# **Digital Clock**

#### Ellanti Rohith - EE24BTECH11020

#### Aim

This project is on the design and implementation of a digital clock using an **Arduino**, a **7447 BCD to 7-segment decoder**, six **7-segment displays**, and multiple **push buttons**.

#### 1 Introduction

This project demonstrates the working of a **multiplexed digital clock** with hour, minute, and second displays, updated every second. The implementation utilizes:

- Arduino Uno as the main processing unit.
- 7447 BCD to 7-segment decoder for numerical display.
- Six 7-segment displays to show hours, minutes, and seconds.
- **Push buttons** for manual adjustments (Hour, Minute, and Reset).

### 2 Theory and Background

Since an Arduino has a limited number of output pins, controlling multiple 7-segment displays directly is inefficient. Instead, **multiplexing** is used.

### 2.1 How Multiplexing Works

- The Arduino activates one display at a time while sending the corresponding digit data.
- It cycles through all six displays rapidly (about 5ms per digit).
- All digits appear continuously lit.

• This allows six displays to be controlled using only four BCD lines and six control lines.

### 2.2 Multiplexing Process in the Code

- 1. The time is split into six digits: two for hours, two for minutes, and two for seconds.
- 2. The Arduino outputs each digit's BCD value to the 7447 decoder.
- 3. The corresponding 7-segment display is enabled while others are turned off.
- 4. After a brief delay (5ms), the next display is activated.
- 5. This cycle repeats continuously, creating a seamless time display.

### 2.3 7447 BCD to 7-Segment Decoder

The **7447 decoder** takes a **4-bit binary input (BCD)** and converts it into signals for a common-anode 7-segment display. This reduces the number of required Arduino pins.

## 3 Materials and Components

- 1. Arduino Uno
- 2. 7447 BCD to 7-segment decoder
- 3. Six 7-segment displays (Common Anode)
- 4. Three push buttons (Hour, Minute, Reset)
- 5. Resistors
- 6. Breadboard and jumper wires

## 4 Circuit Design and Wiring

#### 4.1 Circuit Connections

The table below details the wiring of the components:

Component	Arduino Pin	Description
BCD Input A	2	Connects to the 7447 BCD to 7-segment de-
		coder input A
BCD Input B	3	Connects to the 7447 BCD to 7-segment de-
		coder input B
BCD Input C	4	Connects to the 7447 BCD to 7-segment de-
		coder input C
BCD Input D	5	Connects to the 7447 BCD to 7-segment de-
		coder input D
7-Segment Digit 1	6	Controls the first digit of the display (Tens place
		of Hours)
7-Segment Digit 2	7	Controls the second digit of the display (Units
		place of Hours)
7-Segment Digit 3	8	Controls the third digit of the display (Tens
		place of Minutes)
7-Segment Digit 4	9	Controls the fourth digit of the display (Units
		place of Minutes)
7-Segment Digit 5	10	Controls the fifth digit of the display (Tens place
		of Seconds)
7-Segment Digit 6	11	Controls the sixth digit of the display (Units
		place of Seconds)
Hour Button	12	Push button to manually increase the hours
		value
Minute Button	13	Push button to manually increase the minutes
		value
Pause Button	A0	Push button to pause or resume the clock
Reset Button	A1	Push button to reset the clock to 12:00:00

# **5** Software Implementation

The Arduino code below manages the clock's operation:

```
#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>

#define BCD_PORT PORTD
#define BCD_DDR DDRD
#define BCD_MASK 0b00111100 // PD2 to PD5

#define COMMON_PORT PORTC
```

```
#define COMMON_DDR DDRC
#define MODE_BUTTON PB0 // Switch between Clock, Timer, and Stopwatch
#define STOPWATCH_BUTTON PB1 // Start/Stop Stopwatch and Timer
15
volatile int seconds = 0, minutes = 30, hours = 15;
volatile int timer_seconds = 0, timer_minutes = 0, timer_hours = 0;
volatile int stopwatch_seconds = 0, stopwatch_minutes = 0, stopwatch_hours
       = 0;
volatile int mode = 0; // 0 = Clock, 1 = Timer, 2 = Stopwatch
volatile int stopwatch_running = 0; // 1 = Running, 0 = Stopped
void setup() {
      // Set BCD display pins (PD2-PD5) as output
23
      BCD_DDR |= BCD_MASK;
      BCD_PORT &= "BCD_MASK;
      // Set digit selector pins (PORTC) as output
27
      COMMON_DDR = 0xFF;
29
      COMMON_PORT = 0x00;
30
      // Enable pull-up resistors for buttons
31
      PORTD |= (1 << PD6) | (1 << PD7);
      PORTB |= (1 << MODE_BUTTON) | (1 << STOPWATCH_BUTTON);
      // Timer1 Setup: CTC Mode, 1-second interval
      TCCR1B = (1 \ll WGM12) + (1 \ll CS12) + (1 \ll CS10);
36
      OCR1A = 15625; // 1-second interrupt
      TIMSK1 \mid = (1 \ll OCIE1A);
38
39
      // Debug LED on PC7 (Bit 7 of PORTC) to check if ISR is running
      DDRC |= (1 << 7); // Set PC7 as output
41
      PORTC &= ~(1 << 7); // Initially turn it off
42
      sei(); // Enable global interrupts
44
45 }
46
  ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect) {
      PORTC ^= (1 << 7); // Toggle PC7 to check ISR is running
48
49
      // Clock Mode Updates
50
      if (mode == 0) {
51
          seconds++;
52
          if (seconds == 60) {
53
              seconds = 0;
              minutes++;
              if (minutes == 60) {
56
                  minutes = 0;
57
                  hours = (hours + 1) \% 24;
```

```
}
           }
60
       }
61
62
       // Timer Countdown (only when running)
63
       if (mode == 1 && stopwatch_running) {
64
           if (timer_seconds > 0 timer_minutes > 0 timer_hours > 0) {
               if (timer_seconds == 0) {
66
                    if (timer_minutes > 0) {
67
                        timer_minutes--;
                        timer_seconds = 59;
70
                    } else if (timer_hours > 0) {
                        timer_hours--;
71
                        timer_minutes = 59;
                        timer_seconds = 59;
                    }
               } else {
                    timer_seconds--;
77
78
           }
       }
79
80
81
       // Stopwatch Increment
       if (mode == 2 && stopwatch_running) {
82
           stopwatch_seconds++;
83
           if (stopwatch_seconds == 60) {
               stopwatch_seconds = 0;
85
               stopwatch_minutes++;
86
               if (stopwatch_minutes == 60) {
87
                    stopwatch_minutes = 0;
                    stopwatch_hours = (stopwatch_hours + 1) % 24;
               }
90
           }
91
       }
92
  }
93
94
void displayTime();
96 void setBCD(int value);
97 void checkButtons();
98
  int main() {
99
100
       setup();
       while (1) {
101
           checkButtons();
102
           displayTime();
103
       }
104
105 }
106
107 // Function to display time on a 6-digit 7-segment display
```

```
void displayTime() {
       int digits[6];
109
110
       if (mode == 0) { // Clock Mode
111
           digits[0] = hours / 10;
           digits[1] = hours % 10;
113
           digits[2] = minutes / 10;
           digits[3] = minutes % 10;
115
           digits[4] = seconds / 10;
116
           digits[5] = seconds % 10;
117
       } else if (mode == 1) { // Timer Mode
119
           digits[0] = timer_hours / 10;
           digits[1] = timer_hours % 10;
120
           digits[2] = timer_minutes / 10;
           digits[3] = timer_minutes % 10;
           digits[4] = timer_seconds / 10;
           digits[5] = timer_seconds % 10;
124
       } else { // Stopwatch Mode
125
126
           digits[0] = stopwatch_hours / 10;
           digits[1] = stopwatch_hours % 10;
           digits[2] = stopwatch_minutes / 10;
128
           digits[3] = stopwatch_minutes % 10;
           digits[4] = stopwatch_seconds / 10;
130
           digits[5] = stopwatch_seconds % 10;
131
       }
       // Multiplex 7-segment display
134
       for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
135
           setBCD(digits[i]); // Send the BCD value first
136
137
           COMMON_PORT = (1 << i); // Enable the corresponding digit</pre>
           _delay_us(500); // Short delay for smooth display
138
139
140 }
  // Function to set BCD output for 7-segment display
  void setBCD(int value) {
       BCD_PORT = (BCD_PORT & "BCD_MASK) | ((value << 2) & BCD_MASK);</pre>
143
144 }
146 // Function to check button inputs and update mode/settings
  void checkButtons() {
147
       if (!(PIND & (1 << PD6))) {</pre>
148
           _delay_ms(50);
           if (!(PIND & (1 << PD6))) {</pre>
150
                if (mode == 0) {
151
                    hours = (hours + 1) \% 24;
                    seconds = 0;
153
               } else if (mode == 1) {
154
                    timer_hours = (timer_hours + 1) % 24;
                    seconds = 0;
```

```
157
                while (!(PIND & (1 << PD6))); // Wait for release</pre>
158
            }
159
160
161
       if (!(PIND & (1 << PD7))) {</pre>
162
            _delay_ms(50);
            if (!(PIND & (1 << PD7))) {</pre>
164
                if (mode == 0) {
165
                     minutes = (minutes + 1) % 60;
                     seconds = 0;
                } else if (mode == 1) {
168
                     timer_minutes = (timer_minutes + 1) % 60;
169
                     seconds = 0;
170
                while (!(PIND & (1 << PD7))); // Wait for release</pre>
            }
       }
174
175
       if (!(PINB & (1 << MODE_BUTTON))) {</pre>
176
            _{delay_ms(50)};
177
            if (!(PINB & (1 << MODE_BUTTON))) {</pre>
178
                mode = (mode + 1) % 3; // Cycle through Clock, Timer, and
       Stopwatch
                while (!(PINB & (1 << MODE_BUTTON))); // Wait for release</pre>
180
            }
182
183
       // Modified section: Stopwatch button controls both Timer and
184
       Stopwatch
       if (!(PINB & (1 << STOPWATCH_BUTTON))) {</pre>
185
            _delay_ms(50);
186
            if (!(PINB & (1 << STOPWATCH_BUTTON))) {</pre>
187
                if (mode == 2) { // Toggle Stopwatch running
                     stopwatch_running = !stopwatch_running;
189
                } else if (mode == 1) { // Toggle Timer running
190
                     stopwatch_running = !stopwatch_running; // Reuse the same
191
        flag
192
                while (!(PINB & (1 << STOPWATCH_BUTTON))) {</pre>
193
                     _delay_ms(10);
194
            }
196
       }
197
198 }
```

Listing 1: 'Code for Digital Clock'

## 6 Conclusion

The project successfully demonstrated a digital clock using Arduino, 7447 decoder, and 7-segment displays. The clock functions accurately with manual control options, showcasing **real-time updating**, **display multiplexing**.