

Midterm Exam in Inferential Statistics

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Name: _____

Course and Year: _____

Date: _____

Part 1. Use a normal distribution or a t-distribution to construct a 82% confidence interval for the population mean. Justify your decision. Interpret the results.

1. You take a random survey of 25 sports cars and record the miles per gallon for each. The data are listed below. Assume the miles per gallon are normally distributed.

15 27 24 24 20 21 24 14 21 25 21 13 21 25 22 21 25 24 22 24 24 22 21 24 24

2. In a recent season, the standard deviation of the yards per carry for all running backs was 1.34. The yards per carry of 20 randomly selected running backs are listed below. Assume the yards per carry are normally distributed.

5.6 4.4 3.8 4.5 3.3 5.0 3.6 3.7 4.8 3.5 5.6 3.0 6.8 4.7 2.2 3.3 5.7 3.0 5.0 4.5

Part 2. Construct 99% confidence intervals for the population proportion. Interpret the results.

1. In a survey of 674 U.S. males ages 18–64, 396 say they have gone to the dentist in the past year.

Part 3. assume each sample is taken from a normally distributed population and construct the indicated confidence intervals for (a) the population variance σ^2 and (b) the population standard deviation σ . Interpret the results.

1. The reserve capacities (in hours) of 18 randomly selected automotive batteries are shown. Use a 99% level of confidence.

1.70 1.60 1.94 1.58 1.74 1.60 1.86 1.72 1.38 1.46 1.64 1.49 1.55 1.70 1.75 0.88 1.77 2.07

Part 4. Find the minimum sample size needed if (a) no preliminary estimate is available, (b) using a prior study that found that 78% of U.S. adults want more funding for alternative energy.

1. You wish to estimate, with 95% confidence, the population proportion of U.S. adults who want more funding for alternative energy. Your estimate must be accurate within 4% of the population proportion.