# Parking Rights Technical Design

#### **Architectural Overview**



## **Assumptions**

- 1. Parking Right service runs in a private VPC.
- 2. PRDB is an external centralised service.
- 3. License Plate, OperatorId, Customer Type Id is unique together.
- 4. Parking registration can be completed in near real time.
- 5. I choose to create a record in dynamodb before making the integration call. I assumed from external service will accept the request without business validation.

## No server is easier to manage than no server.

- Compute : Lambda
  - Support for dynamic workloads.
  - Easy to deploy, in that case I used SAM.
- Storage : DynamoDb
  - No relational db required.
- Communication : SNS, SQS
  - Provides isolation between services.
  - SNS, able to send an event to more then 1 services.
  - SQS, process messages at services own pace
- Monitoring : Cloudwatch

#### **About Solution**

Solution file contains Parking Rights Web API rest api which is designed to run as lambda function behind API Gateway.

- Parking Rights Web API: Microservice that handles the process after a parking spot has been sold successfully. Post and Get functions implemented without any validation layer. I choose DynamoDB to store data because relational db isn't required. Swagger documentation can be found <a href="here">here</a>.
- Parking Registration Integration Web API: Microservice that will communicate with the external PRDB service. It is an isolation layer between 3rd party service and ParkingNow ecosystem.

### Weaknesses

I made some shortcuts for the sake of simplicity;

- Implementation details :
  - Validation
  - Functionality
    - Unique Id is created by concatenation of license-plate, customertype
    - Idempotency
  - Logging
    - It is possible to see the logs in Cloudwatch but a centralised tracing system is essential to be able to have a clear overview of the process.
  - Sync communication (Rest based) to async communication
  - Removing (dummy) credentials to create basic aws auth
  - Testing, only data access layer has been tested.
- Security: I'm using one role for both services. Role/resource based access control.
- CI/CD : Instead of SAM creating a pipeline and separate infrastructure from code.