## STAT 6104 ASSIGNMENT 1 ANSWER

- 1.  $\hat{T}_t = \sum_{r=-1}^1 a_r T_{t+r} = \alpha + \beta t^2 + \frac{2}{3}\beta \neq T_t$ The quadratic trend  $T_t$  does not pass through the moving average filter.
- 2. (a)  $E[Z_t] = 8 + 4t$   $Cov(Z_t, Z_{t+k}) = 4Cov(X_t, X_{t+k}) = 4\gamma_k$ 
  - (b)  $\{Z_t\}$  is not stationary because the mean is not constant.
  - (c)  $\Delta Z_t = 4 + 2(X_t X_{t-1})$   $E[\Delta Z_t] = 4$  $Cov(\Delta Z_t, \Delta Z_{t+k}) = 4(2\gamma_k - \gamma_{k+1} - \gamma_{k-1})$
  - (d)  $\{\Delta Z_t\}$  is stationary because the mean is constant and the autocovariance only depends on time lag.
- 3. (a)  $E[Z_t] = 0$   $Cov(Z_t, Z_t) = \frac{1}{3}\sigma^2$   $Cov(Z_t, Z_{t+k}) = \frac{1}{9}\sigma^2, \ k = 1, 2, 3$   $Cov(Z_t, Z_{t+k}) = 0, \ k \ge 4$   $\{Z_t\}$  is stationary because the mean is constant and the autocovariance only depends on time lag.
  - (b)  $\rho_0 = 1$   $\rho_k = \frac{1}{3}, \ k = 1, 2, 3$  $\rho_k = 0, \ k \ge 4$
  - (c)  $Var(\frac{1}{5}\sum_{t=1}^{5} Z_t) = \frac{1}{25}(5\gamma_0 + 8\gamma_1 + 6\gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 2\gamma_4) = \frac{11}{75}\sigma^2$
- 4. (a)  $\mu = 0.2\mu => \mu = 0$ 
  - (b)  $\gamma_0 = 0.04\gamma_0 + \sigma^2 => \gamma_0 = \frac{\sigma^2}{0.96}$
  - (c)  $\gamma_k = 0.2\gamma_{k-1}, k = 1, 2, 3, ...$ =>  $\gamma_k = \frac{\sigma^2}{0.96} * 0.2^k, k = 1, 2, 3, ...$
- 5. (a) t = 1,  $Z_1 = 0.2^0 a_1 = a_1$  t > 1, suppose  $Z_{t-1} = \sum_{k=0}^{t-2} 0.2^k a_{t-k-1}$ then  $Z_t = 0.2 Z_{t-1} + a_t = \sum_{k=0}^{t-2} 0.2^{k+1} a_{t-k-1} + a_t$   $= \sum_{k=1}^{t-1} 0.2^k a_{t-k} + a_t = \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} 0.2^k a_{t-k}$ By mathematical induction,  $Z_t = \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} 0.2^k a_{t-k}$ 
  - (b)  $E[Z_t] = E[\sum_{k=0}^{t-1} 0.2^k a_{t-k}] = 0$  $Var(Z_t) = Var(\sum_{k=0}^{t-1} 0.2^k a_{t-k}) = \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} 0.04^k \sigma^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{0.96} (1 - 0.04^t)$

(c) 
$$Cov(Z_t, Z_{t-k}) = Cov(\sum_{i=0}^{t-1} 0.2^i a_{t-i}, \sum_{j=0}^{t-k-1} 0.2^j a_{t-k-j})$$
  
 $= Cov(\sum_{i=0}^{t-1} 0.2^i a_{t-i}, \sum_{j=k}^{t-1} 0.2^{j-k} a_{t-j})$   
 $= Cov(\sum_{i=k}^{t-1} 0.2^i a_{t-i}, \sum_{j=k}^{t-1} 0.2^{j-k} a_{t-j})$   
 $= \sum_{i=k}^{t-1} 0.2^{2i-k} \sigma^2 = \sum_{i=0}^{t-k-1} 0.2^{2i+k} \sigma^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{0.96} (0.2^k - 0.2^{2t-k})$