We present the results of our extended models allowing us to capture the differentiated effects of TAs on bilateral exports depending on whether the pair country are two “North” countries (NN), a “North” and a “South” country (NS), or two “South” countries (SS).

The results of the extended benchmark estimation by region, contained in Table 2 again show heterogenous results across regions. It is interesting to note that by disaggregating the TA effects, in the case of Americas and Europe, both of which had significant and positive coefficients in the benchmark estimation, now again have significant and positive coefficients for both NS TA + Lag and SS TA + Lag , but the effects are larger in both cases for the SS TA + Lag coefficient. Asia now has a slightly significant and negative coefficient for NS TA + Lag while the coefficient for SS TA + Lag remains not significant. Intercontinental have significant and positive effects of NS Lag and SS Lag, but NS TA + Lag and SS TA + Lag are both not significant now. Africa’s coefficients remain not significant, and it is the only region with only South-South TAs.