BW-HW3

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```
install.packages('MASS')
##
## The downloaded binary packages are in
## /var/folders/nl/np7vbbx920z4vn81k8y5gwq00000gn/T//Rtmpzx4kRr/downloaded_packages
library(MASS)
bw<-data("birthwt")</pre>
?birthwt
\#Problem1
library(MASS)
data("birthwt")
mean_weight <- mean(birthwt$lwt)</pre>
sd_weight <- sd(birthwt$lwt)</pre>
n <- length(birthwt$lwt)</pre>
ci \leftarrow mean\_weight + c(-1, 1) * qt(0.975, df = n-1) * (sd\_weight / sqrt(n))
ci
## [1] 125.4270 134.2027
\#Problem2
smokers <- birthwt$lwt[birthwt$smoke == 1]</pre>
non_smokers <- birthwt$lwt[birthwt$smoke == 0]</pre>
var_test <- var.test(smokers, non_smokers)</pre>
print(var_test)
##
## F test to compare two variances
##
## data: smokers and non_smokers
## F = 1.4126, num df = 73, denom df = 114, p-value = 0.09744
## alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## 0.9388406 2.1671700
## sample estimates:
## ratio of variances
##
             1.412636
t.test(smokers, non_smokers, var.equal = TRUE, conf.level = 0.90)
##
## Two Sample t-test
##
## data: smokers and non_smokers
## t = -0.60473, df = 187, p-value = 0.5461
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 90 percent confidence interval:
## -10.306448
                4.785414
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 128.1351 130.8957
#Problem 3
p_hat <- mean(birthwt$ht)</pre>
n <- length(birthwt$ht)</pre>
error \leftarrow qnorm(0.995) * sqrt(p_hat*(1-p_hat)/n)
CI_lower_ht <- p_hat - error
CI_upper_ht <- p_hat + error</pre>
cat("99% CI: (", CI_lower_ht, ", ", CI_upper_ht, ")\n")
## 99% CI: ( 0.01780412 , 0.10918 )
prop.test(sum(birthwt$ht), n, p = 0.20,conf.level = 0.90, alternative = "less")
##
## 1-sample proportions test with continuity correction
##
## data: sum(birthwt$ht) out of n, null probability 0.2
## X-squared = 21.167, df = 1, p-value = 2.105e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true p is less than 0.2
## 90 percent confidence interval:
## 0.0000000 0.09324317
## sample estimates:
##
            р
## 0.06349206
prop_ht <- mean(birthwt$ht)</pre>
n_ht <- length(birthwt$ht)</pre>
prop.test(sum(birthwt$ht), n_ht, p = 0.20, alternative = "less",conf.level = 0.90)
```

```
##
## 1-sample proportions test with continuity correction
## data: sum(birthwt$ht) out of n_ht, null probability 0.2
## X-squared = 21.167, df = 1, p-value = 2.105e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true p is less than 0.2
## 90 percent confidence interval:
## 0.0000000 0.09324317
## sample estimates:
##
## 0.06349206
#Problem4
prop.test(x = c(sum(birthwt$ui[birthwt$smoke == 0]), sum(birthwt$ui[birthwt$smoke == 1])),
         n = c(sum(birthwt$smoke == 0), sum(birthwt$smoke == 1)), correct = FALSE)
##
   2-sample test for equality of proportions without continuity correction
##
## data: c(sum(birthwt$ui[birthwt$smoke == 0]), sum(birthwt$ui[birthwt$smoke == 1])) out of c(sum(birt
## X-squared = 0.73025, df = 1, p-value = 0.3928
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.15157172 0.06108994
## sample estimates:
      prop 1
               prop 2
## 0.1304348 0.1756757
res<-bartlett.test(bwt ~ factor(race), data = birthwt)</pre>
print(res)
##
  Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
## data: bwt by factor(race)
## Bartlett's K-squared = 0.65952, df = 2, p-value = 0.7191
anova_result <- aov(bwt ~ factor(race), data = birthwt)</pre>
summary(anova_result)
                 Df
                      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                  2 5015725 2507863
                                       4.913 0.00834 **
## factor(race)
                186 94953931 510505
## Residuals
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
TukeyHSD(anova_result)
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##
      95% family-wise confidence level
##
```