

You should complete the D2L QUIZ to record your answers.

The quiz will have a 15 min time window to record your answers

1. Assume the code in FIG 1 (below) is submitted for execution. Under what circumstance would the line of code `printf("** HERE ** \n");` in FIG 1 (next page) be reached and printed out.

note: you may have to do a little research on `execlp()`

2. How many new processes are created by the program in FIG 2?

Processes = _____

3. Using the program in FIG 3, identify the value printed at line **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

(Assume that the "actual" pid of the parent is 2222 and child is 1111)

		<u>Possible values</u>
A - pid	_____	1111 or 2222 or 0
B - pid1	_____	1111 or 2222 or 0
C - pid	_____	1111 or 2222 or 0
D - pid1	_____	1111 or 2222 or 0

===== FIG 1 =====

```
int main( void)
{
    pid_t  pid , pid1;

    pid = fork(); // fork a child process

    if (pid < 0) // error
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Fork Failed");
        return 1;
    }

    else if (pid == 0) // child
    {
        execlp("/bin/ls", "ls", NULL);
        printf("*** HERE ** \n");
    }

    else //parent
    {
        wait(NULL);
        printf("Parent is ending");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

===== FIG 2 =====

```
int main(void)
{
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < 3; i++) // loop 3 times
    {
        fork();
    }

    return 0;
}
```

===== FIG 3 =====

```
int main(void)
{
    pid_t  pid , pid1;

    pid = fork();  // fork a child process

    if (pid < 0)   // error
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Fork Failed");
        return 1;
    }

    else if (pid == 0)  // child
    {
        pid1 = getpid();  // returns the PID of the caller process
        printf("pid = %d \n", pid);  // A
        printf("pid1 = %d \n", pid1);  // B
    }

    else //parent
    {
        wait(NULL);
        pid1 = getpid();  // return the PID of the caller process
        printf("pid = %d \n", pid);  // C
        printf("pid1 = %d \n", pid1);  // D
    }

    return 0;
}
```