

trees

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select the import features

```
bjList$neighbourhood <- as.factor(bjList$neighbourhood)

names(bosList)[33:42] <- c("host_resp_wt_a_day", "host_resp_wt_a_few_hrs", "host_resp_wt_an_hr",
  "bed_type_Couch", "bed_type_Futon", "bed_type_Sofa", "bed_type_Bed",
  "room_type_Hotel_room", "room_type_Private_room", "room_type_Shared_room" )

names(bjList)[33:41] <- c("host_resp_wt_a_day", "host_resp_wt_a_few_hrs", "host_resp_wt_an_hr",
  "bed_type_Couch", "bed_type_Futon",
  "bed_type_Sofa", "bed_type_Bed",
  "room_type_Private_room",
  "room_type_Shared_room" )

bosList<- bosList[,-1]
bjList <- bjList[,-1]

bosList <- bosList %>% fastDummies::dummy_cols(select_columns=c('neighbourhood_cleansed'), remove_first_dummy = T)

bosList <- bosList %>%
  dplyr::select(host_listings_count,
    accommodates, bathrooms, bedrooms, beds,
    guests_included,
    maximum_nights, number_of_reviews,
    number_of_reviews_ltm, wifi_available,
    host_response_time_nodata,
    cancellation_policy_strict,
    price, 'neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay Village',
    'neighbourhood_cleansed_Beacon Hill',
    'neighbourhood_cleansed_Mattapan',
    'neighbourhood_cleansed_South Boston',
    'neighbourhood_cleansed_South Boston Waterfront',
    'neighbourhood_cleansed_West End')

names(bosList)[14:19] <- c('neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay Village',
  'neighbourhood_cleansed_Beacon Hill',
  'neighbourhood_cleansed_Mattapan',
  'neighbourhood_cleansed_South Boston',
  'neighbourhood_cleansed_South Boston Waterfront',
```

```

      'neighbourhood_cleansed_West_End')

bjList <- bjList%>% fastDummies::dummy_cols(select_columns=c('neighbourhood'), remove_first_dummy = T)
bjList <- bjList %>% dplyr::select(host_listings_count,
                                   accommodates,bathrooms,bedrooms,beds,minimum_nights,
                                   maximum_nights,
                                   guests_included,
                                   availability_30,availability_90,
                                   availability_365,number_of_reviews,
                                   number_of_reviews_ltm,TV_available,
                                   wc_access,room_type_Shared_room,price,
                                   host_resp_wt_a_day,room_type_Private_room)

```

Preparation

```

set.seed(68)
# This will split into train and test 75-25
bosList$train <- sample(c(0, 1), nrow(bosList), replace = TRUE, prob = c(.25, .75))
boslist_test <- bosList %>% filter(train == 0)%>% mutate_if(is.character, as.factor)
)
boslist_train <- bosList %>% filter(train == 1)%>% mutate_if(is.character, as.factor)

bjList$train <- sample(c(0, 1), nrow(bjList), replace = TRUE, prob = c(.25, .75))
bjList_test <- bjList %>% filter(train == 0)%>% mutate_if(is.character, as.factor)
bjList_train <- bjList %>% filter(train == 1)%>% mutate_if(is.character, as.factor)

# #delete the neighborhood column
# boslist_train <- boslist_train[,-4]
# boslist_test <- boslist_test[,-4]
#
# bjList_train <- bjList_train[,-4]
# bjList_test <- bjList_test[,-4]

#delete the last train column(0,1)
boslist_train <- boslist_train[,-ncol(boslist_train)]
boslist_test <- boslist_test[,-ncol(boslist_test)]

bjList_train <- bjList_train[,-ncol(bjList_train)]
bjList_test <- bjList_test[,-ncol(bjList_test)]

```

Regression Tree–Boston

```

set.seed(68)
#Regression tree
fit.tree <- rpart(price~.,
                  boslist_train,
                  control = rpart.control(cp = 0.0001))
par(xpd = TRUE)

## Printcp will tell you what the cp of splitting into different number layer and the
## xerror and xstd of each cp.
printcp(fit.tree)

```

```

##
## Regression tree:
## rpart(formula = price ~ ., data = boslist_train, control = rpart.control(cp = 1e
## -04))
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] accommodates
## [2] bathrooms
## [3] bedrooms
## [4] beds
## [5] guests_included
## [6] host_listings_count
## [7] host_response_time_nodata
## [8] maximum_nights
## [9] neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay_Village
## [10] neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston
## [11] neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston_Waterfront
## [12] neighbourhood_cleansed_West_End
## [13] number_of_reviews
## [14] number_of_reviews_ltm
##
## Root node error: 261549359/2561 = 102128
##
## n= 2561
##
##          CP nsplit rel error  xerror   xstd
## 1  0.03710219      0   1.00000 1.00056 0.52455
## 2  0.03027732      1   0.96290 0.98228 0.52999
## 3  0.01637646      5   0.84179 1.03006 0.53017
## 4  0.00808889      6   0.82541 1.03094 0.53006
## 5  0.00763548      7   0.81732 0.98180 0.50100
## 6  0.00417432      8   0.80969 0.98111 0.50101
## 7  0.00372139     10   0.80134 0.97911 0.50094
## 8  0.00355259     11   0.79762 0.98047 0.50094
## 9  0.00289622     13   0.79051 0.97711 0.50169
## 10 0.00269160     14   0.78762 0.97841 0.50168
## 11 0.00240100     17   0.77954 0.97740 0.50168
## 12 0.00218476     18   0.77714 0.97241 0.50160

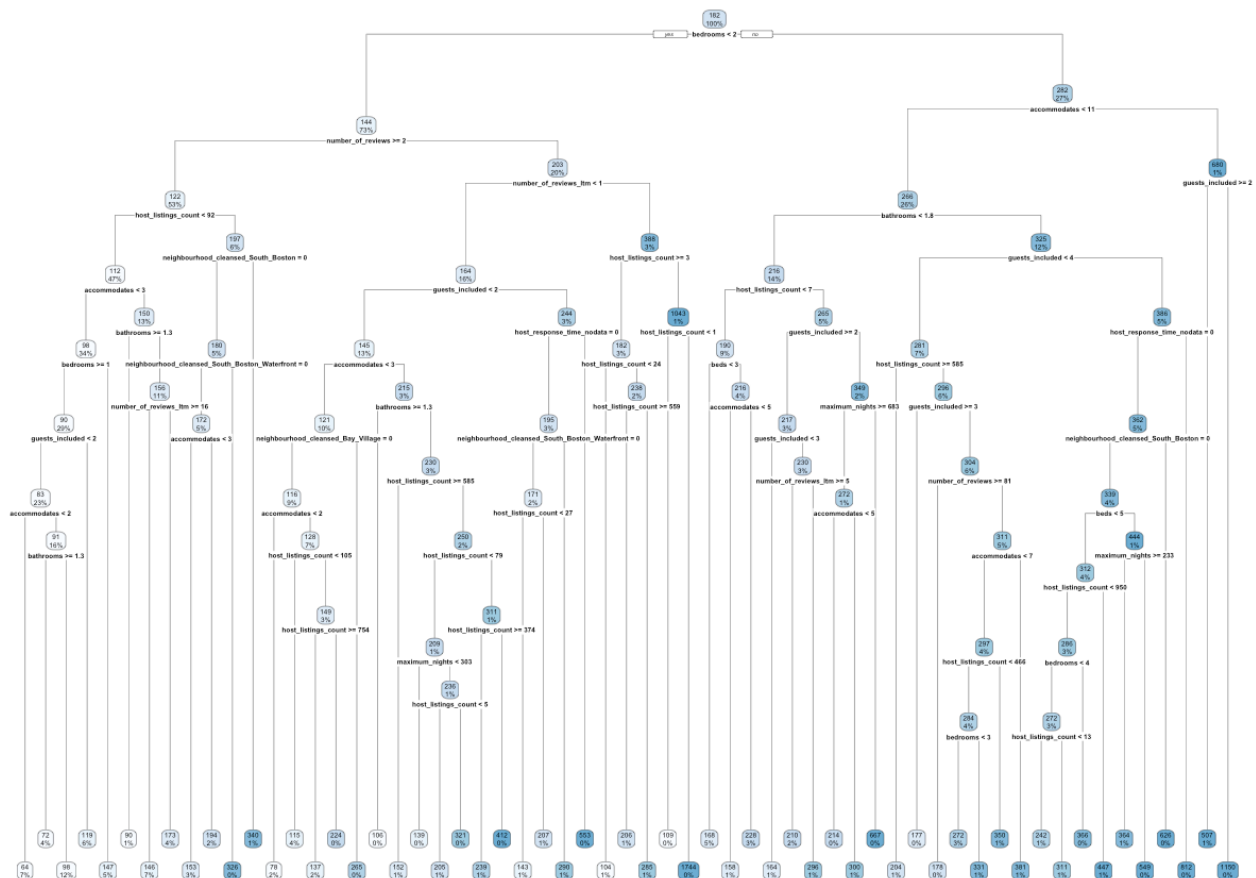
```

## 13	0.00139790	19	0.77496	0.96466	0.50158
## 14	0.00129089	20	0.77356	0.96042	0.50092
## 15	0.00123318	21	0.77227	0.95978	0.50092
## 16	0.00113419	23	0.76980	0.96057	0.50102
## 17	0.00082532	24	0.76867	0.96015	0.50102
## 18	0.00074251	25	0.76784	0.95884	0.50156
## 19	0.00066091	26	0.76710	0.95917	0.50171
## 20	0.00063267	27	0.76644	0.95940	0.50171
## 21	0.00060236	28	0.76580	0.95977	0.50171
## 22	0.00059644	29	0.76520	0.95928	0.50171
## 23	0.00055109	30	0.76461	0.95972	0.50177
## 24	0.00052288	34	0.76240	0.95936	0.50212
## 25	0.00051752	35	0.76188	0.95895	0.50212
## 26	0.00051298	36	0.76136	0.95883	0.50212
## 27	0.00049632	38	0.76034	0.95870	0.50212
## 28	0.00041868	39	0.75984	0.95896	0.50218
## 29	0.00032869	40	0.75942	0.95868	0.50218
## 30	0.00031814	41	0.75909	0.95848	0.50218
## 31	0.00029664	42	0.75877	0.95868	0.50218
## 32	0.00028673	43	0.75848	0.95865	0.50218
## 33	0.00028122	44	0.75819	0.95862	0.50218
## 34	0.00027103	45	0.75791	0.95869	0.50218
## 35	0.00026260	47	0.75737	0.95881	0.50218
## 36	0.00022880	49	0.75684	0.95875	0.50218
## 37	0.00022800	50	0.75661	0.95848	0.50218
## 38	0.00021375	51	0.75638	0.95812	0.50182
## 39	0.00020857	52	0.75617	0.95826	0.50182
## 40	0.00020504	53	0.75596	0.95824	0.50182
## 41	0.00020160	55	0.75555	0.95819	0.50182
## 42	0.00020132	56	0.75535	0.95816	0.50182
## 43	0.00019798	57	0.75515	0.95822	0.50182
## 44	0.00018840	58	0.75495	0.95802	0.50182
## 45	0.00016673	59	0.75476	0.95805	0.50182
## 46	0.00016394	60	0.75460	0.95844	0.50193
## 47	0.00016020	61	0.75443	0.95838	0.50193
## 48	0.00014897	62	0.75427	0.96001	0.50208
## 49	0.00014027	63	0.75412	0.95992	0.50208
## 50	0.00013862	64	0.75398	0.95993	0.50208
## 51	0.00013214	65	0.75384	0.95985	0.50208
## 52	0.00013165	66	0.75371	0.96000	0.50208
## 53	0.00012761	67	0.75358	0.96002	0.50208
## 54	0.00012680	68	0.75345	0.95991	0.50208
## 55	0.00012612	69	0.75333	0.95989	0.50208
## 56	0.00011677	70	0.75320	0.96087	0.50277
## 57	0.00011550	71	0.75308	0.96121	0.50277
## 58	0.00010928	74	0.75274	0.96126	0.50277
## 59	0.00010824	75	0.75263	0.96150	0.50278
## 60	0.00010496	77	0.75241	0.96163	0.50278
## 61	0.00010211	83	0.75176	0.96157	0.50278
## 62	0.00010000	85	0.75156	0.96141	0.50278

```
## We can use the following method to choose the cp with the smallest xerror
fit.tree$cptable[which.min(fit.tree$cptable[, "xerror"]), "CP"]
```

```
## [1] 0.0001884012
```

```
## Build the tree model with the cp which has smallest xerror
tree2 <- prune(fit.tree, cp= fit.tree$cptable[which.min(fit.tree$cptable[, "xerror"]
), "CP"])
## Make the visualllization of regreesion tree
rpart.plot(tree2)
```



```
## MSE of train for Boston
tree.pred.train = predict(tree2, boslist_train)
mean((tree.pred.train - boslist_train$price)^2)
```

```
## [1] 77101.57
```

```
## MSE of test for Boston
tree.pred.test = predict(tree2,boslist_test)
mean((tree.pred.test-boslist_test$price)^2)
```

```
## [1] 47502.59
```

Regression Tree–Beijing

```
#Regression tree
fit.tree <- rpart(price~.,
                  bjList_train,
                  control = rpart.control(cp = 0.0001))
## Printcp will tell you what the cp of splitting into different number layer and the
## error and xstd of each cp.
printcp(fit.tree)
```

```
##
## Regression tree:
## rpart(formula = price ~ ., data = bjList_train, control = rpart.control(cp = 1e-
## 04))
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] accommodates      availability_30      availability_365
## [4] availability_90    bathrooms           bedrooms
## [7] beds              guests_included     host_listings_count
## [10] host_resp_wt_a_day maximum_nights      minimum_nights
## [13] number_of_reviews number_of_reviews_ltm room_type_Private_room
## [16] room_type_Shared_room TV_available
##
## Root node error: 1.7126e+10/11339 = 1510326
##
## n= 11339
##
##      CP nsplit rel error  xerror  xstd
## 1  0.05910445     0  1.00000 1.00021 0.38630
## 2  0.01825529     1  0.94090 0.94924 0.38588
## 3  0.01777481     2  0.92264 0.93084 0.38579
## 4  0.01675148     3  0.90487 0.98388 0.38619
## 5  0.01454429     4  0.88811 0.97752 0.38470
## 6  0.00597789     9  0.81418 0.97620 0.38512
## 7  0.00421139    10  0.80820 0.99905 0.38521
## 8  0.00355436    11  0.80399 0.99544 0.38428
## 9  0.00300284    12  0.80043 0.99237 0.38409
## 10 0.00282454    13  0.79743 0.99674 0.38404
## 11 0.00266045    14  0.79461 0.99671 0.38404
## 12 0.00258507    15  0.79195 0.99865 0.38404
## 13 0.00208874    16  0.78936 0.99836 0.38428
```

## 14	0.00134262	19	0.78309	0.99916	0.38441
## 15	0.00131161	20	0.78175	1.00126	0.38450
## 16	0.00099309	24	0.77651	1.00184	0.38444
## 17	0.00093220	25	0.77551	1.00180	0.38445
## 18	0.00088688	26	0.77458	1.00166	0.38445
## 19	0.00082806	27	0.77369	1.00146	0.38445
## 20	0.00081555	29	0.77204	1.00195	0.38445
## 21	0.00080145	30	0.77122	1.00202	0.38445
## 22	0.00077030	31	0.77042	1.00183	0.38445
## 23	0.00071287	32	0.76965	1.00167	0.38450
## 24	0.00070218	33	0.76894	1.00063	0.38450
## 25	0.00067365	35	0.76753	1.00033	0.38450
## 26	0.00066583	37	0.76619	1.00110	0.38453
## 27	0.00066127	38	0.76552	1.00109	0.38453
## 28	0.00064020	41	0.76354	1.00101	0.38454
## 29	0.00063417	42	0.76290	1.00084	0.38454
## 30	0.00062281	43	0.76226	1.00086	0.38454
## 31	0.00061910	44	0.76164	1.00086	0.38454
## 32	0.00059204	45	0.76102	1.00121	0.38454
## 33	0.00053667	46	0.76043	1.00082	0.38444
## 34	0.00052259	47	0.75989	1.00033	0.38444
## 35	0.00050853	48	0.75937	0.99989	0.38443
## 36	0.00045649	49	0.75886	1.00042	0.38470
## 37	0.00044507	50	0.75840	1.00005	0.38470
## 38	0.00044375	51	0.75796	1.00046	0.38470
## 39	0.00040826	53	0.75707	1.00058	0.38470
## 40	0.00037973	55	0.75625	1.00096	0.38470
## 41	0.00036119	56	0.75587	0.99961	0.38455
## 42	0.00035630	57	0.75551	0.99947	0.38455
## 43	0.00033033	58	0.75516	1.00093	0.38512
## 44	0.00031845	59	0.75483	1.00087	0.38485
## 45	0.00031399	61	0.75419	1.00086	0.38485
## 46	0.00031377	62	0.75388	1.00082	0.38485
## 47	0.00031317	63	0.75356	1.00075	0.38485
## 48	0.00030152	64	0.75325	1.00071	0.38485
## 49	0.00030021	65	0.75295	1.00072	0.38485
## 50	0.00029904	67	0.75235	1.00072	0.38485
## 51	0.00029484	70	0.75145	0.99956	0.38484
## 52	0.00027254	74	0.75027	0.99950	0.38484
## 53	0.00027172	78	0.74918	0.99918	0.38483
## 54	0.00026373	79	0.74891	0.99931	0.38483
## 55	0.00025374	80	0.74864	0.99858	0.38482
## 56	0.00024043	81	0.74839	0.99852	0.38482
## 57	0.00022659	82	0.74815	0.99846	0.38482
## 58	0.00020991	84	0.74770	0.99796	0.38480
## 59	0.00020304	86	0.74728	0.99819	0.38480
## 60	0.00019889	87	0.74707	0.99929	0.38490
## 61	0.00019771	88	0.74688	0.99921	0.38490
## 62	0.00019303	89	0.74668	0.99921	0.38490
## 63	0.00019000	92	0.74610	0.99916	0.38490
## 64	0.00018030	94	0.74572	0.99922	0.38489

```
## 65 0.00016907    95    0.74554 0.99964 0.38489
## 66 0.00016705    97    0.74520 0.99971 0.38489
## 67 0.00016307    99    0.74487 0.99955 0.38489
## 68 0.00015872   100    0.74470 0.99987 0.38490
## 69 0.00015402   106    0.74375 0.99987 0.38490
## 70 0.00013946   107    0.74360 0.99975 0.38490
## 71 0.00013665   108    0.74346 1.00044 0.38490
## 72 0.00013193   109    0.74332 1.00033 0.38490
## 73 0.00012682   110    0.74319 1.00050 0.38490
## 74 0.00012306   116    0.74243 1.00049 0.38492
## 75 0.00011927   117    0.74231 1.00064 0.38492
## 76 0.00011162   118    0.74219 1.00090 0.38492
## 77 0.00010910   119    0.74207 1.00097 0.38492
## 78 0.00010792   120    0.74197 1.00097 0.38492
## 79 0.00010582   121    0.74186 1.00089 0.38492
## 80 0.00010409   122    0.74175 1.00085 0.38492
## 81 0.00010000   123    0.74165 1.00053 0.38492
```

```
## We can use the following method to choose the cp with the smallest xerror
fit.tree$cptable[which.min(fit.tree$cptable[, "xerror"]), "CP"]
```

```
## [1] 0.01777481
```

```
## Build the tree model with the cp which has smallest xerror
tree2 <- prune(fit.tree, cp= fit.tree$cptable[which.min(fit.tree$cptable[, "xerror"]
), "CP"])
## Make the visuallization of regreesion tree
rpart.plot(tree2)
```




```
## MSE of train for Beijing
tree.pred.train = predict(tree2,bjList_train)
mean((tree.pred.train-bjList_train$price)^2)
```

```
## [1] 1393488
```

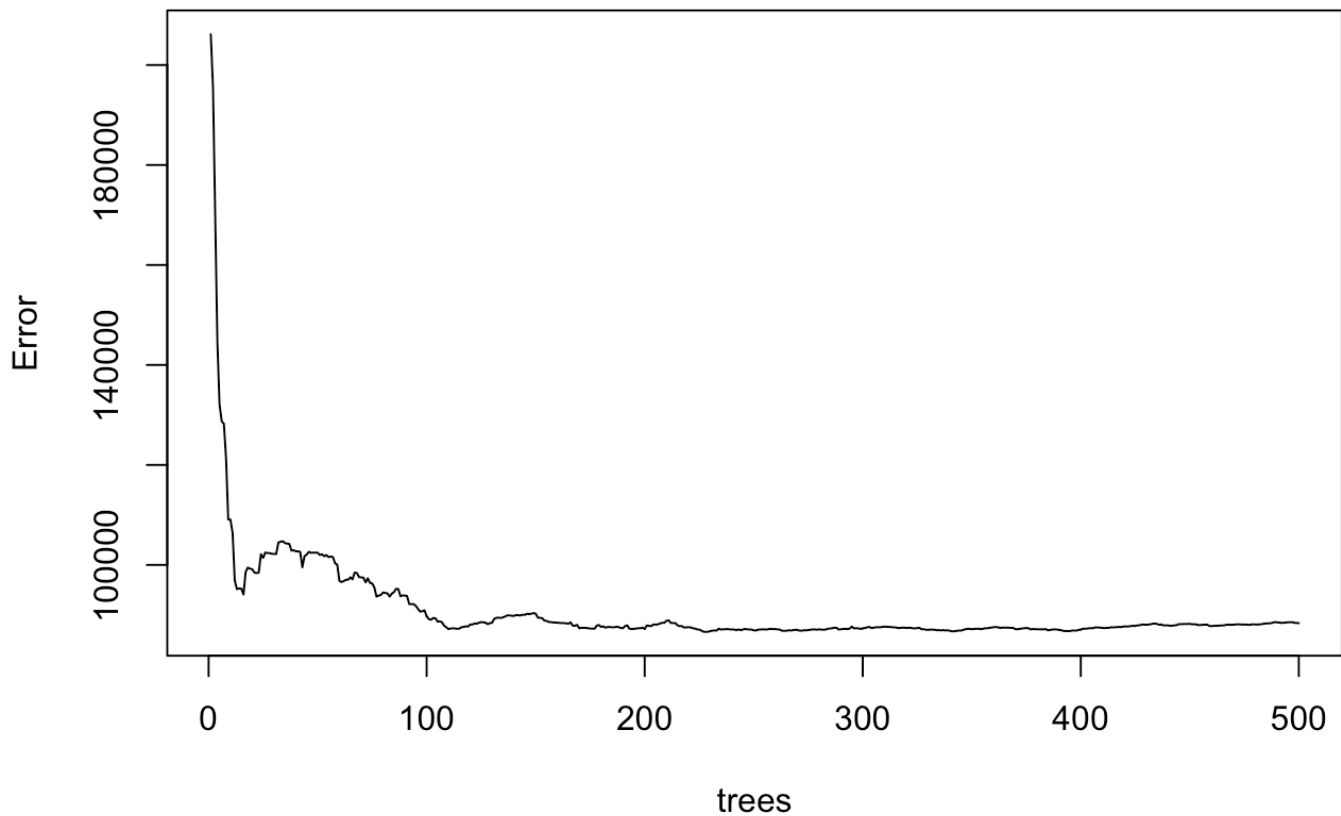
```
## MSE of test for Beijing
tree.pred.test = predict(tree2,bjList_test)
mean((tree.pred.test-bjList_test$price)^2)
```

```
## [1] 3758002
```

Random Forest–Boston

```
##Random Forest
#decide ntree by the plot of error vs ntree
error_rf <- randomForest(price ~.,data=boslist_train)
plot(error_rf,main = "Error rate of random forest")
```

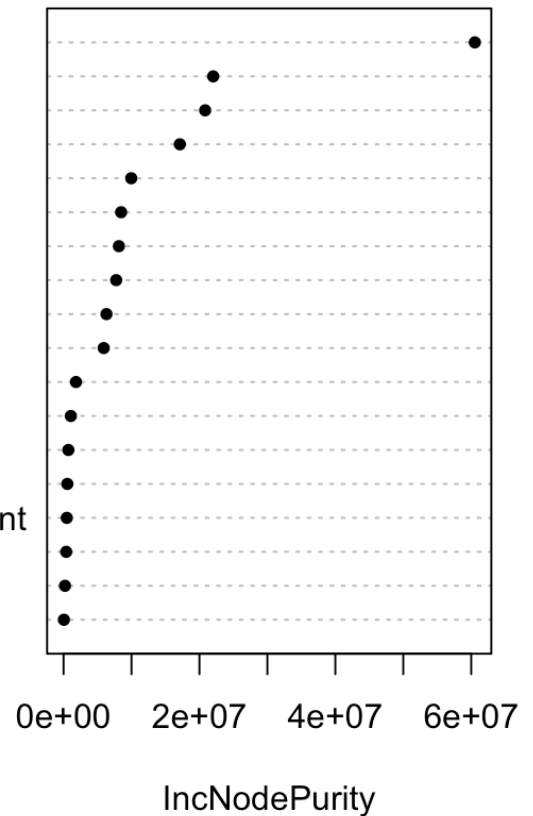
Error rate of random forest



```
fit_rf <- randomForest(price~.,  
                        boslist_train,  
                        ntree=100,  
                        do.trace=F)  
  
varImpPlot(fit_rf,pch = 20, main = "Importance of Variables")
```

Importance of Variables

host_listings_count
 number_of_reviews_ltm
 accommodates
 number_of_reviews
 bedrooms
 host_response_time_nodata
 beds
 guests_included
 bathrooms
 maximum_nights
 neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston
 neighbourhood_cleansed_Beacon_Hill
 neighbourhood_cleansed_West_End
 neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay_Village
 neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston_Waterfront
 cancellation_policy_strict
 wifi_available
 neighbourhood_cleansed_Mattapan



```
## MSE of train for Boston
yhat_rf <- predict(fit_rf, boslist_train)
train_mse_rf <- mean((yhat_rf - boslist_train$price) ^ 2)
print(train_mse_rf)
```

```
## [1] 41871.5
```

```
#levels(boslist_test$neighbourhood_cleansed) = levels(boslist_train$neighbourhood_cleansed)
```

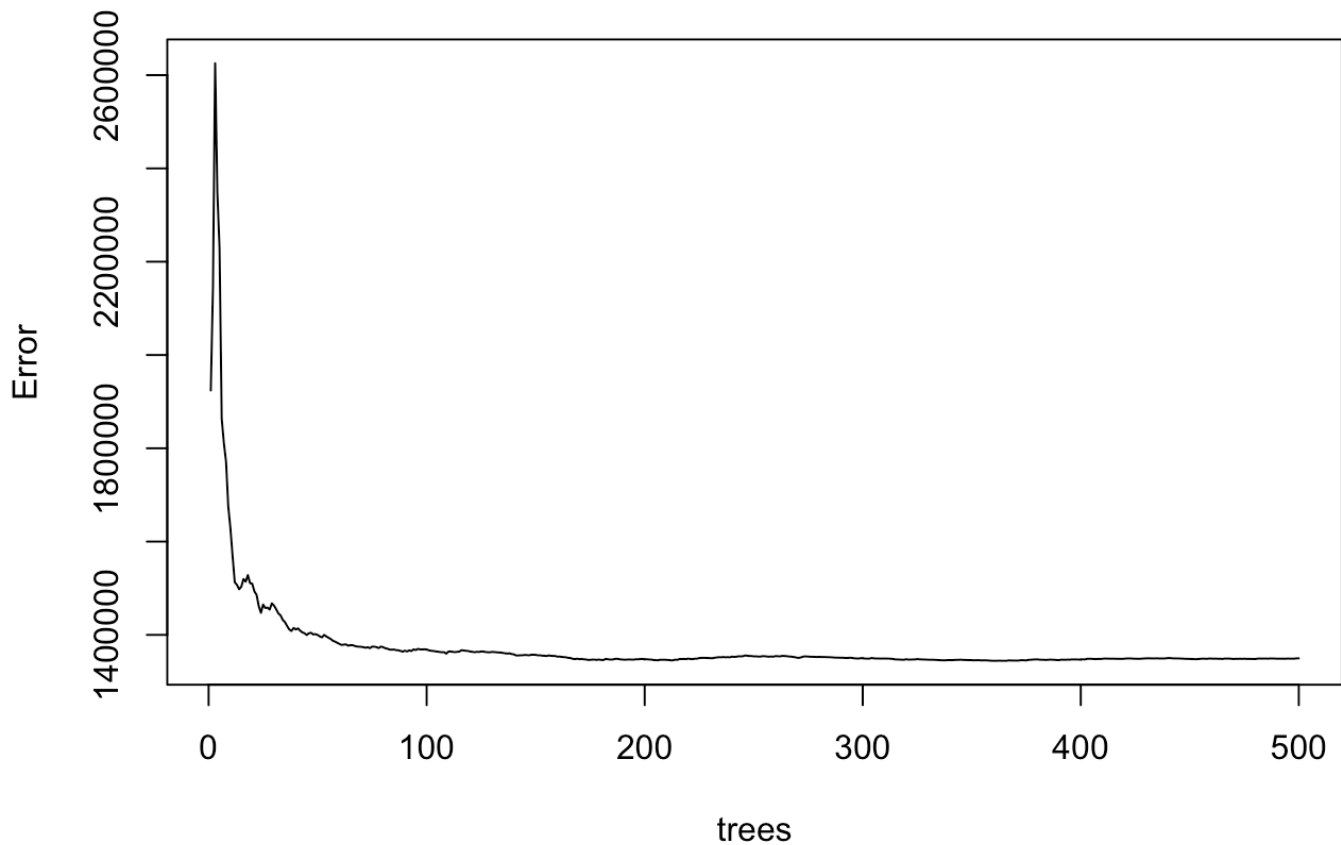
```
## MSE of Test for Boston
yhat_rf <- predict(fit_rf, boslist_test)
test_mse_rf <- mean((yhat_rf - boslist_test$price) ^ 2)
print(test_mse_rf)
```

```
## [1] 43083.78
```

Random Forest–Beijing

```
##Random Forest
#decide ntree by the plot of error vs ntree
error_rf <- randomForest(price ~.,data=bjList_train)
plot(error_rf,main = "Error rate of random forest")
```

Error rate of random forest

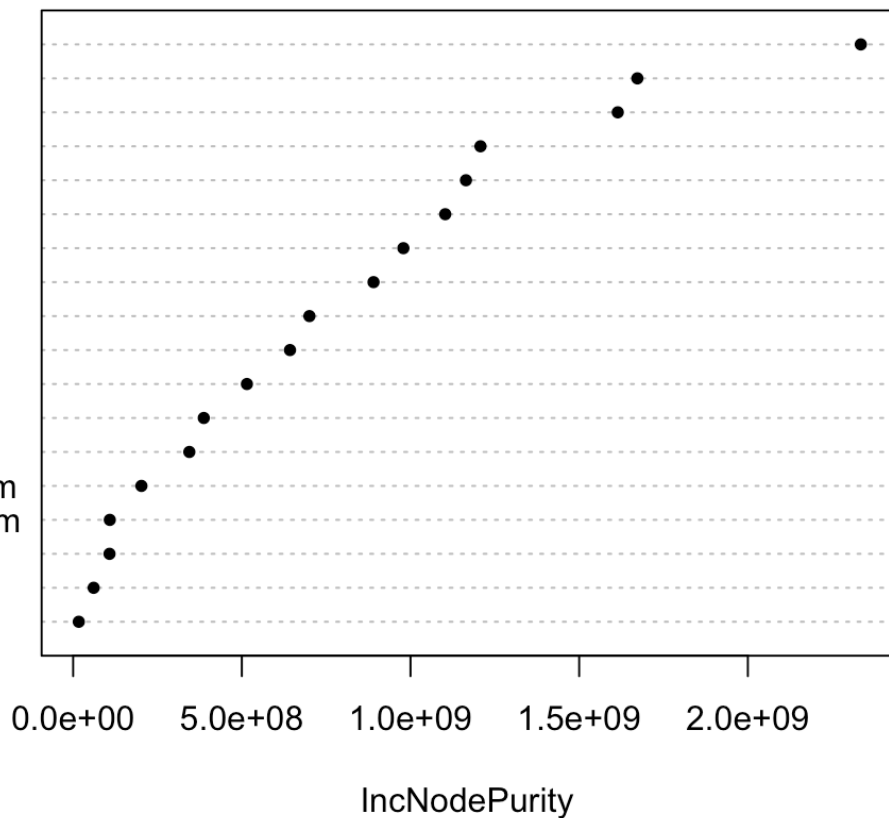


```
fit_rf <- randomForest(price~.,
                        bjList_train,
                        ntree=,
                        do.trace=F)

varImpPlot(fit_rf,pch = 20, main = "Importance of Variables")
```

Importance of Variables

availability_30
availability_365
availability_90
host_listings_count
bathrooms
maximum_nights
accommodates
beds
bedrooms
TV_available
minimum_nights
number_of_reviews
number_of_reviews_ltm
room_type_Private_room
room_type_Shared_room
guests_included
host_respond_time_a_day
wc_access



```
## MSE of train for Beijing
yhat_rf <- predict(fit_rf, bjList_train)
train_mse_rf <- mean((yhat_rf - bjList_train$price) ^ 2)
print(train_mse_rf)
```

```
## [1] 385519.8
```

```
#levels(boslist_test$neighbourhood_cleansed) = levels(boslist_train$neighbourhood_cleansed)
```

```
## MSE of Test for Beijing
yhat_rf <- predict(fit_rf, bjList_test)
test_mse_rf <- mean((yhat_rf - bjList_test$price) ^ 2)
print(test_mse_rf)
```

```
## [1] 3683702
```

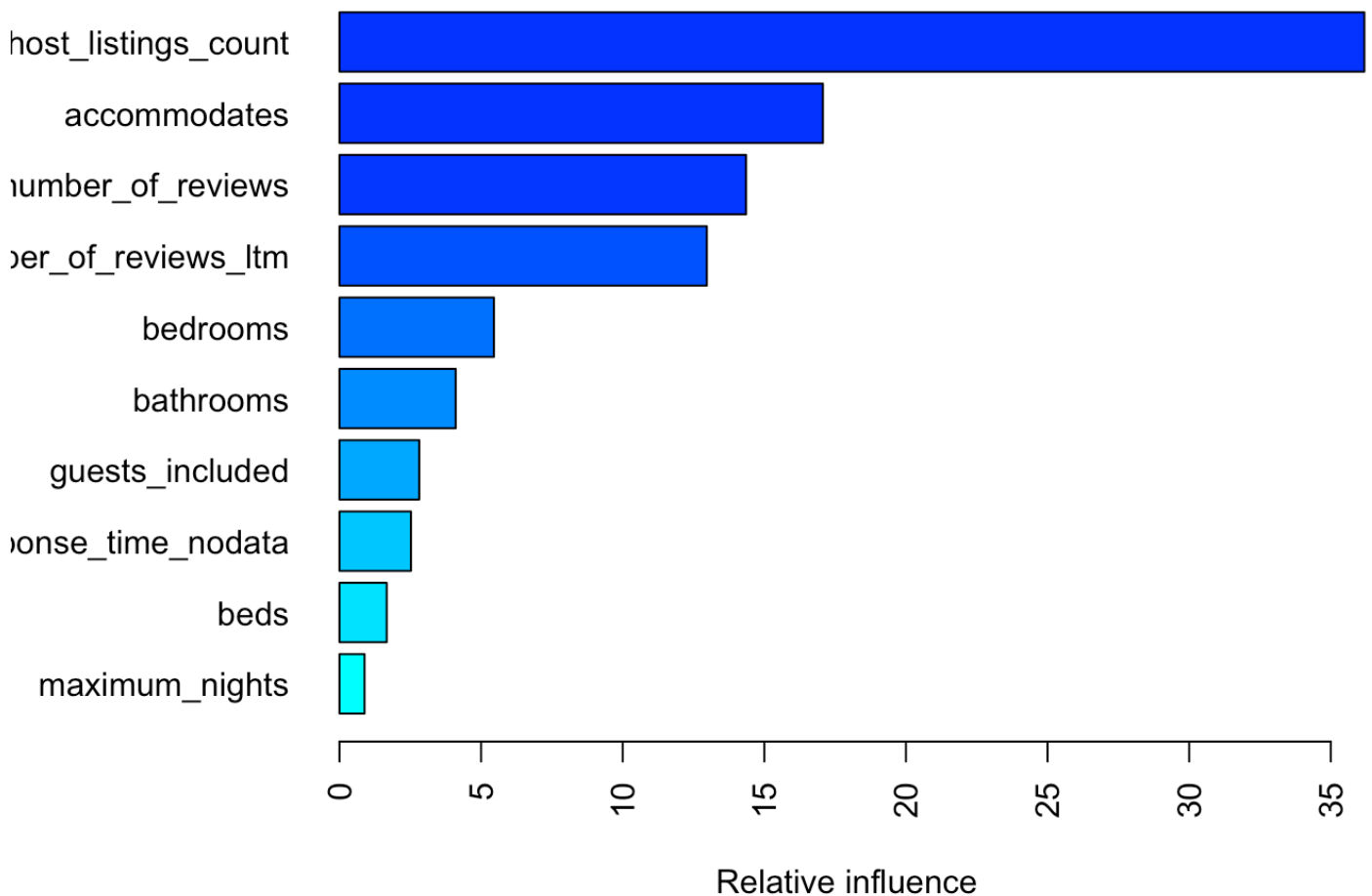
gradient boosting–Boston

```

Boston.boost=gbm(formula = price~., distribution = "gaussian", data = boslist_train
, n.trees = 500,interaction.depth = 15, shrinkage = 0.005,cv.folds = 5)

# A gradient boosted model with gaussian loss function.
# 10000 iterations were performed.
# There were 13 predictors of which 13 had non-zero influence.
par(mar = c(5, 8, 1, 1))
summary(
  Boston.boost,
  cBars = 10,
  method = relative.influence, # also can use permutation.test.gbm
  las = 2
)

```



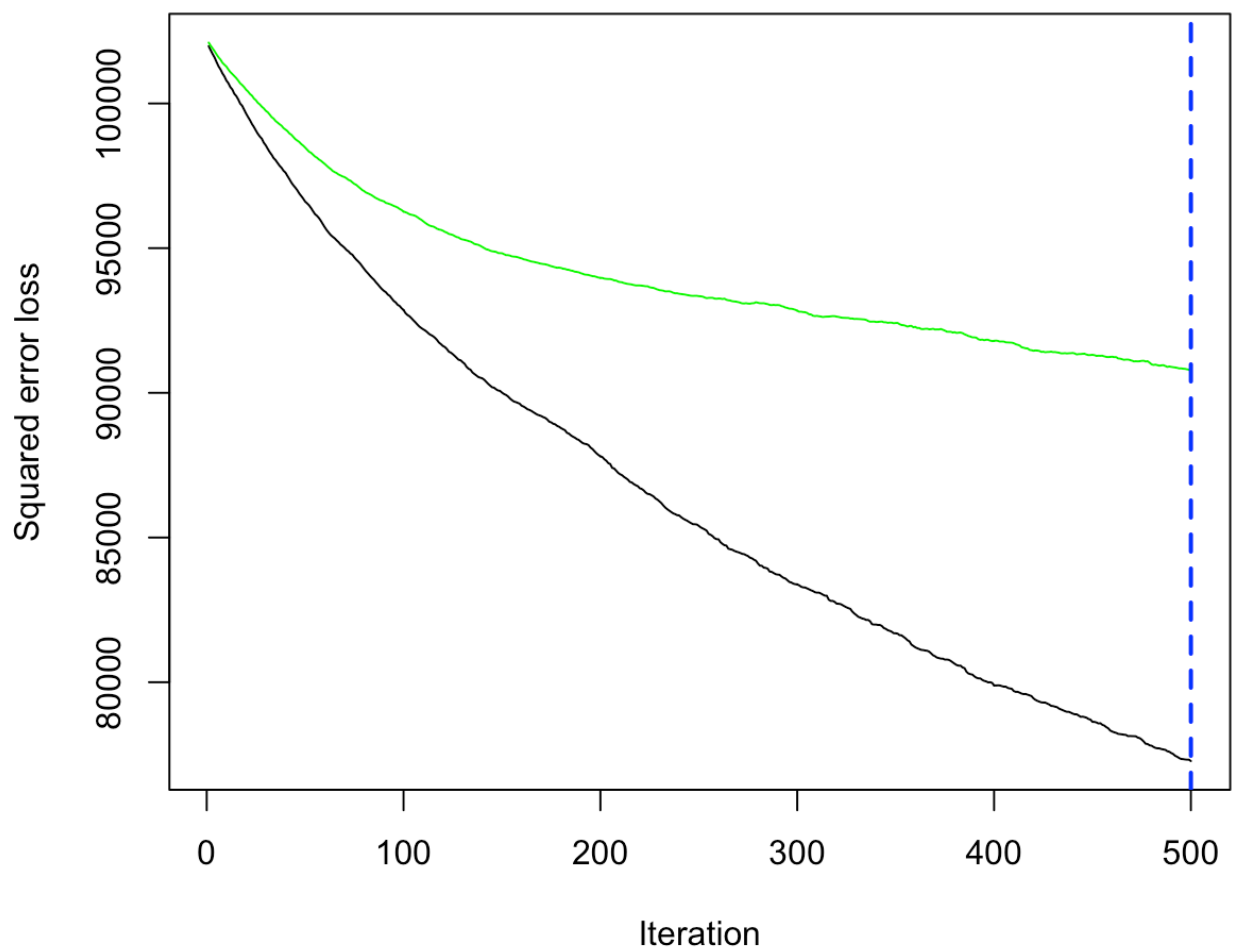
```

##
var
## host_listings_count
listings_count
## accommodates
accommodates
## number_of_reviews
number_of_reviews

```

## number_of_reviews_ltm	number_o
f_reviews_ltm	
## bedrooms	
bedrooms	
## bathrooms	
bathrooms	
## guests_included	gu
ests_included	
## host_response_time_nodata	host_respons
e_time_nodata	
## beds	
beds	
## maximum_nights	m
aximum_nights	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston	neighbourhood_cleansed
_South_Boston	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Beacon_Hill	neighbourhood_cleanse
d_Beacon_Hill	
## cancellation_policy_strict	cancellation_
policy_strict	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay_Village	neighbourhood_cleanse
d_Bay_Village	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston_Waterfront	neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Bost
on_Waterfront	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_West_End	neighbourhood_clea
nsed_West_End	
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Mattapan	neighbourhood_clea
nsed_Mattapan	
## wifi_available	w
ifi_available	
##	rel.inf
## host_listings_count	36.186459551
## accommodates	17.068875967
## number_of_reviews	14.355901530
## number_of_reviews_ltm	12.970606801
## bedrooms	5.452900424
## bathrooms	4.103573539
## guests_included	2.814886718
## host_response_time_nodata	2.523359946
## beds	1.668039106
## maximum_nights	0.884321814
## neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston	0.843548476
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Beacon_Hill	0.772269237
## cancellation_policy_strict	0.104151179
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Bay_Village	0.091705097
## neighbourhood_cleansed_South_Boston_Waterfront	0.091672380
## neighbourhood_cleansed_West_End	0.058995749
## neighbourhood_cleansed_Mattapan	0.008732485
## wifi_available	0.000000000

```
perf_gbm1 = gbm.perf(Boston.boost, method = "cv")
```



```
boostpre <- predict(
  # the model from above
  object = Boston.boost,
  # the testing data
  newdata = boslist_train,
  # this is the number we calculated above
  n.trees = perf_gbm1)
rmse_fit <- Metrics::rmse(actual = boslist_train$price,
  predicted = boostpre)
## MSE of train for Boston
rmse_fit^2
```

```
## [1] 77275.66
```

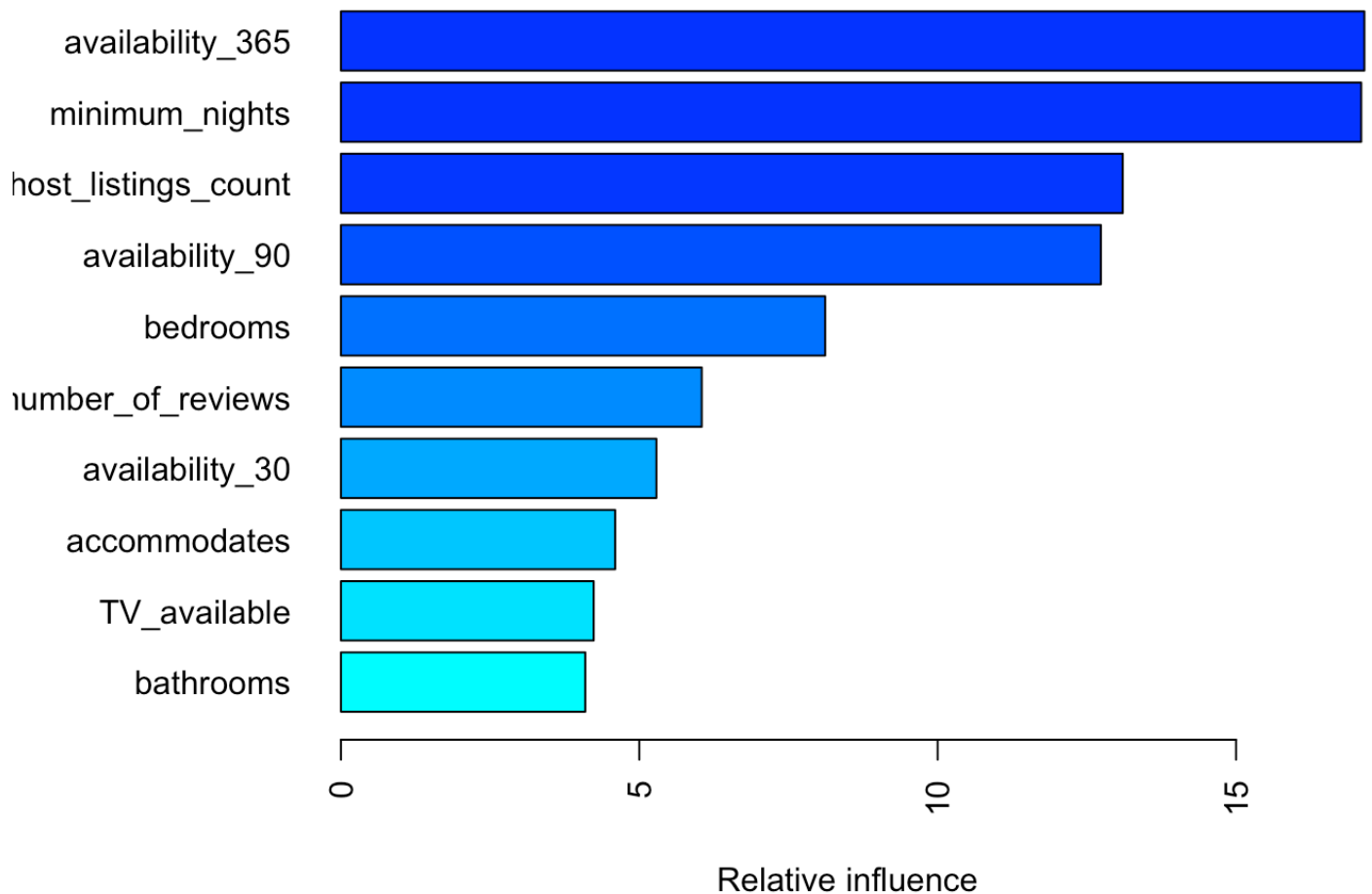


```
boostpre <- predict(  
  # the model from above  
  object = Boston.boost,  
  # the testing data  
  newdata = boslist_test,  
  # this is the number we calculated above  
  n.trees = perf_gbm1)  
rmse_fit <- Metrics::rmse(actual = boslist_test$price,  
                          predicted = boostpre)  
  
## MSE of test for Boston  
rmse_fit^2
```

```
## [1] 44983.96
```

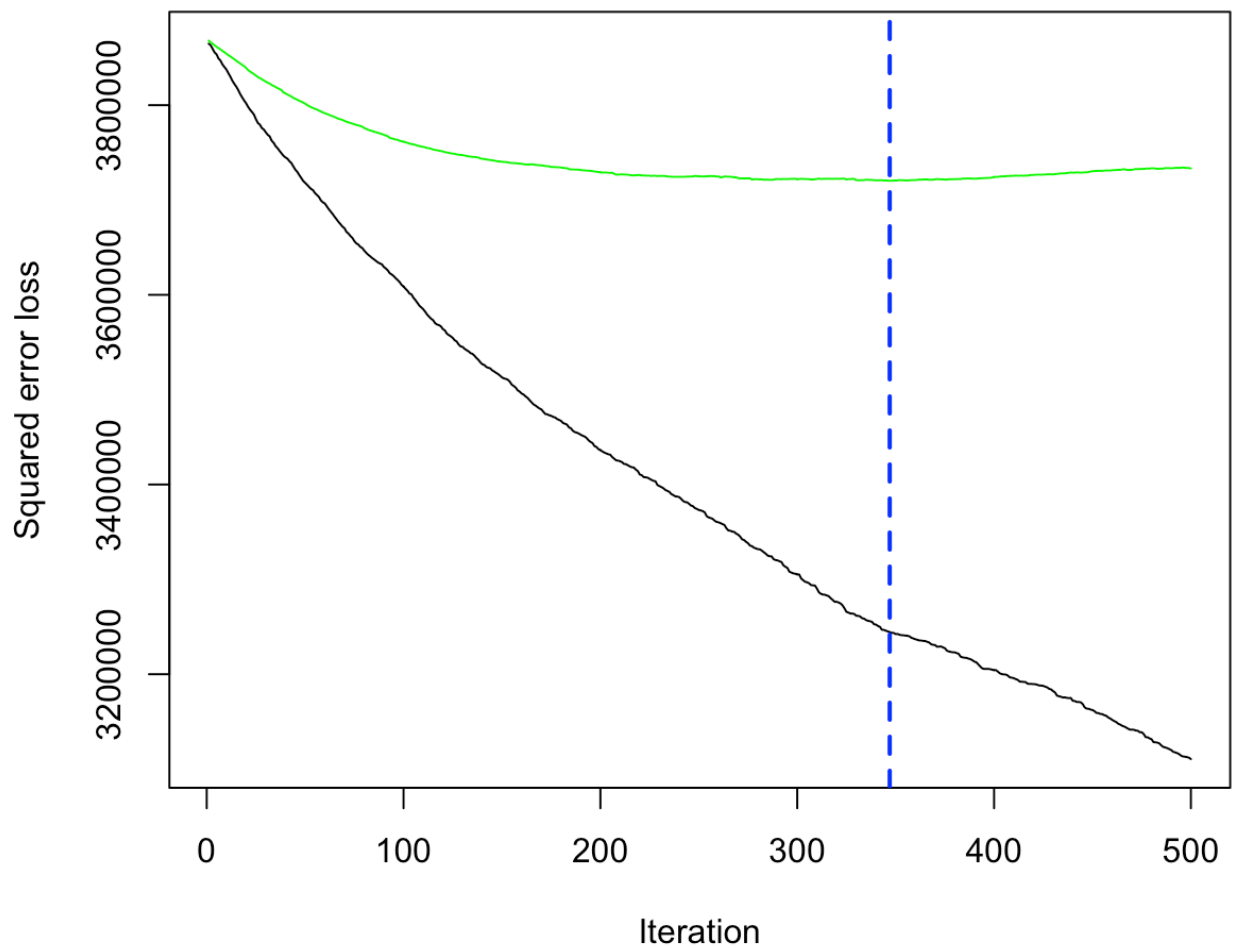
gradient boosting–Beijing

```
beijing.boost=gbm(formula = price~., distribution = "gaussian", data = bjList_test,  
n.trees = 500,interaction.depth = 15, shrinkage = 0.005,cv.folds = 5)  
  
# A gradient boosted model with gaussian loss function.  
# 10000 iterations were performed.  
# There were 13 predictors of which 13 had non-zero influence.  
par(mar = c(5, 8, 1, 1))  
summary(  
  beijing.boost,  
  cBars = 10,  
  method = relative.influence, # also can use permutation.test.gbm  
  las = 2  
)
```



```
##                                var      rel.inf
## availability_365              availability_365 1.715104e+01
## minimum_nights                minimum_nights 1.709822e+01
## host_listings_count          host_listings_count 1.310128e+01
## availability_90              availability_90 1.273510e+01
## bedrooms                     bedrooms 8.115077e+00
## number_of_reviews            number_of_reviews 6.046532e+00
## availability_30              availability_30 5.286247e+00
## accommodates                 accommodates 4.595104e+00
## TV_available                 TV_available 4.235140e+00
## bathrooms                    bathrooms 4.094413e+00
## maximum_nights               maximum_nights 2.497031e+00
## room_type_Private_room       room_type_Private_room 1.903939e+00
## number_of_reviews_ltm        number_of_reviews_ltm 1.683983e+00
## beds                         beds 6.814985e-01
## wc_access                     wc_access 3.231867e-01
## room_type_Shared_room        room_type_Shared_room 2.524845e-01
## guests_included              guests_included 1.988538e-01
## host_resp_wt_a_day           host_resp_wt_a_day 8.650184e-04
```

```
perf_gbm1 = gbm.perf(beijing.boost, method = "cv")
```



```
boostpre <- predict(  
  # the model from above  
  object = beijing.boost,  
  # the testing data  
  newdata = bjList_train,  
  # this is the number we calculated above  
  n.trees = perf_gbm1)  
rmse_fit <- Metrics::rmse(actual = bjList_train$price,  
  predicted = boostpre)  
## MSE of train for Beijing  
rmse_fit^2
```

```
## [1] 1448112
```

```
boostpre <- predict(  
  # the model from above  
  object = beijing.boost,  
  # the testing data  
  newdata = bjList_test,  
  # this is the number we calculated above  
  n.trees = perf_gbm1)  
rmse_fit <- Metrics::rmse(actual = bjList_test$price,  
                          predicted = boostpre)  
## MSE of test for Beijing  
rmse_fit^2
```

```
## [1] 3244364
```