VideoCore IV Typed Assembly Language Version 0.1

El Pin Al

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1. Syntax

To define the syntax, there are some primitive terms:

- *i* denotes an integer.
- i4 denotes a 4-bit integer in range [0,15].
- $i4^*$ denotes a 4-bit integer in range [1,16].
- $i7^*$ denotes a 7-bit integer in range [1,128].
- f denotes a floating-point number.

- *l* denotes a label.
- ullet nat denotes an integer which is greater than or equal to 0.
- $\bullet \;\;$ In general, ε denotes an empty construct.
- α denotes a variable.

The syntax is given below.

$\nu ::= n \mid rr$	operands
$n ::= i \mid f$	numbers
$r ::= rr \mid wr$	registers
$rr ::= rwr \mid \text{uniform} \mid \text{element_number} \mid \text{vpmr}$	readable registers
$urr := a \mid element_number$	unconstrained readable registers
$wr ::= rwr \text{uniforms_address} tmu \text{broadcast}$	vpmw writable registers
$rwr ::= ga \mid rf$	both readable and writable registers
$a ::= ga \mid sa$	accumulators
$ga ::= \mathbf{r}0 \mid \mathbf{r}1 \mid \mathbf{r}2 \mid \mathbf{r}3$	general-purpose accumulators
$sa ::= r4 \mid r5$	special-purpose accumulators
$rf ::= A \mid B$	register files
$A ::= \operatorname{ra0} \mid \dots \mid \operatorname{ra31}$	locations in register file A
$B ::= \operatorname{rb0} \mid \dots \mid \operatorname{rb31}$	locations in register file B
$tmu ::= tmu0 \mid tmu1$	TMU
$vpmq ::= \varepsilon \mid (Y,i) :: vpmq$	VPM read queues
$Y ::= \mathbf{y}_0 \mid \ldots \mid \mathbf{y}_{63}$	VPM Y

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\iota ::= \operatorname{rotate}(wr, rr, i4) \mid \operatorname{mov}(wr, \nu) \mid \operatorname{setup\_vpm\_read}(Y, i4^*)
  |\operatorname{setup\_vpm\_write}(Y)| \operatorname{setup\_dma\_load}(Y, i4^*) | \operatorname{start\_dma\_load}(rr)
  | wait_dma_load | setup_dma_store(Y, i7^*) | start_dma_store(rr)
  | wait_dma_store
                                                                                                      instructions
cc ::= Z \mid N \mid C
                                                                                                condition classes
c ::= set(cc) \mid clear(cc)
                                                                                                        conditions
qc ::= all(c) \mid any(c)
                                                                                          quantified conditions
s := \varepsilon \mid \operatorname{load}\langle tmu \rangle
                                                                                                            signals
ci ::= (\iota, \varepsilon) \mid (\iota, c)
                                                                                       conditional instructions
csi ::= (ci, s)
                                                                      conditional instructions with signals
I := \operatorname{jmp}(l); csi; csi; csi; csi; (ci, \operatorname{thread\_end}); csi; csi; csi; I
  | \text{ if } qc \text{ jmp}(l) ; csi ; csi ; csi ; I
                                                                                         instruction sequences
R ::= \varepsilon \mid R[rr \mapsto arr]
                                                                                                register contexts
arrays
U ::= \varepsilon \mid n \circ U
                                                                                                         uniforms
T ::= \varepsilon \mid arr \mid arr :: arr \mid arr :: arr \mid arr :: arr \mid arr :: arr :: arr
                                                                                                             TMU
V := \varepsilon \mid V[Y \mapsto at]
                                                                                                      VPM states
P ::= \varepsilon \mid P[l \mapsto I]
                                                                                                         programs
M ::= (R, U, T, V, vpmq, P, I)
                                                                                                         machines
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2. Type system

The type syntax is defined as follows:

$$\tau ::= b \mid at \mid vt \mid \Psi$$
 types

$p ::= nat \mid \alpha \mid p + p \mid nat \times p$	pointers
$b ::= \operatorname{int}(i) \mid \operatorname{int}(?) \mid \operatorname{float} \mid \operatorname{ptr}(p) \mid \operatorname{code}(\Theta)$	basic types
at ::= [b, b, b	array types
$vt ::= \mathrm{vec}(b, lpha)$	vector types
$\Gamma ::= \varepsilon \mid \Gamma[rr \mapsto at]$	register context types
$\Psi ::= arepsilon \mid b \circ \Psi$	uniforms types
$\Sigma ::= \varepsilon \mid at \mid at :: at \mid at :: at \mid at :: at \mid at :: at$	TMU types
$\Pi ::= \varepsilon \mid \Pi[Y \mapsto at]$	VPM state types
$vpmw_addr ::= \varepsilon \mid Y$	VPM write addresses
$C ::= \big(\mathit{vpmq}, \Pi, \mathit{vpmw_addr} \big)$	VPM compound types
$u ::= \mathbf{u} 0 \mid \mathbf{u} 1 \mid \mathbf{u} 2$	uniform-access countdowns
$\Theta ::= (\Gamma, \Psi, u, \Sigma, C, \Omega, wr)$	state types
$\Phi ::= \varepsilon \mid \Phi[l \mapsto \Theta]$	program types
$DLS ::= arepsilon \mid \left(Y, i4^* ight)$	DMA load setups
$DSS ::= \varepsilon \mid \left(Y, i7^*\right)$	DMA store setups
$DL ::= \varepsilon \mid \left(Y, i4^*, \tau\right)$	DMA loads
$DS ::= \varepsilon \mid \left(Y, i7^*, \tau\right) \mid \text{type_preserving}$	DMA stores

2.1. Propositions

 $\boldsymbol{p}_1 \ldots \boldsymbol{p}_2$ represents a range $[\boldsymbol{p}_1, \boldsymbol{p}_2).$

$$\varphi ::= p .. p \mid \varphi \vee \varphi$$

propositions

2.2. Memory representaion

$$\Omega::=\left\{\Xi\mid\varphi\right\}$$
 memory subset types
$$\Xi::=\varepsilon\mid\Xi[p\mapsto\tau]$$
 memory types

The evaluation rules of memory subset types and memory types are given below. The equality rules for p are not defined here. There are the abuses of notations of a form $x[y \mapsto z]$.

$$\begin{split} \frac{p \text{ is in } \varphi}{\{\Xi \mid \varphi\}(p) \to_{\Omega} \Xi(p)} \\ \frac{p = p_1}{\Xi \left[p_1 \mapsto \tau\right](p) \to_{\Xi} \tau} \\ \frac{p \neq p_1}{\Xi \left[p_1 \mapsto \tau\right](p) \to_{\Xi} \Xi(p)} \end{split}$$

2.3. Typing rules

Typing rules are defined as follows. Note that $dom(\Gamma)$ represents the domain of a context Γ , a map from read / write registers to array types.

numbers:

$$\vdash i : int(i) \qquad \vdash f : float$$

subtype relations:

$$\inf(i) <: \inf(?) \qquad \inf(?) <: \inf(?) \qquad \frac{\forall i . at_1[i] <: at_2[i]}{at_1 <: at_2}$$

$$\frac{m \le n}{\operatorname{vec}(b, m) <: \operatorname{vec}(b, n)}$$

$$\Gamma <: \Gamma \qquad \frac{\Gamma_1 <: \Gamma_2}{\Gamma_1[rr \mapsto at] <: \Gamma_2}$$

pointers:

$$\frac{p \in dom(\Xi)}{\Xi \vdash p : \Xi(p)}$$

well-formed memory subsets:

$$\frac{\forall p \in dom(\Xi) \cdot p \dots \left(p + size_of(\Xi(p))\right) \text{ is in } \varphi}{\vdash \{\Xi \mid \varphi\}}$$

registers:

$$\frac{rr \in dom(\Gamma)}{\Gamma \vdash rr : \Gamma(rr)} \qquad \frac{\Psi_1 \equiv b \circ \Psi_2}{\vdash \text{uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2}$$

 \vdash element_number : [int(0), int(1), ..., int(15)]

$$\frac{vpmq_1 \equiv \Big(vpmq_2 :: (Y,i)\Big) \qquad i \geq 2 \qquad \Pi \vdash Y : at}{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2 :: \Big(inc(Y),i-1\Big)}$$

$$\frac{vpmq_{_{1}} \equiv \Big(vpmq_{_{2}} :: (Y\!,1)\Big) \qquad \Pi \vdash Y \colon at}{\Pi \vdash \mathrm{vpmr} : at \mid vpmq_{_{1}} \to vpmq_{_{2}}}$$

VPM:

$$\frac{Y \in dom(\Pi)}{\Pi \vdash Y \colon \Pi(Y)}$$

$$\frac{\Pi \vdash Y : at \qquad at <: vt}{\Pi \vdash (Y,1) : vt}$$

$$\frac{\Pi \vdash Y \colon at \qquad at <: vt_1 \qquad n \leq 62 \qquad i7^* \geq 2 \qquad \Pi \vdash \left(\mathbf{y}_{n+1}, i7^* - 1\right) \colon vt_2}{\Pi \vdash \left(\mathbf{y}_n, i7^*\right) \colon concat\left(vt_1, vt_2\right)}$$

instructions:

$$\frac{rr \neq wr_{before} \qquad rr \in dom(\Gamma) \qquad at \equiv rotate(\Gamma(rr), i4)}{wr_{before} \vdash \text{rotate}(rwr, rr, i4) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[rwr \mapsto at] ; rwr}$$

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\frac{\vdash \text{uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \quad at \equiv array(b)}{\text{u0} \vdash \text{rotate}(rwr, \text{uniform}, i4) : \Gamma \to \Gamma[rwr \mapsto at] \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 ; rwr}
\frac{\vdash \text{ element\_number} : at}{\vdash \text{ rotate}(rwr, \text{ element\_number}, i4) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[rwr \mapsto rotate(at, i4)] ; rwr}
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2}{\Pi \vdash \text{rotate}(\textit{rwr}, \text{vpmr}, i4) : \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \mid \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\textit{rwr} \mapsto \textit{rotate}(at, i4)] \; ; \; \textit{rwr}}
\frac{rr \neq wr_{before} \quad \Gamma \vdash rr : at \quad fst(rotate(at, i4)) \equiv b}{\Gamma; wr_{before} \vdash \text{rotate(broadcast}, rr, i4) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[r5 \mapsto array(b)]}
\frac{\vdash \text{ element\_number} : at \qquad b \equiv fst\big(rotate(at, i4)\big)}{\vdash \text{ rotate(broadcast, element\_number}, i4)} : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)]
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2 \qquad fst\big(rotate(at, i4)\big) \equiv b}{\Pi \vdash \text{rotate(broadcast, vpmr}, i4) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma\big[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)\big] \mid vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2}
\frac{rr \not\equiv wr_{before} \qquad \Gamma \vdash rr: at \qquad fst\big(rotate(at, i4)\big) \equiv ptr(p) \qquad \Xi \vdash p: \Psi_2}{\Gamma; \Xi \; ; \; wr_{before} \vdash rotate\big(uniforms\_address, rr, i4\big): \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \; \mid u \rightarrow u2}
\frac{ \vdash \text{ uniform : ptr}(p) \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \qquad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_3}{\Xi \vdash \text{rotate}(\text{uniforms\_address}, \text{uniform}, i4) : \Psi_1 \to \Psi_3 \mid \text{u}0 \to \text{u}2}
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \quad \textit{fst}\big(\textit{rotate}(at, i4)\big) \equiv \text{ptr}(p) \quad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_2}{\Pi; \, \Xi \vdash \text{rotate}\big(\text{uniforms\_address}, \text{vpmr}, i4\big) : \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \mid u \rightarrow u2}
\frac{rr \not\equiv wr_{before} \quad \Gamma \vdash rr: at \quad notfull(\Sigma^{tmu})}{\Gamma; \; \Xi \; ; \; wr_{before} \vdash \text{rotate}(tmu, rr, i4) : \Sigma^{tmu} \rightarrow rotate(map(unwrap_{\Xi}, at), i4) :: \Sigma^{tmu}}
\frac{\vdash \text{uniform}: \text{ptr}(p) \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \quad \Xi \vdash p:b \quad notfull \left(\Sigma^{tmu}\right)}{\text{u0}; \Xi \vdash \text{rotate}(tmu, \text{uniform}, i4): \Sigma^{tmu} \rightarrow array(b) :: \Sigma^{tmu} \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2}
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\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr}: at \mid vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2 \quad notfull \left(\Sigma^{tmu}\right)}{\Pi; \Xi \vdash \text{rotate}(tmu, \text{vpmr}, i4): \Sigma^{tmu} \rightarrow rotate\left(map\left(unwrap_\Xi, at\right), i4\right) :: \Sigma^{tmu}}
\frac{rr \neq wr_{before} \quad rr \in dom(\Gamma) \quad at \equiv rotate(\Gamma(rr), i4)}{wr_{before} \vdash \text{rotate(vpmw}, rr, i4) : \Pi \rightarrow \Pi[Y \mapsto at] \mid Y \rightarrow inc(Y)}
\frac{\vdash \text{uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \quad at \equiv array(b)}{\text{u0} \vdash \text{rotate(vpmw, uniform}, i4) : \Pi \to \Pi[Y \mapsto at] \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \mid Y \to inc(Y)}
\frac{\vdash \text{ element\_number} : at}{\vdash \text{ rotate(vpmw, element\_number}, i4)} : \Pi \rightarrow \Pi[Y \mapsto rotate(at, i4)] \mid Y \rightarrow inc(Y)
\frac{\vdash n : b}{\vdash \operatorname{mov}(rwr, n) : \Gamma \to \Gamma[rwr \mapsto array(b)] ; rwr}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash urr : at}{\vdash mov(rwr, urr) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[rwr \mapsto at] ; rwr}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash rf : at \qquad rf \not\equiv wr_{before}}{wr_{before} \vdash \text{mov}(rwr, rf) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[rwr \mapsto at] \; ; \; rwr}
\frac{\vdash \text{ uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2}{\text{u0} \vdash \text{mov}(rwr, \text{uniform}) : \Gamma \to \Gamma\big[rwr \mapsto array(b)\big] \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2; \, rwr}
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2}{\Pi \vdash \text{mov}(\textit{rwr}, \text{vpmr}) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\textit{rwr} \mapsto at] \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \; ; \; \textit{rwr}}
\frac{\vdash n : b}{\vdash \text{mov}(\text{broadcast}, n) : \Gamma \to \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)]}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash urr : at \qquad fst(at) \equiv b}{\Gamma \vdash \text{mov}(\text{broadcast}, urr) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)]}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash rf : at \qquad fst(at) \equiv b \qquad rf \not\equiv wr_{before}}{\Gamma; wr_{before} \vdash \text{mov}(\text{broadcast}, rf) : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)]}
\frac{\vdash \text{ uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2}{\text{u0} \vdash \text{mov(broadcast, uniform)} : \Gamma \to \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto array(b)] \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2}
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\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2}{\Pi \vdash \text{mov(broadcast, vpmr)} : \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma[\text{r5} \mapsto at] \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : at \qquad fst(at) \equiv \operatorname{ptr}(p) \qquad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_2}{\Gamma; \Xi \vdash \operatorname{mov}(\operatorname{uniforms\_address}, a) : \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid u \rightarrow u2}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash rf : at \qquad fst(at) \equiv ptr(p) \qquad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_2 \qquad rf \not\equiv wr_{before}}{\Gamma; \ \Xi \ ; \ wr_{before} \vdash mov(uniforms\_address, rf) : \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid u \rightarrow u2}
\frac{\vdash \text{uniform}: \text{ptr}(p) \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \qquad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_3}{\Xi \vdash \text{mov}(\text{uniforms\_address}, \text{uniform}) : \Psi_1 \to \Psi_3 \mid \text{u}0 \to \text{u}2}
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr} : at \mid vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2 \qquad fst(at) \equiv \text{ptr}(p) \qquad \Xi \vdash p : \Psi_2}{\Pi; \Xi \vdash \text{mov}(\text{uniforms\_address}, \text{vpmr}) : vpmq_1 \rightarrow vpmq_2 \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid u \rightarrow \text{u}2}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : at \quad notfull(\Sigma^{tmu})}{\Gamma; \Xi \vdash mov(tmu, a) : \Sigma^{tmu} \rightarrow map(unwrap_{\Xi}, at) :: \Sigma^{tmu}}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash rf : at \quad notfull(\Sigma^{tmu}) \quad rf \not\equiv wr_{before}}{\Gamma; \; \Xi \; ; \; wr_{before} \vdash \text{mov}(tmu, rf) : \Sigma^{tmu} \to map(unwrap_\Xi, at) :: \Sigma^{tmu}}
\frac{\vdash \text{ uniform : ptr}(p) \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \qquad \Xi \vdash p : b \qquad \textit{notfull}\left(\Sigma^{tmu}\right)}{\text{u0; } \Xi \vdash \text{mov}(tmu, \text{uniform}) : \Sigma^{tmu} \to \textit{array}(b) :: \Sigma^{tmu} \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2
\frac{\Pi \vdash \text{vpmr}: at \mid \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \quad \textit{notfull}\left(\Sigma^{tmu}\right)}{\Pi; \Xi \vdash \text{mov}(tmu, \text{vpmr}): \textit{vpmq}_1 \rightarrow \textit{vpmq}_2 \mid \Sigma^{tmu} \rightarrow \textit{map}\left(\textit{unwrap}_\Xi, at\right) :: \Sigma^{tmu}}
\frac{\vdash n:b}{\vdash \mathsf{mov}(\mathsf{vpmw},n):\Pi \to \Pi[Y \mapsto \mathit{array}(b)] \mid Y \to \mathit{inc}(Y)}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash urr : at}{\vdash \mathsf{mov}(\mathsf{vpmw}, urr) : \Pi \to \Pi[Y \mapsto at] \mid Y \to inc(Y)}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash rf: at \qquad rf \not\equiv wr_{before}}{wr_{before} \vdash \text{mov(vpmw}, rf): \Pi \rightarrow \Pi[Y \mapsto at] \mid Y \rightarrow inc(Y)}
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$$\frac{\vdash \text{ uniform} : b \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2}{\text{u0} \vdash \text{mov(vpmw, uniform)} : \Pi \to \Pi\big[Y \mapsto array(b)\big] \mid \Psi_1 \to \Psi_2 \mid Y \to inc(Y)}$$

$$\frac{\Pi \vdash Y \colon at}{\Pi \vdash \text{setup_vpm_read}\big(Y, i4^*\big) \colon vpmq \to \big(Y, i4^*\big) \colon vpmq}$$

 \vdash setup_vpm_write $(Y): vpmw_addr \rightarrow Y$

$$\frac{i+i\boldsymbol{4}^{*} \leq 64}{\vdash \text{setup_dma_load}\left(\mathbf{y}_{i}, i\boldsymbol{4}^{*}\right) : DLS \rightarrow \left(\mathbf{y}_{i}, i\boldsymbol{4}^{*}\right)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash rr: at \qquad fst(at) \equiv \operatorname{ptr}(p) \qquad \Xi \vdash p: \tau \qquad i4^* \times 16 \times 4 \leq size_of(\tau)}{\left(Y, i4^*\right); \; \Xi \vdash \operatorname{start_dma_load}(rr): \varepsilon \to \left(Y, i4^*, \tau\right)}$$

 $\vdash \text{ wait_dma_load}: \left(Y, i4^*, \tau\right) \rightarrow \varepsilon \ | \ \Pi \rightarrow \Pi \ dma_load\left(Y, i4^*, \tau\right)$

$$\frac{i+i7^{*} \leq 64}{\vdash \text{ setup_dma_store} \left(\mathbf{y}_{i}, i7^{*}\right) : DSS \rightarrow \left(\mathbf{y}_{i}, i7^{*}\right)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash rr: at_1 \quad fst(at_1) \equiv \operatorname{ptr}(p) \quad \Omega \vdash p: \tau \quad \Pi \vdash \left(Y, i7^*\right): \tau_1 \quad \tau_1 <: \tau}{\left(Y, i7^*\right); \ \Omega \vdash \operatorname{start_dma_store}(rr): \varepsilon \to \operatorname{type_preserving}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash rr: at_1 \qquad fst(at_1) \equiv \operatorname{ptr}(p) \qquad \Pi \vdash \left(Y, i7^*\right): \tau \qquad p \notin dom(\Omega) \qquad \vdash \Omega[p \mapsto \tau]}{\left(Y, i7^*\right); \ \Omega \vdash \operatorname{start_dma_store}(rr): \varepsilon \to (p, \tau)}$$

 \vdash wait_dma_store : type_preserving \rightarrow ε

 $\vdash \text{ wait_dma_store} : (p,\tau) \to \varepsilon \mid \Omega \to \Omega[p \mapsto \tau]$

conditional instructions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \vdash \iota: \Gamma_1 \rightarrow \Gamma_2 \mid u_1 \rightarrow u_2 \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid \Sigma_1^{tmu} \rightarrow \Sigma_2^{tmu} \mid C_1 \rightarrow C_2 \mid wr_1 \rightarrow wr_2 \\ & [rr \mapsto at_1] \in \Gamma_1 \qquad \Gamma_2 \equiv \Gamma_{21} [rr \mapsto at_2] \\ \hline & at_1 <: at_2 \\ \hline \vdash (\iota,c): \Gamma_1 \rightarrow \Gamma_2 \mid u_1 \rightarrow u_2 \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid \Sigma_1^{tmu} \rightarrow \Sigma_2^{tmu} \mid C_1 \rightarrow C_2 \mid wr_1 \rightarrow wr_2 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \iota : \Theta_1 \to \Theta_2}{\vdash (\iota, \varepsilon) : \Theta_1 \to \Theta_2}$$

signals:

$$\vdash \operatorname{load}\langle tmu\rangle : \Sigma^{tmu} :: at \to \Sigma^{tmu} \mid \Gamma \to \Gamma[r4 \mapsto at]$$

conditional instructions with signals:

$$\frac{\vdash ci : \Theta_1 \to \Theta_2}{\vdash (ci, \varepsilon) : \Theta_1 \to \Theta_2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \vdash ci: \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \big[rr_1 \mapsto at_1\big] \mid u_1 \rightarrow u_2 \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \mid C_1 \rightarrow C_2 \mid \Omega_1 \rightarrow \Omega_2 \mid wr_1 \rightarrow wr_2 \\ & \vdash s: \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \big[r4 \mapsto at_2\big] \mid \Sigma_1^{tmu} \rightarrow \Sigma_2^{tmu} \\ \hline & \vdash (ci,s): \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \big[rr_1 \mapsto at_1\big] \big[r4 \mapsto at_2\big] \mid u_1 \rightarrow u_2 \mid \Psi_1 \rightarrow \Psi_2 \\ & \mid \Sigma_1^{tmu} \rightarrow \Sigma_2^{tmu} \mid C_1 \rightarrow C_2 \mid \Omega_1 \rightarrow \Omega_2 \mid wr_1 \rightarrow wr_2 \end{array}$$

labels:

$$\frac{l \in dom(\Phi)}{\Phi \vdash l : \Phi(l)}$$

instruction sequences:

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash csi:\Theta_1 \rightarrow \Theta_2 \\ \\ \hline \Phi \vdash I:\Theta_2 \\ \hline \Phi \vdash csi\;;\; I:\Theta_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash csi_1: \Theta_1 \rightarrow \Theta_2 \\ \vdash csi_2: \Theta_2 \rightarrow \Theta_3 \\ \vdash csi_3: \Theta_3 \rightarrow \Theta_4 \\ \Phi \vdash l: \operatorname{code}(\Theta_5) \\ \hline \Theta_4 <: \Theta_5 \\ \hline \Phi \vdash \operatorname{jmp}(l) \; ; \; csi_1 \; ; \; csi_2 \; ; \; csi_3: \Theta_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash ci:\Theta_{11} \rightarrow \Theta_2 & \vdash csi_1:\Theta_2 \rightarrow \Theta_3 \\ & \vdash csi_2:\Theta_3 \rightarrow \Theta_4 \\ regctx(\Theta_2) \equiv regctx(\Theta_{11})[rwr \mapsto at] \\ rwr \not\equiv ran \\ rwr \not\equiv rbn & \Theta_1 \equiv \left(\Gamma_1, \Psi_1, u_1, \Sigma_1^{tmu}, C_1, \Omega_1, wr_1\right) \\ \Theta_{11} \equiv \left(\Gamma_1 \setminus \{ ra14, rb14 \}, \Psi_1, u_1, \Sigma_1^{tmu}, C_1, \Omega_1, wr_1\right) \\ \left\{ ra14, rb14 \} \not\in regctx(\Theta_2) \\ \left\{ ra14, rb14 \} \not\in regctx(\Theta_3) \\ \left\{ ra14, rb14 \right\} \not\in regctx(\Theta_4) \\ \hline + (ci, thread_end) \; ; \; csi_1 \; ; \; csi_2 : \Theta_1 \\ \hline + csi_1:\Theta_1 \rightarrow \Theta_2 \qquad \vdash csi_2:\Theta_2 \rightarrow \Theta_3 \\ \vdash csi_3:\Theta_3 \rightarrow \Theta_4 \\ \Phi \vdash l : code(\Theta_4) \qquad \Phi \vdash l : \Theta_5 \\ \hline \Theta_4 <:\Theta_5 \\ \hline \Phi \vdash \text{if } qc \; \text{jmp}(l) \; ; \; csi_1 \; ; \; csi_2 \; ; \; csi_3 \; ; \; l : \Theta_1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

programs:

$$\frac{\forall l \in dom(P) \cdot \Phi \vdash P(l) : \Theta_l}{\Phi \vdash P}$$

It is defined that when the elements of at all have the same basic type b, it is convertible with vec(b, 16).

2.4. Auxiliary functions

Note that all free meta-variables are assumed to be fresh.

$$\begin{split} & notfull \left(\Sigma^{tmu}\right) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} \left(\Sigma^{tmu} \not\equiv at_1 :: at_2 :: at_3 :: at_4\right) \\ & unwrap_\Xi \left(\text{ptr}(p)\right) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} \Xi(p) \text{ if } p \in dom(\Xi) \\ & fst \left([b_0, b_1, ..., b_{15}]\right) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} b_0 \\ & map \left(f, [b_0, b_1, ..., b_{15}]\right) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} \left[f(b_0), f(b_1), ..., f(b_{15})\right] \end{split}$$

When an array type has the same 16 basic type, written array(b):

$$\begin{split} &array(b) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [b,b,...,b] \\ &inc\big(y_{63}\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} y_0 \\ &inc\big(y_n\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} y_{n+1} \text{ if } 0 \leq n \leq 62 \\ ®ctx\big(\big(\Gamma,\Psi,u,\Sigma,C,\Omega,wr\big)\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Gamma \\ &size_of(\tau) \text{ represents the size of a value of } \tau \text{ in bytes.} \\ &size_of(b) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 4 \\ &size_of(at) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 16 \times 4 \\ &size_of(b \circ \Psi) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 4 + size_of(\Psi) \\ &size_of(\varepsilon) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 0 \\ &size_of\big(\text{vec}(b,n)\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} size_of(b) \times n \\ &dma_load\big(Y,1,\tau\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [Y \mapsto truncate(\tau)] \\ &dma_load\big(Y,i4^*,at\big) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [Y \mapsto at] \text{ if } i4^* \geq 2 \end{split}$$

3. Future

 $truncate(at) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} at$

- Any properties are not proved.
- There are many implicitness.
- The current definition is so conservative that it cannot serve practical use.
- The current definition may be incorrect or inconsistent.

 $concat(vec(b, m), vec(b, n)) \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} vec(b, m + n)$