

## **Agenda**

- What is ChatGPT?
- What are some applications of ChatGPT? What can it be used for?
- OpenAl, Microsoft and their role in ChatGPT
- The Golden Age of Generative AI Popular Examples
- Transformers and a High-level Understanding of ChatGPT
- Prompt Engineering
- Limitations of ChatGPT
- Beyond ChatGPT

### **ChatGPT**

ChatGPT sounds like something straight out of a **Sci-Fi movie**.

But it's no oracle - it's just a very smart Al model used as a chatbot

Think of it as your own personal genie with some wish-granting capabilities!

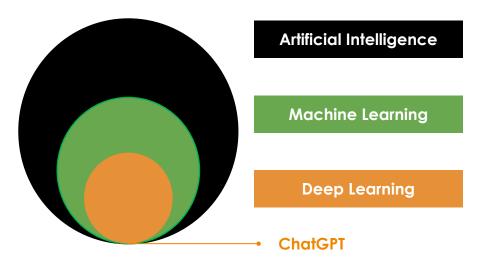
**ChatGPT** 

State of the art Language Model with billions of parameters

Developed by OpenAI, a cutting-edge AI research organization

Variant of the GPT series of models from OpenAl

### Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning



A machine that mimics human intelligence and behavior

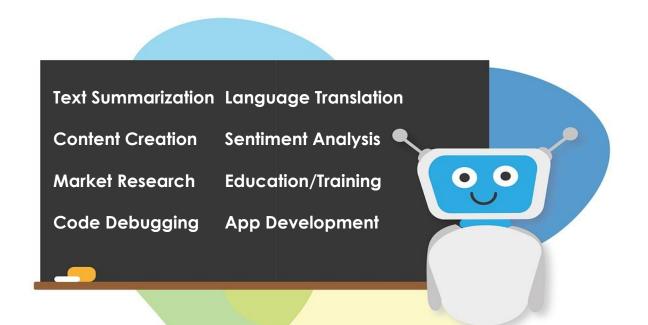
A machine that automatically learns from data with respect to a particular task and performance measure

A subset of Machine Learning that happens via algorithms inspired by the neural networks of the human brain

A state-of-the-art **Deep Learning based Chatbot** that uses a **Generative AI** and **Transformer**-based architecture

### **ChatGPT**

Applications and what can you use it for?



### **OpenAl & Microsoft**

OpenAl is a cutting-edge Al research organization that aims to **promote and develop friendly Al** in a way that benefits humanity.

OpenAl played the role of **both the developer and the trainer of the ChatGPT model**, using vast amounts of text scraped from the web.

Microsoft, on the other hand, signed a partnership with OpenAl to provide Azure supercomputing services exclusively for OpenAl to train large language models, and become OpenAl's preferred partner to commercialize new technologies.



Microsoft has hence started integrating ChatGPT-like technology into its Bing search engine, Edge browser, Azure cloud platform and will also do so for Office products for consumers worldwide.

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## **Breaking Down ChatGPT**

Chat

Conversational **Chat** interface that allows the user to ask questions and interact with the model in a to & fro manner. Conversational AI interfaces and Chatbots have been a captivating application of AI for various business use cases.

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**Generative:** A class of Deep Learning and AI models that are trained to **generate** data modalities in a manner similar to humans, such as text, images, audio or video.

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**Pre-trained:** A type of training technique used for AI models, where a model may be trained from scratch on a large initial set of data, and this "**pre-trained**" model is then further fine-tuned and customized for a different, specific task.

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**Transformer:** A new class of Deep Learning models based on the ideas of attention and self-attention. With text, Transformers understand the relationship of one word with all other words in a sentence.

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### **Generative AI**

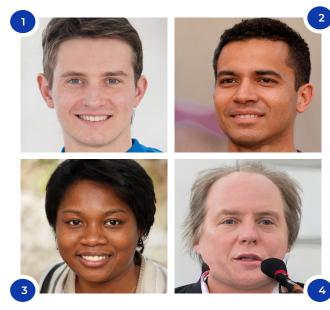
Which of these faces are real? And which of these are fake?

They're all fake!

These are all Al-generated faces, not images of real people.

The key innovation behind this technology, Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) were invented in 2014.

The field has come even further since then.



Source - this-person-does-not-exist.com

## **Generating Images from Text**

"Teddy Bears mixing sparkling chemicals as mad scientists, in a 1990s Saturday Morning Cartoon."

#### Et voilà!

The state-of-the-art in Image-related Generative AI, another OpenAI model called DALL-E 2 (2022) is capable of generating images relating to any such input prompt.

The quality of the outputs generated by these large models and the speed at which they're capable of creating them is what has fueled the rise of Generative AI.



# The Golden Age of Generative Al

Advancements in Hardware
With increased computing power available, it's possible to train ever larger and more complex Generative AI models.

#### **Improved Algorithms**

Developments in Deep Learning algorithmic research, such as **GANs**, **Stable Diffusion and Transformer-based models**, have enabled even more accurate and diverse outputs.

#### **Abundant Data**

The explosive growth of the internet and the quantity & quality of data freely available on the web have provided all the training data needed for Generative AI.



Generative AI is being used to automate a wide range of processes across industry verticals, such as synthetic protein creation, image generation, programming application only.

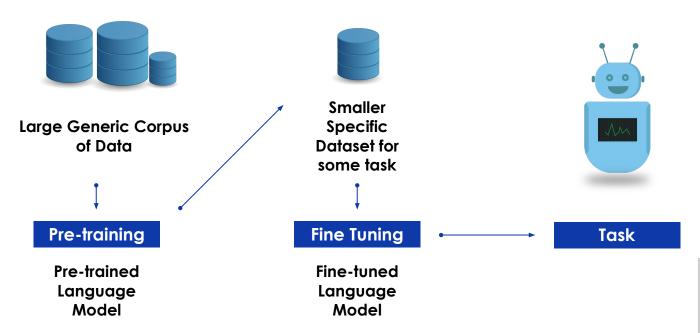
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#### **Pre-Trained models**

**Pre-training** is a technique used with models already trained on large data volumes, to "**transfer**" their knowledge to more specific tasks, which may not have the luxury of large data sets for the model to train.



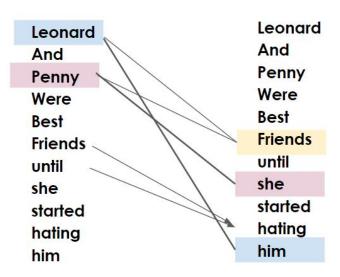
### **Transformers**

A cutting-edge **Deep Learning** model primarily used for tasks in Natural Language Processing.

Based on the idea of **self-attention**, which allows each word to compute its relationship with every other word in a sentence.

Transformers have an "Encoder" and "Decoder" portion - the "Decoder" is responsible for generating data such as text.

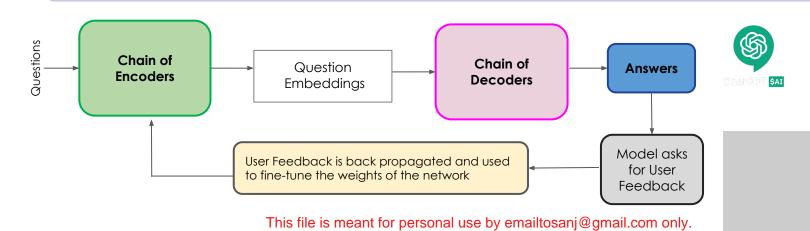
**Transformers are a key building block** in Large Language Models such as the GPT series of models from OpenAl.



## **ChatGPT: A High-Level Understanding**

**GPT 3.5, one of OpenAI's Large Language Models (LLMs)**, was trained on the entire corpus of text data present on the internet (consisting of billions of web pages).

**GPT 3.5** - the **pre-trained model**, was ultimately **fine-tuned** on a smaller Q&A dataset, to convert questions into answers. This is the base for how ChatGPT was created.



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# **Prompts and Prompt Engineering**

**Prompt Engineering** is the process of **designing and crafting prompts** for Conversational Al interfaces and Generative Al models, in order to get as close as possible to the exact output desired.

#### Some elements of a well-crafted prompt

Context

"In the context of a dating show, come up with a hilarious pick-up line."

**Task Description** 

"Give me a short story about a young boy who discovers a mysterious object in his backyard."

**Role Play** 

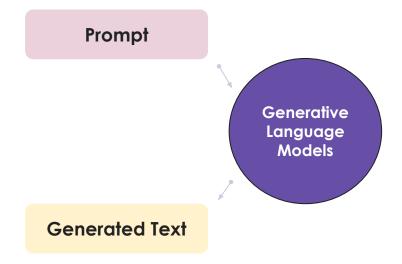
"Imagine you're a Tech Support Representative, and a customer calls to say their Wi-Fi is not working. What would

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## **Prompt Engineering**

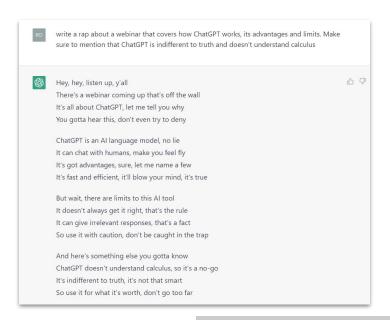
**Prompt Engineering** is the process of **designing and crafting prompts** for Conversational Al interfaces and Generative Al models, in order to get as close as possible to the exact output desired.



### So what is GPT good for?

- Code Generation for known problems
- Creative Writing
- Text Summarization
- Idea Generation

In short, you want to use ChatGPT & Generative Al for use cases where there is no right/wrong answer.



#### **Limitations of ChatGPT**

 It is indifferent to the truth. Your prompt obliges ChatGPT to complete the sequence.

 It doesn't understand math. Don't ask it to do calculus and mathematical operations.

 It needs fine-tuning to work with internal knowledge-bases. RO why is abacus computing faster than gpu computing?

As an AI language model, I do not have personal opinions, but I can provide information based on research and facts.

The abacus is a mechanical device that performs simple arithmetic operations by moving beads along rods. It is a precursor to modern computers, and it is still used in some parts of the world today. Abacus computing is faster than GPU computing for simple arithmetic operations because it is designed specifically for that purpose. It can perform calculations quickly and accurately, but it is limited in its functionality.

On the other hand, GPUs (graphics processing units) are designed to handle complex graphics rendering and parallel processing tasks. They are used in many fields, including machine learning and scientific computing. GPUs are faster than CPUs (central processing units) for certain tasks because they have many processing cores that can work in parallel.

In conclusion, the speed of computing depends on the type of task being performed and the hardware and software used. Abacus computing is faster than GPU computing for simple arithmetic operations, but GPUs are faster for complex parallel processing tasks.

It is computationally expensive to the contents in part or full is liable for legal action.

# **Beyond ChatGPT**

- **Even bigger models**, such as GPT-4, trained on larger chunks of text and other data modalities like audio, images and video, which are also abundant
- **Specialized versions** fine-tuned on internal knowledge bases (ex: product documentation, internal Wiki pages, medical publications etc.)
- Integration of ChatGPT-like models into an increasing number of applications across a wide range of fields and industries
- ChatGPT rivals from other big technology firms

## **Summary**

#### A quick recap:

- ChatGPT is a large language model developed by OpenAI and it can generate human-like text in response to a given prompt or question.
- ChatGPT has been trained on a vast amount of data, including text from the internet and books, to improve its ability to understand and respond to natural language.
- Generative AI has the potential to revolutionize various fields such as language, image and music generation, and is an area of growing interest and research.
- We got an overview of Language models, Transformers and Prompt Engineering.



**Happy Learning!** 

