15 EP <- sum(bidem oct15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
oct15_EL <- sum(bidem_oct15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem nov15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 11)</pre>
nov15_EP <- sum(bidem_nov15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
nov15 EL <- sum(bidem nov15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem dec15 <- filter(rwjAll bil15, month == 12)
dec15_EP <- sum(bidem_dec15$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
dec15 EL <- sum (bidem dec15$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jan14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 1)</pre>
jan14_EP <- sum(bidem_jan14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
jan14_EL <- sum(bidem_jan14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem feb14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 2)</pre>
feb14 EP <- sum(bidem feb14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
feb14 EL <- sum (bidem feb14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem mar14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 3)
mar14 EP <- sum(bidem mar14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
mar14 EL <- sum(bidem mar14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem apr14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 4)</pre>
apr14 EP <- sum(bidem apr14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
apr14 EL <- sum(bidem_apr14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem may14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 5)</pre>
may14 EP <- sum(bidem may14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
may14 EL <- sum(bidem may14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jun14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 6)
jun14 EP <- sum(bidem jun14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jun14 EL <- sum(bidem jun14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem jul14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 7)</pre>
jul14 EP <- sum(bidem jul14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jul14 EL <- sum(bidem_jul14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem aug14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 8)
aug14 EP <- sum(bidem aug14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
aug14_EL <- sum(bidem_aug14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem sep14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 9)
sep14_EP <- sum(bidem_sep14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
sep14 EL <- sum(bidem sep14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem oct14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 10)</pre>
oct14 EP <- sum(bidem oct14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
oct14 EL <- sum(bidem oct14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem nov14 <- filter(rwjAll bil14, month == 11)</pre>
nov14 EP <- sum(bidem nov14$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
nov14 EL <- sum(bidem nov14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem_dec14 <- filter(rwjAll_bil14, month == 12)</pre>
dec14 EP <- sum(bidem dec14$ EP, na.rm = TRUE)
dec14 EL <- sum (bidem dec14$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jan13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 1)</pre>
jan13_EP <- sum(bidem_jan13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jan13 EL <- sum (bidem jan13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem feb13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 2)
feb13 EP <- sum(bidem feb13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
feb13 EL <- sum (bidem feb13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem mar13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 3)</pre>
mar13 EP <- sum(bidem mar13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
mar13_EL <- sum(bidem_mar13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem apr13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 4)
apr13_EP <- sum(bidem_apr13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
apr13 EL <- sum (bidem apr13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem may13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 5)</pre>
may13_EP <- sum(bidem may13$\bar{E}P, na.rm = TRUE)
may13 EL <- sum (bidem may13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jun13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 6)
jun13_EP <- sum(bidem_jun13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
jun13_EL <- sum(bidem_jun13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem jul13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 7)</pre>
jul13 EP <- sum(bidem jul13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jul13 EL <- sum(bidem jul13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem aug13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 8)
aug13 EP <- sum(bidem aug13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
aug13 EL <- sum(bidem aug13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem_sep13 <- filter(rwjAll_bil13, month == 9)</pre>
sep13 EP <- sum(bidem sep13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
sep13 EL <- sum(bidem sep13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem oct13 <- filter(rwjAll bill3, month == 10)</pre>
oct13 EP <- sum(bidem oct13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
oct13 EL <- sum(bidem oct13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem nov13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 11)
nov13 EP <- sum(bidem nov13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
nov13 EL <- sum(bidem nov13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem dec13 <- filter(rwjAll bil13, month == 12)</pre>
dec13 EP <- sum(bidem dec13$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
dec13 EL <- sum(bidem dec13$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jan12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 1)</pre>
jan12 EP <- sum(bidem jan12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jan12_EL <- sum(bidem_jan12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem feb12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 2)
feb12_EP <- sum(bidem_feb12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
feb12 EL <- sum (bidem feb12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem mar12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 3)</pre>
mar12 EP <- sum (bidem mar12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
mar12 EL <- sum (bidem mar12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem apr12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 4)</pre>
apr12 EP <- sum(bidem apr12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
apr12 EL <- sum(bidem apr12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem_may12 <- filter(rwjAll_bil12, month == 5)</pre>
may12 EP <- sum(bidem may12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
may12_EL <- sum(bidem_may12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem jun12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 6)
jun12 EP <- sum(bidem jun12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jun12 EL <- sum (bidem jun12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jul12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 7)
jul12 EP <- sum(bidem jul12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jul12 EL <- sum(bidem_jul12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem aug12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 8)</pre>
aug12 EP <- sum(bidem aug12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
aug12_EL <- sum(bidem_aug12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem sep12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 9)
sep12_EP <- sum(bidem_sep12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
sep12 EL <- sum(bidem sep12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem oct12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 10)
oct12_EP <- sum(bidem_oct12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
oct12 EL <- sum(bidem oct12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem nov12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 11)
nov12_EP <- sum(bidem_nov12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
nov12_EL <- sum(bidem_nov12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem dec12 <- filter(rwjAll bil12, month == 12)</pre>
dec12 EP <- sum(bidem dec12$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
dec12 EL <- sum (bidem dec12$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem mar11 <- filter(rwjAll bill1, month == 3)</pre>
mar11 EP <- sum(bidem mar11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
mar11 EL <- sum(bidem mar11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem apr11 <- filter(rwjAll bil11, month == 4)</pre>
apr11 EP <- sum(bidem apr11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
apr11 EL <- sum(bidem apr11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem may11 <- filter(rwjAll bill1, month == 5)</pre>
may11 EP <- sum(bidem may11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
may11 EL <- sum (bidem may11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem jun11 <- filter(rwjAll bil11, month == 6)</pre>
jun11 EP <- sum(bidem jun11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jun11 EL <- sum(bidem jun11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem jul11 <- filter(rwjAll bil11, month == 7)</pre>
jul11_EP <- sum(bidem_jul11$\bar{E}P, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
jul11 EL <- sum(bidem_jul11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem aug11 <- filter(rwjAll bill1, month == 8)</pre>
aug11 EP <- sum(bidem aug11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
aug11_EL <- sum(bidem_aug11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
bidem sep11 <- filter(rwjAll bill1, month == 9)
sep11_EP <- sum(bidem_sep11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
sep11 EL <- sum(bidem sep11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem oct11 <- filter(rwjAll bil11, month == 10)</pre>
oct11 EP <- sum(bidem oct11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
oct11 EL <- sum(bidem oct11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem nov11 <- filter(rwjAll bill1, month == 11)</pre>
nov11 EP <- sum(bidem nov11$EP, na.rm = TRUE)
nov11 EL <- sum(bidem nov11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
bidem_dec11 <- filter(rwjAll_bil11, month == 12)</pre>
dec11 EP <- sum(bidem dec11$ EP, na.rm = TRUE)
dec11 EL <- sum(bidem dec11$EL, na.rm = TRUE)
Year <- c(2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2011, 2012, 2012, 2012,
2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2012, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013,
2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 
2016, 2016, 2016, 2016, 2016, 2016)
Month <- c(03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09,
10, 11, 12, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07,
08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05,
English Portuguese <- c(mar11 EP, apr11 EP, may11 EP, jun11 EP, jul11 EP, aug11 EP,
sep11 EP, oct11 EP, nov11 EP, dec11 EP, jan12 EP, feb12 EP, mar12 EP, apr12 EP, may12 EP, jun12 EP, jul12 EP, aug12 EP, sep12 EP, oct12 EP, nov12 EP, dec12 EP, jan13 EP, feb13 EP,
mar13 EP, apr13 EP, may13 EP, jun13 EP, jul13 EP, aug13 EP, sep13 EP, oct13 EP, nov13 EP,
dec13_EP, jan14_EP, feb14_EP, mar14_EP, apr14_EP, may14_EP, jun14_EP, jul14_EP, aug14_EP,
sep14 EP, oct14 EP, nov14 EP, dec14 EP, jan15 EP, feb15 EP, mar15 EP, apr15 EP, may15 EP, jun15 EP, jun15 EP, aug15 EP, sep15 EP, oct15 EP, nov15 EP, dec15 EP, jan16 EP, feb16 EP,
mar16 EP, apr16 EP, may16 EP, jun16 EP)
English local <- c(mar11 EL, apr11 EL, may11 EL, jun11 EL, jul11 EL, aug11 EL, sep11 EL,
oct11_EL, nov11_EL, dec11_EL, jan12_EL, feb12_EL, mar12_EL, apr12_EL, may12_EL, jun12_EL,
jul12 EL, aug12 EL, sep12 EL, oct12 EL, nov12 EL, dec12 EL, jan13 EL, feb13 EL, mar13 EL,
apr13 EL, may13 EL, jun13 EL, jul13 EL, aug13 EL, sep13 EL, oct13 EL, nov13 EL, dec13 EL, jan14 EL, feb14 EL, mar14 EL, apr14 EL, may14 EL, jun14 EL, jul14 EL, aug14 EL, sep14 EL,
oct14 EL, nov14 EL, dec14 EL, jan15 EL, feb15 EL, mar15 EL, apr15 EL, may15 EL, jun15 EL,
jul15 EL, aug15 EL, sep15 EL, oct15 EL, nov15 EL, dec15 EL, jan16 EL, feb16 EL, mar16 EL,
apr16 EL, may16 EL, jun16 EL)
```

zTestdf <- data.frame(Year, Month, English Portuguese, English local)

The below shows the data to be used for the z-test, which involved calling the BSDA package.

Year	Month	English_ Portuguese	English_ Local
2011	3	0	0
2011	4	2	0
2011	5	16	8
2011	6	4 4	42
2011	7	60	68
2011	8	112	114
2011	9	60	56
2011	10	102	48
2011	11	80	70
2011	12	98	52
2012	1	7 4	48
2012	2	144	76
2012	3	74	84
2012	4	72	90
2012	5	32	44
2012	6	130	120
2012	7	56	90
2012	8	62	88
2012	9	92	136
2012	10	80	78
2012	11	82	94
2012	12	56	82
2013	1	106	82
2013	2	80	74
2013	3	90	110
2013	4	96	120
2013	5	110	112
2013	6	126	132
2013	7	112	130
2013	8	100	86
2013	9	146	118

		84	70
2013	10	46	82
2013	11	90	102
2013	12	128	120
2014	1	70	92
2014	2	72	90
2014	3	118	90
2014	4	78	134
2014	5	78	88
2014	6	102	78
2014	7	88	66
2014	8		
2014	9	114	80
2014	10	98	154
2014	11	110	78
2014	12	92	118
2015	1	68	80
2015	2	70	110
2015	3	78	132
2015	4	80	72
2015	5	64	94
2015	6	0	0
2015	7	140	196
2015	8	90	100
2015	9	60	72
2015	10	98	142
2015	11	48	112
2015	12	96	126
2016	1	78	94
2016	2	106	90
2016	3	88	128
2016	4	76	106
2016	5	80	118
2016	6	58	62

```
library(BSDA)
z.test(zTestdf$English_Portuguese, zTestdf$English_local, sigma.x =
sd(zTestdf$English_Portuguese), sigma.y = sd(zTestdf$English_local), conf.level = 0.95)
Results:
z = -1.2629, p-value = 0.2066
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
    -19.458401     4.208401
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
    81.875     89.500
```

The two variables were also tested for correlation:

```
cor(zTestdf$English_Portuguese, zTestdf$English_local)
[1] 0.6733323
```

The results suggest that there is a difference between the demand for English-Portuguese speakers and that for English-local language speakers, and that there is a relative association between the two.

### Linear regression

The dataset showing annual trends in the demand for English speakers with foreign language skills (see the first table in the "Analyzing the data" section) has prompted questions whether certain variables could predict these trends.

The assumption is that foreign aid, in terms of commitments or disbursements or both, may predict those patterns. To verify such an assumption, data on foreign aid, technically known as official development assistance, were extracted from the website of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

OECD tracks foreign aid committed and disbursed by donor countries. It has data on ODA through 2014, and allows downloading of such data from its statistics page, http://stats.oecd.org and saving them into a csv file.

To prepare the data for linear modeling, the extracted datasets on foreign aid commitments and disbursements were filtered according to the below criteria:

- Year, from 2011 to 2014.
- French-speaking aid-recipient countries.
- Arabic-speaking aid-recipient countries.
- Values on "total commitments" for the dataset on ODA commitments.
- Values on "grants, total", "technical cooperation" and "humanitarian aid" for the dataset on ODA disbursements.

```
French_speaking_countries <- c("Benin", "Burkina Faso", "Burundi", "Cameroon", "Central African Republic", "Chad", "Comoros", "Democratic Republic of the Congo", "Congo", "Côte d'Ivoire", "Djibouti", "Equatorial Guinea", "Gabon", "Guinea", "Madagascar", "Mali", "Mauritius", "Morocco", "Niger", "Rwanda", "Senegal", "Togo", "Haiti", "Vanuatu", "Seychelles")
```

```
Arabic speaking countries <- c("Benin", "Chad", "Comoros", "Djibouti", "Egypt",
"Eritrea", "Libya", "Mauritania", "Morocco", "Sudan", "Tunisia", "Tanzania", "Iraq", "Jordan", "Lebanon", "Oman", "West Bank and Gaza Strip", "Syrian Arab Republic", "Yemen")
ODA commitments 11 14 <- filter(ODA commitments, Year >= 2011)
ODA commitments French speaking <- ODA commitments 11 14[ODA commitments 11 14$Recipient
%in% French speaking countries,]
ODA commitments French speaking <- filter(ODA commitments French speaking, Aid.type ==
"Total Commitments")
ODA commitments French speaking <- filter(ODA commitments French speaking, Donor == "All
Donors, Total")
ODA commitments Arabic speaking <- ODA commitments 11 14[ODA commitments 11 14$Recipient
%in% Arabic speaking countries,]
ODA commitments Arabic speaking <- filter(ODA commitments Arabic speaking, Aid.type ==
"Total Commitments")
ODA commitments Arabic speaking <- filter(ODA commitments Arabic speaking, Donor == "All
Donors, Total")
ODA disbursements 11 14 <- filter(ODA disbursements, Year >= 2011)
ODA disbursements French speaking <-
ODA_disbursements_11_14[ODA_disbursements 11 14$Recipient %in%
French speaking countries,]
ODA disbursements French speaking <- filter(ODA disbursements French speaking, Donor ==
"All Donors, Total")
ODA disbursements type1 <- filter(ODA disbursements French speaking, Aid.type == "Grants,
Total")
ODA disbursements type2 <- filter(ODA disbursements French speaking, Aid.type ==
"Technical Cooperation")
ODA_disbursements_type3 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Aid.type ==
"Humanitarian Aid")
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking <-
ODA disbursements 11 14[ODA_disbursements_11_14$Recipient %in%
Arabic speaking countries,]
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking <- filter(ODA disbursements Arabic speaking, Donor ==
"All Donors, Total")
ODA disbursements type1 <- filter(ODA disbursements Arabic speaking, Aid.type == "Grants,
Total")
ODA disbursements type2 <- filter(ODA disbursements Arabic speaking, Aid.type ==
"Technical Cooperation")
ODA disbursements type3 <- filter(ODA disbursements Arabic speaking, Aid.type ==
"Humanitarian Aid")
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking <- rbind(ODA_disbursements_type1,
ODA disbursements type2, ODA disbursements type3)
```

#### Unnecessary columns were removed.

```
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$DONOR <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$RECIPIENT <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$PART <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$AIDTYPE <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$AIDTYPE <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$TIME <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$TIME <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Unit.Code <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$PowerCode.Code <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Reference.Period <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Reference.Period.Code <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Flag.Codes <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Flags <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$Part <- NULL
ODA_commitments_French_speaking$PONOR <- NULL
ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$PONOR <- NULL
ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$PRECIPIENT <- NULL
ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$PART <- NULL
```

```
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$AIDTYPE <- NULL
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$DATATYPE <- NULL
ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$TIME <- NULL
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$Unit.Code <- NULL
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$PowerCode.Code <- NULL
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$Reference.Period <- NULL
ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$Reference.Period.Code <- NULL ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking$Flag.Codes <- NULL
ODA commitments Arabic speaking$Flags <- NULL
ODA commitments_Arabic_speaking$Part <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking <- rbind(ODA disbursements type1,
ODA disbursements type2, ODA disbursements type3)
ODA disbursements French speaking$DONOR <- NULL ODA disbursements French speaking$RECIPIENT <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$PART <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_French_speaking$AIDTYPE <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_French_speaking$DATATYPE <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$TIME <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$Unit.Code <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_French_speaking$PowerCode.Code <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$Reference.Period <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$Reference.Period.Code <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_French_speaking$Flag.Codes <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$Flags <- NULL
ODA disbursements French speaking$Part <- NULL
{\tt ODA\_disbursements\_Arabic\_speaking\$DONOR} <- {\tt NULL}
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$RECIPIENT <- NULL
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$PART <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$AIDTYPE <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$DATATYPE <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$TIME <- NULL
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$Unit.Code <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$PowerCode.Code <- NULL
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$Reference.Period <- NULL
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$Reference.Period.Code <- NULL
ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking$Flag.Codes <- NULL
ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$Flags <- NULL ODA disbursements Arabic speaking$Part <- NULL
```

#### The filtered datasets were split into separate datasets to determine the annual trends.

```
ODA_commitments_French_speaking_11 <- filter(ODA_commitments_French_speaking, Year == 2011)

ODA_commitments_French_speaking_12 <- filter(ODA_commitments_French_speaking, Year == 2012)

ODA_commitments_French_speaking_13 <- filter(ODA_commitments_French_speaking, Year == 2013)

ODA_commitments_French_speaking_14 <- filter(ODA_commitments_French_speaking, Year == 2014)

ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_11 <- filter(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2011)

ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_12 <- filter(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2012)

ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_13 <- filter(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2013)

ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_14 <- filter(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2014)

ODA_disbursements_French_speaking_11 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Year == 2011)

ODA_disbursements_French_speaking_12 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Year == 2011)

ODA_disbursements_French_speaking_12 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Year == 2012)
```

```
ODA_disbursements_French_speaking_13 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Year == 2013)

ODA_disbursements_French_speaking_14 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_French_speaking, Year == 2014)

ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking_11 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2011)

ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking_12 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2012)

ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking_13 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2013)

ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking_14 <- filter(ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking, Year == 2014)
```

The summed ODA amounts populated the final dataset that was used for the linear regression.

```
ESC FS 11 <- sum(ODA commitments French speaking 11$Value)
ESC FS 12 <- sum(ODA commitments French speaking 12$Value)
ESC FS 13 <- sum(ODA commitments French speaking 13$Value)
ESC FS 14 <- sum(ODA commitments French speaking 14$Value)
ESC AS 11 <- sum(ODA commitments Arabic speaking 11$Value)
ESC_AS_12 <- sum(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_12$Value)
ESC_AS_13 <- sum(ODA_commitments_Arabic_speaking_13$Value)
ESC AS 14 <- sum (ODA commitments Arabic_speaking_14$Value)
ESD FS 11 <- sum(ODA disbursements French_speaking_11$Value)
ESD FS 12 <- sum(ODA disbursements French speaking 12$Value)
ESD FS 13 <- sum (ODA disbursements French speaking 13$Value)
ESD FS 14 <- sum(ODA disbursements French speaking 14$Value)
ESD AS 11 <- sum(ODA disbursements_Arabic_speaking_11$Value)
ESD AS 12 <- sum (ODA disbursements Arabic speaking 12$Value)
ESD_AS_13 <- sum(ODA_disbursements_Arabic_speaking_13$Value)</pre>
ESD AS 14 <- sum(ODA disbursements Arabic speaking 14$Value)
Year \leftarrow c(2011, 2012, 2013, 2014)
ODAcommitments_FS <- c(ESC_FS_11, ESC_FS_12, ESC_FS_13, ESC_FS_14)
ODAdisbursements FS <- c(ESD FS 11, ESD FS 12, ESD FS 13, ESD FS 14)
EnglishFrench_pct <- c(EF_percent_11, EF_percent_12, EF_percent_13, EF_percent_14)
ODAvsEFjobs <- data.frame(Year, ODAcommitments_FS, ODAdisbursements_FS,
EnglishFrench pct)
ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench_pct <- ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench_pct * 100
ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench pct <- round(ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench pct, digits = 2)
ODAcommitments AS <- c(ESC AS 11, ESC AS 12, ESC AS 13, ESC AS 14)
ODAdisbursements_AS <- c(ESD_AS_11, ESD_AS_12, ESD_AS_13, ESD_AS_14)
EnglishArabic_pct <- c(EA_percent_11, EA_percent_12, EA_percent_13, EA_percent_14)
ODAvsEAjobs <- data.frame (Year, ODAcommitments AS, ODAdisbursements AS,
EnglishArabic_pct)
ODAvsEAjobs <- as.data.frame(ODAvsEAjobs)
ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic_pct <- ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic pct * 100
ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic pct <- round(ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic pct, digits = 2)
```

#### The following table illustrates the resulting dataset:

	ODAcommitments	ODAdisbursements	
	FS (in US\$	FS (in US\$	EnglishFrench_
Year	millions)	millions)	pct
	42640.47	46200.75	26.85
2011			
	44283.17	44513.33	24.53
2012			

	41983.15	38207.44	23.86
2013			
	38298.24	35761.01	21.76
2014			
	ODAcommitments	ODAdisbursements	
	AS (in US\$	AS (in US\$	EnglishArabic
Year	millions)	millions)	Pct
	36238.31	36683.82	10.12
2011			
	47168.99	37559.22	10.56
2012			
2012	59993.11	53625.05	13.46
2013	40050 10	F742F 2	12.00
2014	48858.18	57435.2	13.26
2011			

Several models looked at whether ODA commitments and disbursements can affect the demand for English-French and English-Arabic speakers in the aid industry.

```
model1 \leftarrow lm(EnglishFrench pct \sim ODAdisbursements FS + ODAcommitments FS, data =
ODAvsEFjobs)
summary(model1)
Residuals:
              2
                     3
 Coefficients:
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 9.825e+00 1.608e+01 0.611 0.651
0.400
Residual standard error: 1.471 on 1 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.836, Adjusted R-squared: 0.508 F-statistic: 2.549 on 2 and 1 DF, p-value: 0.405
model2 <- lm(EnglishFrench pct ~ ODAcommitments FS, data = ODAvsEFjobs)</pre>
summary(model2)
Residuals:
             2 3
 2.0953 -1.2127 -0.4994 -0.3832
Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) -0.8905793 16.9106452 -0.053 0.963 ODAcommitments_FS 0.0006014 0.0004040 1.489 0.275
Residual standard error: 1.769 on 2 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.5256, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2885 F-statistic: 2.216 on 1 and 2 DF, p-value: 0.275
model3 <- lm(EnglishFrench pct ~ ODAdisbursements FS, data = ODAvsEFjobs)</pre>
summary(model3)
Residuals:
 0.6668 -1.0047 0.7488 -0.4110
```

```
Coefficients:
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 8.4271646 5.0107034 1.682 0.2346 ODAdisbursements_FS 0.0003843 0.0001210 3.175 0.0865
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 1.045 on 2 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8345, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7517 F-statistic: 10.08 on 1 and 2 DF, p-value: 0.08651
model4 <- lm(EnglishArabic pct ~ ODAdisbursements AS + ODAcommitments AS, data =</pre>
ODAvsEAjobs)
summary(model4)
Residuals:
 0.09150 -0.11215 0.08669 -0.06604
Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                      3.523e+00 5.403e-01 6.521 0.0969 .
(Intercept)
ODAdisbursements AS 1.294e-04 1.353e-05 9.563 0.0663 .
ODAcommitments AS 4.852e-05 1.496e-05 3.244 0.1904
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.1812 on 1 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9964, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9893 F-statistic: 140.2 on 2 and 1 DF, p-value: 0.05962
model5 <- lm(EnglishArabic pct ~ ODAcommitments AS, data = ODAvsEAjobs)</pre>
summary(model5)
Residuals:
                  2
 0.01898 -1.15754 -0.15409 1.29265
Coefficients:
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 4.742e+00 3.570e+00 1.328 0.315
ODAcommitments_AS 1.479e-04 7.315e-05 2.022 0.181
Residual standard error: 1.232 on 2 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6714, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5072 F-statistic: 4.087 on 1 and 2 DF, p-value: 0.1806
model6 <- lm(EnglishArabic pct ~ ODAdisbursements AS, data = ODAvsEAjobs)</pre>
summary (model6)
Residuals:
                 2
                         3
-0.1883 0.1117 0.4429 -0.3663
Coefficients:
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 4.443e+00 1.104e+00 4.025 0.0566.
ODAdisbursements_AS 1.599e-04 2.336e-05 6.844 0.0207 *
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.4349 on 2 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.959, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9386 F-statistic: 46.84 on 1 and 2 DF, p-value: 0.02069
```

Correlation among variables were also carried out.

```
cor(ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench_pct, ODAvsEFjobs$ODAdisbursements_FS)
[1] 0.9134854
cor(ODAvsEFjobs$EnglishFrench_pct, ODAvsEFjobs$ODAcommitments_FS)
[1] 0.725014

cor(ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic_pct, ODAvsEAjobs$ODAdisbursements_AS)
[1] 0.9793095
cor(ODAvsEAjobs$EnglishArabic_pct, ODAvsEAjobs$ODAcommitments_AS)
[1] 0.8194168
```

The results suggest that there is a significant relationship and a high correlation between foreign aid disbursements and the demand for English-Arabic job candidates. Correlation between foreign aid commitment and the demand for English-Arabic job candidates as well as between foreign aid (commitments or disbursements) and the demand for English-French speakers is high but the relationship is not significant. These however are not conclusive given the small sample.

### **Takeaways**

1. If we are to rank the demand for bilingual English speakers in global development and humanitarian relief, those who know French would top the list, followed by English-Arabic speakers. Here's a quick look, together with the extent of the demand based on the 2016 average.

```
English speakers who know... Demand French \sim 24 in 100 jobs Arabic \sim 17 in 100 jobs Spanish \sim 8 in 100 jobs Russian \sim 3 in 100 jobs Local languages \sim 3 in 100 jobs Portuguese \sim 2 in 100 jobs Chinese \sim 2 in 100 jobs
```

- 2. English speakers who know French can see their job market access increase significantly if they are also proficient in Arabic (about 11 percentage points in 2016). Meanwhile, English-French speakers who know Spanish can only see a slight increase (about 2 percentage points in 2016).
- 3. The demand for English-Arabic speakers is slowly catching up with that for English-French speakers, as the last six years have seen a steady increase of the former while the latter has suffered a decline.
- 4. Foreign aid disbursements appear to affect trends in the demand for English-Arab speakers in the aid industry. The same cannot be said for English-French speakers. The pattern though is inconclusive given the small sample for this study.

### Recommendations

- 1. As a job seeker in global development and humanitarian relief, if there's one foreign language that you plan to acquire, invest your time in being proficient in French.
- 2. If you're already fluent in French and want to know another foreign language, consider learning Arabic, as 35 in 100 jobs seek qualified English-speaking candidates who are have knowledge of French or Arabic, or both these languages.
- 3. Universities offering courses focused on global development and humanitarian relief should consider concentrating their language training on French and Arabic as this may improve their students' chances of landing jobs in the future. For those without language training components in their academic programs, this study provides a good case for starting such a program or for partnering with language learning centers.