## 1 Numbers with Repeating Digits

Is the following inequality true:

- a) 0, (123) < 0, 1(23);
- b) 0, (2423) < 0, 24(23);
- c) 0, (423) < 0, 4(23);
- $d) \ 0, 1(23) < 0, 124?$

## 2 Solution

To assess the truth of the given inequalities, let's convert the repeating decimals into fractions or estimate their decimal values.

**2.1** a) 
$$0, (123) < 0, 1(23)$$

$$0, (123) = 0.123123123...$$
 and  $0, 1(23) = 0.1 + 0.0(23) = 0.1 + 0.0232323... \approx 0.1232323...$ 

Comparison:

$$0.123123... < 0.123232... - True$$

**2.2 b)** 
$$0, (2423) < 0, 24(23)$$

$$0, (2423) = 0.242324232423... \quad \text{and} \quad 0, 24(23) = 0.24 + 0.0(23) = 0.24 + 0.0232323... \approx 0.2423232323...$$

Comparison:

$$0.24232423... < 0.24232323...$$
 - False

**2.3 c)** 
$$0, (423) < 0, 4(23)$$

$$0, (423) = 0.423423423...$$
 and  $0, 4(23) = 0.4 + 0.0(23) = 0.4 + 0.0232323... \approx 0.423232323...$ 

Comparison:

$$0.423423... < 0.42323232... - False$$

**2.4 d)** 
$$0,1(23) < 0,124$$

$$0, 1(23) = 0.1232323...$$

Comparison:

$$0.12323232... < 0.124 \quad - \; True$$