

## HTML QUOTATIONS AND CITATIONS ELEMENTS

### HTML <blockquote> for Quotations

The HTML <blockquote> element defines a section that is quoted from another source.

Browsers usually indent <blockquote> elements.

### HTML <q> for short quotations

The HTML <q> tag defines a short quotation

Browsers normally insert quotation marks around the quotation

### HTML <abbr> for Abbreviations

The HTML <abbr> tag defines an abbreviation or an acronym, like “HTML”, “CSS”, “Mr.”, “ASAP”, “ATM”

Marking abbreviations can give useful information to browsers, translation systems and search-engines

Use the global title attribute to show the description for the abbreviation/acronym when you mouse over the element.

### HTML <address> for contact information

The HTML <address> tag defines the contact information for the author /owner of a document or an article.

The contact information can be an email address, URL, physical address, phone number, social media handle, etc.’

The text in the <address> element usually renders in italic and browsers will always add a line break before and after the <address> element.

## Example

<address>

Written by John Doe. <br>

Visit us at: <br>

Example.com<br>

Box 564, Disneyland<br>

USA

</address>

## HTML <cite> for Work Title

The HTML <cite> tag defines the title of a creative work. (e.g., a book, a poem, a song, a movie, a painting, a sculpture, etc.)

Note: A person's name is not the title of a work

The text in the <cite> element usually renders in italic.

HTML <bdo> for Bi-Directional Override

BDO stands for Bi-Directional Override

The HTML <bdo> tag is used to override the current text direction.

## HTML QUOTATIONS AND CITATION ELEMENTS

<u>TAG</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
<abbr>	Defined an abbreviation or acronym
<address>	Defines contact information for the author/owner of a document
<bdo>	Defines the text direction
<blockquote>	Defines a section that is quoted from another source
<cite>	Defines the title of a work
<q>	Defines a short inline quotation