Lab 8 [Structures]

In this workshop, we will continue our development of a text based game "Code Quest!". This workshop focuses on enhancing the game by adding strings for player and item names.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of this workshop, you will be able to

- design a structure type
- access the members of an object of structure type
- pass an object of structure type to a function

SPECIFICATIONS

Write the following two structs which will contain the required information for *items* and *players*. In addition, write the following three functions which will make use of these structs:

Struct Player: This struct contains all the required data to represent a player's character. These components are: Level, Strength, Speed, Defense, Intelligence, Luck, Max HP, and Current HP (all integers).

Struct Item: This struct contains all the required data to represent an inventory item. These components are: item type (int representing the effect of the item), and item power (int representing the amount of change the item will produce).

struct Item loadItem(): This function defines an object of type Item. The function prompts the user for item type and item power, stores the values in the object and returns the object.

struct Player loadPlayer(): This function defines an object of type Player. The function prompts the user for all required attributes of the defined object (Level, Strength, Speed, Defense, Intelligence, Luck, Max HP, and Current HP). This function fills the defined object with the input and returns the object.

void printData(struct Player p1, struct Item itemList[], int
listSize): This function takes an object of type struct Player p1, an array of struct
Item itemList[], and an integer listSize representing the number of items in itemList.
This function displays all information for p1 and all information for the list of items itemList. Check the output below for formatting.

Once the above code has been implemented, write the main function that allows simple tests of the code. This program defines an object of type struct Player. Call this object player. Also, the program defines an array of size two of struct Item. Call this array items.

First, the loadPlayer() function is called to receive information for the *player*, the returned value is stored in the object *player*.

Then, the loadItem() function is called twice, storing each returned value in a different part of the *items* array.

Finally, the printData function is called to display the information that was collected.

The output of a typical run-through of your program should look like this (user input highlighted in green):

```
Please enter the following player info:
Level: 2
Strength: 20
Speed: 10
Defense: 10
Intelligence: 30
Luck: 10
Max HP: 100
Please enter the following Item info:
Type: 3
Power: 10
Please enter the following Item info:
Type: 4
Power: 5
Collected Input:
                                    MHP
Lvl
      Str
                              Lck
            Spd
                  Def
                        Int
2
      20
            10
                  10
                        30
                              10
                                     100
Type
       Power
       10
3
4
       5
```

If your program's output exactly matches the output shown above given the provided inputs then your lab is complete and ready to be submitted (read below).

BONUS:

BUILDING THE GAME (OPTIONAL)

If you have completed all previous game labs, you may complete this section in order to merge your current lab with you previous labs.

Copy the structures from this lab into your CodeQuest source code (the functions will not be needed). At the beginning of the game, instead of allocating separate variables for the player's stats, instead create a single player struct. Change all functions relating to the player to accept the player struct instead of its individual values. Change the inventory section from storing items in parallel arrays (quantity array is still needed) to storing them as a single array of item structs. Change all item related functions to use the item struct instead of individual values. Change the item resolution function so that it makes use of the item's power and type when resolving the item's effect (specify this as you'd like).

Finally change the battle sequence function so that it takes two player structs, one for the player and one for the enemy. The enemy should still be randomly generated as normal. When the battle or training finishes, check if the player's EXP has raised above a specified threshold (you may define this limit), if so, raise the level of the player and increase the player's stats by a certain amount (again, you define this). This should allow the player to become stronger the more battles and training they do.

SUBMISSION

Upload your solution according to your instructor's guidelines.