Load Testing at WB Games SF

Why Load Test?

- Understand how a system performs with concurrent users.
- Learn where "hot spots" are.
- Know, with Science[™], that a system can sustain concurrent users.

Who Are The Stakeholders?

- Executives funding platform efforts.
- Users expecting a decent experience.
- Platform clients, game teams etc.
- Platform engineers.

What Is Load Testing?

Stress Testing

- Run on smallest form factor, i.e. one core Virtual Machine.
- Hit individual APIs repeatedly with N threads.
- Used to determine max load per core.
- Used to determine limiting factor of a service.

What Is Load Testing?

Representative Testing

- Sessions comprising a series of API method calls that accurately represent real user activity.
- Sessions include gaps between calls.
- Used to determine limiting factor of production scale infrastructure.

When to Load Test?

Local Tests

- Each time a new feature with a unique set of performance characteristics is introduced.
- e.g.
 - Reads from cache only.
 - Reads from cache, writes to persistence layer.

When to Load Test?

Representative Tests

- 2-4 weeks before a major launch.
- This gives an appropriate amount of time to address issues found.

Where to Load Test?

Local JMeter

 Quickly allows an engineer to determine if there's anything glaringly wrong with new feature work.

Where to Load Test?

Remote JMeter Stress Testing

- Run against smallest form factor VMs.
- Separate concerns across VMs.
 - Service Nodes
 - Caching layer
 - Persistence layer
- Used to find hot spots and weaknesses in various APIs and abstractions.

Where to Load Test?

Multi-region JMeter hitting production environment

- Run against full scale environment.
- Instances based on sizing exercise(s)
 - Caching memory requirements
 - Persistence storage requirements
- Used to demonstrate reliability of infrastructure at scale.

JMeter

- JMeter is a well documented, java-based
 GUI on top of XML file.
- See http://goo.gl/cDweu6 for more details.

Choose your target metrics

- We chose the following
 - CPU Usage <= 80%
 - Response Times <= 100ms
 - \circ Errors = 0

Node --prof mode

- Great during stress testing to determine what you're calling most.
- Great to see changes working.
- Make sure to run tests for 2-5 minutes to filter out the noise*.
- Don't sweat the small stuff**.

What to watch for

- Low CPU, high response times
 - Indicative of waiting on network data.
 - e.g. reading from or writing to persistence layer.

What to watch for

- High CPU, high response times
 - Indicative of disk I/O.
 - Indicative of JSON.parse / JSON.stringify heavy workload.
 - Errors Abound!

Networking related errors

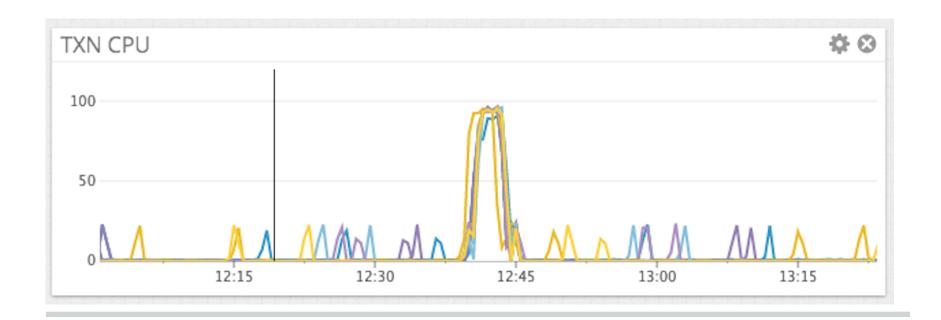
- ulimit
 - Set *ulimit -n* to 65336*
 - Set ulimit -u to something above 1024, per your use cases (this came up with our Mongo hosts)

Networking related errors

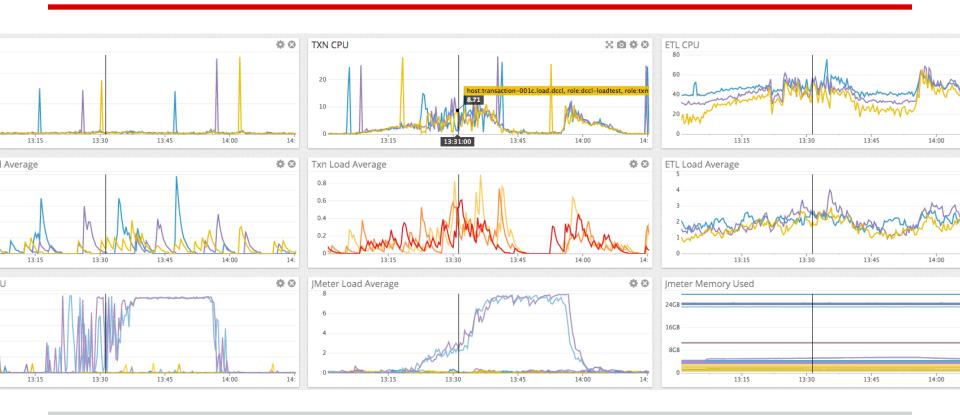
- kernel level TCP settings
 - tcp_tw_reuse
 - tcp_ip_port_range
 - (see http://goo.gl/o2YJqs)

And Now Some Graphs!

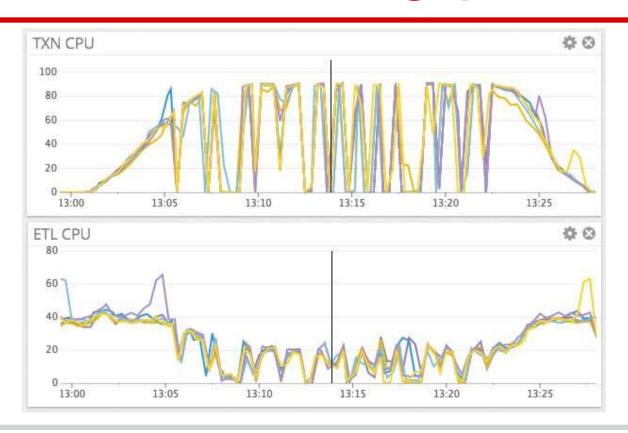
100% Errors, 100% of the time!



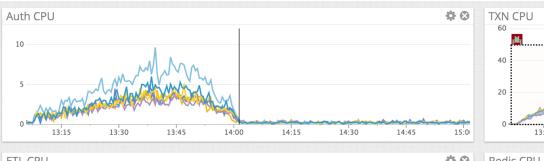
Pushing JMeter to It's Limits

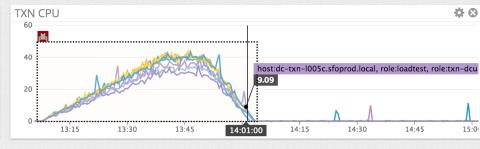


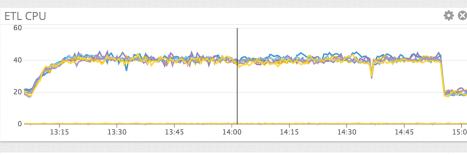
Severe Network Throughput Issues

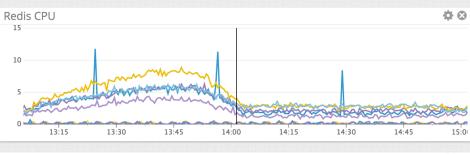


A Healthy Test Run!

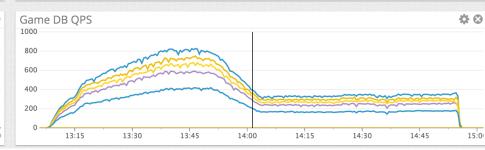












Questions?

Hit Me Up!

@elrasguno

http://attnspan.com