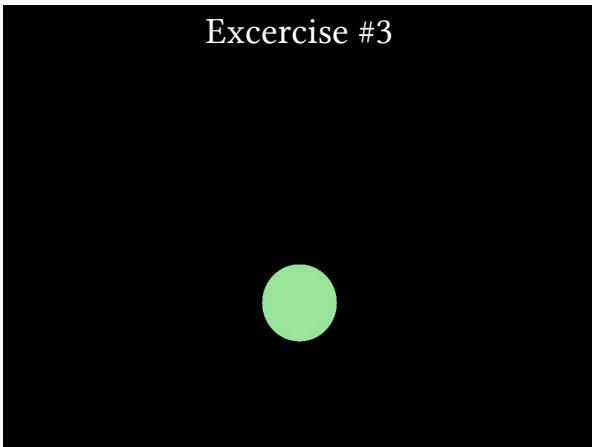


Computer Graphics (Fall 2023)

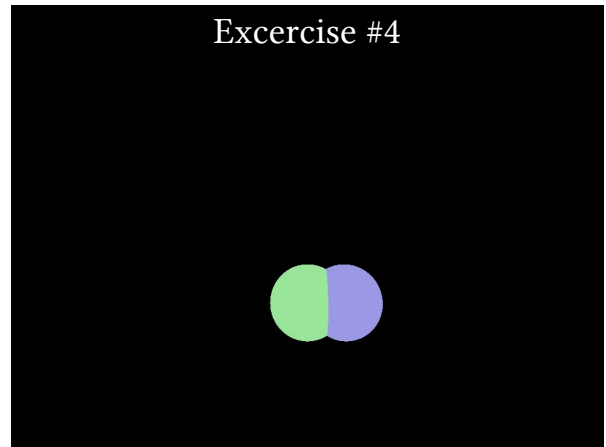
Assignment 1: Ray-sphere intersection

September 20, 2023

Excercise #3



Excercise #4



Your main task in this assignment will be to implement raytracing a sphere. You will be given a framework with some functionality already implemented. You will need to add a routine for going over all pixels of the image, defining the ray, and intersecting it with a scene. Finally, you will have to determine the color of each pixel depending on the distance to the intersection points with different objects.

Exercise 1 [2 points]

Before implementing your first raytracer, let's do some math. You are given two vectors $\mathbf{x} = (\sqrt{2}, 1, 0)^T$, $\mathbf{y} = (1, 1, 1)^T$, and matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Task 1 (1 points): Compute the cosine of the angle between vectors \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} .
- Task 2 (1 points): Compute vector \mathbf{z} that is the vector perpendicular to vectors \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} . Because there is many vectors that fulfill this requirement, report the one that additionally has magnitude equal 1, i.e., it is normalized.
- Task 3 (1 point): Compute vector \mathbf{u} defined as $\mathbf{u} = A\mathbf{z}$

Exercise 2 [3 points]

During the lecture, we derived the solution for ray-sphere intersection from a geometric point of view. The task here is to derive the solution by using directly the ray equation and the implicit definition of the sphere. You can follow the steps below:

1. Assume a ray defined as $\gamma(t) = t\mathbf{d}$, where \mathbf{d} is the ray direction, and a sphere defined using implicit representation given by

$$F(x, y, z) = (x - c_x)^2 + (y - c_y)^2 + (z - c_z)^2 - r^2 = 0,$$

where r is the radius of the sphere and $\mathbf{c} = (c_x, c_y, c_z)^T$ is the center of the sphere.

2. Show that the implicit representation can also be expressed as

$$F(\mathbf{p}) = \|\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{c}\|^2 - r^2 = 0,$$

where $\mathbf{p} = (x, y, z)^T$.

3. Show that to find the intersections of the ray with the sphere, you need to find t such that

$$\|t\mathbf{d} - \mathbf{c}\|^2 - r^2 = 0.$$

4. Use properties of the dot product to transform the above equation to the form:

$$t^2 - 2\langle \mathbf{d}, \mathbf{c} \rangle t + \|\mathbf{c}\|^2 - r^2 = 0$$

5. Finally, solve the above quadratic equation to find t , write down the formulas for the intersection points, and verify that your results are the same as those obtained during the lecture (see notes on iCorsi).

Exercise 3 [8 points]

In this exercise, you are asked to implement your first raytracer capable of creating an image of a sphere. To this end, you need to:

- implement for each pixel of the image the ray creation,
- trace the ray to determine whether it intersects the sphere,
- color the pixel using the color of the sphere, if the ray intersect the sphere, or in black otherwise,
- make sure your code will work well also when the ray origin is not at point $(0, 0, 0)$.

The template code you downloaded with the assignment provides already the structure for the raytracer which we will be extending in the following assignments. Please familiarize yourself with the provided code and look into it for comments regarding the assignment. This time you will need to modify only *main.cpp* file. The places which you should edit are clearly marked in the code.

To compile the raytracer you can use `g++` compiler in the terminal by executing the following command:

```
g++ main.cpp
```

You can then run the code by executing the binary generated by the compiler.

Running the code will create an image *result.ppm* in the same directory. When all the parts of the assignment are implemented correctly, the generated image should look like the one in the top-left of this document, i.e., green sphere.

In case of any questions please post them directly to the forum dedicated to this assignment on iCorsi. For solving this and next assignments you can also use any of the available development environments. However, keep in mind that the binaries and the output file may be created in a different directory depending on the project settings.

OpenGL Mathematics (GLM)

For our raytracer, we will be using GLM¹ library for mathematics. The full documentation you can find on its website or on iCorsi. Here, you are provided with useful snippets which will let you quickly start solving the assignment without reading the documentation. In fact, these are all you need to solve this assignment.

<code>glm::vec3 v = glm::vec3(x, y, z);</code>	declares a vector of three numbers x , y , and z
<code>glm::vec3(x)</code>	returns a <code>vec3</code> with all components equal x
<code>glm::normalize(x)</code>	returns the normalized version of vector x
<code>glm::distance(p, q)</code>	computes distance between points p and q
<code>glm::dot(x, y)</code>	returns the value of the dot product between two vectors x and y

¹<https://github.com/g-truc/glm>

Exercise 4 [2 points]

Modify the `sceneDefinition` function and add another sphere with centre $c = (1.0, -2.0, 8.0)$, radius $r = 1$, and color $(0.6, 0.6, 0.9)$. Now, the raytracer should generate an image shown in the top-right of the document, i.e., two intersecting spheres. If this is not the case, there are potentially two problems:

- your ray-sphere intersection code does not work properly,
- the code does not correctly resolve occlusions based on the computed distance from the camera to the intersection point.

Submission

Your submission **must** contain only one ZIP-file containing:

- readme file with information which exercises you solved, the authors of the solutions, and explanation of encountered problems, if any,
- a PDF or image file containing solution to exercises 1 and 2,
- one modified `main.cpp` file for exercises 3 and 4,
- one `result.ppm` file generated by your code after solving the assignment.

The ZIP-file you submit **must** be of a form `surname1_surname2_Assignment1.zip` for team of two, and `surname_Assignment1.zip` for a single submission. Only one person from the team should submit the solution.

You MUST follow the above rules when submitting the assignment.

Solutions must be returned on September 27, 2023 via iCorsi3