Working with dates using lubridate

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Date Formats

Think of how many different formats you know of to format a date:

- 2023 07 06
- Wed, Jun 7, 2023
- 07-06-23
- 06-07-23 14:55 ET
- 06/07/2023 2:55pm

Yikes!

Date, Time, and Datetime

Date/time data are data that conveys information about, you guessed it, date and/or time! There are three relevant data types when we talk about date/time data:

- 1. Date only has the date (e.g. 2020-05-15)
- 2. Time only has the time (e.g. 20:45:00)
- 3. Datetime has both the date and time (e.g. 2020-05-15 20:45:00)

Lubridate



Figure 1: Artwork by @allisonhorst

```
#LOAD PACKAGES
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
```

Standard Date Format

The ymd() function transforms data in all kinds of different formats into a standardized date format displaying year, then month, then day.

```
ymd("06 02 04")

[1] "2006-02-04"

ymd("06/02/04")

[1] "2006-02-04"

ymd("20060204") # works as well
```

```
[1] "2006-02-04"
  ymd("2006 2 4")
[1] "2006-02-04"
  ymd(060204) # works with numbers
[1] "2006-02-04"
mdy() (month day year) and dmy() (day month year) formats also exist.
  ymd_hms("2020-04-01 10:30:13")
[1] "2020-04-01 10:30:13 UTC"
  ymd_hm("2020/04/01 10.30")
[1] "2020-04-01 10:30:00 UTC"
```

Solar Data

Shoal Marine Lab (SML) is a remote field station located on Appledore Island, Maine jointly operated by Cornell University and the University of New Hampshire. The island is powered primarily by solar power.

```
#read in Data
power <- read.csv("data/power.csv")</pre>
```

What format is the date in?



Warning

What happens if we try to make a line plot with the date in this format?

```
power %>%
   ggplot(aes(x=Date, y=power_kW)) +
   geom_line()

10-

MY
lewood 5-

Date

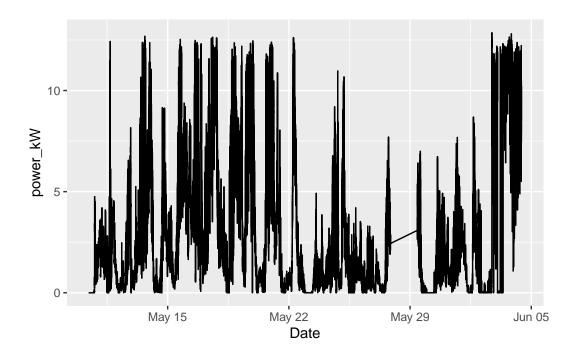
Yikes!
```

We need to put it in standardized date format first:

```
power <- power %>%
  mutate(Date = mdy_hm(Date))
```

Standardized Format helps us to create time series plots very easily!

```
power %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Date, y=power_kW)) +
  geom_line()
```



Picking out information



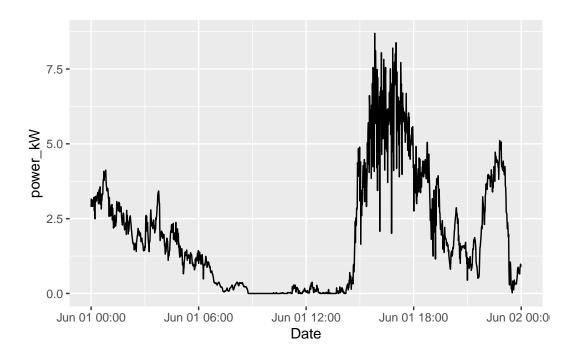
Figure 2: Artwork by @allisonhorst

Sometimes we need to pick out year, month, date so we can filter, sort, etc.

```
power <- power %>%
  mutate(Year = year(Date)) %>%
  mutate(Month = month(Date)) %>%
  mutate(Day = day(Date))
```

Suppose we only want the time series plot for June 1:

```
power %>%
  filter(Month == "6") %>%
  filter(Day == "1") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Date, y=power_kW)) +
  geom_line()
```



Portal Data

The Portal Project is a long-term ecological study being conducted near Portal, AZ. Since 1977, the site has been used to study the interactions among rodents, ants and plants and their respective responses to climate.

```
#LOAD DATA
portal_rodent <- read.csv("https://github.com/weecology/PortalData/raw/main/Rodents/Portal
```

Unfortunately, because the information about datetime is divided up into different columns, R does not recognize it as date/time data. What we need to do is combine and convert all of these columns into datetime. To do this, we can use the function make_datetime()

```
portal_rodent <- portal_rodent %>%
  mutate(datetime = make_datetime(year, month, day))
```