



You are asked to write a **vehicle rental system** for a rental agency, which rents out different types of vehicles: **Cars, Motorcycles, and Trucks**.

The system should manage **vehicles, customers, and rental transactions**. Each type of vehicle has its own rules for calculating rental costs as follows:

- **Car:**  $\text{rentalRate} \times \text{days}$  fName: customer's firstname.
- 
- If days > 7 → apply **10% discount**.
- **Motorcycle:**  $\text{rentalRate} \times \text{days}$ 
  - Promotion: **first day free** if rented more than 1 day.
- **Truck:**  $\text{rentalRate} \times \text{days} + \text{surcharge} \times \text{days}$ 
  - Surcharge = \$20/day if load capacity  $\leq 3$  tons, otherwise \$50/day.

The rental agency should be able to rent vehicles to customers, calculate rental costs, and track returns.

**Here is a description of the classes:**

1. **Vehicle (Abstract Class)** Serves as the parent class for all vehicles in the agency.
  - **Attributes:**
    - licensePlate: unique identifier for the vehicle.
    - brand: the vehicle brand (e.g., Toyota, Honda).
    - rentalRate: daily rental rate.
    - available: indicates if the vehicle is available for rent.
  - **Methods:**
    - Getters and setters for attributes.
    - isAvailable() and setAvailable(boolean status).
    - calculateRentalCost(int days): double (abstract) → to be implemented by subclasses with their specific cost rules.
2. **Car (Subclass of Vehicle)** Represents a car available for rent.
  - **Attributes:**
    - seats: number of seats in the car.
    - fuelType: type of fuel (e.g., petrol, diesel, electric).



- **Methods:**

- Overrides calculateRentalCost(int days)
  - Base cost = rentalRate × days.
  - If days > 7 → apply **10% discount**.

3. **Motorcycle (Subclass of Vehicle)** Represents a motorcycle available for rent.

- **Attributes:**

- engineCC: engine size (e.g., 150, 600).

- **Methods:**

- Overrides calculateRentalCost(int days)
  - Base cost = rentalRate × days.
  - Promotion: **first day is free** if rented for more than 1 day.

4. **Truck (Subclass of Vehicle)** Represents a truck available for rent.

- **Attributes:**

- loadCapacity: maximum load capacity in tons.

- **Methods:**

- Overrides calculateRentalCost(int days) →
  - Base cost = rentalRate × days.
  - Add a surcharge per day:
    - ≤ 3 tons → +\$20/day.
    - 3 tons → +\$50/day.
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5. **Customer** Stores information about a customer who rents vehicles

- **Attributes:**

- fName: customer's first name.
- lName: customer's last name.
- driverLicenseNumber: customer's license number.

- **Methods:**

- Getters and setters for attributes.
- getFullName()



**6. Rental** represents a rental transaction between a customer and a vehicle.

- **Attributes:**

- customer: Customer who rented the vehicle.
- vehicle: Vehicle which vehicle is rented.
- days: rental duration.
- active: rental status (active or completed).

- **Methods:**

- startRental() marks the rental as active and vehicle unavailable.
- endRental() marks the rental as completed and vehicle available.
- getTotalCost() calls the vehicle's calculateRentalCost(days) to compute total rental cost.

**7. RentalAgency** manages all vehicles, customers, and rental transactions in the system.

- **Attributes:**

- vehicles: ArrayList<Vehicle> all vehicles in the agency.
- customers: ArrayList<Customer> all customers registered.
- rentals: ArrayList<Rental> all rental transactions.

- **Methods:**

- addVehicle(Vehicle v) add a vehicle to the fleet.
- addCustomer(Customer c) add a customer.
- rentVehicle(Customer c, Vehicle v, int days) → create a rental if available.
- returnVehicle(Rental r) → complete a rental and return the vehicle.

**8. Rentable (Interface)** defines the basic operations that all rentable vehicles must implement.

- **Methods:**

- rent(): Marks the vehicle as rented (sets availability to false).
- returnVehicle(): Marks the vehicle as returned (sets availability to true).

**1. Write the required code of your classes and interfaces.**



- Implement all abstract methods in the Vehicle class, especially calculateRentalCost(int days), which must be overridden in Car, Motorcycle, and Truck.
- Ensure the Rentable interface methods (rent(), returnVehicle()) are implemented by all vehicles.

2. **Create a tester class** in which:

- Create some customer objects and add them to the agency.
- Create several vehicle objects (cars, motorcycles, trucks) and add them to the agency.
- Create an ArrayList<Rental> and populate it with rentals for customers.
- For each rental, specify the number of days and confirm the cost is computed correctly using the rules for each subclass.
- Loop through the array list and print out the total cost of each rental.

3. **Write a method named maxRentalCost()** that receives an ArrayList<Rental> and returns the rental with the **maximum total cost**.

- Invoke the method and print out the **name of the customer** and the **vehicle details** for that rental.

```
public static Rental maxRentalCost(ArrayList<Rental> rentals)
```

### Deliverables

To turn in the final project, please submit a compressed file containing:

- Your project folder named with your name.
- A file that contains **screenshots of sample runs** of the project.