Linear Algebra, Math 2101-002 Homework set #6

- 1. For each of the following statements indicate if the statement is TRUE or FALSE. If it is true, prove the statement. If it is false, give a counter-example.
- (a) If A and B are nonsingular, then, AB = BA, i.e., they commute.
- (b) If A and B are nonsingular, then, $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$.
- (c) If A is nonsingular, this implies that -A is nonsingular.
- (d) If A and B are nonsingular, then, A + B is nonsingular.
- (e) Let A = LU, where L is lower triangular with all diagonal entries equal to one. If U is nonsingular, then A is nonsingular.
- (f) The inverse of a <u>lower</u> triangular matrix is upper triangular.
- **2.–5.** Exercises from the book (pp. 155-156)
- 3.10.1
- 3.10.3
- 3.10.6

Optional, extra credit: - 3.10.7