flight times

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```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
## v ggplot2 3.3.1
                       v purrr
                                  0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.1
                       v dplyr
                                  1.0.0
## v tidyr
             1.1.0
                       v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
             1.3.1
                       v forcats 0.5.0
                                                                                       ----- tidyverse_co
## -- Conflicts -----
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
library(nycflights13)
```

I am conducting a basic analysis regarding the variation of flight times, demonstrating the extremely useful tidyverse package. The dataset I am using is called flights has roughly 336,000 observations and multiple columns with relevant information pertaining to flight times.

glimpse(flights)

```
## Rows: 336,776
## Columns: 19
## $ year
                  <int> 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013, 2013...
## $ month
                  ## $ day
                  ## $ dep_time
                  <int> 517, 533, 542, 544, 554, 554, 555, 557, 557, 558, 55...
## $ sched_dep_time <int> 515, 529, 540, 545, 600, 558, 600, 600, 600, 600, 60...
## $ dep_delay
                  <dbl> 2, 4, 2, -1, -6, -4, -5, -3, -3, -2, -2, -2, -2, -2, ...
                  <int> 830, 850, 923, 1004, 812, 740, 913, 709, 838, 753, 8...
## $ arr_time
## $ sched_arr_time <int> 819, 830, 850, 1022, 837, 728, 854, 723, 846, 745, 8...
                  <dbl> 11, 20, 33, -18, -25, 12, 19, -14, -8, 8, -2, -3, 7,...
## $ arr_delay
                  <chr> "UA", "UA", "AA", "B6", "DL", "UA", "B6", "EV", "B6"...
## $ carrier
                  <int> 1545, 1714, 1141, 725, 461, 1696, 507, 5708, 79, 301...
## $ flight
                  <chr> "N14228", "N24211", "N619AA", "N804JB", "N668DN", "N...
## $ tailnum
                  <chr> "EWR", "LGA", "JFK", "JFK", "LGA", "EWR", "EWR", "LG...
## $ origin
                  <chr> "IAH", "IAH", "MIA", "BQN", "ATL", "ORD", "FLL", "IA...
## $ dest
                  <dbl> 227, 227, 160, 183, 116, 150, 158, 53, 140, 138, 149...
## $ air_time
## $ distance
                  <dbl> 1400, 1416, 1089, 1576, 762, 719, 1065, 229, 944, 73...
## $ hour
                  <dbl> 5, 5, 5, 5, 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5, 6, 6...
                  <dbl> 15, 29, 40, 45, 0, 58, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 59...
## $ minute
## $ time_hour
                  <dttm> 2013-01-01 05:00:00, 2013-01-01 05:00:00, 2013-01-0...
```

First, I will add a column that shows the amount of time gained during air (the arrival - the departure delay), then sort the data by the amount of gain time

```
day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
##
       year month
##
      <int> <int> <int>
                             <int>
                                              <int>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                   <int>
                                                                                   <int>
##
    1
       2013
                 1
                        1
                               517
                                                515
                                                             2
                                                                     830
                                                                                     819
##
    2
       2013
                        1
                               533
                                                529
                                                             4
                                                                     850
                                                                                     830
                 1
    3 2013
                                                             2
                                                                                     850
##
                 1
                        1
                               542
                                                540
                                                                     923
##
   4 2013
                        1
                               544
                                                                    1004
                                                                                    1022
                                                545
                                                            -1
                 1
##
    5
       2013
                 1
                        1
                               554
                                                600
                                                            -6
                                                                    812
                                                                                     837
##
    6 2013
                 1
                        1
                               554
                                                558
                                                            -4
                                                                    740
                                                                                     728
##
    7
       2013
                 1
                        1
                               555
                                                600
                                                            -5
                                                                     913
                                                                                     854
       2013
##
    8
                               557
                                                600
                                                            -3
                                                                    709
                                                                                     723
                 1
                        1
##
    9
       2013
                 1
                        1
                               557
                                                600
                                                            -3
                                                                     838
                                                                                     846
                                                600
                                                            -2
                                                                                     745
## 10 2013
                 1
                        1
                               558
                                                                     753
## # ... with 336,766 more rows, and 12 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>,
## #
       carrier <chr>, flight <int>, tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>,
       air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>, hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour <dttm>,
## #
## #
       gain <dbl>
flights2<-flights%>%mutate(gain=arr_delay-dep_delay)%>%arrange(desc(gain))
We can find out if flights lost or gained time on the average
flights2%>%summarize(average=mean(gain,na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
     average
##
       <dbl>
## 1
       -5.66
So on average, flights lost about 5 minutes in the air. We can also find the the average amount of time gained
by planes coming from or going to a certain airport.
flights2%/%filter(dest=="SEA")%/%summarize(average=mean(gain,na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
     average
##
       <dbl>
## 1
       -11.7
flights2%%filter(origin=="JFK")%%summarize(average=mean(gain,na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
     average
##
       <dbl>
## 1
       -6.47
So flights heading to the Seattle-Tacoma airport lose about 11 minutes, and flights coming from JFK lose
about 6 minutes. Besides this, we can find key information about specific routes as well.
flights2%>%filter(origin=="JFK",dest=="SEA")%>%summarize(minimum=min(air_time,na.rm=TRUE),maximum=max(a
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
     minimum maximum average
##
##
       <dbl>
                <dbl>
                         <dbl>
## 1
         275
                  389
                          329.
```

flights%>%mutate(gain=arr_delay-dep_delay)

A tibble: 336,776 x 20

In this case, we see that the minimum flight time from JFK airport to was 275 minutes, the maximum was 389 minutes, and the average was 329 minutes. We can also sort delay times by month of the year

```
slowest<-flights2%>%group_by(month)%>%summarize(delayance=mean(dep_delay,na.rm=TRUE)) %>% arrange(desc(
```

```
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
slowest
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 2
##
      month delayance
##
       <int>
                  <dbl>
##
    1
           7
                  21.7
##
    2
           6
                  20.8
    3
          12
                  16.6
##
##
    4
           4
                  13.9
    5
           3
##
                  13.2
##
    6
           5
                  13.0
##
    7
           8
                  12.6
           2
##
    8
                  10.8
##
    9
           1
                  10.0
## 10
           9
                   6.72
## 11
          10
                   6.24
                   5.44
```

Here we can see that July has the highest average delay times, while September has the lowest average delay times. Let's also find the airport that usually has the highest average delay times

slowflight<-flights2%>%group_by(dest)%>%summarize(arrivaldelay=mean(arr_delay,na.rm=TRUE))%>%arrange(de

```
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
slowflight %>% head(5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
##
     dest arrivaldelay
##
     <chr>>
                   <dbl>
## 1 CAE
                    41.8
## 2 TUL
                    33.7
## 3 OKC
                    30.6
## 4 JAC
                    28.1
## 5 TYS
                    24.1
```

We can see Columbia Metropolitan Airport on average has the greatest delay times. Going in another direction, we can find the airports that flown to the fastest by creating another column called speed (distance flown/air time), grouping by destinations, and find the averages of those groups

flights%%mutate(speed=distance/air_time)%%group_by(dest)%%summarize(average=mean(speed,na.rm=TRUE))%

```
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
##
     dest
           average
##
     <chr>>
              <dbl>
## 1 ANC
               8.17
## 2 BQN
               8.12
## 3 SJU
               8.09
## 4 HNL
               8.06
## 5 PSE
               8.01
```

We see that Anchorage International Airport is the destination that is flown to with the greatest speed. Finally, lets try combining relevant data from this dataset with a similar dataset using a "join"

```
#first, using the flights data, we find information that we would like to
#be added to the similar dataset
avg_arrival_delay<-flights%>%group_by(dest)%>%summarize(delayal=mean(arr_delay, na.rm=TRUE))
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
#we are combining average delay times by airport with another dataset called airports
#that has information containing latitudes, longitutes, etc. We join by columns that
#exist in both datasets
plane2<-left_join(avg_arrival_delay,airports,by=c("dest"="faa"))</pre>
plane2 %>% head(10)
## # A tibble: 10 x 9
##
      dest delayal name
                                                        alt
                                                                tz dst
                                           lat
                                                  lon
                                                                         tzone
##
              <dbl> <chr>
                                                <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr>
      <chr>
                                         <dbl>
##
   1 ABQ
               4.38 Albuquerque Interna~
                                          35.0 -107.
                                                       5355
                                                                -7 A
                                                                         America/De~
               4.85 Nantucket Mem
                                                                         America/Ne~
##
   2 ACK
                                          41.3 -70.1
                                                         48
                                                               -5 A
##
  3 ALB
              14.4 Albany Intl
                                          42.7 -73.8
                                                        285
                                                               -5 A
                                                                         America/Ne~
## 4 ANC
              -2.5 Ted Stevens Anchora~
                                          61.2 -150.
                                                        152
                                                               -9 A
                                                                         America/An~
   5 ATL
              11.3 Hartsfield Jackson ~
                                          33.6
                                                -84.4
                                                                         America/Ne~
##
                                                       1026
                                                               -5 A
##
  6 AUS
               6.02 Austin Bergstrom In~
                                          30.2
                                                -97.7
                                                        542
                                                               -6 A
                                                                         America/Ch~
               8.00 Asheville Regional ~
                                                                         America/Ne~
## 7 AVL
                                          35.4
                                                -82.5
                                                       2165
                                                               -5 A
                                                                         America/Ne~
## 8 BDL
               7.05 Bradley Intl
                                                -72.7
                                                                -5 A
                                          41.9
                                                        173
               8.03 Bangor Intl
                                                                         America/Ne~
## 9 BGR
                                          44.8 -68.8
                                                        192
                                                               -5 A
## 10 BHM
              16.9 Birmingham Intl
                                          33.6 -86.8
                                                        644
                                                               -6 A
                                                                         America/Ch~
```