

## Checking the greatest common divisor

### Task

Is the greatest common divisor given correctly:

- a)  $\text{GCD}(42, 84) = 14$ ;
- b)  $\text{GCD}(10^9 + 5, 10^9 + 35) = 15$ ;
- c)  $\text{GCD}(30, 42) = 6$ ;
- d)  $\text{GCD}(10^7 + 14, 10^7 + 21) = 7$ ?

### Solution:

We will evaluate the validity of each of the theorems concerning the greatest common divisor (GCD), also known as the greatest common factor (GCD).

**a)  $\text{GCD}(42, 84) = 14$**

To find the GCD of 42 and 84, we will apply prime factorization:

$$42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$$

$$84 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$$

The common factors are:  $2^1$ ,  $3^1$ , and  $7^1$ .

GCD is calculated as:

$$\text{GCD}(42, 84) = 2^1 \times 3^1 \times 7^1 = 42.$$

So the statement  $\text{GCD}(42, 84) = 14$  is invalid.

**b)  $\text{GCD}(10^9 + 5, 10^9 + 35) = 15$**

Let  $a = 10^9 + 5$  and  $b = 10^9 + 35$ .

We can simplify:

$$b - a = (10^9 + 35) - (10^9 + 5) = 30.$$

So we calculate:

$$\text{GCD}(a, b) = \text{GCD}(10^9 + 5, 30).$$

Now let's find the GCD of  $10^9 + 5$  and 30. The prime factorization of 30 is:

$$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5.$$

Let's calculate  $10^9 + 5 \pmod{30}$ :

$$10^9 \pmod{30} \equiv 10 \quad (\text{since } 10 \equiv 10 \pmod{30}).$$

So,

$$10^9 + 5 \equiv 10 + 5 \equiv 15 \pmod{30}.$$

We calculate the GCD:

$$\text{GCD}(15, 30) = 15.$$

So the statement  $\text{GCD}(10^9 + 5, 10^9 + 35) = 15$  is correct.

**c)  $\text{GCD}(30, 42) = 6$**

We will apply prime factorization:

$$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$$

The common factors are 2 and 3:

$$\text{GCD}(30, 42) = 2^1 \times 3^1 = 6.$$

Therefore, the statement  $\text{GCD}(30, 42) = 6$  is correct.

**d)  $\text{GCD}(10^7 + 14, 10^7 + 21) = 7$**

Let  $c = 10^7 + 14$  and  $d = 10^7 + 21$ .

We can simplify:

$$d - c = (10^7 + 21) - (10^7 + 14) = 7.$$

Now we calculate:

$$\text{GCD}(c, d) = \text{GCD}(10^7 + 14, 7).$$

First we calculate  $10^7 + 14 \pmod{7}$ :

$$10^7 \pmod{7} \equiv 3 \quad (\text{since } 10 \equiv 3 \pmod{7}).$$

So,

$$10^7 + 14 \equiv 3 + 0 \equiv 3 \pmod{7}.$$

We calculate the GCD:

$$\text{GCD}(3, 7) = 1.$$

So the statement  $\text{GCD}(10^7 + 14, 10^7 + 21) = 7$  is incorrect.