

# The Love-Letter Mystery



James found a love letter his friend Harry has written for his girlfriend. James is a prankster, so he decides to meddle with the letter. He changes all the words in the letter into [palindromes](#).

To do this, he follows 2 rules:

- (a) He can reduce the value of a letter, e.g. he can change 'd' to 'c', but he cannot change 'c' to 'd'.
- (b) In order to form a palindrome, if he has to repeatedly reduce the value of a letter, he can do it until the letter becomes 'a'. Once a letter has been changed to 'a', it can no longer be changed.

Each reduction in the value of any letter is counted as a single operation. Find the minimum number of operations required to convert a given string into a palindrome.

## Input Format

The first line contains an integer  $T$ , i.e., the number of test cases.  
The next  $T$  lines will contain a string each.

## Output Format

A single line containing the number of minimum operations corresponding to each test case.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 10$
- $1 \leq \text{length of string} \leq 10^4$
- All characters are lower case English letters.

## Sample Input #00

```
3
abc
abcba
abcd
```

## Sample Output #00

```
2
0
4
```

## Explanation

For the first test case,  $ab*c* \rightarrow ab*b* \rightarrow ab*a*$ .  
For the second test case,  $abcba$  is a palindromic string.  
For the third test case,  $abc*d* \rightarrow abc*c* \rightarrow abc*b* \rightarrow abc*a* = ab*c*a \rightarrow ab*b*a$ .