



Name - Surname _____ Grade _____ No. _____

THE BOUNTIFUL HARVEST

Exploring Relative Clauses in Agriculture

Grammar Focus: Relative Clauses

We use relative clauses to describe or give extra information about an **object**, **person**, or **place**. This allows us to combine two ideas into one sophisticated sentence, which is essential for B1 level communication.

Pronoun	Used for...	Example
who	People	Farmers who sell in local markets often earn more.
that / which	Things	Crops which grow in Turkey include citrus fruits.
where	Places	The farm where I grew up grows pomegranates.

Defining vs. Non-defining

Defining clauses give **essential** information (no commas). Non-defining clauses give **extra** information and must be surrounded by **commas**. *Example (ND): Pomegranates, which are delicious, are rich in vitamins.*

TASK 1: IDENTIFY & CLASSIFY

Underline the relative clause. Decide if it is Defining (D) or Non-Defining (ND).

1. Common foods which are grown in this country include wheat, fruit, and vegetables. _____
2. Farmers who sell in the local market always sell seasonal crops. _____
3. Crumble, which is an English dessert, is made from fruit, flour, sugar, and butter. _____
4. The area on the coast, where many farmers are based, is good for growing crops. _____
5. The food stall owners, who work in this area, must have a license. _____
6. The town where I lived as a teenager is famous for its hot and spicy food. _____

TASK 2: FILL THE GAPS

Complete the sentences with **who**, **which / that**, or **where**.

1. People _____ lived in the countryside were given a small piece of land to farm.
2. In the past, people lived _____ it was easy to grow their own food.
3. The new kinds of food _____ are popular nowadays are usually processed.
4. The food _____ we eat in my country is usually imported.
5. In hot and dry places _____ there is little rain, it is hard to grow food.
6. People living in the city, _____ are usually richer, do not eat as much fruit.

TASK 3: SENTENCE JOINING

Join the sentences using a relative clause after the subject.

1. The people mostly eat fish. They live on small islands.

2. Bottled water is more expensive than gas. It comes from other countries.

3. The dish comes from the north. It is made from rice, fish, herbs, and spices.

4. The places are in the center of the country. They eat more meat.

TASK 4: PERSONAL WRITING

THE CHALLENGE:

Write a paragraph (50-70 words) about your **favourite food**. You must include at least **two relative clauses** (e.g. “Pizza, which is Italian, is my favourite...”).

Self-Correction Radar: Two relative clauses? Correct use of commas (for ND)?
 Spelt ‘pomegranate’ correctly?



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ANSWER KEY

Task 1: 1. which... (D) | 2. who... (D) | 3. , which... (ND) | 4. , where... (ND) | 5. , who... (ND) | 6. where... (D)

Task 2: 1. who | 2. where | 3. which/that | 4. which/that | 5. where | 6. who

Task 3:

1. The people who live on small islands mostly eat fish.
2. Bottled water, which comes from other countries, is more expensive than gas.
3. The dish, which is made from rice, fish, herbs, and spices, comes from the north.
4. The places which are in the center of the country eat more meat.