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 Security Testing Partner of Australia's Top Technology Teams
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Agenda

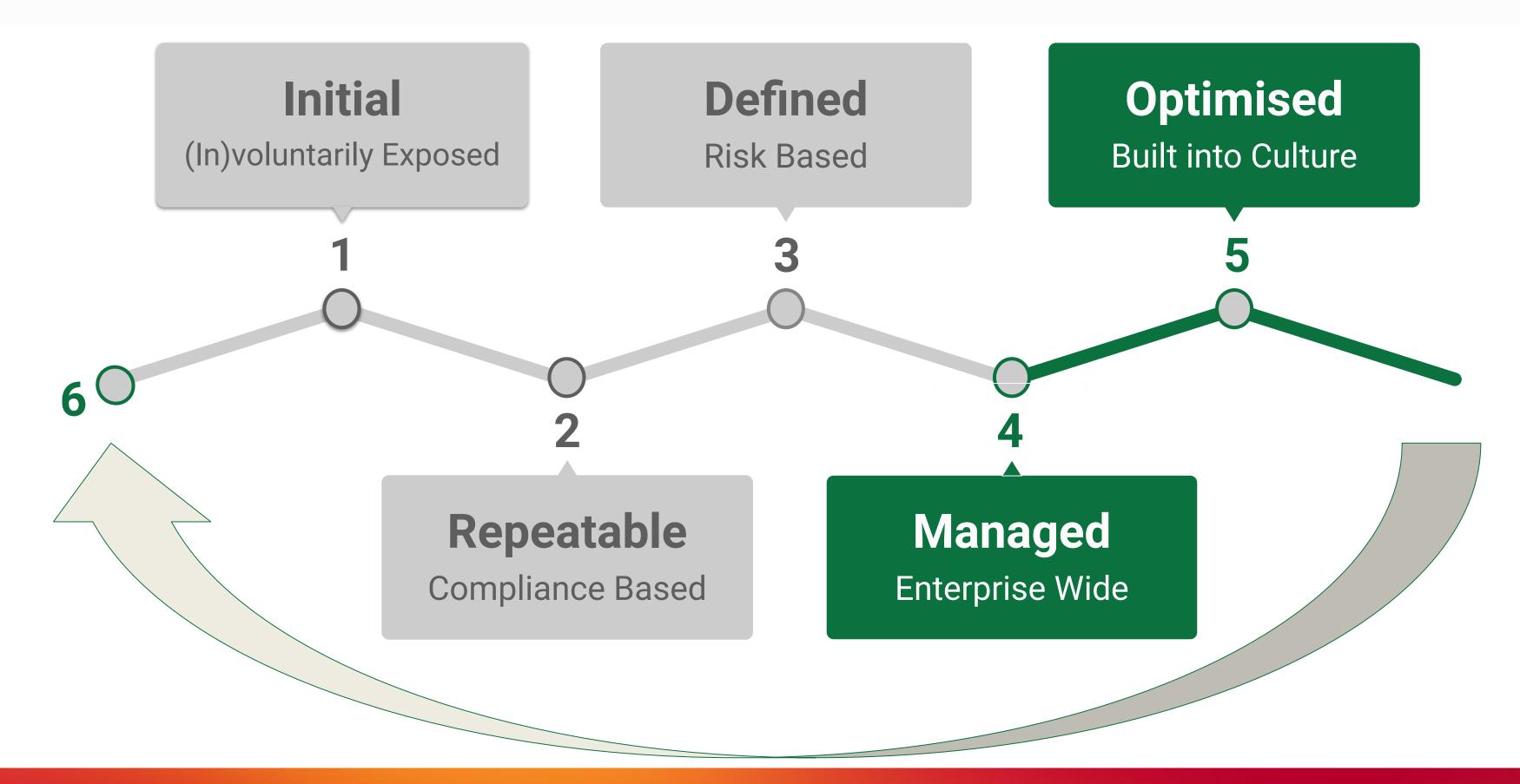
- 1. The 7 stages of security maturity
- 2. The 7 observations of growing pains
- 3. The 7 habits to growing a highly mature product





7 Stages of Security Maturity

Referenced from NIST CSF Maturity Model



7 Stages of Security Maturity

- Receiving an ominous email notifying you
- Actually being breached
- From reading the news

Initial

(In)voluntarily Exposed

1

Defined

Risk Based

- Informed by organisational risk appetite
- Usually have limited budget
- Less organisational buy

Repeatable

Compliance Based

Managed

Enterprise Wide

- Security is at the forefront of everyone's minds
- Security has shifted left, mature DevSecOps
- Security is part of the culture of the team

 Security has been built into most parts of organisational IT processes

Optimised

Built into Culture

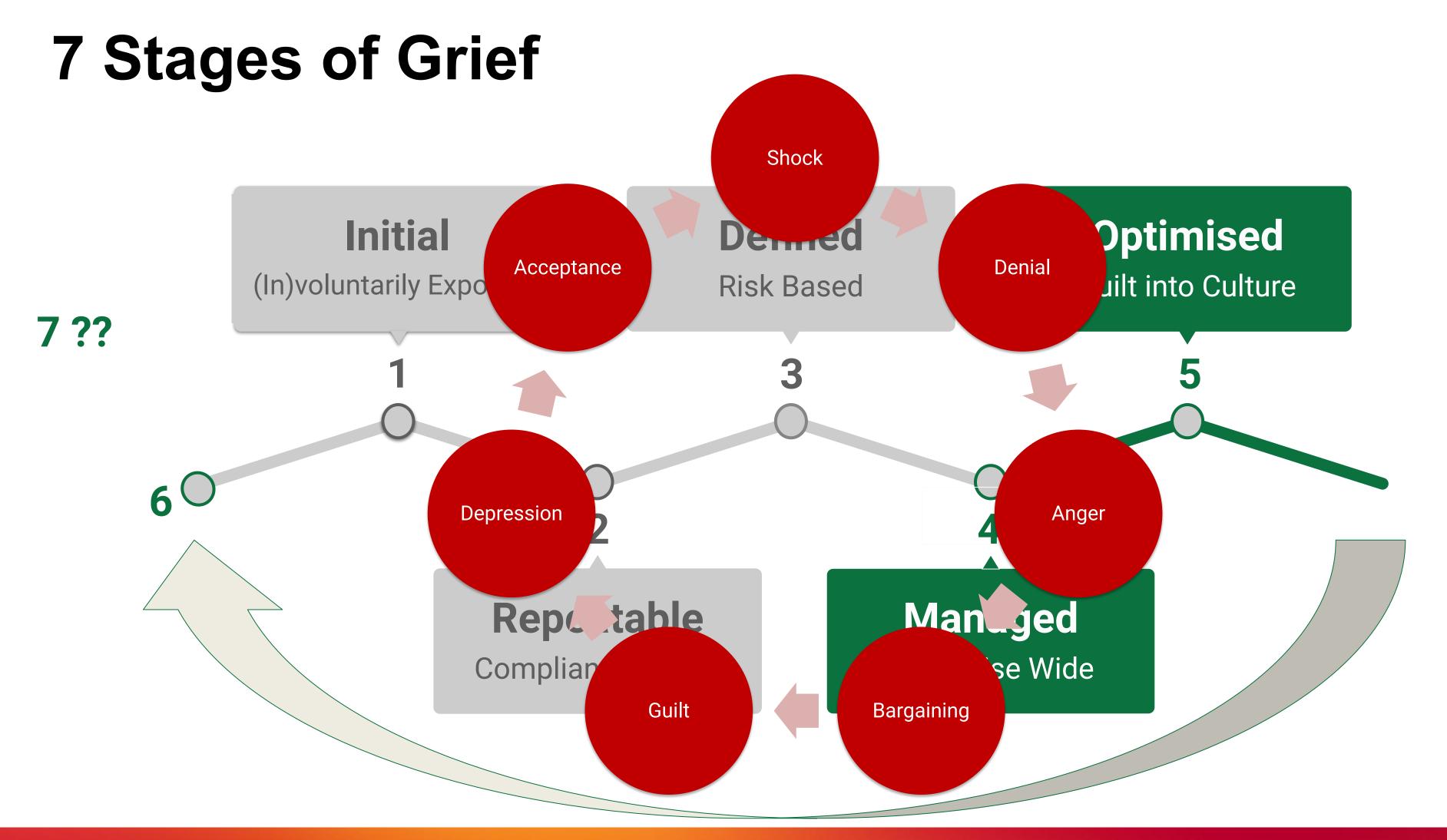
with good maturity



Customer request

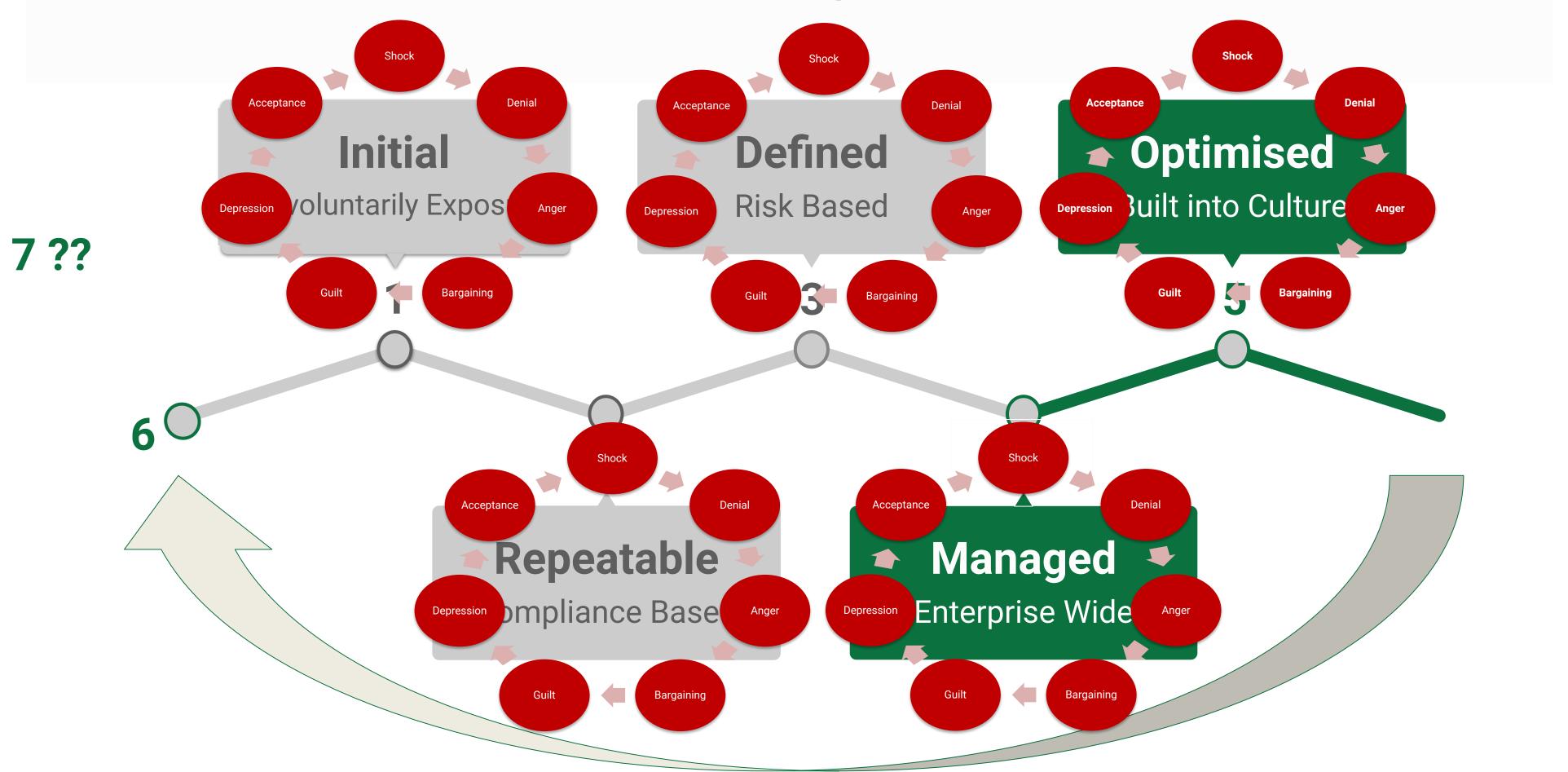
Vendor request







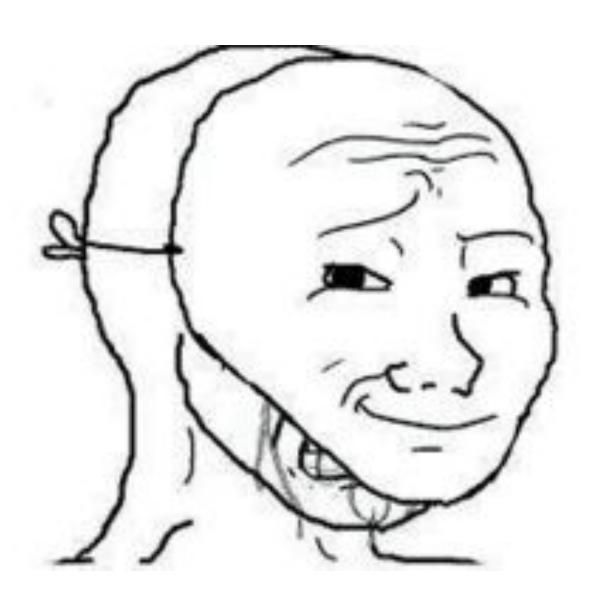
7 Observations of Growing Pains







7 Observations of Growing Pains

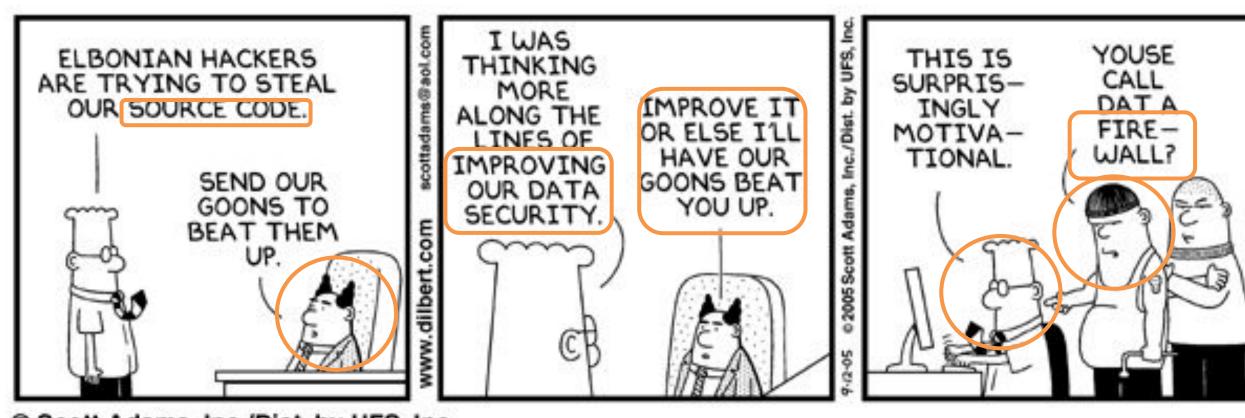


- 1. Uninformed comparison
- Competing stakeholders and priorities (not well received)
- Overwhelmed with choices, tooling,
 methodology, un/trusted sources / advisory
- 4. Not having the required skill set
- 5. Budget restrictions
- 50 teams all working independently
 (500 people within also working independently)
- 7. Scapegoat sacrificial lamb



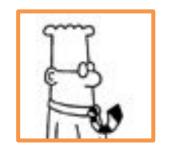
7 Habits to Growing a Highly Mature Product

3 Core Areas



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People







Process

Do this or else ...

Technology

Source Code

Data Security

Firewall



Quick Wins Be Contextual Templatise Everything Shift Left, Rinse and Repeat **Cultivate Shared Responsibility Monitor & Log** Right People in Right Seats



1. Quick Wins (work smart not hard)

Goal: Achieve quick, impactful results with minimal resources

People

- Probably at Initial stages of security journey
- Lacks internal support, requires "ice breaking", and buy in
- Decisions are usually reactive
- Minimal resources available

Process

- Select top 3 high impact and low resource items, apply immediate mitigation; Repeat periodically until the next new lifecycle
- Raise security awareness in parallel while applying quick wins

- Must be achievable with the resources available
- Must be possible to achieve quickly
- Document, track
 progress of quick
 wins



2. Be Contextual (why things are the way they are)

Goal: Align with business risks and objectives to inform decisions

People

- Security works across a few verticals
- Work collaboratively to understand context to meet shared objective

Process

- There is no such thing as one size fits all
- Too many choices can be overwhelming and cause indecision / inaction
- Understand and align with business context, risk appetite, objectives, goals, and priorities

- Understand technical environment setup and existing controls or tooling: why they are the way they are
- What is the best solution for your very unique environment for the available budget, at a strategic time

3. Templatise Everything (also Standardise)

Goal: To de-hassle, reduce room for human error, and create sustainable scalable processes

People

- Remove opportunity for human error
- Reduce likelihood of compromise
- Make everyone's jobs easier

Process

- Align with "minimum viable security" / governing standards / benchmarks
- Test all templates / code / containers prior to use
- If it cannot be templatise it cannot be scaled, should you modify your approach

- Create a template for everything, where possible automate
- Use <everything> as code to create "Golden Images"
- Review, test and select the correct tooling as standard from the beginning



4. Shift Left and Rinse and Repeat

Goal: Move security to the start of the DevOps / Product Lifecycle

People

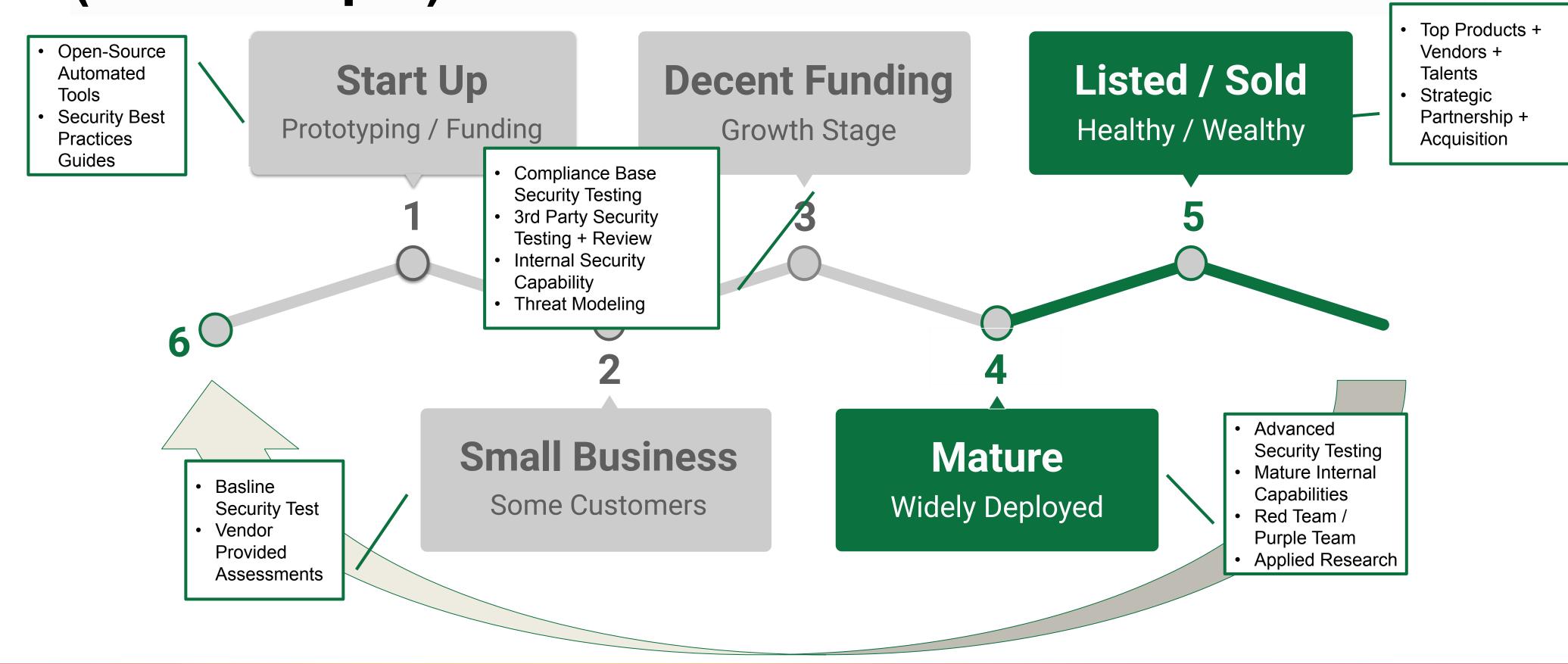
 Work collaboratively from the start

Process

- Perform collaborative threat modeling
- Let your threat inform your decisions from the start

- Review and test
 everything, code, tools,
 standards, before
 introducing it into an
 existing / new environment
- Evaluate the security implementation, improve, repeat everywhere in product development lifecycle, organisational standards and processes where relevant

Vulnerability Management + Security Assurance (An Example)





5. Cultivate Shared Responsibility

Goal: Have an inclusive, collaborative culture that encourages ownership

People

- Cultivate a shared responsibility culture where everyone is responsible for securing their own people, process and technology
- Promote a culture of collaboration - how can I help you achieve our shared goals

Process

- Include all relevant stakeholders in decision making, do not include people retrospectively;
- Encourage ownership of decision and accountability with formal authorisation processes

Technology

 Make use of collaborative platforms with Identity Access Management best practices to encourage accountability, traceability and ownership



6. Monitor and Log (Everyone on the Same Page)

Goal: Traceability, visibility and accountability

People

 Foster a culture of shared responsibility
 where everyone is held accountable for their area of ownership and encourage
 collaboration

Process

Have a centralise
 dashboard to quickly
 visualise to encourage
 transparency, track
 accountability and
 encourage sharing of
 resources

- Monitor and log all key processes, tasks and controls
- Automated, timely and up-to-date
 communication

7. Right People in the Right Seats

Goal: Ensure that the right skill sets are strategically available at the right places *This is how you will achieve the first 6 habits*

People

- Look internally, self evaluate and determine "success factors"
- Identify strengths and gaps
- Ensure that skill sets are allocated strategically and efficiently

Process

- Ensure that you have the right skill sets for the correct tasks, and provide regular and periodical training; Hiring, retaining, promoting and reallocating of people where required
- Identify strategic long term partnership to support you on your journey

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