

Visualizing and understanding convolutional neural networks

Object Recognition and Computer Vision - 2018

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Introduction

Deep convnets perform extremely well on images

But little explainability

→ Deconvolutional NN to visualize convnets

→ Tool for network architecture design

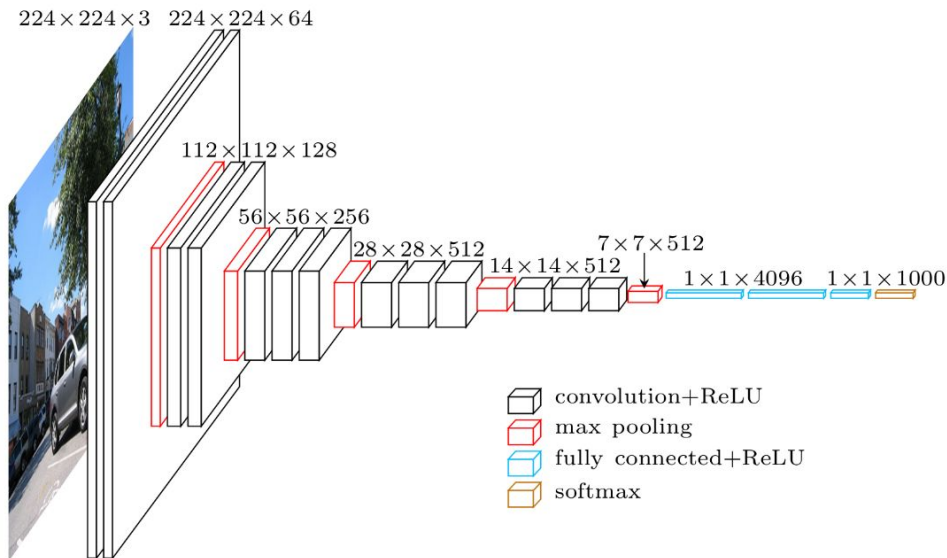


Figure : the VGG16 network architecture

Visualizing convnets with deconvnets

Deconvolutional Neural Networks:

- Convolution \rightarrow Transposed Convolution
- Pooling \rightarrow Unpooling with argmax
- ReLU \rightarrow ReLU

Convnet visualization:

\rightarrow Nullify all channels but one and feed in the deconvnet

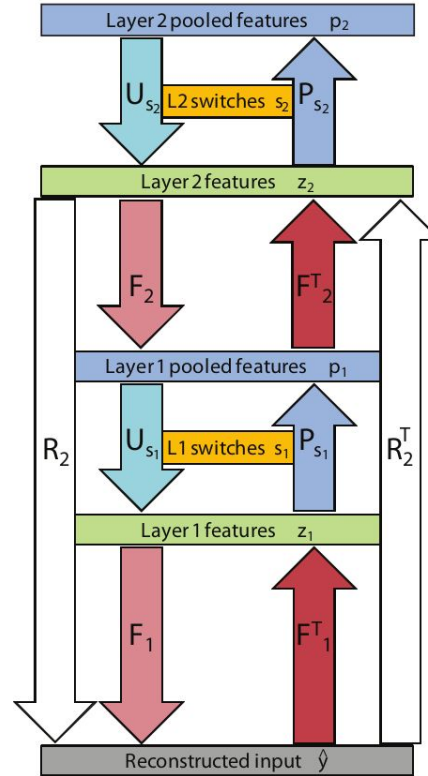


Figure : deconvnet from [Zeiler *et al.* ICCV 2011]

Features Visualization on VGG16

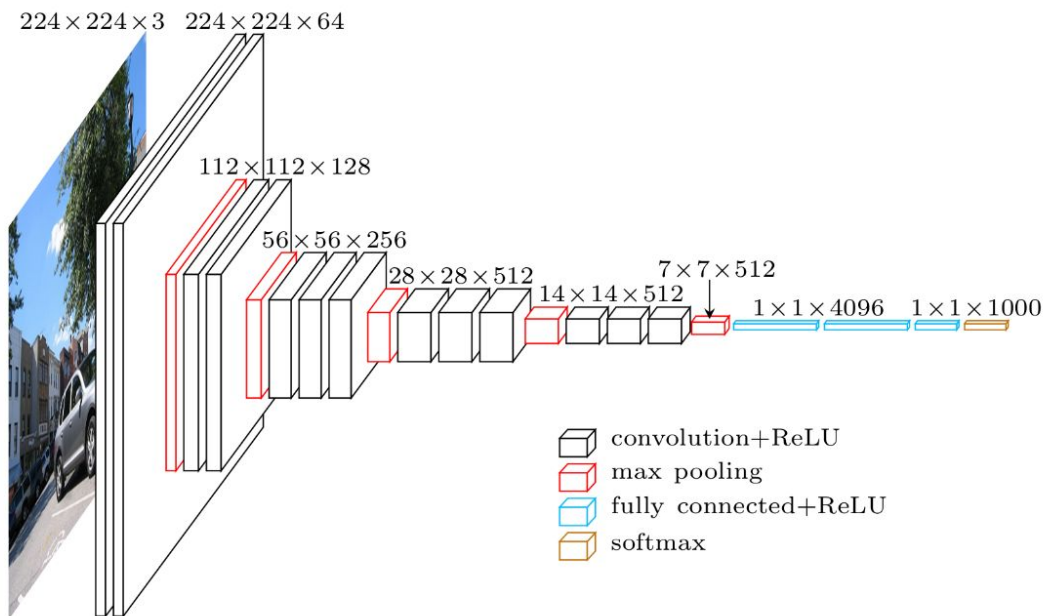


Figure : the VGG16 network architecture

Features Visualization on VGG16

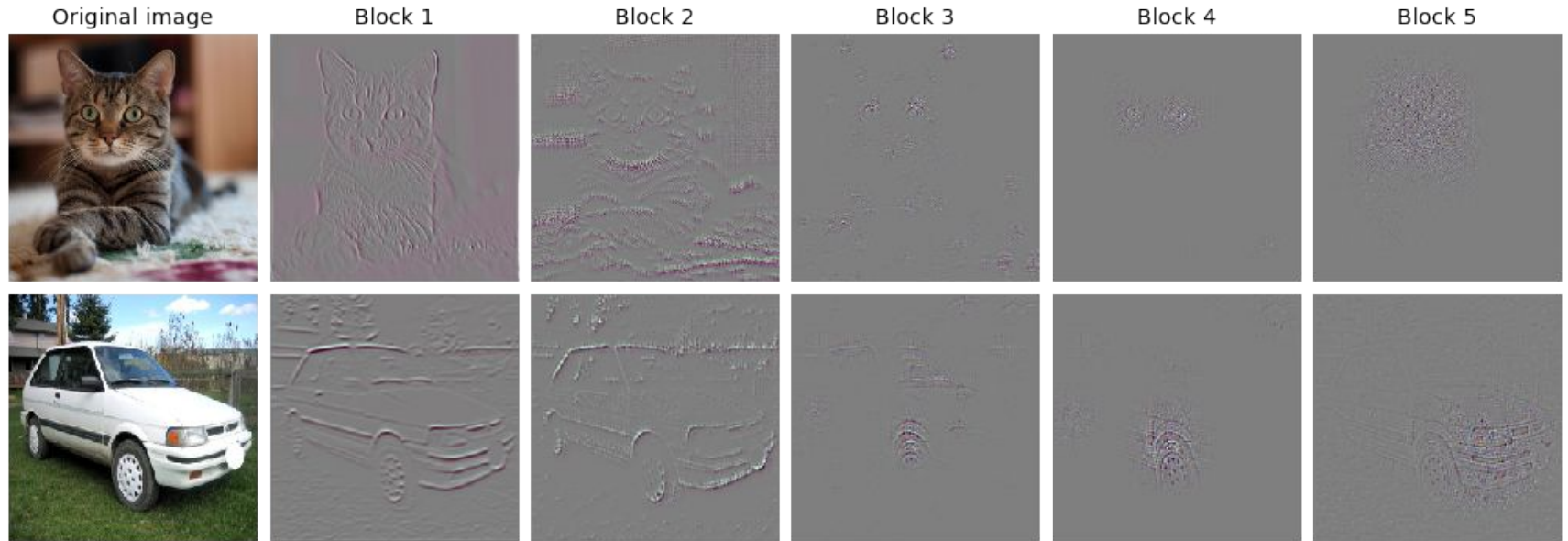


Figure : Best feature map at each network block

Training a ConvNet on CIFAR-10

32x32 images

10 classes

50k train images

10k test images

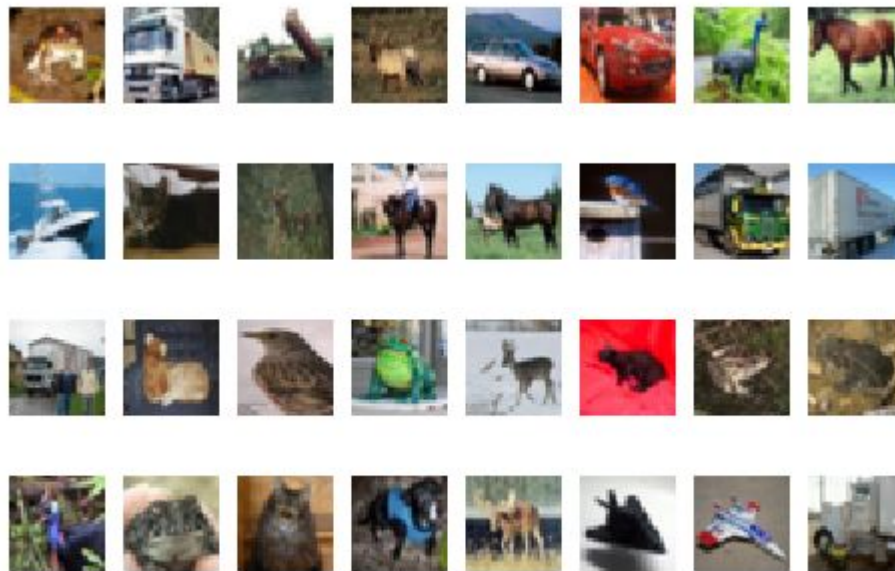
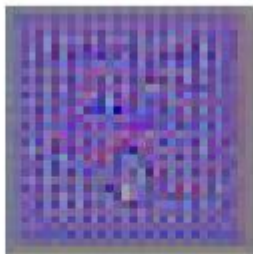


Figure: Sample images from CIFAR-10

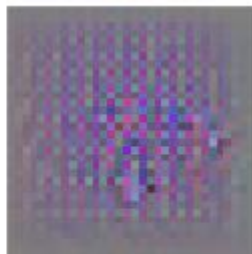
Batch Normalization & Padding



original image



without batch
normalization

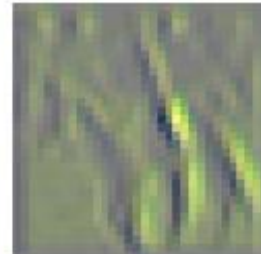


with batch
normalization

Figure: Most activated filters of layer 4



original image



without padding



with padding

Figure: Most activated filters of layer 1

Evolution of filters during training

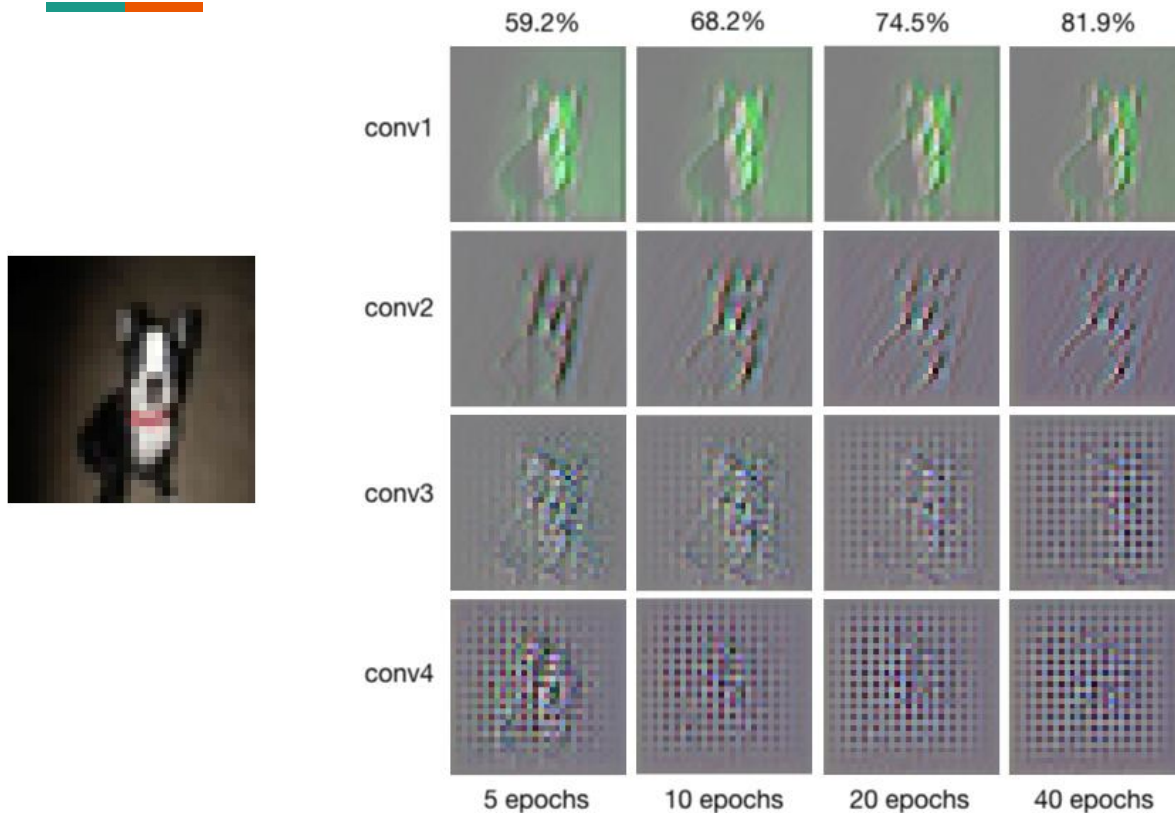


Figure: Tracking of 1 filter per layer during training

Checkerboard effect

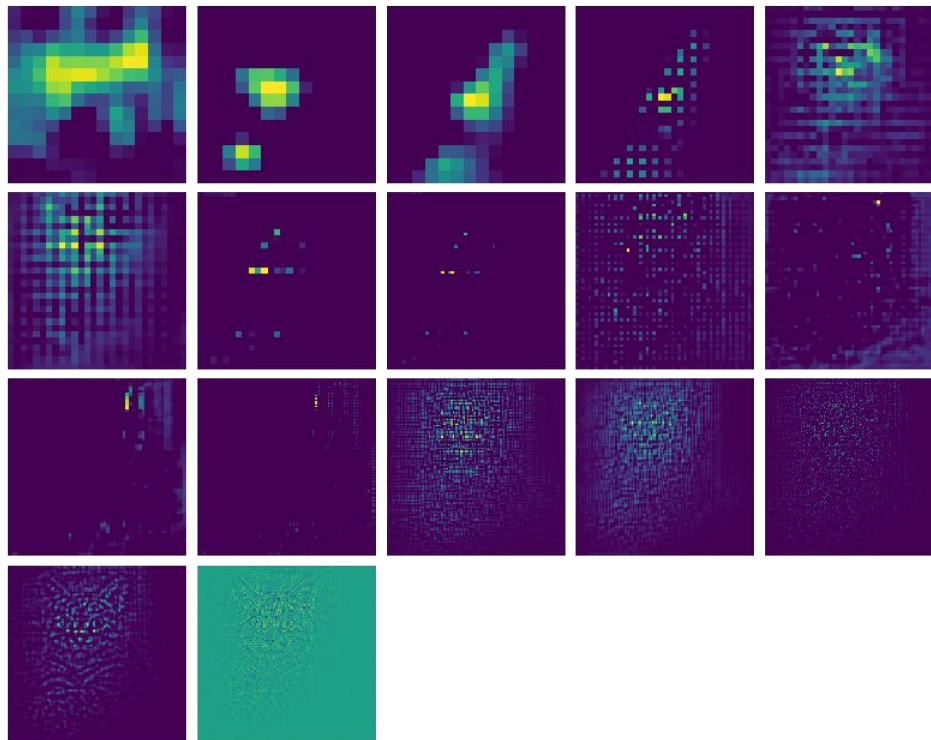


Figure: Activation of VGG16 deconvnet on each layer from the deepest one

Final architecture: 81.9% test accuracy

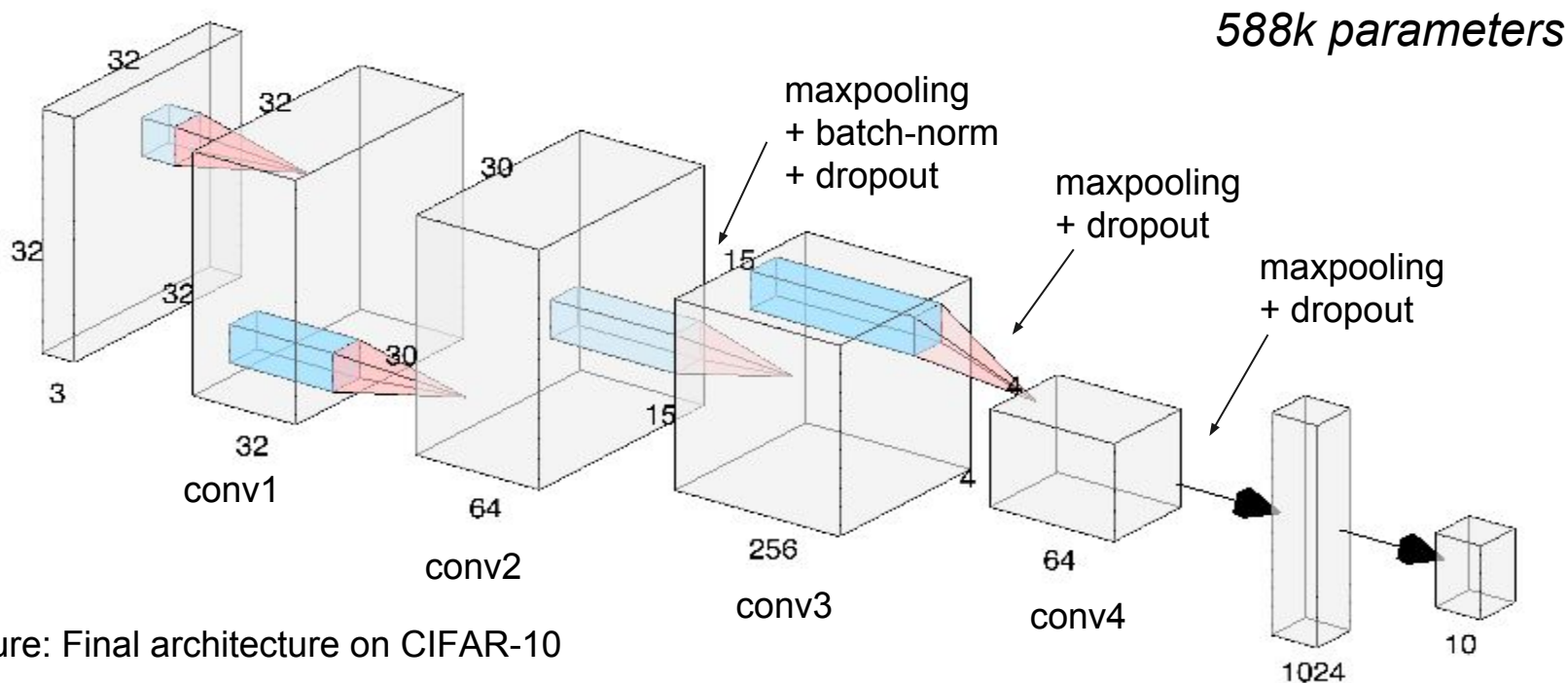


Figure: Final architecture on CIFAR-10

Sensitivity analysis

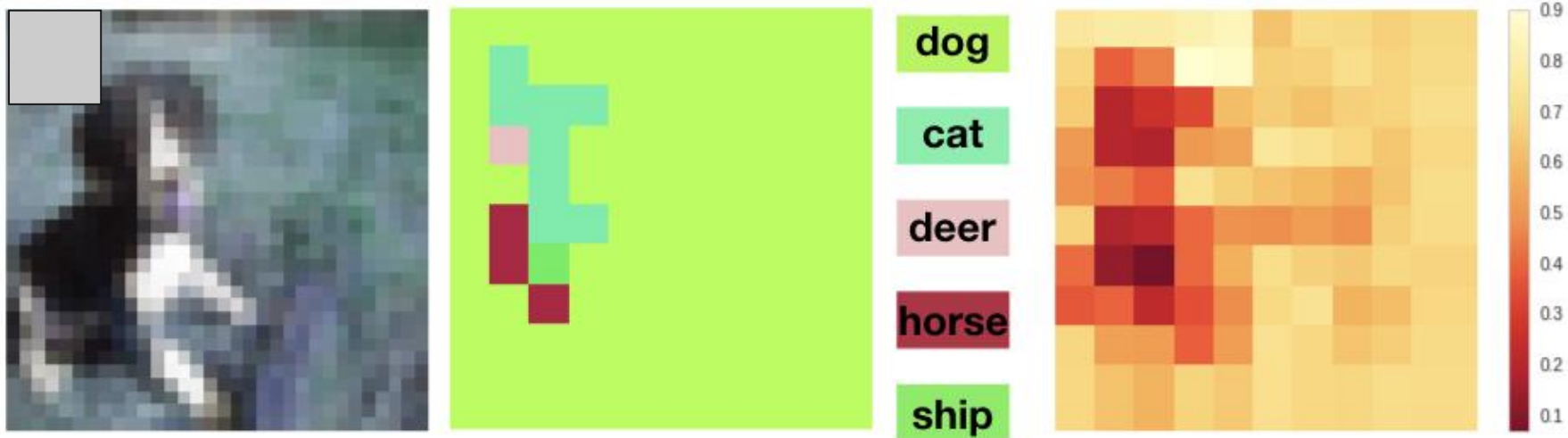


Figure: Sliding a gray patch on the input image