

## ~~Two op~~

• Suppose we reject  $H_0$  whenever  $p\text{-value} \leq \alpha$

• Note: ~~there are some cases where no~~  
we should never do this

		Truth	
		$H_0$ is true	$H_0$ is false
decision	<del>reject <math>H_0</math></del>	Type I Error	☺
	fail to reject $H_0$	☺	Type II Error

$$P(\text{Type I Error} | H_0) = P(p\text{-value} \leq \alpha | H_0 \text{ true})$$

• In most cases,  $P(\text{Type I Error}) \approx \alpha$  exactly

• For discrete r.v.'s, sometimes  $P(\text{Type I Error}) < \alpha$

Ex: ~~Suppose~~

In LAT warm-up, suppose  $\alpha = 0.1$ .  
What is  $P(\text{Type I Error} | H_0 \text{ true})$ ?

Suppose  $\alpha = 0.3$ .  
What is  $P(\text{Type I Error} | H_0 \text{ true})$ ?

$P(\text{Type II Error} | H_0 \text{ is false})$  denoted by  $\beta$ .

Suppose  $\alpha = 0.3$ , <sup>and  $H_0$  false</sup> Find  $\beta$ .

Suppose  $\alpha = 0.5$ . Find  $\beta$ .

$$P(\text{Reject } H_0 | H_0 \text{ is false}) = 1 - P(\text{Type II Error} | H_0 \text{ is false}) = 1 - \beta$$

Suppose  $\alpha = 0.3$  and  $H_0$  false. Find the power

Suppose  $\alpha = 0.5$  and  $H_0$  false. Find the power.