



OVP Guide to Using Processor Models

Model specific information for Andes_NX25

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Chapter 1

Overview

This document provides the details of an OVP Fast Processor Model variant.

OVP Fast Processor Models are written in C and provide a C API for use in C based platforms. The models also provide a native interface for use in SystemC TLM2 platforms.

The models are written using the OVP VMI API that provides a Virtual Machine Interface that defines the behavior of the processor. The VMI API makes a clear line between model and simulator allowing very good optimization and world class high speed performance. Most models are provided as a binary shared object and also as source. This allows the download and use of the model binary or the use of the source to explore and modify the model.

The models are run through an extensive QA and regression testing process and most model families are validated using technology provided by the processor IP owners. There is a companion document (OVP Guide to Using Processor Models) which explains the general concepts of OVP Fast Processor Models and their use. It is downloadable from the OVPworld website documentation pages.

1.1 Description

RISC-V NX25 64-bit processor model

1.2 Licensing

This Model is released under the Open Source Apache 2.0

1.3 Extensions

1.3.1 Extensions Enabled by Default

The model has the following architectural extensions enabled, and the corresponding bits in the misa CSR Extensions field will be set upon reset:

misa bit 0: extension A (atomic instructions)

misa bit 2: extension C (compressed instructions)

misa bit 8: RV32I/RV64I/RV128I base integer instruction set

misa bit 12: extension M (integer multiply/divide instructions)

misa bit 20: extension U (User mode)

misa bit 23: extension X (non-standard extensions present)

To specify features that can be dynamically enabled or disabled by writes to the misa register in addition to those listed above, use parameter “add_Extensions_mask”. This is a string parameter containing the feature letters to add; for example, value “DV” indicates that double-precision floating point and the Vector Extension can be enabled or disabled by writes to the misa register, if supported on this variant. Parameter “sub_Extensions_mask” can be used to disable dynamic update of features in the same way.

Legacy parameter “misa_Extensions_mask” can also be used. This Uns32-valued parameter specifies all writable bits in the misa Extensions field, replacing any permitted bits defined in the base variant.

Note that any features that are indicated as present in the misa mask but absent in the misa will be ignored. See the next section.

1.3.2 Enabling Other Extensions

The following extensions are supported by the model, but not enabled by default in this variant:

misa bit 1: extension B (bit manipulation extension)

misa bit 3: extension D (double-precision floating point)

misa bit 4: RV32E base integer instruction set (embedded)

misa bit 5: extension F (single-precision floating point)

misa bit 7: extension H (hypervisor)

misa bit 10: extension K (cryptographic)

misa bit 13: extension N (user-level interrupts)

misa bit 15: extension P (DSP instructions)

misa bit 18: extension S (Supervisor mode)

misa bit 21: extension V (vector extension)

To add features from this list to the visible set in the misa register, use parameter “add_Extensions”. This is a string containing identification letters of features to enable; for example, value “DV” indicates that double-precision floating point and the Vector Extension should be enabled, if they are currently absent and are available on this variant.

Legacy parameter “misa_Extensions” can also be used. This Uns32-valued parameter specifies the reset value for the misa CSR Extensions field, replacing any permitted bits defined in the base variant.

To add features from this list to the implicitly-enabled set (not visible in the misa register), use parameter “add_implicit_Extensions”. This is a string parameter in the same format as the “add_Extensions” parameter described above.

1.3.3 Disabling Extensions

The following extensions are enabled by default in the model and can be disabled:

misa bit 0: extension A (atomic instructions)

misa bit 2: extension C (compressed instructions)

misa bit 12: extension M (integer multiply/divide instructions)

misa bit 20: extension U (User mode)

misa bit 23: extension X (non-standard extensions present)

To disable features that are enabled by default, use parameter “sub_Extensions”. This is a string containing identification letters of features to disable; for example, value “DF” indicates that double-precision and single-precision floating point extensions should be disabled, if they are enabled by default on this variant.

To remove features from this list from the implicitly-enabled set (not visible in the misa register), use parameter “sub_implicit_Extensions”. This is a string parameter in the same format as the “sub_Extensions” parameter described above.

1.4 General Features

1.4.1 mtvec CSR

On this variant, the Machine trap-vector base-address register (mtvec) is writable. It can instead be configured as read-only using parameter “mtvec_is_ro”.

Values written to “mtvec” are masked using the value 0xffffffffffffc. A different mask of writable bits may be specified using parameter “mtvec_mask” if required. In addition, when Vectored interrupt mode is enabled, parameter “tvec_align” may be used to specify additional hardware-enforced base address alignment. In this variant, “tvec_align” defaults to 0, implying no alignment constraint.

If parameter “mtvec_sext” is True, values written to “mtvec” are sign-extended from the most-significant writable bit. In this variant, “mtvec_sext” is False, indicating that “mtvec” is not

sign-extended.

The initial value of “mtvec” is 0x0. A different value may be specified using parameter “mtvec” if required.

1.4.2 Reset

On reset, the model will restart at address 0x0. A different reset address may be specified using parameter “reset_address” or applied using optional input port “reset_addr” if required.

1.4.3 NMI

On an NMI, the model will restart at address 0x0; a different NMI address may be specified using parameter “nmi_address” or applied using optional input port “nmi_addr” if required. The cause reported on an NMI is 0x0 by default; a different cause may be specified using parameter “ecode_nmi” or applied using optional input port “nmi_cause” if required.

If parameter “rnmi_version” is not “none”, resumable NMIs are supported, managed by additional CSRs “mnscratch”, “mnepc”, “mncause” and “mnstatus”, following the indicated version of the Resumable NMI extension proposal. In this variant, “rnmi_version” is “none”.

1.4.4 WFI

WFI will halt the processor until an interrupt occurs. It can instead be configured as a NOP using parameter “wfi_is_nop”. WFI timeout wait is implemented with a time limit of 0 (i.e. WFI causes an Illegal Instruction trap in Supervisor mode when mstatus.TW=1).

1.4.5 cycle CSR

The “cycle” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “cycle_undefined” to True to instead specify that “cycle” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.6 time CSR

The “time” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “time_undefined” to True to instead specify that “time” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps. Usually, the value of the “time” CSR should be provided by the platform - see notes below about the artifact “CSR” bus for information about how this is done.

1.4.7 instret CSR

The “instret” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “instret_undefined” to True to instead specify that “instret” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.8 hpmcounter CSRs

“hpmcounter” CSRs are implemented in this variant. Set parameter “hpmcounter_undefined” to True to instead specify that “hpmcounter” CSRs are unimplemented and reads of them should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.9 Unaligned Accesses

Unaligned memory accesses are supported by this variant. Set parameter “unaligned” to “F” to disable such accesses.

Unaligned memory accesses are not supported for AMO instructions by this variant. Set parameter “unalignedAMO” to “T” to enable such accesses.

1.4.10 PMP

A PMP unit is not implemented by this variant. Set parameter “PMP_registers” to indicate that the unit should be implemented with that number of PMP entries.

1.4.11 LR/SC Granule

LR/SC instructions are implemented with a 1-byte reservation granule. A different granule size may be specified using parameter “lr_sc_grain”.

1.5 Compressed Extension

Standard compressed instructions are present in this variant.

Parameter Zcea_version is used to specify the version of Zcea instructions present. By default, Zcea_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

Parameter Zceb_version is used to specify the version of Zceb instructions present. By default, Zceb_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

Parameter Zcee_version is used to specify the version of Zcee instructions present. By default, Zcee_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

1.6 Privileged Architecture

This variant implements the Privileged Architecture with version specified in the References section of this document. Note that parameter “priv_version” can be used to select the required architecture

version; see the following sections for detailed information about differences between each supported version.

1.6.1 Legacy Version 1.10

1.10 version of May 7 2017.

1.6.2 Version 20190608

Stable 1.11 version of June 8 2019, with these changes compared to version 1.10:

- mcountinhibit CSR defined;
- pages are never executable in Supervisor mode if page table entry U bit is 1;
- mstatus.TW is writable if any lower-level privilege mode is implemented (previously, it was just if Supervisor mode was implemented);

1.6.3 Version master

Unstable master version corresponding to evolving 1.12 specification, with these changes compared to version 20190608:

- mstatush, mseccfg, mseccfgh, menvcfg, menvcfgh, senvcfg, henvcfg, henvcfgh and mconfigptr CSRs defined;
- xret instructions clear mstatus.MPRV when leaving Machine mode if new mode is less privileged than M-mode;
- maximum number of PMP registers increased to 64;
- data endian is now configurable.

1.7 Unprivileged Architecture

This variant implements the Unprivileged Architecture with version specified in the References section of this document. Note that parameter “user_version” can be used to select the required architecture version; see the following sections for detailed information about differences between each supported version.

1.7.1 Legacy Version 2.2

2.2 version of May 7 2017.

1.7.2 Version 20191213

Stable 20191213-Base-Ratified version of December 13 2019, with these changes compared to version 2.2:

- floating point fmin/fmax instruction behavior modified to comply with IEEE 754-201x.
- numerous other optional behaviors can be separately enabled using Z-prefixed parameters.

1.8 Other Extensions

Other extensions that can be configured are described in this section.

1.8.1 Zmmul

Parameter “Zmmul” is 0 on this variant, meaning that all multiply and divide instructions are implemented. if “Zmmul” is set to 1 then multiply instructions are implemented but divide and remainder instructions are not implemented.

1.8.2 Zicsr

Parameter “Zicsr” is 1 on this variant, meaning that standard CSRs and CSR access instructions are implemented. if “Zicsr” is set to 0 then standard CSRs and CSR access instructions are not implemented and an alternative scheme must be provided as a processor extension.

1.8.3 Zifencei

Parameter “Zifencei” is 1 on this variant, meaning that the fence.i instruction is implemented (but treated as a NOP by the model). if “Zifencei” is set to 0 then the fence.i instruction is not implemented.

1.8.4 Zicbom

Parameter “Zicbom” is 0 on this variant, meaning that code block management instructions are undefined. if “Zicbom” is set to 1 then code block management instructions cbo.clean, cbo.flush and cbo.inval are defined.

If Zicbom is present, the cache block size is given by parameter “cmomp.bytes”. The instructions may cause traps if used illegally but otherwise are NOPs in this model.

1.8.5 Zicbop

Parameter “Zicbop” is 0 on this variant, meaning that prefetch instructions are undefined. if “Zicbop” is set to 1 then prefetch instructions prefetch.i, prefetch.r and prefetch.w are defined (but

behave as NOPs in this model).

1.8.6 Zicboz

Parameter “Zicboz” is 0 on this variant, meaning that the cbo.zero instruction is undefined. if “Zicboz” is set to 1 then the cbo.zero instruction is defined.

If Zicboz is present, the cache block size is given by parameter “cmoz_bytes”.

1.9 CLIC

The model can be configured to implement a Core Local Interrupt Controller (CLIC) using parameter “CLICLEVELS”; when non-zero, the CLIC is present with the specified number of interrupt levels (2-256), as described in the RISC-V Core-Local Interrupt Controller specification, and further parameters are made available to configure other aspects of the CLIC. “CLICLEVELS” is zero in this variant, indicating that a CLIC is not implemented.

1.10 Load-Reserved/Store-Conditional Locking

By default, LR/SC locking is implemented automatically by the model and simulator, with a reservation granule defined by the “lr_sc_grain” parameter. It is also possible to implement locking externally to the model in a platform component, using the “LR_address”, “SC_address” and “SC_valid” net ports, as described below.

The “LR_address” output net port is written by the model with the address used by a load-reserved instruction as it executes. This port should be connected as an input to the external lock management component, which should record the address, and also that an LR/SC transaction is active.

The “SC_address” output net port is written by the model with the address used by a store-conditional instruction as it executes. This should be connected as an input to the external lock management component, which should compare the address with the previously-recorded load-reserved address, and determine from this (and other implementation-specific constraints) whether the store should succeed. It should then immediately write the Boolean success/fail code to the “SC_valid” input net port of the model. Finally, it should update state to indicate that an LR/SC transaction is no longer active.

It is also possible to write zero to the “SC_valid” input net port at any time outside the context of a store-conditional instruction, which will mark any active LR/SC transaction as invalid.

Irrespective of whether LR/SC locking is implemented internally or externally, taking any exception or interrupt or executing exception-return instructions (e.g. MRET) will always mark any active LR/SC transaction as invalid.

1.11 Active Atomic Operation Indication

The “AMO_active” output net port is written by the model with a code indicating any current atomic memory operation while the instruction is active. The written codes are:

0: no atomic instruction active

1: AMOMIN active

2: AMOMAX active

3: AMOMINU active

4: AMOMAXU active

5: AMOADD active

6: AMOXOR active

7: AMOOR active

8: AMOAND active

9: AMOSWAP active

10: LR active

11: SC active

1.12 Interrupts

The “reset” port is an active-high reset input. The processor is halted when “reset” goes high and resumes execution from the reset address specified using the “reset_address” parameter or “reset_addr” port when the signal goes low. The “mcause” register is cleared to zero.

The “nmi” port is an active-high NMI input. The processor resumes execution from the address specified using the “nmi_address” parameter or “nmi_addr” port when the NMI signal goes high. The “mcause” register is cleared to zero.

All other interrupt ports are active high. For each implemented privileged execution level, there are by default input ports for software interrupt, timer interrupt and external interrupt; for example, for Machine mode, these are called “MSWInterrupt”, “MTimerInterrupt” and “MExternalInterrupt”, respectively. When the N extension is implemented, ports are also present for User mode. Parameter “unimp_int_mask” allows the default behavior to be changed to exclude certain interrupt ports. The parameter value is a mask in the same format as the “mip” CSR; any interrupt corresponding to a non-zero bit in this mask will be removed from the processor and read as zero in “mip”, “mie” and “mideleg” CSRs (and Supervisor and User mode equivalents if implemented).

Parameter “external_int_id” can be used to enable extra interrupt ID input ports on each hart. If the parameter is True then when an external interrupt is applied the value on the ID port is sampled and used to fill the Exception Code field in the “mcause” CSR (or the equivalent CSR for other execution levels). For Machine mode, the extra interrupt ID port is called “MExternalInterruptID”.

The “deferint” port is an active-high artifact input that, when written to 1, prevents any pending-

and-enabled interrupt being taken (normally, such an interrupt would be taken on the next instruction after it becomes pending-and-enabled). The purpose of this signal is to enable alignment with hardware models in step-and-compare usage.

1.13 Debug Mode

The model can be configured to implement Debug mode using parameter “debug_mode”. This implements features described in Chapter 4 of the RISC-V External Debug Support specification with version specified by parameter “debug_version” (see References). Some aspects of this mode are not defined in the specification because they are implementation-specific; the model provides infrastructure to allow implementation of a Debug Module using a custom harness. Features added are described below.

Parameter “debug_mode” can be used to specify three different behaviors, as follows:

1. If set to value “vector”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor jumping to the address specified by the “debug_address” parameter. It will execute at this address, in Debug mode, until a “dret” instruction causes return to non-Debug mode. Any exception generated during this execution will cause a jump to the address specified by the “dexc_address” parameter.
2. If set to value “interrupt”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor simulation call (e.g. `opProcessorSimulate`) returning, with a stop reason of `OP_SR_INTERRUPT`. In this usage scenario, the Debug Module is implemented in the simulation harness.
3. If set to value “halt”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor halting. Depending on the simulation environment, this might cause a return from the simulation call with a stop reason of `OP_SR_HALT`, or debug mode might be implemented by another platform component which then restarts the debugged processor again.

1.13.1 Debug State Entry

The specification does not define how Debug mode is implemented. In this model, Debug mode is enabled by a Boolean pseudo-register, “DM”. When “DM” is True, the processor is in Debug mode. When “DM” is False, mode is defined by “mstatus” in the usual way.

Entry to Debug mode can be performed in any of these ways:

1. By writing True to register “DM” (e.g. using `opProcessorRegWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`), dcsr.cause will be reported as trigger;
2. By writing a 1 then 0 to net “haltreq” (using `opNetWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
3. By writing a 1 to net “resethaltreq” (using `opNetWrite`) while the “reset” signal undergoes a negedge transition, followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
4. By executing an “ebreak” instruction when Debug mode entry for the current processor mode is enabled by `dcsr.ebreakm`, `dcsr.ebreaks` or `dcsr.ebreaku`.

In all cases, the processor will save required state in “dpc” and “dcsr” and then perform actions described above, depending in the value of the “debug_mode” parameter.

1.13.2 Debug State Exit

Exit from Debug mode can be performed in any of these ways:

1. By writing False to register “DM” (e.g. using `opProcessorRegWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
2. By executing an “dret” instruction when Debug mode.

In both cases, the processor will perform the steps described in section 4.6 (Resume) of the Debug specification.

1.13.3 Debug Registers

When Debug mode is enabled, registers “dcsr”, “dpc”, “dscratch0” and “dscratch1” are implemented as described in the specification. These may be manipulated externally by a Debug Module using `opProcessorRegRead` or `opProcessorRegWrite`; for example, the Debug Module could write “dcsr” to enable “ebreak” instruction behavior as described above, or read and write “dpc” to emulate stepping over an “ebreak” instruction prior to resumption from Debug mode.

1.13.4 Debug Mode Execution

The specification allows execution of code fragments in Debug mode. A Debug Module implementation can cause execution in Debug mode by the following steps:

1. Write the address of a Program Buffer to the program counter using `opProcessorPCSet`;
2. If “debug_mode” is set to “halt”, write 0 to pseudo-register “DMStall” (to leave halted state);
3. If entry to Debug mode was handled by exiting the simulation callback, call `opProcessorSimulate` or `opRootModuleSimulate` to resume simulation.

Debug mode will be re-entered in these cases:

1. By execution of an “ebreak” instruction; or:
2. By execution of an instruction that causes an exception.

In both cases, the processor will either jump to the debug exception address, or return control immediately to the harness, with `stopReason` of `OP_SR_INTERRUPT`, or perform a halt, depending on the value of the “debug_mode” parameter.

1.13.5 Debug Single Step

When in Debug mode, the processor or harness can cause a single instruction to be executed on return from that mode by setting `dcsr.step`. After one non-Debug-mode instruction has been

executed, control will be returned to the harness. The processor will remain in single-step mode until `dcsr.step` is cleared.

1.13.6 Debug Ports

Port “DM” is an output signal that indicates whether the processor is in Debug mode

Port “haltreq” is a rising-edge-triggered signal that triggers entry to Debug mode (see above).

Port “resethaltreq” is a level-sensitive signal that triggers entry to Debug mode after reset (see above).

1.14 Trigger Module

This model is configured with a trigger module, implementing a subset of the behavior described in Chapter 5 of the RISC-V External Debug Support specification with version specified by parameter “debug_version” (see References).

1.14.1 Trigger Module Restrictions

The model currently supports `tdata1` of type 0, type 2 (`mcontrol`), type 3 (`icount`), type 4 (`itrigger`), type 5 (`etrigger`) and type 6 (`mcontrol6`). `icount` triggers are implemented for a single instruction only, with count hard-wired to 1 and automatic zeroing of mode bits when the trigger fires.

1.14.2 Trigger Module Parameters

Parameter “trigger_num” is used to specify the number of implemented triggers. In this variant, “trigger_num” is 4.

Parameter “tinfo” is used to specify the value of the read-only “tinfo” register, which indicates the trigger types supported. In this variant, “tinfo” is 0x3d.

Parameter “tinfo_undefined” is used to specify whether the “tinfo” register is undefined, in which case reads of it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “tinfo_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “tcontrol_undefined” is used to specify whether the “tcontrol” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “tcontrol_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “mcontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “mcontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “mcontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “scontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “scontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “scontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “amo_trigger” is used to specify whether load/store triggers are activated for AMO instructions. In this variant, “amo_trigger” is 0.

Parameter “no_hit” is used to specify whether the “hit” bit in `tdata1` is unimplemented. In this variant, “no_hit” is 0.

Parameter “mcontext_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “mcontext” register. In this variant, “mcontext_bits” is 13.

Parameter “mvalue_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “mvalue” field in “extra32”/“extra64” registers; if zero, the “mselect” field is tied to zero. In this variant, “mvalue_bits” is 13.

Parameter “mcontrol_maskmax” is used to specify the value of field “maskmax” in the “mcontrol” register. In this variant, “mcontrol_maskmax” is 63.

1.15 Debug Mask

It is possible to enable model debug messages in various categories. This can be done statically using the “override_debugMask” parameter, or dynamically using the “debugflags” command. Enabled messages are specified using a bitmask value, as follows:

Value 0x002: enable debugging of PMP and virtual memory state;

Value 0x004: enable debugging of interrupt state.

All other bits in the debug bitmask are reserved and must not be set to non-zero values.

1.16 Integration Support

This model implements a number of non-architectural pseudo-registers and other features to facilitate integration.

1.16.1 CSR Register External Implementation

If parameter “enable_CSR_bus” is True, an artifact 16-bit bus “CSR” is enabled. Slave callbacks installed on this bus can be used to implement modified CSR behavior (use opBusSlaveNew or icmMapExternalMemory, depending on the client API). A CSR with index 0xABC is mapped on the bus at address 0xABC0; as a concrete example, implementing CSR “time” (number 0xC01) externally requires installation of callbacks at address 0xC010 on the CSR bus.

1.16.2 LR/SC Active Address

Artifact register “LRSCAddress” shows the active LR/SC lock address. The register holds all-ones if there is no LR/SC operation active or if LR/SC locking is implemented externally as described above.

1.17 Limitations

Instruction pipelines are not modeled in any way. All instructions are assumed to complete immediately. This means that instruction barrier instructions (e.g. fence.i) are treated as NOPs, with

the exception of any Illegal Instruction behavior, which is modeled.

Caches and write buffers are not modeled in any way. All loads, fetches and stores complete immediately and in order, and are fully synchronous. Data barrier instructions (e.g. fence) are treated as NOPs, with the exception of any Illegal Instruction behavior, which is modeled.

Real-world timing effects are not modeled: all instructions are assumed to complete in a single cycle.

Hardware Performance Monitor registers are not implemented and hardwired to zero.

Andes-specific cache, local memory and ECC behavior is not yet implemented, except for CSR state.

Andes Performance and Code Dense instructions and associated CSR state are implemented, but the EXEC.IT instruction supports in-memory table mode using the uitb CSR only (not hardwired mode).

PMP and PMA accesses that any-byte match but do not all-byte match are broken into separate smaller accesses that follow all-byte match rules.

1.18 Verification

All instructions have been extensively tested by Imperas, using tests generated specifically for this model and also reference tests from <https://github.com/riscv/riscv-tests>.

Also reference tests have been used from various sources including:

<https://github.com/riscv/riscv-tests>

<https://github.com/ucb-bar/riscv-torture>

The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are used in the RISC-V Foundation Compliance Framework as a functional Golden Reference:

<https://github.com/riscv/riscv-compliance>

where the simulated model is used to provide the reference signatures for compliance testing. The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are used as reference in both open source and commercial instruction stream test generators for hardware design verification, for example:

<http://valtrix.in/sting> from Valtrix

<https://github.com/google/riscv-dv> from Google

The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are also used by commercial and open source RISC-V Core RTL developers as a reference to ensure correct functionality of their IP.

1.19 References

The Model details are based upon the following specifications:

RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume I: User-Level ISA (User Architecture Version 2.2)

RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume II: Privileged Architecture (Privileged Architecture Version Ratified-IMFDQC-and-Priv-v1.11)

— AndesCore_NX25_DS131_V1.0 DS131-10

— AndeStar V5 Instruction Extension Specification (UMxxx-0.4, 2018-05-30)

— AndeStar V5 Architecture and CSR Definitions (UM164-152, 2019-07-18)

— AndeStar V5 Vector INT4 Load Extension (v0.2)

— AndeStar V5 BFLOAT16 Conversion Extension (v0.4)

Chapter 2

Andes-Specific Extensions

Andes processors add various custom extensions to the basic RISC-V architecture. This model implements the following:

- 1: Hardware Stack Protection (if `mmisc_cfg.HSP=1`);
- 2: Physical Memory Attribute Unit (if `mmisc_cfg.DPMA=1`).
- 3: Performance Throttling (register interface only, if `mmisc_cfg.PFT=1`);
- 4: CSRs for CCTL Operations (register interface only, if `mmisc_cfg.CCTLCSR=1`);
- 5: Performance Extension instructions (if `mmisc_cfg.EV5MPE=1`);
- 6: CodeDense instructions (if `mmisc_cfg.ECD=1`);
- 7: Half-precision load/store instructions (if `mmisc_cfg.EFHW=1`).
- 8: BFLOAT16 conversion instructions (if `mmisc_cfg.BFLOAT16=1`).
- 9: Half-precision arithmetic instructions (if `mmisc_cfg.ZFH=1`).
- 10: Vector INT4 load extension (if `mmisc_cfg.VL4=1`).
- 11: Vector packed FP16 extension (if `mmisc_cfg.VPFH=1`).

Other Andes-specific extensions are not currently modeled. The exact set of supported extensions can be configured using parameter “`andesExtensions/mmisc_cfg`”, which overrides the default value of the `mmisc_cfg` register (see detailed description below).

2.1 Andes-Specific Parameters

In addition to the base model RISC-V parameters, this model implements parameters allowing Andes-specific model features to be controlled. These parameters are documented below.

2.1.1 Parameter `andesExtensions/mmsc_cfg`

This parameter allows the value of the read-only `mmsc_cfg` register to be specified. Bits that affect behavior of the model are:

bit 3 (ECD): enables CodeDense instructions and uith CSR.

bit 4 (PFT): determines presence of `mpft_ctl` register and affects implemented fields in `mxstatus`.

bit 5 (HSP): enables HW Stack protection, relevant CSRs and affects implemented fields in `mxstatus`.

bit 12 (VPLIC): enables Vectored Interrupts support.

bit 13 (EV5PE): enables Performance Extension support.

bit 15 (PMNDS): enables Andes-enhanced Performance Monitoring.

bit 16 (CCTLCSR): enables CCTL CSRs.

bit 30 (DPMA): enables the Physical Memory Attribute Unit and relevant CSRs.

bit 32 (BF16CVT): enables BFLOAT16 conversion extension.

bit 33 (ZFH): enables FP16 half-precision extension.

bit 34 (VL4): enables vector INT4 load extension.

bit 44 (VPFH): enables vector packed FP16 extension.

bit 45 (L2CMP_CFG): enables cluster configuration fields. `CORE_PCLUS` field will be set to `floor(numharts-1, 1)`.

bit 46 (L2C): enables `ml2c_ctl_base` CSR if both L2C and L2CMP_CFG are not zero

Other bits can be set or cleared but do not affect model behavior.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/mmsc_cfg=0x2028`

2.1.2 Parameter `andesExtensions/micm_cfg`

This parameter allows the value of the read-only `micm_cfg` register to be specified. Bits that affect behavior of the model are:

bits 8:6 (ISZ): enables `mcache_ctl` CSR if non-zero.

bits 14:12 (ILMB): enables `milmb` CSR if non-zero.

Other bits can be set or cleared but do not affect model behavior, except that if any bit is non zero then IME/PIME bits in `mxstatus` are modeled.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/micm_cfg=0`

2.1.3 Parameter `andesExtensions/mdcm_cfg`

This parameter allows the value of the read-only `mdcm_cfg` register to be specified. Bits that affect behavior of the model are:

bits 8:6 (DSZ): enables `mcache_ctl` CSR if non-zero.

bits 14:12 (DLMB): enables `mdlmb` CSR if non-zero.

Other bits can be set or cleared but do not affect model behavior, except that if any bit is non zero then DME/DIME bits in `mxstatus` are modeled.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/mdcm_cfg=0`

2.1.4 Parameter `andesExtensions/uitb`

This parameter allows the value of the `uitb` register to be specified.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/uitb=0`

2.1.5 Parameter `andesExtensions/milmb`

This parameter allows the value of the `milmb` register to be specified.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/milmb=0`

2.1.6 Parameter `andesExtensions/milmbMask`

This parameter allows the mask of writable bits in the `milmb` register to be specified. The default value for this variant is `0xe` (RWECC and ECCEN are writable, all other bits are read-only).

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/milmbMask=0xe`

2.1.7 Parameter `andesExtensions/mdlmb`

This parameter allows the value of the `mdlmb` register to be specified.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/mdlmb=0`

2.1.8 Parameter `andesExtensions/mdlmbMask`

This parameter allows the mask of writable bits in the `mdlmb` register to be specified. The default value for this variant is `0xe` (RWECC and ECCEN are writable, all other bits are read-only).

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/mdlmbMask=0xe`

2.1.9 Parameter andesExtensions/PMA_grain

This parameter allows the grain size of Physical Memory Attribute regions to be specified. The default value for this variant is 0, meaning that PMA regions as small as 4 bytes are implemented.

Example: `-override iss/cpu0/andesExtensions/PMA_grain=16`

2.2 Hardware Stack Protection

Hardware Stack Protection is present on this variant (`mmisc_cfg.HSP=1`). Registers `mhsp_ctl`, `misp_bound` and `misp_base` are implemented.

2.3 Physical Memory Attribute Unit

The Physical Memory Attribute Unit is not present on this variant (`mmisc_cfg.DPMA=0`).

2.4 Performance Throttling

Performance Throttling registers are present on this variant (`mmisc_cfg.PFT=1`). Register `mpft_ctl` is present but has no behavior except for the effects on `mxstatus`, which are modeled.

2.5 Andes-Enhanced Performance Monitoring

Andes-Enhanced Performance Monitoring is present on this variant (`mmisc_cfg.PMNS=1`).

2.6 CSRs for CCTL Operations

CSRs for CCTL Operation are not present on this variant (`mmisc_cfg.CCTLCSR=0`).

2.7 Andes-Specific Instructions

This section describes Andes-specific instructions implemented by this variant. Refer to Andes reference documentation for more information.

2.7.1 Performance Extension Instructions

2.7.1.1 ADDIGP

31	30	21	20	19	17	16	15	
imm[17]	imm[10:1]		imm[11]	imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]		
14		13	12	11		7	6	0
imm[0]		01		Rd			Custom0 0001011	

Add the content of the implied GP (x3) register with a signed constant.

2.7.1.2 BBC

31	30	29	25	24	20	19	15
imm[10]	0	imm[9:5]		cimm[4:0]		Rs1	
14	12	11	8	7		6	0
111		imm[4:1]		cimm[5]		Custom2 1011011	

Branch on bit is clear/zero.

2.7.1.3 BBS

31	30	29	25	24	20	19	15	
imm[10]	1	imm[9:5]		cimm[4:0]		Rs1		
14	12	11		8		7	6	0
111		imm[4:1]		cimm[5]		Custom2 1011011		

Branch on bit is set/non-zero.

2.7.1.4 BEQC

31	30	29	25	24	20	19	15
imm[10]	cimm[6]	imm[9:5]		cimm[4:0]		Rs1	
14	12	11	8	7		6	0
101	imm[4:1]		cimm[5]		Custom2 1011011		

Branch on equal to a constant.

2.7.1.5 BNEC

31	30	29	25	24	20	19	15
imm[10]	cimm[6]	imm[9:5]		cimm[4:0]		Rs1	
14	12	11	8	7		6	0
110		imm[4:1]		cimm[5]		Custom2 1011011	

Branch on not-equal to a constant.

2.7.1.6 BFOS

31	26	25	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
msb[5:0]		lsb[5:0]		Rs1		011		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Sign-extended bit-field extract or insert operation.

2.7.1.7 BFOZ

31	26	25	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
msb[5:0]		lsb[5:0]		Rs1		010		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Zero-extended bit-field extract or insert operation.

2.7.1.8 LEA.h

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0000101		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with a half-word-aligned offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.9 LEA.w

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0000110		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with a word-aligned offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.10 LEA.d

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0000111		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with a double-word-aligned offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.11 LEA.b.ze

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0001000		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with an unsigned 32-bit byte offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.12 LEA.h.ze

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0001001		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with an unsigned 32-bit half-word offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.13 LEA.w.ze

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0001010		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with an unsigned 32-bit word offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.14 LEA.d.ze

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0001011		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Add a base register with an unsigned 32-bit double-word offset from an offset register.

2.7.1.15 LBGP

31	30	21	20	19	17	16	15
imm[17]		imm[10:1]	imm[11]		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]
14	13	12	11	7	6	0	
imm[0]		00		Rd		Custom0 0001011	

Load a sign-extended 8-bit byte from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.16 LBUGP

31	30	21	20	19	17	16	15
imm[17]		imm[10:1]	imm[11]		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]
14	13	12	11	7	6	0	
imm[0]		10		Rd		Custom0 0001011	

Load a zero-extended 8-bit byte from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.17 LHGP

31	30	21	20	19	17	16	15
imm[17]		imm[10:1]	imm[11]		imm[14:12]		
16	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
imm[16:15]		001		Rd		Custom1 0101011	

Load a sign-extended 16-bit half-word from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.18 LHUGP

31	30	21	20	19	17
imm[17]	imm[10:1]		imm[11]	imm[14:12]	
16	15	14	12	11	7
imm[16:15]	101		Rd		Custom1 0101011

Load a zero-extended 16-bit half-word from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.19 LWGP

31	30	22	21	20	19	17
imm[18]	imm[10:2]		imm[17]	imm[11]	imm[14:12]	
16	15	14	12	11	7	6
imm[16:15]	010		Rd		Custom1 0101011	

Load a sign-extended 32-bit word from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.20 LWUGP

31	30	22	21	20	19	17
imm[18]	imm[10:2]		imm[17]	imm[11]	imm[14:12]	
16	15	14	12	11	7	6
imm[16:15]	110		Rd		Custom1 0101011	

Load a zero-extended 32-bit word from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.21 LDGP

31	30	23	22	21	20	19	17
imm[19]	imm[10:3]		imm[18:17]		imm[11]	imm[14:12]	
16	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
imm[16:15]	011		Rd		Custom1 0101011		

Load a 64-bit double-word from memory into a general register.

2.7.1.22 SBGP

31	30	25	24	20	19	17	16	15
imm[17]	imm[10:5]		Rs2		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]	
14	13	12	11	8	7	6	0	0
imm[0]	11		imm[4:1]		imm[11]		Custom0 0001011	

Store an 8-bit byte from a general register into a memory location.

2.7.1.23 SHGP

31	30	25	24	20	19	17	16	15	
imm[17]	imm[10:5]		Rs2		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]		
14	12	11	8	7		6			0
000		imm[4:1]		imm[11]		Custom1 0101011			

Store a 16-bit half-word from a general register into a memory location.

2.7.1.24 SWGP

31	30	25	24	20	19	17	16	15
imm[18]	imm[10:5]		Rs2		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]	
14	12	11	9	8	7	6	0	
100	imm[4:2]		imm[17]		imm[11]		Custom1 0101011	

Store a 32-bit word from a general register into a memory location.

2.7.1.25 SDGP

31	30	25	24	20	19	17	16	15
imm[19]	imm[10:5]		Rs2		imm[14:12]		imm[16:15]	
14	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	0
111	imm[4:3]		imm[18:17]		imm[11]		Custom1 0101011	

Store a 64-bit double-word from a general register into a memory location.

2.7.1.26 FFB

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0010000		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Find the first byte in a first register that matches a value in a second register.

2.7.1.27 FFZMISM

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0010001		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Find the first byte in a register that is zero or fails a corresponding byte comparison.

2.7.1.28 FFMISM

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0010010		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Find the first byte in a register that fails a corresponding byte comparison.

2.7.1.29 FLMISM

31	25	24	20	19	15	14	12	11	7	6	0
0010011		Rs2		Rs1		000		Rd		Custom2 1011011	

Find the last byte in a register that fails a corresponding byte comparison.

2.7.2 CodeDense Instructions**2.7.2.1 EXEC.IT**

15	13	12	9	8	7	6	2	1	0		
100		imm[10 4:3 8]		imm[11]		0		imm[7:6 2 9 5]		00	

Execute an instruction fetched from the instruction table.

2.7.2.2 EX9.IT

15	13	12	9	8	7	6	2	1	0
100		imm[10 4:3 8]		00		imm[7:6 2 9 5]		00	

Execute an instruction fetched from the instruction table.

Chapter 3

Configuration

3.1 Location

This model's VLVN is andes.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0.

The model source is usually at:

`$IMPERAS_HOME/ImperasLib/source/andes.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0`

The model binary is usually at:

`$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/$IMPERAS_ARCH/ImperasLib/andes.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0`

3.2 GDB Path

The default GDB for this model is: `$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/$IMPERAS_ARCH/gdb/riscv-none-embed-gdb`.

3.3 Semi-Host Library

The default semi-host library file is riscv.ovpworld.org/semihosting/pk/1.0

3.4 Processor Endian-ness

This is a LITTLE endian model.

3.5 QuantumLeap Support

This processor is qualified to run in a QuantumLeap enabled simulator.

3.6 Processor ELF code

The ELF code supported by this model is: 0xf3.

Chapter 4

All Variants in this model

This model has these variants

Variant	Description
N25	
NX25	(described in this document)
N25F	
NX25F	
A25	
AX25	
A25F	
AX25F	
NX27V	
N22	
A27	
A45	
AX27	
AX45	
AX45MP _x 1	
AX45MP _x 2	
AX45MP _x 4	
D25F	
D45	
NX45	
N45	

Table 4.1: All Variants in this model

Chapter 5

Bus Master Ports

This model has these bus master ports.

Name	min	max	Connect?	Description
INSTRUCTION	32	64	mandatory	Instruction bus
DATA	32	64	optional	Data bus

Table 5.1: Bus Master Ports

Chapter 6

Bus Slave Ports

This model has no bus slave ports.

Chapter 7

Net Ports

This model has these net ports.

Name	Type	Connect?	Description
reset	input	optional	Reset
reset_addr	input	optional	externally-applied reset address
nmi	input	optional	NMI
nmi_cause	input	optional	externally-applied NMI cause
nmi_addr	input	optional	externally-applied NMI address
MSWInterrupt	input	optional	Machine software interrupt
MTimerInterrupt	input	optional	Machine timer interrupt
MExternalInterrupt	input	optional	Machine external interrupt
MExternalInterruptID	input	optional	Machine external interrupt ID (sampled if non-zero as interrupt taken to Machine mode)
irq_ack_o	output	optional	interrupt acknowledge (pulse)
irq_id_o	output	optional	acknowledged interrupt id (valid during irq_ack_o pulse)
sec_lvl_o	output	optional	current privilege level
LR_address	output	optional	Port written with effective address for LR instruction
SC_address	output	optional	Port written with effective address for SC instruction
SC_valid	input	optional	SC_address valid input signal
AMO_active	output	optional	Port written with code indicating active AMO
deferint	input	optional	Artifact signal causing interrupts to be held off when high
MExternalInterruptACK	output	optional	Machine mode external interrupt acknowledge

Table 7.1: Net Ports

Chapter 8

FIFO Ports

This model has no FIFO ports.

Chapter 9

Formal Parameters

Name	Type	Description
Fundamental		
variant	Enumeration	Selects variant (either a generic UISA or a specific model)
user_version	Enumeration	Specify required User Architecture version (2.2, 2.3, 20190305 or 20191213)
priv_version	Enumeration	Specify required Privileged Architecture version (1.10, 1.11, 20190405, 20190608 or master)
endian	Endian	Model endian
enable_expanded	Boolean	Specify that 48-bit and 64-bit expanded instructions are supported
endianFixed	Boolean	Specify that data endianness is fixed (mstatus.{MBE,SBE,UBE} fields are read-only)
misa_MXL	Uns32	Override default value of misa.MXL
misa_Extensions	Uns32	Override default value of misa.Extensions
add_Extensions	String	Add extensions specified by letters to misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to add V and D features)
sub_Extensions	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to remove V and D features)
misa_Extensions_mask	Uns32	Override mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions
add_Extensions_mask	String	Add extensions specified by letters to mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to add V and D features)
sub_Extensions_mask	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to remove V and D features)
add_implicit_Extensions	String	Add extensions specified by letters to implicitly-present extensions not visible in misa.Extensions
sub_implicit_Extensions	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from implicitly-present extensions not visible in misa.Extensions
Zicsr	Boolean	Specify that Zicsr is implemented
Zifencei	Boolean	Specify that Zifencei is implemented
Zicbom	Boolean	Specify that Zicbom is implemented
Zicbop	Boolean	Specify that Zicbop is implemented
Zicboz	Boolean	Specify that Zicboz is implemented
Zmmul	Boolean	Specify that Zmmul is implemented
Debug		
debug_version	Enumeration	Specify required Debug Architecture version (0.13.2-DRAFT, 0.14.0-DRAFT or 1.0.0-STABLE)
debug_mode	Enumeration	Specify how Debug mode is implemented (none, vector, interrupt or halt)
Interrupts_Exceptions		
rnmi_version	Enumeration	Specify required RNMI Architecture version (none or 0.2.1)
mtvec_is_ro	Boolean	Specify whether mtvec CSR is read-only
tvec_align	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced alignment of mtvec/stvec/utvec when Vectored interrupt mode enabled

ecode_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in xcause.ExceptionCode
ecode_nmi	Uns64	Specify xcause.ExceptionCode for NMI
tval_zero	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval/utval are hard wired to zero
tval_zero_ebreak	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval/utval are set to zero by an ebreak
tval_ii_code	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval contain faulting instruction bits on illegal instruction exception
trap_preserves_lr	Boolean	Whether a trap preserves active LR/SC state
xret_preserves_lr	Boolean	Whether an xret instruction preserves active LR/SC state
reset_address	Uns64	Override reset vector address
nmi_address	Uns64	Override NMI vector address
CLINT_address	Uns64	Specify base address of internal CLINT model (or 0 for no CLINT)
local_int_num	Uns32	Specify number of supplemental local interrupts
unimp_int_mask	Uns64	Specify mask of unimplemented interrupts (e.g. 1<<9 indicates Supervisor external interrupt unimplemented)
force_mideleg	Uns64	Specify mask of interrupts always delegated to lower-priority execution level from Machine execution level
no_ideleg	Uns64	Specify mask of interrupts that cannot be delegated to lower-priority execution levels
no_e deleg	Uns64	Specify mask of exceptions that cannot be delegated to lower-priority execution levels
external_int_id	Boolean	Whether to add nets allowing External Interrupt ID codes to be forced
Simulation Artifact		
use_hw_reg_names	Boolean	Specify whether to use hardware register names x0-x31 and f0-f31 instead of ABI register names
verbose	Boolean	Specify verbose output messages
traceVolatile	Boolean	Specify whether volatile registers (e.g. minstret) should be shown in change trace
enable_CSR_bus	Boolean	Add artifact CSR bus port, allowing CSR registers to be externally implemented
CSR_remap	String	Comma-separated list of CSR number mappings, each of the form <csr-Name>=<number>
Memory		
unaligned	Boolean	Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses
unalignedAMO	Boolean	Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses for AMO instructions
lr_sc_grain	Uns32	Specify byte granularity of ll/sc lock region (constrained to a power of two)
PMP_grain	Uns32	Specify PMP region granularity, G (0 =>4 bytes, 1 =>8 bytes, etc)
PMP_registers	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented PMP address registers
PMP_max_page	Uns32	Specify the maximum size of PMP region to map if non-zero (may improve performance; constrained to a power of two)
PMP_decompose	Boolean	Whether unaligned PMP accesses are decomposed into separate aligned accesses
Instruction_CSR_Behavior		
wfi_is_nop	Boolean	Specify whether WFI should be treated as a NOP (if not, halt while waiting for interrupts)
counteren_mask	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mcounteren/scounteren registers
noinhibit_mask	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced mask of always-zero bits in mcountinhibit register
cycle_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the cycle CSR is undefined
time_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the time CSR is undefined
instret_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the instret CSR is undefined
hpmcounter_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the hpmcounter CSRs are undefined
CSR Masks		
mtvec_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mtvec register

tdata1_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in Trigger Module tdata1 register
mip_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mip register
mtvec_sext	Boolean	Specify whether mtvec is sign-extended from most-significant bit
MXL_writable	Boolean	Specify that misa.MXL is writable (feature under development)
UXL_writable	Boolean	Specify that mstatus.UXL is writable (feature under development)
Trigger		
tinfo_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the tinfo CSR is undefined
tcontrol_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the tcontrol CSR is undefined
mcontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the mcontext CSR is undefined
scontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the scontext CSR is undefined
mscontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the mscontext CSR is undefined (Debug Version 0.14.0 and later)
amo_trigger	Boolean	Specify whether AMO load/store operations activate triggers
no_hit	Boolean	Specify that tdata1.hit is unimplemented
trigger_num	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented hardware triggers
tinfo	Uns32	Override tinfo register (for all triggers)
mcontext_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in mcontext
mvalue_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in textra.mvalue (if zero, textra.mselect is tied to zero)
mcontrol_maskmax	Uns32	Specify mcontrol.maskmax value
CSR Defaults		
mvendorid	Uns64	Override mvendorid register
marchid	Uns64	Override marchid register
mimpid	Uns64	Override mimpid register
mhartid	Uns64	Override mhartid register (or first mhartid of an incrementing sequence if this is an SMP variant)
mtvec	Uns64	Override mtvec register
Compressed		
Zcea_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zcea implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 0.50.1)
Zceb_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zceb implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 0.50.1)
Zcee_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zcee implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 1.0.0-rc)
Fast Interrupt		
CLICLEVELS	Uns32	Specify number of interrupt levels implemented by CLIC, or 0 if CLIC absent

Table 9.1: Parameters that can be set in: Hart

9.1 Extension Parameters

Name	Type	Description
PMA_grain	Uns32	Specify PMA region granularity, G (0 =>4 bytes, 1 =>8 bytes, etc)
milmb	Uns64	Override milmb register
mdlmb	Uns64	Override mdlmb register
mmisc_cfg	Uns64	Override mmisc_cfg register
micm_cfg	Uns64	Override micm_cfg register
mdcm_cfg	Uns64	Override mdcm_cfg register
mvec_cfg	Uns32	Override mvec_cfg register (ignored if mdcm_cfg.veccfg=0)
uitb	Uns64	Override uitb register
ml2c_ctl_base	Uns64	Override ml2c_ctl_base register (ignored if mmisc_cfg.L2CMP_CFG and .L2C are 0)
milmbMask	Uns64	Override milmb register writable bit mask
mdlmbMask	Uns64	Override mdlmb register writable bit mask

aceFile	String	Specify ACE extension shared object
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Table 9.2: Parameters for andesExtensions

9.2 Parameters with enumerated types

9.2.1 Parameter user_version

Set to this value	Description
2.2	User Architecture Version 2.2
2.3	Deprecated and equivalent to 20191213
20190305	Deprecated and equivalent to 20191213
20191213	User Architecture Version 20191213

Table 9.3: Values for Parameter user_version

9.2.2 Parameter priv_version

Set to this value	Description
1.10	Privileged Architecture Version 1.10
1.11	Deprecated and equivalent to 20190608
20190405	Deprecated and equivalent to 20190608
20190608	Privileged Architecture Version Ratified-IMFDQC-and-Priv-v1.11
master	Privileged Architecture Master Branch (1.12 draft)

Table 9.4: Values for Parameter priv_version

9.2.3 Parameter debug_version

Set to this value	Description
0.13.2-DRAFT	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 0.13.2-DRAFT
0.14.0-DRAFT	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 0.14.0-DRAFT
1.0.0-STABLE	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 1.0.0-STABLE

Table 9.5: Values for Parameter debug_version

9.2.4 Parameter rnmi_version

Set to this value	Description
none	RNMI not implemented
0.2.1	RNMI version 0.2.1

Table 9.6: Values for Parameter rnmi_version

9.2.5 Parameter debug_mode

Set to this value	Description
none	Debug mode not implemented
vector	Debug mode implemented by execution at vector
interrupt	Debug mode implemented by interrupt
halt	Debug mode implemented by halt

Table 9.7: Values for Parameter debug_mode

9.2.6 Parameter Zcea_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zcea not implemented
0.50.1	Zcea version 0.50.1

Table 9.8: Values for Parameter Zcea_version

9.2.7 Parameter Zceb_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zceb not implemented
0.50.1	Zceb version 0.50.1

Table 9.9: Values for Parameter Zceb_version

9.2.8 Parameter Zcee_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zcee not implemented
1.0.0-rc	Zcee version 1.0.0-rc

Table 9.10: Values for Parameter Zcee_version

9.3 Parameter values

These are the current parameter values.

Name	Value
Fundamental	
variant	NX25
user_version	2.2
priv_version	1.11
endian	none
enable_expanded	F
endianFixed	F
misa_MXL	2
misa_Extensions	0x901105
add_Extensions	
sub_Extensions	
misa_Extensions_mask	0x801105
add_Extensions_mask	
sub_Extensions_mask	
add_implicit_Extensions	
sub_implicit_Extensions	

Zicsr	T
Zifencei	T
Zicbom	F
Zicbop	F
Zicboz	F
Zmmul	F
Debug	
debug_version	0.13.2-DRAFT
debug_mode	none
Interrupts_Exceptions	
rnmi_version	none
mtvec_is_ro	F
tvec_align	0
ecode_mask	0x7fffffffffff
ecode_nmi	0
tval_zero	F
tval_zero_ebreak	F
tval_ii_code	T
trap_preserves_lr	F
xret_preserves_lr	F
reset_address	0
nmi_address	0
CLINT_address	0
local_int_num	0
unimp_int_mask	0
force_mideleg	0
no_ideleg	0
no_e deleg	0
external_int_id	T
Simulation_Artifact	
use_hw_reg_names	F
verbose	F
traceVolatile	F
enable_CSR_bus	F
CSR_remap	
Memory	
unaligned	F
unalignedAMO	F
lr_sc_grain	1
PMP_grain	0
PMP_registers	0
PMP_max_page	0
PMP_decompose	F
Instruction_CSR_Behavior	
wfi_is_nop	F

counteren_mask	127
noinhibit_mask	0
cycle_undefined	F
time_undefined	F
instret_undefined	F
hpmcounter_undefined	F
CSR_Masks	
mtvec_mask	0
tdata1_mask	0xffffffffffff
mip_mask	0x337
mtvec_sext	F
MXL_writable	F
UXL_writable	F
Trigger	
tinfo_undefined	F
tcontrol_undefined	F
mcontext_undefined	F
scontext_undefined	F
mscontext_undefined	F
amo_trigger	F
no_hit	F
trigger_num	4
tinfo	61
mcontext_bits	13
mvalue_bits	13
mcontrol_maskmax	63
CSR_Defaults	
mvendorid	0x31e
marchid	0x1000000000008025
mimpid	16
mhartid	0
mtvec	0
Compressed	
Zcea_version	none
Zceb_version	none
Zcee_version	none
Fast Interrupt	
CLICLEVELS	0
andesExtensions	
PMA_grain*	0
milmb*	0
mdlmb*	0
mmsc_cfg*	0xb038
micm_cfg*	0
mdcm_cfg*	0

mvec_cfg*	0
uitb*	0
ml2c_ctl_base*	0
milmbMask*	15
mdlmbMask*	15
aceFile*	

Table 9.11: Parameter values

* Parameters marked with an asterisk are part of the processor extension library.

Chapter 10

Execution Modes

Mode	Code	Description
User	0	User mode
Machine	3	Machine mode

Table 10.1: Modes implemented in: Hart

Chapter 11

Exceptions

Exception	Code	Description
InstructionAddressMisaligned	0	Fetch from unaligned address
InstructionAccessFault	1	No access permission for fetch
IllegalInstruction	2	Undecoded, unimplemented or disabled instruction
Breakpoint	3	EBREAK instruction executed
LoadAddressMisaligned	4	Load from unaligned address
LoadAccessFault	5	No access permission for load
StoreAMOAddressMisaligned	6	Store/atomic memory operation at unaligned address
StoreAMOAccessFault	7	No access permission for store/atomic memory operation
EnvironmentCallFromUMode	8	ECALL instruction executed in User mode
EnvironmentCallFromMMode	11	ECALL instruction executed in Machine mode
InstructionPageFault	12	Page fault at fetch address
LoadPageFault	13	Page fault at load address
StoreAMOPageFault	15	Page fault at store/atomic memory operation address
HSP_OVF	32	Stack overflow
HSP_UDF	33	Stack underflow
MSWInterrupt	67	Machine software interrupt
MTimerInterrupt	71	Machine timer interrupt
MExternalInterrupt	75	Machine external interrupt

Table 11.1: Exceptions implemented in: Hart

Chapter 12

Hierarchy of the model

A CPU core may be configured to instance many processors of a Symmetrical Multi Processor (SMP). A CPU core may also have sub elements within a processor, for example hardware threading blocks.

OVP processor models can be written to include SMP blocks and to have many levels of hierarchy. Some OVP CPU models may have a fixed hierarchy, and some may be configured by settings in a configuration register. Please see the register definitions of this model.

This model documentation shows the settings and hierarchy of the default settings for this model variant.

12.1 Level 1: Hart

This level in the model hierarchy has 4 commands.

This level in the model hierarchy has 4 register groups:

Group name	Registers
Core	33
User_Control_and_Status	33
Machine_Control_and_Status	117
Integration_support	2

Table 12.1: Register groups

This level in the model hierarchy has no children.

Chapter 13

Model Commands

A Processor model can implement one or more **Model Commands** available to be invoked from the simulator command line, from the OP API or from the Imperas Multiprocessor Debugger.

13.1 Level 1: Hart

13.1.1 getCSRIndex

Return index for a named CSR (or -1 if no matching CSR)

Argument	Type	Description
-name	String	CSR name

Table 13.1: getCSRIndex command arguments

13.1.2 isync

specify instruction address range for synchronous execution

Argument	Type	Description
-addresshi	Uns64	end address of synchronous execution range
-addresslo	Uns64	start address of synchronous execution range

Table 13.2: isync command arguments

13.1.3 itrace

enable or disable instruction tracing

Argument	Type	Description
-after	Uns64	apply after this many instructions
-enable	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-instructioncount	Boolean	include the instruction number in each trace
-memory	String	show memory accesses by this instruction. Argument can be any combination of X (execute), L (load or store access) and S (system)
-off	Boolean	disable instruction tracing

-on	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-processorname	Boolean	Include processor name in all trace lines
-registerchange	Boolean	show registers changed by this instruction
-registers	Boolean	show registers after each trace

Table 13.3: itrace command arguments

13.1.4 listCSRs

13.1.4.1 Argument description

List all CSRs in index order

Chapter 14

Registers

14.1 Level 1: Hart

14.1.1 Core

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Core

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
zero	64	0	r-	
ra	64	0	rw	
sp	64	0	rw	stack pointer
gp	64	0	rw	
tp	64	0	rw	
t0	64	0	rw	
t1	64	0	rw	
t2	64	0	rw	
s0	64	0	rw	
s1	64	0	rw	
a0	64	0	rw	
a1	64	0	rw	
a2	64	0	rw	
a3	64	0	rw	
a4	64	0	rw	
a5	64	0	rw	
a6	64	0	rw	
a7	64	0	rw	
s2	64	0	rw	
s3	64	0	rw	
s4	64	0	rw	
s5	64	0	rw	
s6	64	0	rw	
s7	64	0	rw	
s8	64	0	rw	
s9	64	0	rw	
s10	64	0	rw	
s11	64	0	rw	
t3	64	0	rw	
t4	64	0	rw	
t5	64	0	rw	
t6	64	0	rw	
pc	64	0	rw	program counter

Table 14.1: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Core

14.1.2 User_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:User_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
uitb*	64	0	rw	Instruction Table Base Address
cycle*	64	0	rw	Cycle Counter
time*	64	0	r-	Timer
instret*	64	0	rw	Instructions Retired
hpmcounter3*	64	0	rw	Performance Monitor Counter
hpmcounter4*	64	0	rw	Performance Monitor Counter
hpmcounter5*	64	0	rw	Performance Monitor Counter
hpmcounter6*	64	0	rw	Performance Monitor Counter
hpmcounter7	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 7
hpmcounter8	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 8
hpmcounter9	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 9
hpmcounter10	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 10
hpmcounter11	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 11
hpmcounter12	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 12
hpmcounter13	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 13
hpmcounter14	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 14
hpmcounter15	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 15
hpmcounter16	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 16
hpmcounter17	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 17
hpmcounter18	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 18
hpmcounter19	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 19
hpmcounter20	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 20
hpmcounter21	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 21
hpmcounter22	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 22
hpmcounter23	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 23
hpmcounter24	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 24
hpmcounter25	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 25
hpmcounter26	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 26
hpmcounter27	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 27
hpmcounter28	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 28
hpmcounter29	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 29
hpmcounter30	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 30
hpmcounter31	64	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 31

Table 14.2: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:User_Control_and_Status

* Registers marked with an asterisk are part of the processor extension library.

14.1.3 Machine_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Machine_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
mstatus	64	2 00001800	rw	Machine Status
misa	64	80000000 00901105	rw	ISA and Extensions
mie	64	0	rw	Machine Interrupt Enable

mtvec	64	0	rw	Machine Trap-Vector Base-Address
mcounteren	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Enable
mcounthinhibit	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Inhibit
mhpmevent3*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select
mhpmevent4*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select
mhpmevent5*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select
mhpmevent6*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select
mhpmevent7	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 7
mhpmevent8	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 8
mhpmevent9	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 9
mhpmevent10	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 10
mhpmevent11	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 11
mhpmevent12	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 12
mhpmevent13	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 13
mhpmevent14	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 14
mhpmevent15	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 15
mhpmevent16	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 16
mhpmevent17	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 17
mhpmevent18	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 18
mhpmevent19	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 19
mhpmevent20	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 20
mhpmevent21	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 21
mhpmevent22	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 22
mhpmevent23	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 23
mhpmevent24	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 24
mhpmevent25	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 25
mhpmevent26	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 26
mhpmevent27	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 27
mhpmevent28	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 28
mhpmevent29	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 29
mhpmevent30	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 30
mhpmevent31	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 31
mscratch	64	0	rw	Machine Scratch
mepc	64	0	rw	Machine Exception Program Counter
mcause	64	0	rw	Machine Cause
mtval	64	0	rw	Machine Trap Value
mip	64	0	rw	Machine Interrupt Pending
pmpcfg0	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 0
pmpcfg2	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 2
pmpaddr0	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 0
pmpaddr1	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 1
pmpaddr2	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 2
pmpaddr3	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 3
pmpaddr4	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 4
pmpaddr5	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 5
pmpaddr6	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 6
pmpaddr7	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 7
pmpaddr8	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 8
pmpaddr9	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 9
pmpaddr10	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 10
pmpaddr11	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 11
pmpaddr12	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 12
pmpaddr13	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 13
pmpaddr14	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 14
pmpaddr15	64	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 15
tselect	64	0	rw	Trigger Register Select

tdata1	64	0	rw	Trigger Data 1
tdata2	64	0	rw	Trigger Data 2
tdata3	64	0	rw	Trigger Data 3
tinfo	64	3d	rw	Trigger Info
tcontrol	64	0	rw	Trigger Control
mcontext	64	0	rw	Trigger Machine Context
scontext	64	0	rw	Trigger Supervisor Context
mnvec*	64	0	rw	NMI Vector Base Address
mxstatus*	64	0	rw	Machine Extended Status
mpft_ctl*	64	0	rw	Performance Throttling Control
mhsp_ctl*	64	0	rw	Machine Hardware Stack Protection Control
mssp_bound*	64	ffffff ffffffff	rw	Machine SP Bound
mssp_base*	64	ffffff ffffffff	rw	Machine SP Base
mdcause*	64	0	rw	Machine Detailed Trap Cause
mcounterwen*	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Write Enable
mcounterinten*	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Interrupt Enable
mmisc_ctl*	64	0	rw	Machine Miscellaneous Control
mcountermask_m*	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Mask for Machine Mode
mcountermask_u*	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Mask for User Mode
mcounterovf*	64	0	rw	Machine Counter Overflow Status
mcycle*	64	0	rw	Machine Cycle Counter
minstret*	64	0	rw	Machine Instructions Retired
mhpmcounter3*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter
mhpmcounter4*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter
mhpmcounter5*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter
mhpmcounter6*	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter
mhpmcounter7	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 7
mhpmcounter8	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 8
mhpmcounter9	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 9
mhpmcounter10	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 10
mhpmcounter11	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 11
mhpmcounter12	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 12
mhpmcounter13	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 13
mhpmcounter14	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 14
mhpmcounter15	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 15
mhpmcounter16	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 16
mhpmcounter17	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 17
mhpmcounter18	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 18
mhpmcounter19	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 19
mhpmcounter20	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 20
mhpmcounter21	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 21
mhpmcounter22	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 22
mhpmcounter23	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 23
mhpmcounter24	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 24
mhpmcounter25	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 25
mhpmcounter26	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 26
mhpmcounter27	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 27
mhpmcounter28	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 28
mhpmcounter29	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 29
mhpmcounter30	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 30
mhpmcounter31	64	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 31
mvendorid	64	31e	r-	Vendor ID
marchid	64	10000000 00008025	r-	Architecture ID
mimpid	64	10	r-	Implementation ID
mhartid	64	0	r-	Hardware Thread ID

micm_cfg*	64	0	r-	Instruction Cache/Memory Configuration
mdcm_cfg*	64	0	r-	Data Cache/Memory Configuration
mmisc_cfg*	64	b038	r-	Miscellaneous Configuration

Table 14.3: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Machine_Control_and_Status

* Registers marked with an asterisk are part of the processor extension library.

14.1.4 Integration_support

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Integration_support

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
LRSCAddress	64	ffffff fffffff	rw	LR/SC active lock address
commercial	8	0	r-	Commercial feature in use

Table 14.4: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Integration_support