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# The DNN Manifest Schema

### Overview

The DNN manifest is an XML file (e.g., MyDNNExtension.dnn) that specifies how each file in the extension package must be processed during installation.

Only the files declared in the manifest would be installed. This includes files inside a zip file specified in component type="ResourceFile". Nonexistent files mentioned in the manifest will cause an error message.

The manifest file extension must be .dnn. You can add the DNN version at the end; e.g., MyDNNExtension.dnn8.

Save the manifest file in the base folder of your package and include it when zipping your package files.

### Schema

```
<dotnetnuke type="Package" version="8.0">
    <packages>
        <package name="MyCompany.SampleModule" type="Module" version="1.0.0">
            <friendlyName>My Sample Module</friendlyName>
            <description>My Sample Module is a demonstration module.</description>
            <iconFile>MyIcon.png</iconFile>
            <owner>
               <name>MyCompany or MyName</name>
                <organization>MyCompany Corporation
                <url>www.example.com</url>
                <email>support@example.com</email>
            </owner>
            <license src="MyLicense.txt" />
           <releaseNotes src="MyReleaseNotes.txt" />
            <azureCompatible>true</azureCompatible>
                <dependency type="coreVersion">08.00.00</dependency>
           </dependencies>
           <components>
                .component type="Module">
                </component>
            </components>
       </package>
   </packages>
</dotnetnuke>
```

#### package

```
<package name="MyCompany.MySampleModule" type="Module" version="1.0.0">
...
</package>
```

- name must be unique. To ensure your package's uniqueness, add your company as the prefix.
- type can be one of the following:
  - Authentication System
  - Container
  - <u>Dashboard Control</u>
  - Language Pack: (CoreLanguagePack, ExtensionLanguagePack)
  - Library
  - Module
  - Provider
  - o Skin
  - Skin Object
  - other custom extension types
- version holds the version of your extension.

Each package represents a DNN extension. You can install multiple extensions using a single DNN manifest by creating a **package** section for each extension inside the **packages** tag.

However, when packaging a theme, containers must be defined under a separate section, even though the containers are installed as part of the theme.

Extensions are installed in the order they appear in the manifest.

Only the information about the *first* package is displayed during installation. This includes the package name, description, owner, license, and release notes.

### friendlyName and description

```
<friendlyName>My Sample Module</friendlyName>
<description>My Sample Module is a demonstration module.</description>
```

The friendlyName can contain spaces and up to 250 characters. The description can hold up to 2000 characters.

#### iconFile

```
<iconFile>MyIcon.png</iconFile>
```

Optional. The icon is displayed in the DNN Control Panel's dropdown list and in the Extensions page. The .png format is preferred.

Note: The iconFile section must be between the description and the owner sections.

#### owner

```
<owner>
    <name>MyCompany or MyName</name>
    <organization>MyCompany Inc.</organization>
    <url>www.example.com</url>
    <email>support@example.com</email>
</owner>
```

Optional, but encouraged. Information about the owner or creator of the extension.

#### license and releaseNotes

```
cense src="MyLicense.txt" />
<releaseNotes src="MyReleaseNotes.txt" />
```

Optional, but encouraged. These text files are displayed during the installation. The user is prompted to accept or decline the license. The release notes is displayed during the installation. The actual text can also be embedded within the tag without the **src** attribute.

### azureCompatible

```
<azureCompatible>true</azureCompatible>
```

Optional. Default is **false**. Set to **true** if the module is compatible with SQL Azure.

### dependencies

Dependencies can be any of these types (case-insensitive):

• coreVersion. Minimum DNN version required by the extensions being installed. Example:

```
<dependency type="coreVersion">08.00.00</dependency>
```

· dependency list item. Example:

```
<dependency type="dependency list item">???</dependency>
```

managedPackage. Example:

```
<dependency type="managedPackage">???</dependency>
```

• package. A package required by the extensions being installed. It must already listed in the core Packages table. Example:

```
<dependency type="package">AnotherPackageRequiredByThisComponent</dependency>
```

• permission. Example:

```
<dependency type="permission">???</dependency> <!-- TODO for Joe for DNN permissions and to find out custom permissions.-->
```

• type. Example:

```
<dependency type="type">....</dependency> <!-- Name of namespace.class in .NET, in a DNN library, or a third-party library. -->
```

#### components

A component type can be one of the following:

• Assembly. Assemblies to be installed in the main \bin folder of the installation.

• AuthenticationSystem. Authentication providers used by the module, such as OpenId, LiveId, and ActiveDirectory.

- Cleanup. List of files that must be deleted when the module is uninstalled. Also see:
  - o Component type Script for data provider scripts that must be uninstalled, and
  - Component type Config to update configuration files during uninstall.

• Config. Changes to do on the specified config file..

```
<component type="Config">
     <config>
         <configFile>web.config</configFile> <!-- Name of config file, including its path relative to the root of the DNN installation. -->
          <install>
               <configuration>
                    <nodes>
                        <!-- For information on the "node" attributes and child nodes, see http://www.dnnsoftware.com/wiki/manifest-xml-merge. --> <node path="/configuration/system.webServer/handlers" action="update" key="path" collision="overwrite">
                         </node>
                        <node />
                   </nodes>
               </configuration>
          </install>
          <uninstall>
              <configuration>
                   <nodes />
               </configuration>
          </uninstall>
     </config>
     <config />
</component>
```

Container. Containers to be installed.

• DashboardControl

• File. Files to be installed. Only files with allowed file extensions are installed. To view or modify the list of file extensions, go to Host > Host Settings > Other Settings > Allowable File Extensions in your DNN installation.

<u>CoreLanguage</u>. Used for packaging the language pack to be used by the DNN Platform installation. For the list of supported language codes, see the .NET <u>CultureInfo</u> class.

• ExtensionLanguage. Used for packaging the language pack used by the extension. For the list of supported language codes, see the .NET <u>CultureInfo</u> class.

 Module. Only one component with type="Module" is allowed within a package section. To install a set of modules as a unit, create one package section per module in the same manifest.

```
<component type="Module">
     <desktopModule>
```

```
<moduleName />
       <foldername />
       <businessControllerClass />
       <codeSubdirectory />
       <isAdmin />
       <isPremium />
       <supportedFeature type="Upgradeable" /> <!-- The module can be upgraded using the IUpgradeable interface. -->
       </supportedFeatures>
       <defaultCacheTime />
           <moduleControls>
              <moduleControl>
                  <controlKey />
                  <controlSrc />
                  <supportsPartialRendering />
                  <controlTitle />
                  <controlType />
                  <iconFile />
                  <helpUrl />
                  <viewOrder /> <!-- TODO: Joe will check what this is used for. -->
              </moduleControl>
              <moduleControl />
           </moduleControls>
           <permissions>
              <!-- In <permission>,
                  "code" is the code for the module,
                  "key" is the code for the permission, and
                  "name" is the user-friendly name for the permission.
              <permission code="..." key="..." name="..." />
<permission code="..." key="..." name="..." />
           </permissions>
       </moduleDefinition>
   </desktopModule>
   <eventMessage>
       cprocessorType />
       cprocessorCommand />
       <attributes>
          <node>value</node>
       </attributes>
   </eventMessage>
</component>
```

• Provider. Extends the list of allowed file extensions.

```
<component type="Provider" />
```

• ResourceFile. Zip files to be expanded during installation. Can be used instead of type "File" to simplify the manifest for packages that contain many files.

• Script. Database scripts to upgrade the tables or to install stored procedures that the module needs.

The following scripts are handled differently:

- install.<a href="dataprovidertype"> (e.g., install.SqlDataProvider)</a> is executed before all other scripts, if the package is being installed for the first time.
- upgrade.<dataprovidertype> (e.g., upgrade.SqlDataProvider) is executed after all regular scripts.

</component>

• SkinObject. Custom theme objects.

• Skin. All files related to the theme. The installer needs to parse the main theme files at installation time to replace relative folder names; therefore, every file of type ASCX, HTML, or CSS must be declared as a skinFile. Other files (i.e., images and scripts) can be packaged using component type "ResourceFile" to simplify the complexity of the theme manifest.

• <u>URL Provider</u>. Custom URL provider to be used with the Advanced URL Management System (AUM).

```
<component type="URL Provider">
    <name />
    <type />
    <settingsControlSrc />
    <redirectAllUrls />
    <replaceAllUrls />
    <rewriteAllUrls />
    <desktopModule />
</component>
```

## **Example**

Download a sample theme manifest MyThemeManifest.dnn8.

### See Also

- Top 5 DotNetNuke Manifest file Module Packaging Tips by Bruce Chapman
- DNN Community blog: <u>DAL 2 A New DotNetNuke Data Layer for a New Decade</u> by Charles Nurse
- Contents of a Theme Package
- Contents of a Module Package

### **Sources**

- DNN Wiki: Manifests
- DNN Community blog: The New Extension Installer Manifest Part 1, Introduction by Charles Nurse