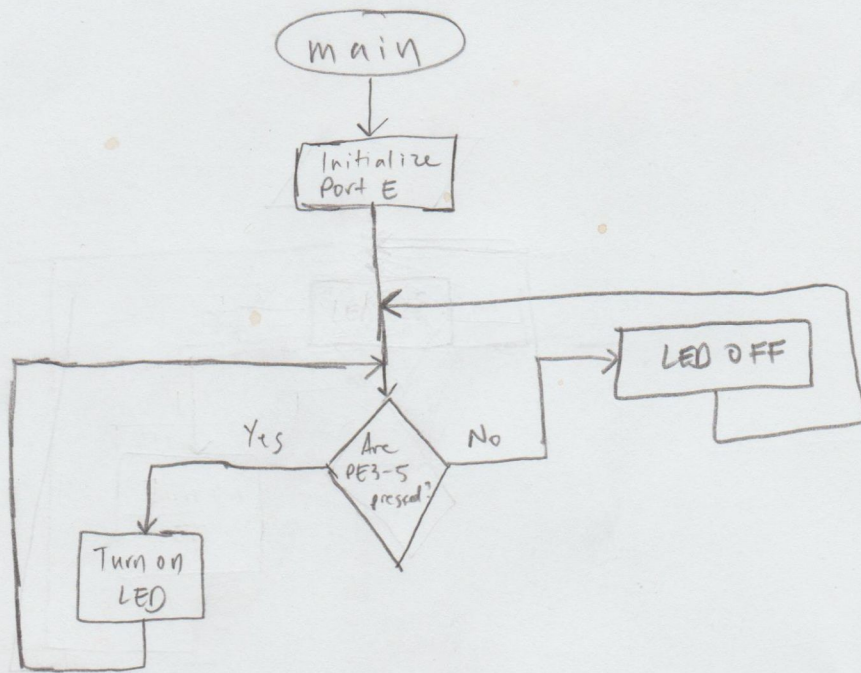


# Lab 1 Flowchart + Pseudocode

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Flowchart:



Pseudo Code:

Initialize clock for Port E

Allow for some time to pass by, so that clock can activate

Make LED initially off

check: If not all of PE3-5 are pressed (1 indicating at least one not pressed)  
 Turn LED off (0 indicating off)  
 Return to check if PE3-5 are all pressed (1)  
 If all PE3-5 are pressed (0 indicating pressed)  
 Turn LED on (1 indicating on)  
 Return to check if PE3-5 are all pressed



,\*\*\*\*\* main.s \*\*\*\*\*

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; Section \*\*\*Tuesday 3-4\*\*\*

; Instructor: \*\*\*Vijay Janapa Redi\*\*\*

; Lab number: 1

; Brief description of the program

; The overall objective of this system is a digital lock

; Hardware connections

; PE3 is switch input (1 means switch is not pressed, 0 means switch is pressed)

; PE4 is switch input (1 means switch is not pressed, 0 means switch is pressed)

; PE5 is switch input (1 means switch is not pressed, 0 means switch is pressed)

; PE2 is LED output (0 means door is locked, 1 means door is unlocked)

; The specific operation of this system is to

; unlock if all three switches are pressed

GPIO\_PORTE\_DATA\_R EQU 0x400243FC

GPIO\_PORTE\_DIR\_R EQU 0x40024400

GPIO\_PORTE\_AFSEL\_R EQU 0x40024420

GPIO\_PORTE\_DEN\_R EQU 0x4002451C

GPIO\_PORTE\_AMSEL\_R EQU 0x40024528

GPIO\_PORTE\_PCTL\_R EQU 0x4002452C

SYSCTL\_RCGCGPIO\_R EQU 0x400FE608

```
AREA |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
```

```
THUMB
```

```
EXPORT Start
```

```
Start
```

```
PortE_Init                                ;// Steps for initiating Port E
```

```
    LDR R1, =SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R ;// Step 1) following lines activate clock for Port E (this line gets  
the address of SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R and puts it into R1)
```

```
    LDR R0, [R1]                        ;// gets the data stored at the address of  
SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R and puts it into R0
```

```
    ORR R0, R0, #0x10                   ;// sets bit 4 of SYSCTL_RCGCGPIO_R's data to turn on  
Port E's clock
```

```
    STR R0, [R1]                        ;// puts modified data back into R1, indicating we only  
want to deal with Port E
```

```
    NOP
```

```
    NOP                                ;// allows time for clock to finish
```

```
    LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DIR_R ;// makes PE2 (LED) high
```

```
    MOV R0, #0x04
```

```
    STR R0, [R1]
```

```
    LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DEN_R ;// enables Port E digital port (we're only working with the  
virtual "digital" port, not the physical "analog" one)
```

```
    LDR R0, [R1]
```

```
    MOV R0, #0x0FF
```

```
    STR R0, [R1]
```

```
loop
```

;// Here is where the PE2 = (not(PE3))

and (not(PE4) and (not(PE5)) function is implemented

```
LDR R1, =GPIO_PORTE_DATA_R ;// R1 is pointer for Port E
```

```
LDR R0, [R1] ;// R0 contains original input values
```

```
LSR R0, R0, #1 ;// shift bits over to the right, this allows PE3 to be at  
LED pin
```

```
MVN R3, R0 ;// flips bits R3 = NOT(PE3) in LED location
```

```
LDR R0, [R1]
```

```
LSR R0, R0, #2
```

```
MVN R4, R0 ;// R4 = NOT(PE4) in LED location
```

```
LDR R0, [R1]
```

```
LSR R0, R0, #3
```

```
MVN R5, R0 ;// R5 = NOT(PE5) in LED location
```

```
AND R6, R3, R4 ;// AND after NOT(PE3-5), where R6 =(NOT(PE3)) AND  
(NOT(PE4)) for line 64
```

```
AND R6, R5, R6
```

```
STR R6, [R1] ;// at this point, R6 will be holding the correct value for  
the LED pin and all this does is store that value into the DATA for PortE
```

B loop

ALIGN ; make sure the end of this section is aligned

END ; end of file