

Parking Rights Technical Design

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Architectural Overview



Assumptions

1. Parking Right service runs in a private VPC.
2. PRDB is an external centralised service.
3. License Plate, OperatorId, Customer Type Id is unique together.
4. Parking registration can be completed in near real time.
5. I choose to create a record in dynamodb before making the integration call. I assumed that from business flow perspective it makes more sense.

No server is easier to manage than no server.

- Compute : Lambda
 - Support for dynamic workloads.
 - Easy to deploy, in that case I used SAM.
- Storage : DynamoDb
 - No relational db required.
- Communication : SNS, SQS
 - Provides isolation between services.
 - SNS, able to send an event to more than 1 services.
 - SQS, process messages at services own pace
- Monitoring : Cloudwatch

About Solution

Solution file contains Parking Rights Web API rest api which is designed to run as lambda function behind API Gateway.

- Parking Rights Web API : Microservice that handles the process after a parking spot has been sold successfully. Post and Get functions implemented without any validation layer. I choose DynamoDB to store data because relational db isn't required. Swagger documentation can be found [here](#).
- Parking Registration Integration Web API : Microservice that will communicate with the external PRDB service. It is an isolation layer between 3rd party service and ParkingNow ecosystem.

Weaknesses

I made some shortcuts for the sake of simplicity;

- Implementation details :
 - Validation
 - Functionality
 - Unique Id is created by concatenation of license-plate, customertype
 - Idempotency
 - Logging
 - It is possible to see the logs in Cloudwatch but a centralised tracing system is essential to be able to have a clear overview of the process.
 - Sync communication (Rest based) to async communication
 - Removing (dummy) credentials to create basic aws auth
 - Testing, only data access layer has been tested.
- Security : I'm using one role for both services. Role/resource based access control.
- CI/CD : Instead of SAM creating a pipeline and separate infrastructure from code.