Trading Strategy Backtesting Simulation

title: "Simulation Notebook" name: "Elliott, Georgia, Yunhan, Chris format: pdf

This notebook demonstrates three different trading strategies applied to stock data, each starting with \$100,000 in capital:

- 1. Trend Following Strategy Moving average crossover
- 2. Mean Reversion Strategy Bollinger Band mean reversion
- 3. Cross-Asset Arbitrage Strategy Pairs trading between correlated assets

Capital: Each strategy begins with exactly \$100,000 for fair comparison.

Setup & Data Loading

```
%load_ext autoreload
%autoreload 2
from market_data_loader import MarketDataLoader
from oms import OrderManagementSystem
from order_book import LimitOrderBook
from position_tracker import PositionTracker
from strategies.trend_following import run_backtest as tf_backtest
from strategies.mean_reversion import run_backtest as mr_backtest
                                 import run_backtest as arb_backtest
from strategies.arbitrage
from order import Order
import pandas as pd
loader = MarketDataLoader(interval="1d", period="1mo")
oms = OrderManagementSystem()
tracker = PositionTracker(starting_cash=100000) # All strategies start with $100,000
book = LimitOrderBook("AAPL")
```

The autoreload extension is already loaded. To reload it, use: %reload_ext autoreload

Historical Data

Load 25 years of AAPL daily price data for backtesting all strategies.

[********* 100%********* 1 of 1 completed

Downloading data for AAPL from 2000-06-01 to 2025-07-01 with interval 1d $\,$

Loaded 6307 days of AAPL data

Date range: 2000-06-01 to 2025-06-30

Sample data:

Price		last_price	high	low	open	volume	
	Date						
	2000-06-01 00:00:00+00:00	0.669645	0.672932	0.603901	0.614233	903840000	
	2000-06-02 00:00:00+00:00	0.695473	0.749476	0.668706	0.704395	792848000	
	2000-06-05 00:00:00+00:00	0.686081	0.715665	0.673871	0.701108	323668800	
	2000-06-06 00:00:00+00:00	0.697821	0.726936	0.678568	0.691012	525481600	
	2000-06-07 00:00:00+00:00	0.725527	0.728814	0.688428	0.703456	337019200	

Strategy 1: Trend Following

Strategy Description: Moving average crossover strategy that generates buy signals when short-term MA crosses above long-term MA, and sell signals when it crosses below.

Parameters: - Short window: 10 days - Long window: 50 days - Max position: 100 shares

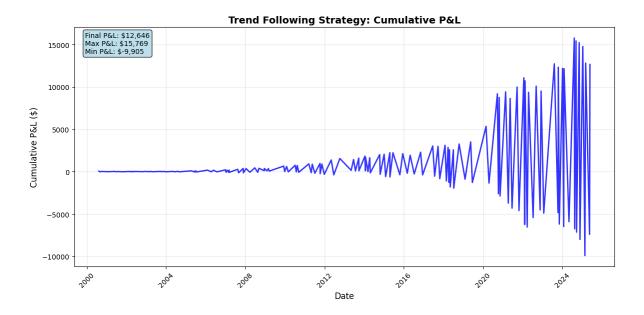
```
# Run trend following backtest
# Now you can specify which stock to trade!
tf_signals, tf_trades, tf_metrics = tf_backtest(
   symbol="AAPL", # Choose your stock here: "AAPL", "MSFT", "GOOGL", etc.
   short_win=10,
   long_win=50,
   risk_params={"max_pos":100}
)
print(f" Trend Following Results (AAPL):")
print(f"Generated {len(tf_signals)} signals")
print(f"Executed {len(tf_trades)} trades")
print(f"Total Return: {tf_metrics['total_return']:.2%}")
print(f"Max Drawdown: {tf_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}")
print(f"Sharpe Ratio: {tf_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}")
# Process trades through tracker for visualization
tf_tracker = PositionTracker(starting_cash=100000)
for trade in tf_trades:
   tf_tracker.update(trade)
print(f"\nSample signals:")
print(tf_signals.head())
 Trend Following Results (AAPL):
Generated 161 signals
Executed 161 trades
Total Return: 4.78%
Max Drawdown: -22.18%
Sharpe Ratio: -131.22
Sample signals:
Price
                         last_price
                                        high
                                                   low
                                                           open \
Date
2000-08-10 00:00:00+00:00
                           0.714726 0.727874 0.711908 0.721300
2000-08-28 00:00:00+00:00
                           0.872510 0.886598 0.857483 0.860301
2001-01-18 00:00:00+00:00
                          0.280819 0.281758 0.264852 0.267670
2001-05-30 00:00:00+00:00
                           0.297236  0.311962  0.290023  0.311962
Price
                             volume ma_short ma_long signal prev_signal
```

```
Date
2000-08-10 00:00:00+00:00
                          251714400 0.722521 0.762522
                                                          -1
                                                                     0.0
2000-08-28 00:00:00+00:00
                         359004800 0.787584 0.781310
                                                          1
                                                                    -1.0
2000-09-29 00:00:00+00:00 7421640800 0.786880 0.796070
                                                          -1
                                                                     1.0
2001-01-18 00:00:00+00:00 1227010400 0.257809 0.254737
                                                          1
                                                                    -1.0
2001-05-30 00:00:00+00:00 777078400 0.343640 0.345009
                                                          -1
                                                                     1.0
```

Trend Following Equity Curve

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Get trend following blotter and create equity curve
tf_blotter = tf_tracker.get_blotter()
if not tf_blotter.empty:
   tf_blotter["cum_pnl"] = tf_blotter["cash_flow"].cumsum()
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    plt.plot(tf_blotter["timestamp"], tf_blotter["cum_pnl"],
             color='blue', linewidth=2, alpha=0.8)
    plt.title("Trend Following Strategy: Cumulative P&L", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
   plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
    plt.ylabel("Cumulative P&L ($)", fontsize=12)
   plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    # Add performance metrics as text
    final_pnl = tf_blotter["cum_pnl"].iloc[-1]
    max_pnl = tf_blotter["cum_pnl"].max()
    min_pnl = tf_blotter["cum_pnl"].min()
    plt.text(0.02, 0.98, f'Final P&L: $\{\text{final_pnl:,.0f}}\nMax P&L: $\{\text{max_pnl:,.0f}}\nMin P&L: \}
             transform=plt.gca().transAxes, fontsize=10, verticalalignment='top',
             bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', facecolor='lightblue', alpha=0.8))
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
    print(f" Trend Following Summary:")
    print(f" Final P&L: ${final_pnl:,.2f}")
    print(f" Number of trades: {len(tf_blotter)}")
```

else: print(" No trades executed for trend following strategy")



Trend Following Summary: Final P&L: \$12,646.06 Number of trades: 161

Strategy 2: Mean Reversion

Strategy Description: Bollinger Band mean reversion strategy that buys when price crosses below the lower band and sells when price returns to the middle band or crosses above the upper band.

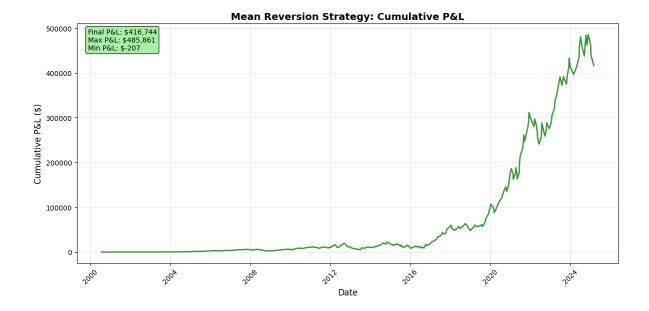
Parameters: - Bollinger window: 20 days - Number of standard deviations: 2.0 - Max position: 100 shares

```
# Run mean reversion backtest
# Now you can specify which stock to trade!
mr_signals, mr_trades, mr_metrics = mr_backtest(
   hist,
   symbol="AAPL", # Choose your stock here: "AAPL", "MSFT", "GOOGL", etc.
   bollinger_win=20,
   num_std=2.0,
```

```
risk_params={"max_pos":100}
)
print(f" Mean Reversion Results (AAPL):")
print(f"Generated {len(mr signals)} signals")
print(f"Executed {len(mr_trades)} trades")
print(f"Total Return: {mr_metrics['total_return']:.2%}")
print(f"Max Drawdown: {mr_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}")
print(f"Sharpe Ratio: {mr_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}")
# Process trades through tracker for visualization
mr_tracker = PositionTracker(starting_cash=100000)
for trade in mr_trades:
    mr_tracker.update(trade)
print(f"\nSample signals:")
print(mr_signals.head())
 Mean Reversion Results (AAPL):
Generated 333 signals
Executed 333 trades
Total Return: -828.39%
Max Drawdown: -17.18%
Sharpe Ratio: -11.10
Sample signals:
Price
                          last_price
                                         high
                                                    low
                                                             open \
Date
2000-07-24 00:00:00+00:00
                            0.731632 0.794557 0.713787 0.789862
2000-08-23 00:00:00+00:00
                            0.816159  0.822734  0.767321  0.773426
                            0.784227 0.787983 0.751355 0.756051
2000-09-22 00:00:00+00:00
2000-09-26 00:00:00+00:00
                            0.772956 0.822734 0.772017 0.801132
2000-09-29 00:00:00+00:00
                            Price
                              volume
                                                              mid signal
                                         upper
                                                  lower
Date
2000-07-24 00:00:00+00:00
                           412171200 0.900700 0.734059 0.817380
                                                                        1
2000-08-23 00:00:00+00:00
                           236863200 0.800693 0.672995 0.736844
                                                                       -1
2000-09-22 00:00:00+00:00
                           726700800 0.962914 0.805000 0.883957
                                                                        1
2000-09-26 00:00:00+00:00
                           290936800 0.975086 0.777895 0.876491
                                                                        1
2000-09-29 00:00:00+00:00 7421640800 1.080247 0.595438 0.837843
                                                                        1
```

Mean Reversion Equity Curve

```
# Get mean reversion blotter and create equity curve
mr_blotter = mr_tracker.get_blotter()
if not mr_blotter.empty:
    mr_blotter["cum_pnl"] = mr_blotter["cash_flow"].cumsum()
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   plt.plot(mr_blotter["timestamp"], mr_blotter["cum_pnl"],
             color='green', linewidth=2, alpha=0.8)
    plt.title("Mean Reversion Strategy: Cumulative P&L", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
    plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
    plt.ylabel("Cumulative P&L ($)", fontsize=12)
    plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    # Add performance metrics as text
    final_pnl = mr_blotter["cum_pnl"].iloc[-1]
    max_pnl = mr_blotter["cum_pnl"].max()
    min_pnl = mr_blotter["cum_pnl"].min()
    plt.text(0.02, 0.98, f'Final P&L: $\final_pnl:,.0f\\nMax P&L: $\final_pnl:,.0f\\nMin P&L:
             transform=plt.gca().transAxes, fontsize=10, verticalalignment='top',
             bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', facecolor='lightgreen', alpha=0.8))
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
    print(f" Mean Reversion Summary:")
    print(f" Final P&L: ${final_pnl:,.2f}")
   print(f" Number of trades: {len(mr_blotter)}")
else:
   print(" No trades executed for mean reversion strategy")
```



Mean Reversion Summary: Final P&L: \$416,743.93 Number of trades: 333

Strategy 3: Cross-Asset Arbitrage

Strategy Description: True cross-asset arbitrage strategy using Apple (AAPL) and Amazon (AMZN). Trades the spread between these two highly correlated tech stocks when it diverges beyond a threshold.

Method: - Estimates hedge ratio (beta) between AAPL and AMZN using linear regression - Calculates spread: AAPL - beta \times AMZN

- Generates signals when z-score of spread exceeds threshold - Executes both legs simultaneously (long one asset, short the other)

Parameters: - Spread threshold: 2.0 (z-score) - Max position: 100 shares per leg

```
# Run arbitrage backtest
# Now you can specify which two stocks to pair!
try:
    arb_signals, arb_trades, arb_metrics = arb_backtest(
        hist,
        symbol1="AAPL", # Choose your first stock: "AAPL", "MSFT", "GOOGL", etc.
        symbol2="AMZN", # Choose your second stock: "AMZN", "META", "NFLX", etc.
```

```
threshold=2.0,
        risk_params={"max_pos":100}
    )
    print(f" Arbitrage Results (AAPL-AMZN):")
   print(f"Generated {len(arb_signals)} signals")
    print(f"Executed {len(arb_trades)} trades")
    print(f"Total Return: {arb_metrics['total_return']:.2%}")
    print(f"Max Drawdown: {arb_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}")
   print(f"Sharpe Ratio: {arb_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}")
    # Process trades through tracker for visualization
    arb_tracker = PositionTracker(starting_cash=100000)
    for trade in arb_trades:
        arb_tracker.update(trade)
    print(f"\nSample signals:")
    print(arb_signals.head())
except Exception as e:
    print(f" Arbitrage strategy error: {e}")
    print("Creating placeholder results for comparison...")
    # Create dummy results so comparison works
    arb_signals = pd.DataFrame()
    arb trades = []
    arb_metrics = {"total_return": 0.0, "max_drawdown": 0.0, "sharpe_ratio": 0.0}
    arb_tracker = PositionTracker(starting_cash=100000)
[********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
Downloading data for AMZN from 2000-06-01 to 2025-06-30 with interval 1d
Loaded AMZN data for arbitrage pair AAPL-AMZN
Loaded 6306 aligned data points for AAPL-AMZN arbitrage
Estimated hedge ratio (beta): 0.9833
Generated 681 arbitrage signals
AAPL-AMZN arbitrage backtest complete: 682 total trades executed
 Arbitrage Results (AAPL-AMZN):
Generated 341 signals
Executed 682 trades
Total Return: 213.14%
Max Drawdown: -22.98%
```

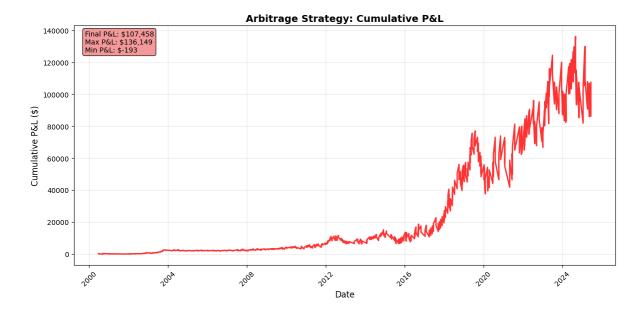
```
Sharpe Ratio: -21.40
Sample signals:
```

```
p2
                                               spread signal signal_change
                               p1
Date
2000-06-23 00:00:00+00:00 0.776713 1.693750 -0.888790
                                                           -1
                                                                       True
2000-09-06 00:00:00+00:00 0.878146 2.293750 -1.377350
                                                           1
                                                                       True
2000-09-20 00:00:00+00:00 0.917358 1.875000 -0.926373
                                                           -1
                                                                       True
2000-09-29 00:00:00+00:00 0.386947 1.921875 -1.502876
                                                           1
                                                                       True
2000-10-17 00:00:00+00:00 0.302420 1.096875 -0.776162
                                                           -1
                                                                       True
```

Arbitrage Equity Curve

```
# Get arbitrage blotter and create equity curve
arb_blotter = arb_tracker.get_blotter()
if not arb_blotter.empty:
    arb_blotter["cum_pnl"] = arb_blotter["cash_flow"].cumsum()
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   plt.plot(arb_blotter["timestamp"], arb_blotter["cum_pnl"],
             color='red', linewidth=2, alpha=0.8)
   plt.title("Arbitrage Strategy: Cumulative P&L", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
   plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
   plt.ylabel("Cumulative P&L ($)", fontsize=12)
   plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    # Add performance metrics as text
   final_pnl = arb_blotter["cum_pnl"].iloc[-1]
   max_pnl = arb_blotter["cum_pnl"].max()
   min_pnl = arb_blotter["cum_pnl"].min()
    plt.text(0.02, 0.98, f'Final P&L: ${final_pnl:,.0f}\nMax P&L: ${max_pnl:,.0f}\nMin P&L: $
             transform=plt.gca().transAxes, fontsize=10, verticalalignment='top',
             bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', facecolor='lightcoral', alpha=0.8))
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

```
print(f" Arbitrage Summary:")
  print(f" Final P&L: ${final_pnl:,.2f}")
  print(f" Number of trades: {len(arb_blotter)}")
else:
  print(" No trades executed for arbitrage strategy")
```



Arbitrage Summary: Final P&L: \$107,458.26 Number of trades: 682

Strategy Comparison & Analysis

Now let's compare all three strategies side by side to evaluate their relative performance.

```
# Performance comparison table
performance_data = {
    'Strategy': ['Trend Following', 'Mean Reversion', 'Arbitrage'],
    'Total Return': [
        f"{tf_metrics['total_return']:.2%}",
        f"{mr_metrics['total_return']:.2%}",
        f"{arb_metrics['total_return']:.2%}"
    ],
```

```
'Max Drawdown': [
        f"{tf_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}",
        f"{mr_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}",
        f"{arb_metrics['max_drawdown']:.2%}"
    ],
    'Sharpe Ratio': [
        f"{tf_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}",
        f"{mr_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}",
        f"{arb_metrics['sharpe_ratio']:.2f}"
    ],
    'Number of Trades': [len(tf_trades), len(mr_trades), len(arb_trades)]
}
performance_df = pd.DataFrame(performance_data)
print(" STRATEGY PERFORMANCE COMPARISON")
print("=" * 60)
print(performance_df.to_string(index=False))
print("=" * 60)
```

STRATEGY PERFORMANCE COMPARISON

	Strategy	Total Return	Max Dr	awdown	Sharpe Ratio	Number	of	Trades
Trend	Following	4.78%	_	22.18%	-131.22			161
Mean	${\tt Reversion}$	-828.39%	_	17.18%	-11.10			333
	Arbitrage	213.14%	_	22.98%	-21.40			682

```
# Plot mean reversion
if not mr_blotter.empty:
    mr_blotter["cum_pnl"] = mr_blotter["cash_flow"].cumsum()
   plt.plot(mr_blotter["timestamp"], mr_blotter["cum_pnl"],
             label="Mean Reversion", linewidth=2.5, color='green', alpha=0.8)
# Plot arbitrage
if not arb_blotter.empty:
    arb_blotter["cum_pnl"] = arb_blotter["cash_flow"].cumsum()
    plt.plot(arb_blotter["timestamp"], arb_blotter["cum_pnl"],
             label="Arbitrage", linewidth=2.5, color='red', alpha=0.8)
plt.title(" All Strategies: Cumulative P&L Comparison", fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', pad=
plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Cumulative P&L ($)", fontsize=12)
plt.legend(fontsize=12, loc='upper left')
plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
# Add zero line for reference
plt.axhline(y=0, color='black', linestyle='--', alpha=0.5, linewidth=1)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
# Print detailed summary statistics
print("\n DETAILED STRATEGY SUMMARY")
print("=" * 70)
for name, blotter, tracker in [
    ("Trend Following", tf_blotter, tf_tracker),
    ("Mean Reversion", mr_blotter, mr_tracker),
    ("Arbitrage", arb_blotter, arb_tracker)
]:
    if not blotter.empty:
        final_pnl = blotter["cum_pnl"].iloc[-1]
        max_pnl = blotter["cum_pnl"].max()
        min_pnl = blotter["cum_pnl"].min()
        max_dd = max_pnl - blotter["cum_pnl"].min()
        print(f"\n {name}:")
        print(f" Final P&L: ${final_pnl:,.2f}")
        print(f" Max P&L: ${max_pnl:,.2f}")
```

```
print(f" Min P&L: ${min_pnl:,.2f}")
  print(f" Max Drawdown: ${max_dd:,.2f}")
  print(f" Number of trades: {len(blotter)}")

# Get position summary
  summary = tracker.get_pnl_summary()
  print(f" Current cash: ${summary['current_cash']:,.2f}")
  print(f" Current positions: {summary['positions']}")

else:
  print(f"\n {name}: No trades executed")

print("\n" + "=" * 70)
```

/var/folders/5y/9gbrlsgx0sn17yw7ydqrny4h0000gn/T/ipykernel_52033/2515814227.py:37: UserWarni:
 plt.tight_layout()

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-packages/IPython/corefig.canvas.print_figure(bytes_io, **kw)



DETAILED STRATEGY SUMMARY

Trend Following:

Final P&L: \$12,646.06

Max P&L: \$15,768.83

Min P&L: \$-9,905.15

Max Drawdown: \$25,673.97

Number of trades: 161

Current cash: \$112,646.06

Current positions: {'AAPL': -100}

Mean Reversion:

Final P&L: \$416,743.93 Max P&L: \$485,861.21 Min P&L: \$-207.47

Max Drawdown: \$486,068.68 Number of trades: 333 Current cash: \$516,743.93

Current positions: {'AAPL': -8100}

Arbitrage:

Final P&L: \$107,458.26 Max P&L: \$136,149.02 Min P&L: \$-192.81

Max Drawdown: \$136,341.82 Number of trades: 682

Current cash: \$207,458.26

Current positions: {'AAPL': 100, 'AMZN': -98}
