

COMP5121 Data Mining & Data Warehousing Applications

FAQ on Clustering (with suggested answers)

1. Given the following medical data records where all attributes except *gender* are asymmetric.

Name	Gender	Fever	Cough	Test-1	Test-2	Test-3	Test-4
Jack	M	Y	N	P	N	N	N
Mary	F	Y	N	P	N	P	N
Jim	M	Y	Y	N	N	N	N
Nick	M	N	N	N	P	N	N
Elaine	F	Y	N	N	N	N	N

- a) Compute the missing Jaccard coefficients to complete the matrix above.

	Jack	Mary	Jim	Nick	Elaine
Jack	0	–	–	–	–
Mary	0.33	0	–	–	–
Jim	0.67	0.75	0	–	–
Nick	1	1	1	0	–
Elaine	0.5	0.67	0.5	1	0

- b) Cluster the data records using the single-link agglomerative clustering algorithm and the Jaccard coefficient matrix computed in part (a). Make your own assumption(s) if necessary.

Merging Jack and Mary ($d=0.33$), we have

	J & M	Jim	Nick	Elaine
J & M	0	–	–	–
Jim	0.67	0	–	–
Nick	1	1	0	–
Elaine	0.50	0.50	1	0

If merging of more than 2 records is allowed, J&M, Jim and Elaine should be merged next. Thus, the last record being grouped is Nick.

- c) Based on the result of part (b), divide the records into two clusters. Could we obtain three clusters?

Since 2 groups are required, they are formed when the inter-cluster distance using Jaccard coefficient is larger 0.5 but less than 1.

Group 1: Jack, Mary, Jim, Elaine

Group 2: Nick

It is not reasonable to split the data into 3 clusters.

2. Given the following web page content database records.

URL	Web Page ID	Keywords Found					
		Popstar	Actor	Actress	Music	Movie	Hollywood
Jackchan.com	P100	√	√			√	√
Nicts.com	P200	√	√		√		
Faywang.com	P300			√	√	√	√
Allantam.com	P400		√		√	√	
SammyChen.com	P500	√		√	√	√	

By considering the occurrence of a keyword as a symmetric binary attribute, a partially filled simple matching coefficient matrix is depicted below. Here, the present of a keyword is set to 1 while its absent is set to 0.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 P100 \quad P200 \quad P300 \quad P400 \quad P500 \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 P100 \\
 P200 \\
 P300 \\
 P400 \\
 P500
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & - & - & - & - \\
 0.5 & 0 & - & - & - \\
 & & 0 & - & - \\
 & 0.33 & & 0 & - \\
 & & & 0.5 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

a) Compute and fill in the missing simple matching coefficients in the matrix above.

Answer

$$\begin{array}{c}
 P100 \quad P200 \quad P300 \quad P400 \quad P500 \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 P100 \\
 P200 \\
 P300 \\
 P400 \\
 P500
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & - & - & - & - \\
 0.5 & 0 & - & - & - \\
 0.66 & 0.83 & 0 & - & - \\
 0.5 & 0.33 & 0.5 & 0 & - \\
 0.66 & 0.5 & 0.33 & 0.5 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

b) Based on the coefficient matrix completed in part (a), cluster the data records using the single-link agglomerative hierarchical clustering algorithm.

Answer:

1st round: Merging P200 & P400 (distance=0.33)

2nd round: Merging P300 & P500 (distance=0.33)

3rd round: Merging C1(P200,P400) to C2(P300, P500) (distance=0.5) or

Merging C1(P200,P400) to P100 (distance=0.5)

4th round: Merging the remaining two clusters

Detail steps are omitted here.