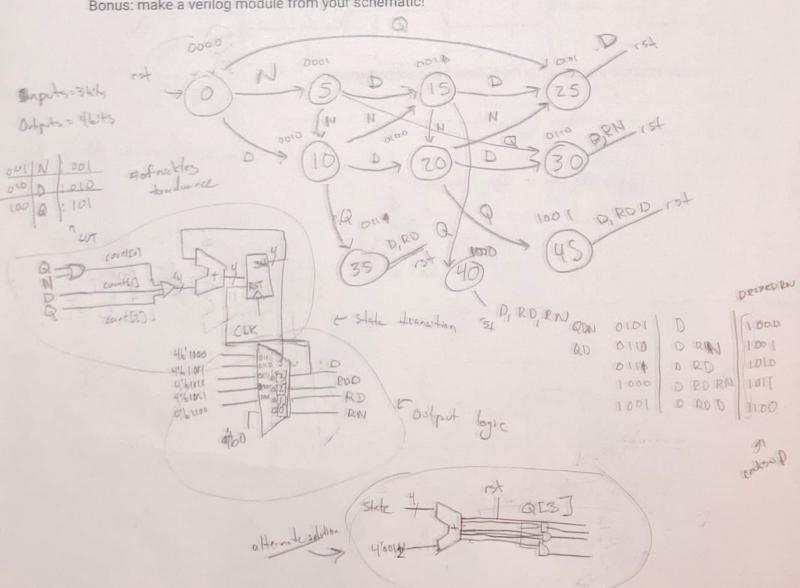


murare 1

## b) FSMs

Exercise 3.26 You have been enlisted to design a soda machine dispenser for your department lounge. Sodas are partially subsidized by the student chapter of the IEEE, so they cost only 25 cents. The machine accepts nickels, dimes, and quarters. When enough coins have been inserted, it dispenses the soda and returns any necessary change. Design an FSM controller for the soda machine. The FSM inputs are Nickel, Dime, and Quarter, indicating which coin was inserted. Assume that exactly one coin is inserted on each cycle. The outputs are Dispense, ReturnNickel, ReturnDime, and ReturnTwoDimes. When the FSM reaches 25 cents, it asserts Dispense and the necessary Return outputs required to deliver the appropriate change. Then, it should be ready to start accepting coins for another soda.

Draw the state diagram, then implement the FSM as a schematic (gates, muxes, adders, flops). Bonus: make a verilog module from your schematic!



## c) Reasoning about Metastability

**Exercise 3.38** You are walking down the hallway when you run into your lab partner walking in the other direction. The two of you first step one way and are still in each other's way. Then, you both step the other way and are still in each other's way. Then you both wait a bit, hoping the other person will step aside. You can model this situation as a metastable point and apply the same theory that has been applied to synchronizers and flip-flops. Suppose you create a mathematical model for yourself and your lab partner. You start the unfortunate encounter in the metastable state. The probability that you remain in this state after t seconds is  $e^{-\tau}$ ,  $\tau$  indicates your response rate; today, your brain has been blurred by lack of sleep and has  $\tau = 20$  seconds.

- (a) How long will it be until you have 99% certainty that you will have resolved from metastability (i.e., figured out how to pass one another)?
- (b) You are not only sleepy, but also ravenously hungry. In fact, you will starve to death if you don't get going to the cafeteria within 3 minutes. What is the probability that your lab partner will have to drag you to the morgue?

a) 
$$e^{\frac{1}{16}} = 0.01$$

$$\frac{e^{\frac{1}{16}} = \ln(0.04) = 0.466}{1 + 20.0000}$$

$$\frac{1}{16} = \frac{180}{10000}$$

$$e^{\frac{180}{100}} = e^{\frac{1}{100}} = \frac{180}{100000}$$

## Metadata

How long did the reading take you? Zhors

How long did the written part take you? Thoms (town whole gold was and worked to help some people)

5