# Recipe Naming Using Text Analysis

Elliot Lehman

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# Concept and data source

Concept: Given a recipe (consisting of a list of ingredients and a set of corresponding instruction set), produce an accurate title for the recipe.

#### Main data source:

- 250,000 recipes scraped from various websites (foodnetwork.com, epicurious.com, allrecipes.com). The program that created this set is MIT lisenced and was created by Ryan T. Lee (github: rtlee9), and the dataset used is ODC lisenced.
- Dataset is a json file with recipe key and corresponding title, ingredient list, and instruction set.

# Basic concept: vectorizing text

- The typical starting point for text-based machine learning is to look at the words in a text, and how those words correspond to features that you are trying to predict.
- In order to do any form of efficient computational analysis, the text that you want to analyze must be turned into a vector.
- There exist many different ways to vectorize text. Methods to vectorize text based on letters, words, relationships between words, proximity between words, etc.
- The goal is to input a recipe vector and output a title vector.
  Note: We will treat these as different vector spaces so, in general, a recipe vector does not equal a title vector.

# A toy example of text vectorization

Given the below dataset, what would our recipe vector and title vector look like?

Recipe		Title
bread	avocado	avocado toast
lettuce	avocado	salad

- Define your basis vectors.
  - There are 3 unique words in the Recipe section, meaning that any recipe using ingredients in this data set can be represented by a vector of size 3.
  - ► The word "avocado" would be represented by the vector  $(1,0,0)_r$ , "bread" by  $(0,1,0)_r$ , and lettuce by  $(0,0,1)_r$
- Vectors of recipes.
  - ▶ Now that basis vectors are defined, we can add them to get recipes.
  - ▶ The phrase "avocado lettuce" is therefore represented by  $(1,0,1)_r$ .
  - ▶ The phrase "avocado bread lettuce" is the vector  $(1,1,1)_r$ .

### We have vectors... now what?

#### EDA!!!

Now that we have transformed a word based data set into a set of vectors and numbers, we can start to really see what our data looks like.

- highest frequency words in recipes - highest frequency words in titles (good to know so we can normalize) - highest frequency nouns, verbs, adjectives, etc. - most related words - perhaps the most important.

5/7

### eda continued

Ingredient word	Title word
cup	and
cup	with
teaspoon	with
chopped	and
tablespoons	and
tablespoons	with
cups	and
teaspoon	and
fresh	and
chopped	with

## Future improvements

- Expand vocabulary, the program can only currently title recipes using words seen in other titles
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