GENDERED EXPERIENCES IN THE CITY: AN ANALYSIS OF CHICAGO

Final Presentation for Neighborhood Analysis

Elli Dastrup May 4th, 2021

QUESTION

02

What are the differences between male and female experiences in the city?

LIMITATIONS

LACK OF GENDERED DATA

Very few data sets include gender information, and even fewer of those are made public.

HARD TO ILLUSTRATE QUALITATIVE DATA

Many of the subsequent questions regarding gendered experiences in the city fall under qualitative data which are difficult to collect and difficult to illustrate.

EVOLVING GENDER IDENTITIES

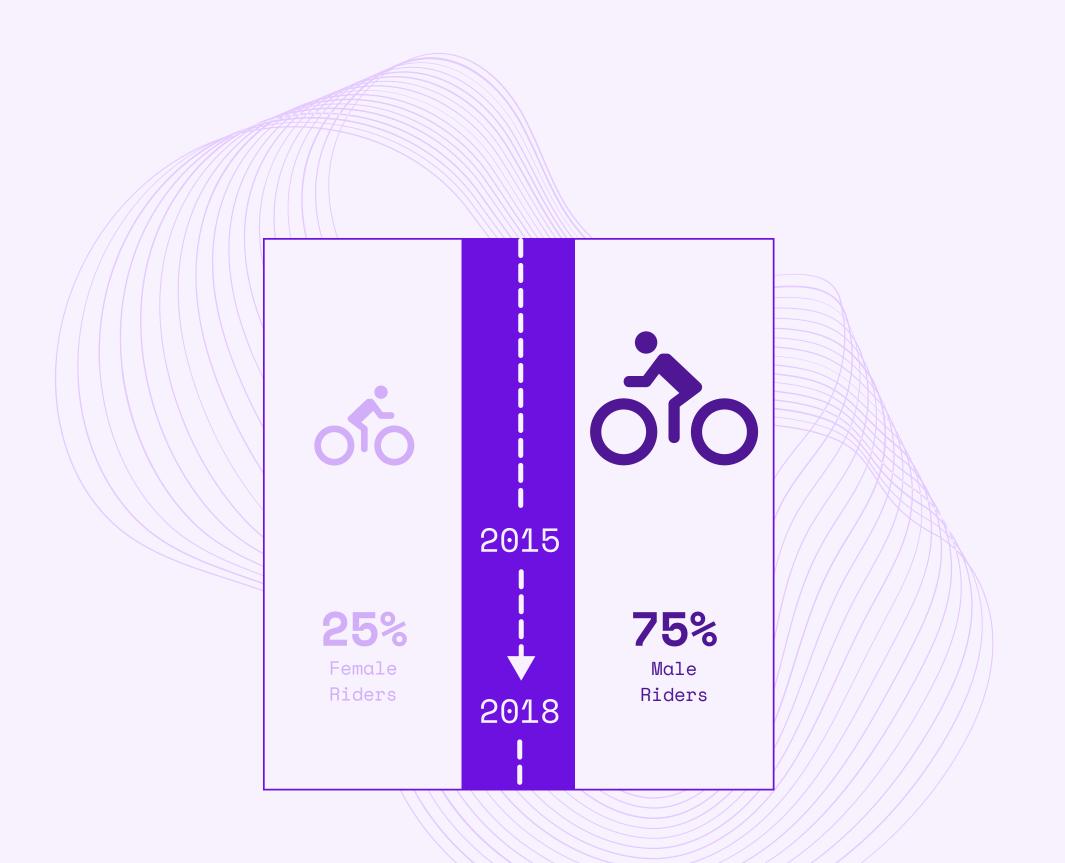
Evolving gender identities and increased gender fluidity complicate the collection and analysis of gendered data.

Divvy Data

- Bike share data for subscribed users in Chicago
- 2015 2018
- Trip start and end location, start and end time, trip duration, user gender, user birthdate, and station location

Twitter Data

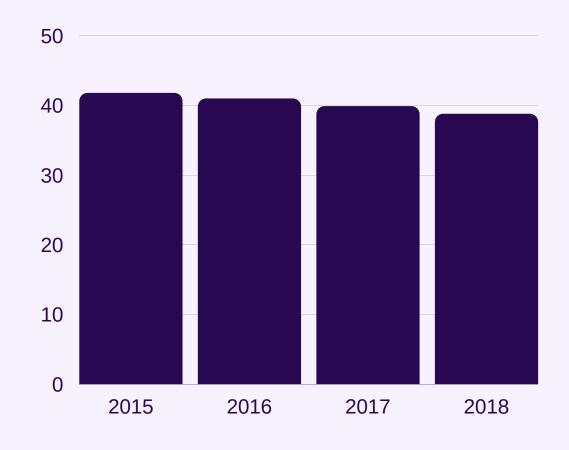
- Tweet text
- User name
- Tweet location

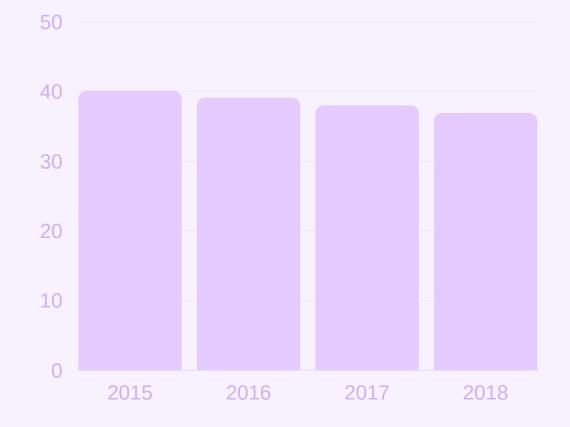


DIVYUSERSHIP ANALYSIS

- 11,000,000+ trips over 4 years
- Steady increase in users since 2015
- Almost 600 stations within the City of Chicago

AGE DISTRIBUTION





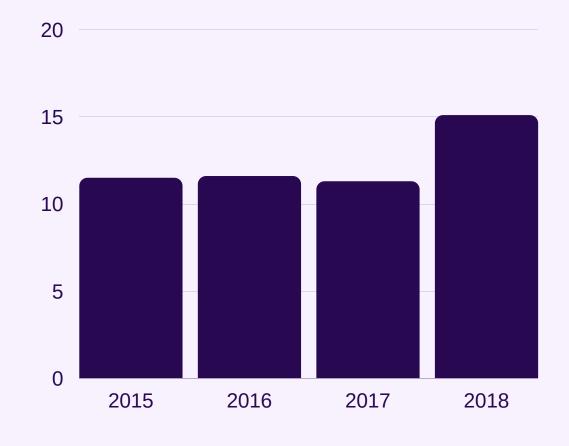
AVERAGE AGE OF MALE USERS

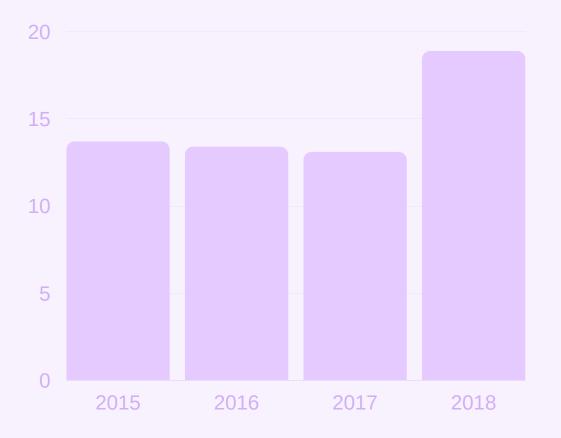
Divvy bike riders' age in years from 2015 - 2018

AVERAGE AGE OF FEMALE USERS

Divvy bike riders' age in years from 2015 - 2018

TRIP LENGTH DISTRIBUTION





AVERAGE DURATION OF MALE TRIPS

Divvy bike trip duration in minutes from 2015 - 2018

AVERAGE DURATION OF FEMALE TRIPS

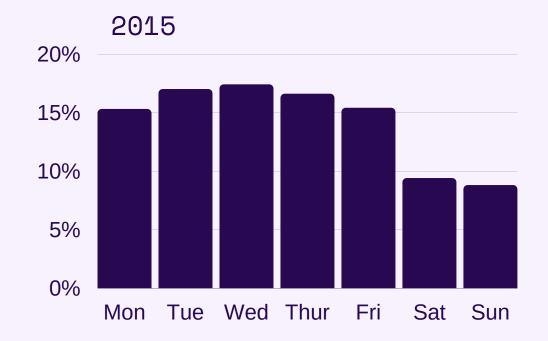
Divvy bike trip duration in minutes from 2015 - 2018

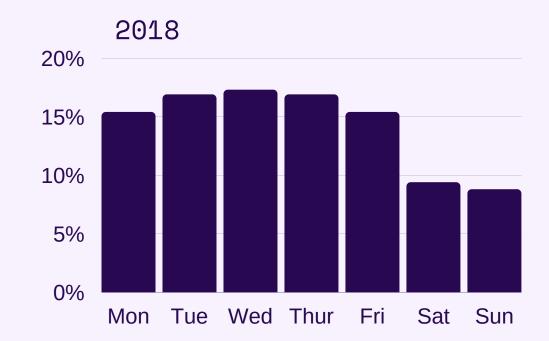
TRIP DAY DISTRIBUTION

GENDERED EXPERIENCES IN THE CITY

SHARE OF MALE TRIPS BY DAY

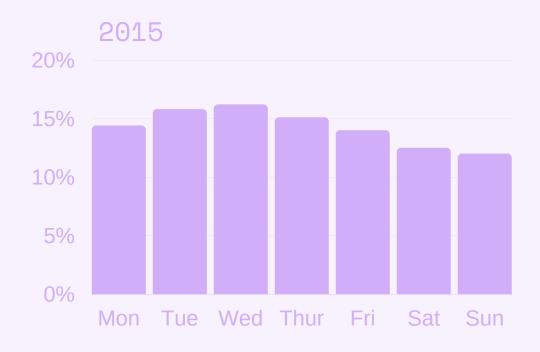
Divvy bike day of trip in 2015 and 2018

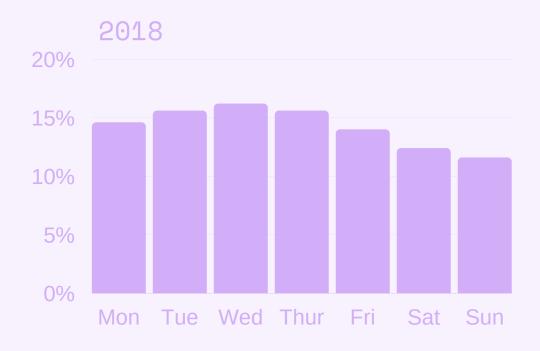




SHARE OF FEMALE TRIPS BY DAY

Divvy bike day of trip in 2015 and 2018



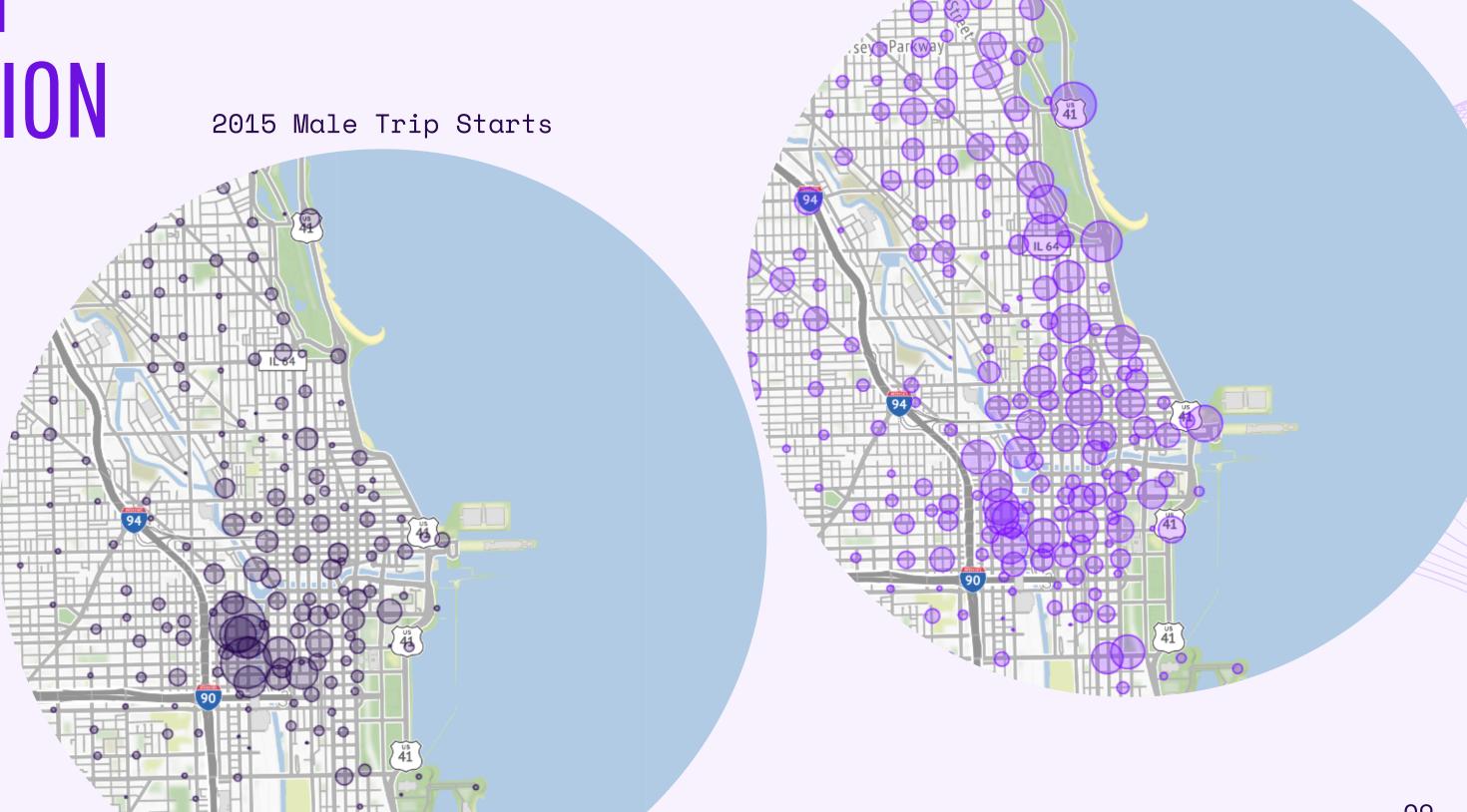


2015 Female Trip Starts

TRIP START DISTRIBUTION

Male trips are focused in the West Loop

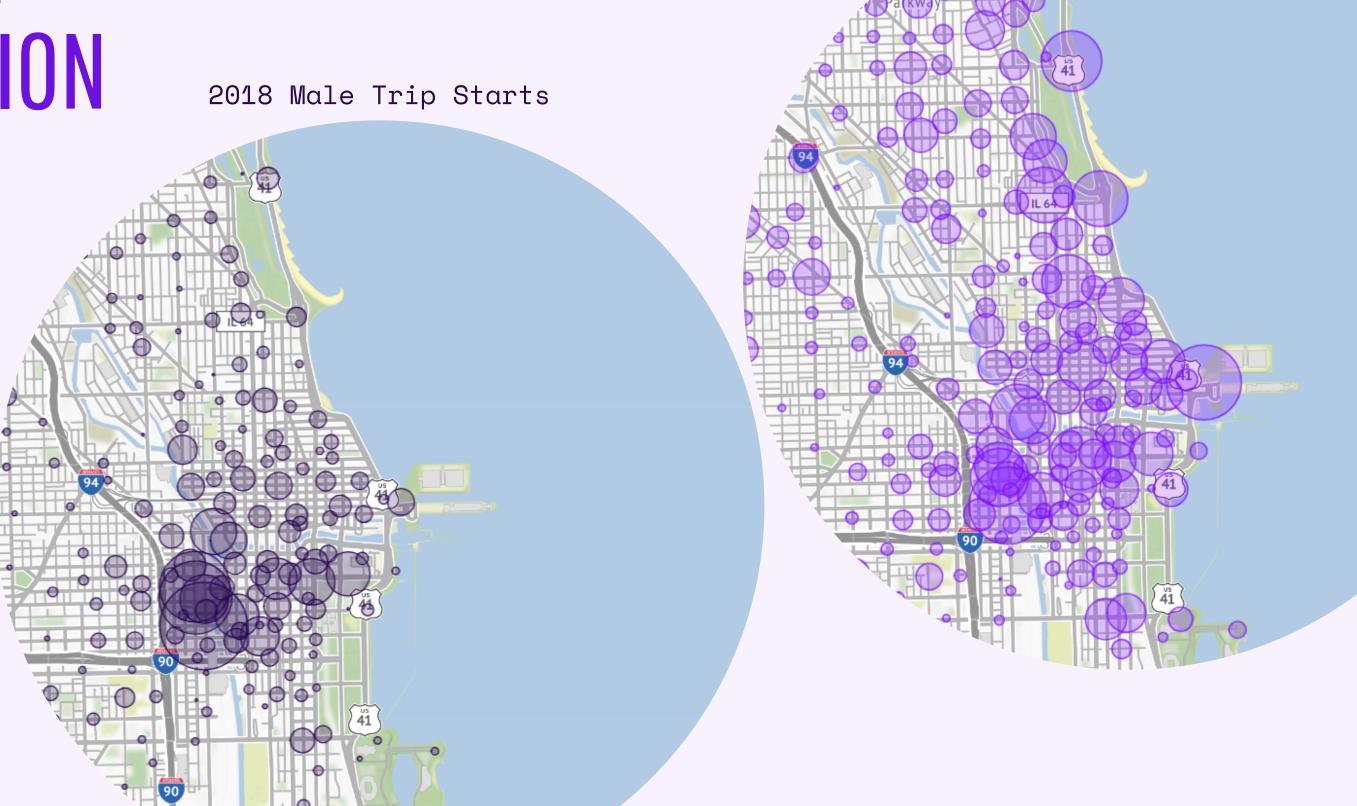
 Female trips are dispersed throughout the Loop and surrounding residential neighborhoods



TRIP START DISTRIBUTION

 Male trips are focused in the Loop and West Loop

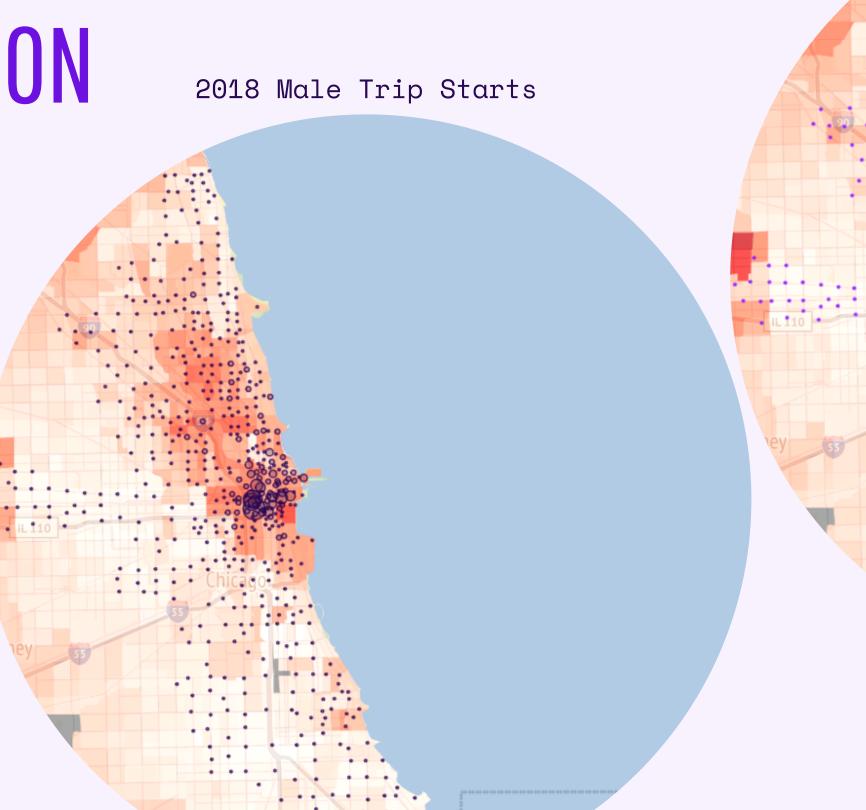
 Female trips are dispersed throughout the Loop and surrounding residential neighborhoods

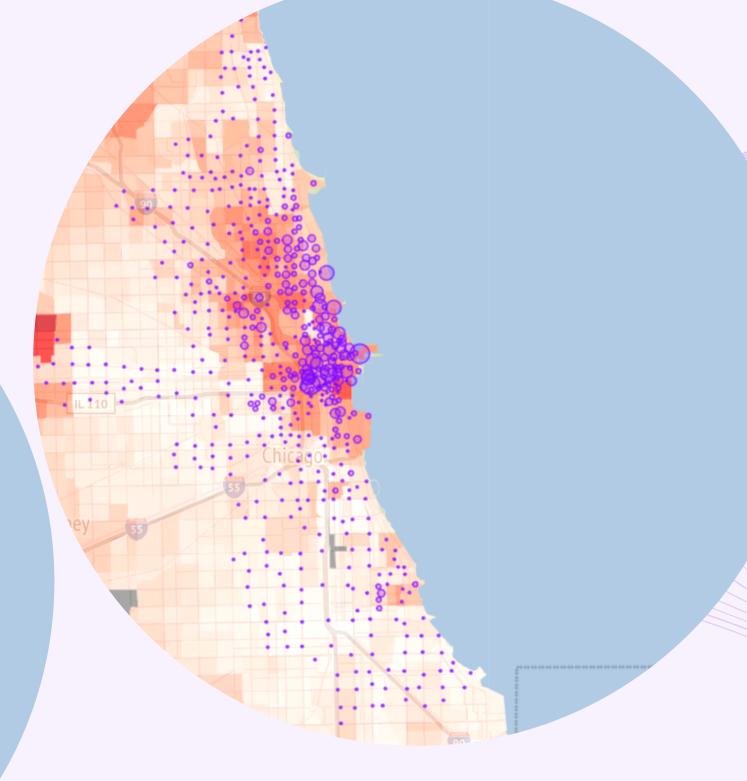


TRIP START AND INCOME DISTRIBUTION 2018 Male Trip

Male trips
 loosely follow
 the income map

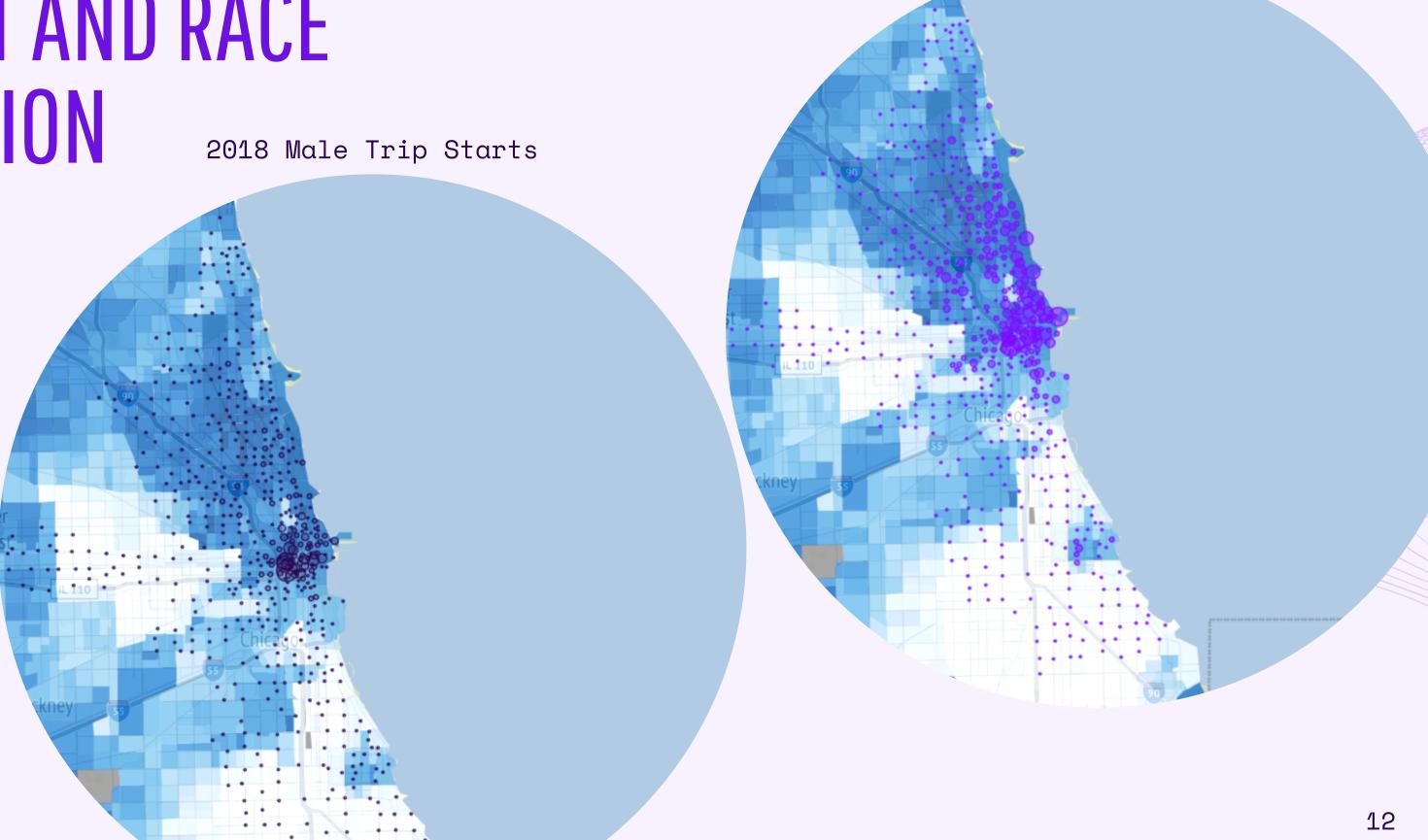
 Female trips show a strong relationship between income and divvy trips





TRIP START AND RACE
DISTRIBUTION
2018 Male

 Both male and female trips fit the income map better



TWITTER SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

STEP 1: BUILD THE MODEL

Use a hand-gendered dataset of tweets to build and train a logistic regression model to predict gender based on the content of a tweet.

STEP 2: GENDER THE TWITTER DATA

Use the logistic regression model to gender tweets from twitter's API using the key words: cta, chicago, public transit, train, bus, etc.

STEP 3: RUN THE SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

Run a sentiment analysis and compare the results from male and female tweeters.

Summarise the results of the sentiment analysis on female experiences in the city.

Where do we go from here?

ESTABLISH GENDERED DATA COLLECTION

Establish methods of collecting gender information from users in order to evaluate gender vulnerability

CREATE VULNERABILITY TOOLKITS

Create toolkits for measuring gender and other vulnerabilities and how to address those vulnerabilities

ENACT PUBLIC SAFETY POLICIES

Enact policies that ensure public safety of all vulnerable populations