

# Untitled

January 22, 2020

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In [13]: import zipfile
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from PIL import Image
import pytesseract
import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np

# loading the face detection classifier
face_cascade = cv.CascadeClassifier('readonly/haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')

# the rest is up to you!
```

```
In [14]: #Function that creates the zipfile object
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```
def create_zp():
    filer = input("Enter zipfile name: (ex: images.zip)")
    #The zipfile object and a list of tuples with a name and a zipinfo object for every file
    zip_file = zipfile.ZipFile("readonly/{}".format(filer))
    return zip_file
```

```
#Function that creates a list with a dictionary for every image in the zipfile.
#Each dictionary contains the file name, the PIL.image object, the text and the faces
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```
def create_diclst(zip_file):
    files_lst = zip(zip_file.namelist(), zip_file.infolist())
    #Loop that creates a list of dictionaries with every PIL.image object binarized with cv2
    dic_lst = []
    i = 0
    for file_name, info_obj in files_lst:
        dic_lst.append({})
        pil_image = Image.open(zip_file.open(info_obj)).convert("1")
        dic_lst[i]["name"] = file_name
        dic_lst[i]["pil_image"] = pil_image
        i += 1
    #loop that extracts the text from the images and add it to each dic in dic_lst
    for item in range(len(dic_lst)):
        text = pytesseract.image_to_string(dic_lst[item]["pil_image"])
        dic_lst[item]["text"] = text
    #Loops that adds the faces to each dic in dic_lst
    for image in range(len(zip_file.infolist())):
```

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p_i = Image.open(zip_file.open(zip_file.infolist()[image])).convert("L")
p_i.save("file{}.png".format(image))
cv_img = cv.imread("file{}.png".format(image))
faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(cv_img, 1.3, 5)
dic_lst[image]["faces"] = []
pil_img=Image.open(zip_file.open(zip_file.infolist()[image]))
# Cut the faces
for x,y,w,h in faces:
    cro = pil_img.crop((x,y,x+w,y+h))
    dic_lst[image]["faces"].append(cro)

return dic_lst

```

In [15]: *#functions that gets the height of the contact sheet*

```

def get_cs_height(i, dic_lst):
    height = 0
    #Loop to get the highest height of the images in dic_lst[i]
    for img in dic_lst[i]["faces"]:
        if img.height > height:
            height = img.height
        else:
            continue
    #loop to guess how many times we have to add the img height to itself to get the
    width = 0
    for img in dic_lst[i]["faces"]:
        width += img.width
        if width + img.width >= 900:
            width = 0
            height += height
        else:
            continue

    return height

```

*#Function that creates the contact sheet with the faces*

```

def create_cs(i, dic_lst):
    #for i in range(len(dic_lst)):
    height = get_cs_height(i, dic_lst)
    contact_sheet=Image.new(dic_lst[i]["faces"][0].mode, (880, height))
    x=0
    y=0
    for img in dic_lst[i]["faces"]:
        max_size = (250, 250)
        img.thumbnail(max_size)
        # Lets paste the current image into the contact sheet
        contact_sheet.paste(img, (x, y) )
        # Now we update our X position. If it is going to be the width of the image,
        # and update Y as well to point to the next "line" of the contact sheet.

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        if x+img.width >= contact_sheet.width:
            x=0
            y=y+img.height
        else:
            x=x+img.width

    # resize and display the contact sheet
    contact_sheet = contact_sheet.resize((int(contact_sheet.width/2),int(contact_sheet.height/2)))
    display(contact_sheet)

```

In [16]: `def search(key):`

```

    ''' Looks up the key(string) in the text of the images in the zip file,
    if the key is there it displays the faces that appears in that
    image in a contact sheet'''
    zip_file = create_zp()
    dic_lst = create_diclst(zip_file)
    for i in range(len(dic_lst)):
        if key in dic_lst[i]["text"]:
            if len(dic_lst[i]["faces"]) > 0:
                print("Results found in {}".format(dic_lst[i]["name"]))
                create_cs(i, dic_lst)
            else:
                print("Results found in {}".format(dic_lst[i]["name"]))
                print("But there were no faces.")
        else:
            continue

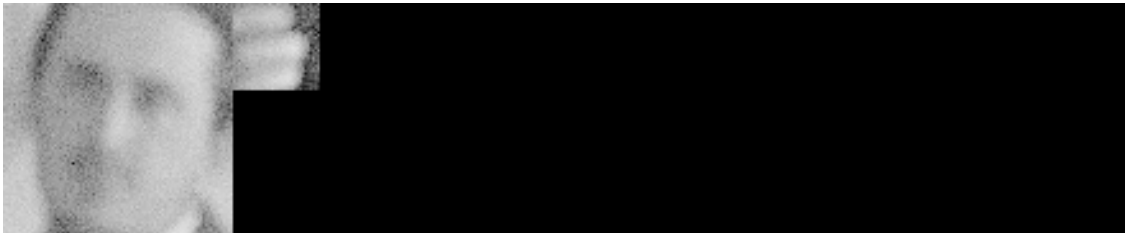
    search("Chris")
    search("Mark")

```

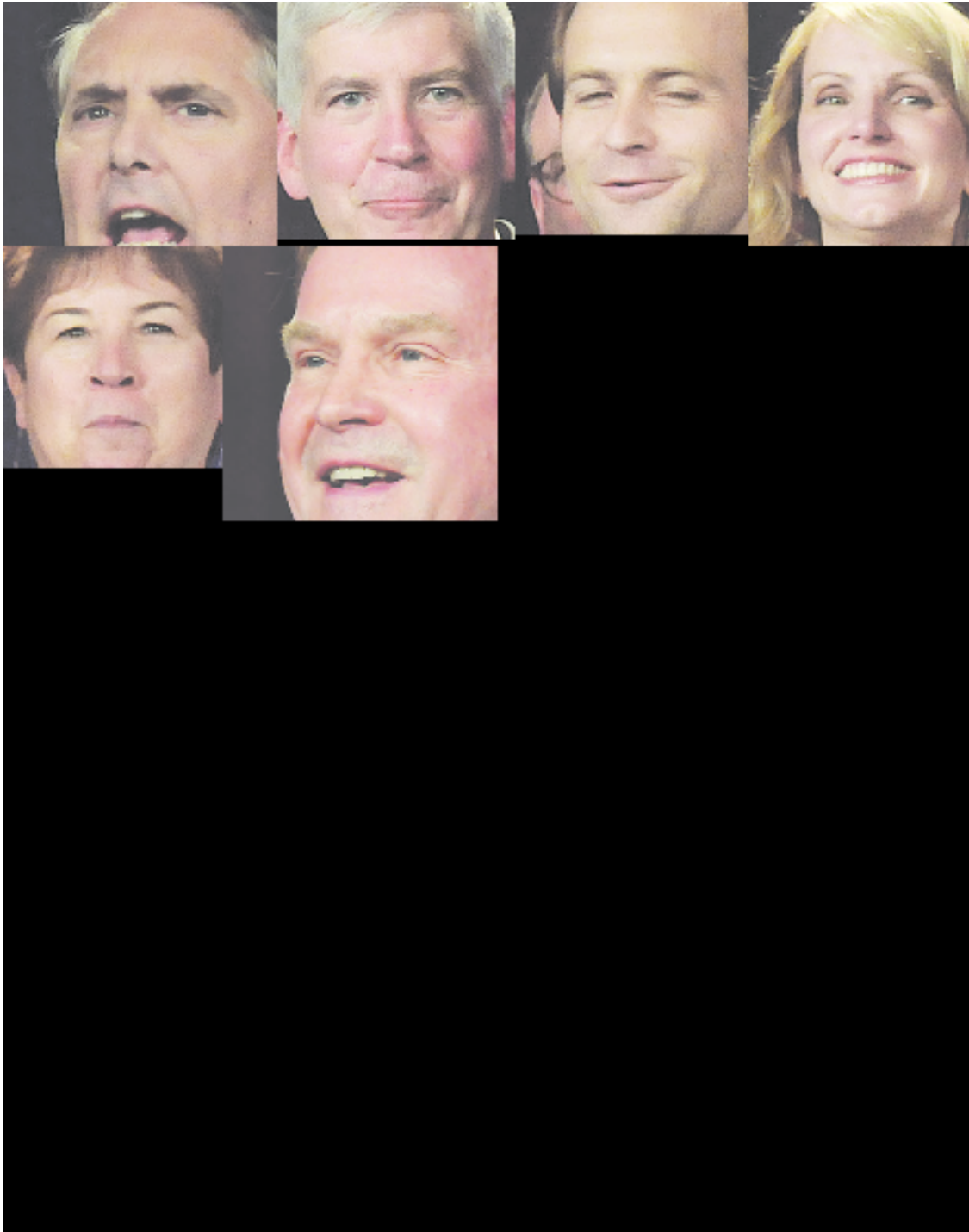
Enter zipfile name: (ex: images.zip)small\_img.zip  
Results found in a-0.png



Results found in a-3.png



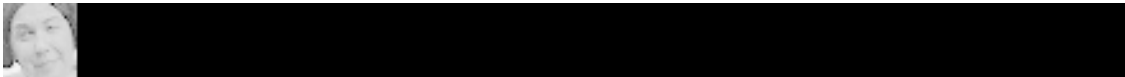
Enter zipfile name: (ex: images.zip)images.zip  
Results found in a-0.png



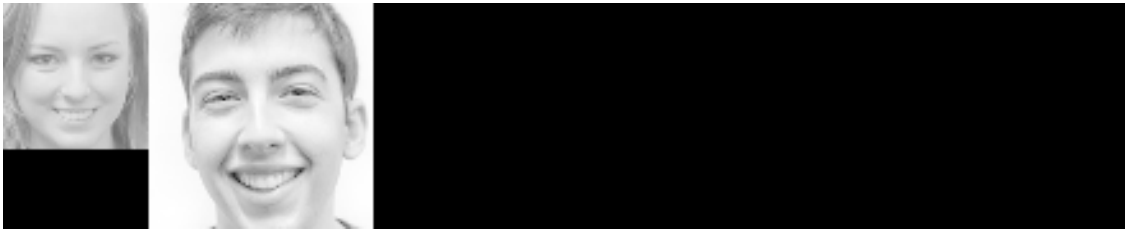
Results found in a-1.png



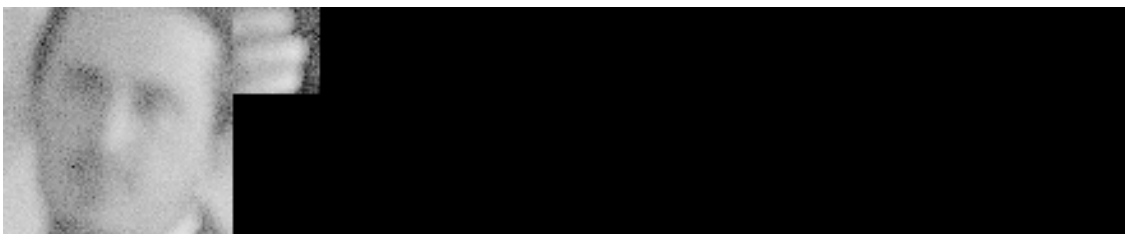
Results found in a-10.png  
But there were no faces.  
Results found in a-13.png



Results found in a-2.png



Results found in a-3.png



```
Results found in a-8.png  
But there were no faces.
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In [ ]:
```