FROM THEORY TO PRACTICE

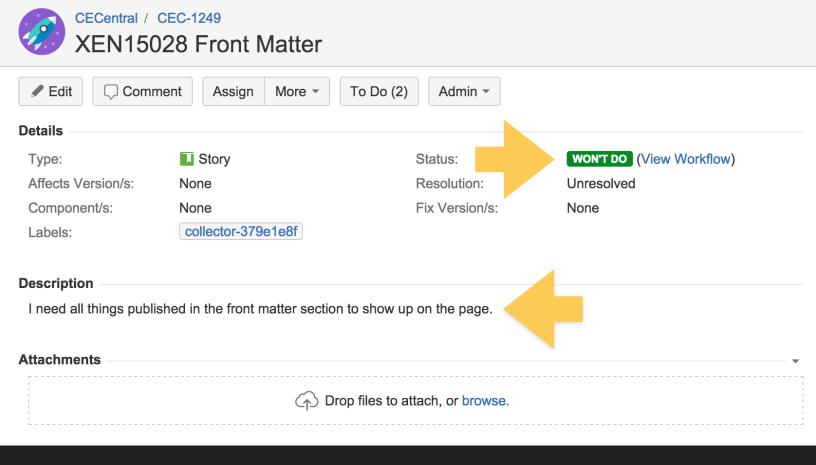
UCD AND AGILE

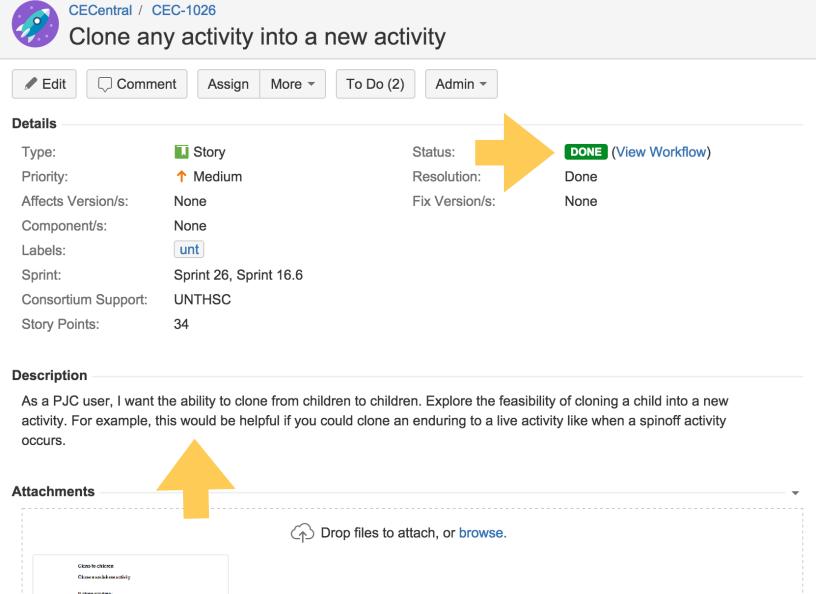
WE WILL...

- Introduce ourselves.
- Define User-centered Design (UCD) and Agile Project
 Management, list examples, and discuss why the two are perceived to be counterintuitive
- We will critique a proposed model for integrating the two, guessing where we think the model will be successful and where we think it will fail.
- ▶ Hopefully swap some stories and learn from each other.

DEFINITIONS 1

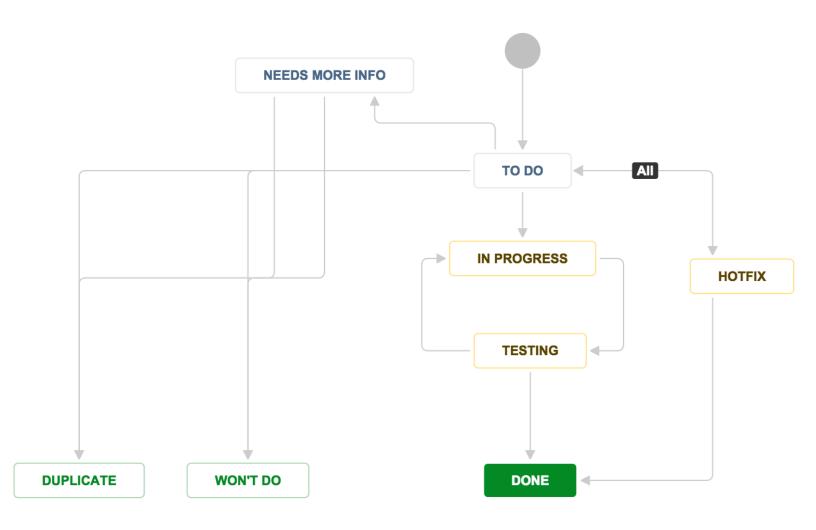
- User-centered Design
 - a framework of processes
 - encourages extensive user-research and analysis prior to development
 - e.g. user stories, prototypes



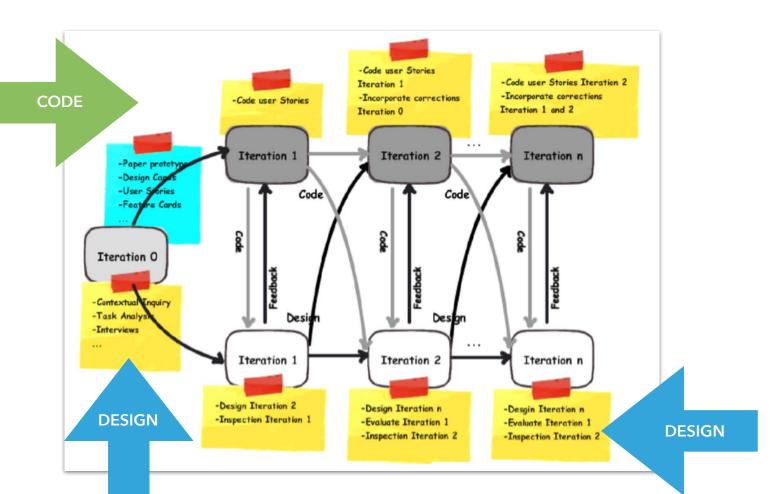


DEFINITIONS 2

- Agile programming
 - deliver small sets of software features to customers
 - quickly and with short iterations
 - e.g. Scrum, eXtreme



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9	Daily Scrum Meeting									
10	lann									int iew
11	Sprint Planning									Sprint Review
12	Spr									
1			PROD DEV					Backlog Refine		Sprint Retrospect
2								Bac Ref		Spr
3										
4	DAILY BACKLOG PRUNING/BLOCKING									
5										



MODIFIED FRAMEWORK

- Little Design Up Front (LDUF)
- Prototyping
- User Testing
- User Stories
- Usability Inspection
- One Sprint Ahead
- Close Collaboration
- Big Picture

SOME USER RESEARCH IS PERFORMED BY THE MARKETING TEAM. IN GENERAL, THEY KNOW WHAT THEY SAY THEY NEED, NOT WHAT THEY REALLY NEED. IT'S NOT A TARGET EFFORT TO GATHER THE USER NEED...IT'S A SELL VISIT.

DISCOUNT USABILITY (NIELSON)

- Simplified user testing (3-5 users)
- Single-path prototypes (usually done on paper)

IT'S TRICKY FOR UX PEOPLE TO CODE.

FOR INTERNAL STUDIES, WE USE NEW PEOPLE AND OLD PEOPLE FROM INSIDE THE COMPANY.

UCD AND AGILE - PROTOTYPING AND USER TESTING

DESIGN CHUNKING

- Early iteration
 - Internal users
 - Operation level tasks
 - Low fidelity

- Late iteration
 - External users
 - Workflow level tasks
 - High fidelity

SOMETIMES WE ADD NEW USER STORIES BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE USER TESTING, BUT IT DEPENDS ON THE PROBLEM.

COMMON ISSUES

- Poor consistency
- User-centric (should be validated against needs of other users)
- Limited acceptance test criteria

WE PERFORM SOME EXPERT EVALUATIONS, PEER REVIEW.

Ten Usability Heuristics by Jakob Nielsen



Visibility of system status

Give the users appropriate feedback about what is going on.



Match between system and the real world

Use real-world words, concepts and conventions familiar to the users in a natural and logical order.



User control and freedom

Support undo, redo and exit points to help users leave an unwanted state caused by mistakes.



Error prevention

Prevent problems from occurring: eliminate error-prone conditions or check for them before users commit to the action.



Aesthetic and minimalist design

Don't show irrelevant or rarely needed information since every extra elements diminishes the relavance of the others.



Follow platform conventions through consistent words, situations and actions.



Flexibility and efficiency of use

Make the system efficient for different experience levels through shortcuts, advanced tools and frequent actions.



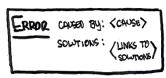
Recognition rather than recall

Make objects, actions, and options visible at the appropriate time to minimize users' memory load and facilitate decisions.



Help and documentation

Make necessary help and documentation easy to find and search, focused



Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors

Express error messages in plain language (no codes) to indicate the problem and suggest solutions.

I'M WORKING ON 7 TO 10 PROJECTS AT THE SAME TIME. WITH DIFFERENT LEVELS OF INCLUSION.

UX PEOPLE SHOULD BE PIGS. SOMETIMES HE/SHE DOESN'T KNOW WHO TO ANSWER TO, THE PM OR THE FUNCTION MANAGER.

Project Manager

PROTOTYPE TO COMMUNICATE MY DESIGN TO MANAGEMENT.

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SOME OTHER ISSUES WITH AGILE-LIKE SYSTEMS

- Mostly concerned with end-users
- Make simplistic assumptions
 - Suitable users are available to interact with dev
 - User requirements are congruent with org requirements

SUMMARY

- ▶ There are frameworks for integrating UCD and Agile Project Management.
- Design needs time to work out front.
- Disciplined and consistent exchange of artifacts (wireframes, user stories, etc.) among disciplines (Sales, Marketing, Leadership, Design, Dev).
- Iterative cycle allows for learning and change to happen with minimal overhead.
- Design/Dev close collaboration is key!

ORGANIZATIONS THAT BUILD PRODUCTS WITH THE MOST VALUE TO THEIR CUSTOMERS WIN. THOSE THAT BUILD PRODUCTS THAT MAKE THE WORLD YAWN LOSE, EVEN THOUGH THEY BUILD THEM VERY, VERY EFFICIENTLY.

DeMarco, Peopleware (1999)

REFS AND RESOURCES

- Journals
 - ▶ User Experience Design and Agile Development da Silva et al (2012)
 - Socio Technical Systems Baxter (2011)
 - ▶ U-Scrum Singh (2008)
 - ▶ Adapting Usability Investigations Sy (2007)
 - Discount Usability Neilson (1989)
- Books
 - ▶ The Design (Psychology) of Everyday Things (Norman)
 - ▶ Peopleware 2nd Edition (DeMarco)

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