



OVP Guide to Using Processor Models

Model specific information for RISC-V_RV32GCH

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Contents

1	Overview	1
1.1	Description	1
1.2	Licensing	1
1.3	Extensions	2
1.3.1	Extensions Enabled by Default	2
1.3.2	Enabling Other Extensions	2
1.3.3	Disabling Extensions	3
1.4	General Features	3
1.4.1	mtvec CSR	3
1.4.2	stvec CSR	4
1.4.3	Reset	4
1.4.4	NMI	4
1.4.5	WFI	4
1.4.6	cycle CSR	4
1.4.7	time CSR	5
1.4.8	instret CSR	5
1.4.9	hpmcounter CSRs	5
1.4.10	Virtual Memory	5
1.4.11	Unaligned Accesses	5
1.4.12	PMP	6
1.4.13	LR/SC Granule	6
1.5	Compressed Extension	6
1.6	Floating Point Features	6
1.7	Privileged Architecture	7
1.7.1	Legacy Version 1.10	7
1.7.2	Version 20190608	7
1.7.3	Version master	7
1.8	Unprivileged Architecture	8
1.8.1	Legacy Version 2.2	8
1.8.2	Version 20191213	8
1.9	Hypervisor Extension	8
1.9.1	Hypervisor Extension Parameters	8
1.10	Other Extensions	9
1.10.1	Zmmul	9
1.10.2	Zicsr	9
1.10.3	Zifencei	9
1.10.4	Zicbom	9

1.10.5	Zicbop	9
1.10.6	Zicboz	9
1.11	CLIC	10
1.12	Load-Reserved/Store-Conditional Locking	10
1.13	Active Atomic Operation Indication	10
1.14	Interrupts	11
1.15	Debug Mode	11
1.15.1	Debug State Entry	12
1.15.2	Debug State Exit	12
1.15.3	Debug Registers	13
1.15.4	Debug Mode Execution	13
1.15.5	Debug Single Step	13
1.15.6	Debug Ports	13
1.16	Trigger Module	14
1.16.1	Trigger Module Restrictions	14
1.16.2	Trigger Module Parameters	14
1.17	Debug Mask	15
1.18	Integration Support	15
1.18.1	CSR Register External Implementation	15
1.18.2	LR/SC Active Address	15
1.18.3	Page Table Walk Introspection	16
1.18.4	Artifact Register “fflags.i”	16
1.19	Limitations	16
1.20	Verification	16
1.21	References	17
2	Configuration	18
2.1	Location	18
2.2	GDB Path	18
2.3	Semi-Host Library	18
2.4	Processor Endian-ness	18
2.5	QuantumLeap Support	18
2.6	Processor ELF code	18
3	All Variants in this model	19
4	Bus Master Ports	21
5	Bus Slave Ports	22
6	Net Ports	23
7	FIFO Ports	24
8	Formal Parameters	25
8.1	Parameters with enumerated types	28
8.1.1	Parameter user_version	28
8.1.2	Parameter priv_version	28
8.1.3	Parameter hypervisor_version	29

8.1.4	Parameter debug_version	29
8.1.5	Parameter rnmi_version	29
8.1.6	Parameter Smepmp_version	29
8.1.7	Parameter mstatus_fs_mode	29
8.1.8	Parameter debug_mode	29
8.1.9	Parameter Zfinx_version	30
8.1.10	Parameter Zcea_version	30
8.1.11	Parameter Zceb_version	30
8.1.12	Parameter Zcee_version	30
8.2	Parameter values	30
9	Execution Modes	34
10	Exceptions	35
11	Hierarchy of the model	37
11.1	Level 1: Hart	37
12	Model Commands	38
12.1	Level 1: Hart	38
12.1.1	dumpTLB	38
12.1.1.1	Argument description	38
12.1.2	dumpVS1TLB	38
12.1.2.1	Argument description	38
12.1.3	dumpVS2TLB	38
12.1.3.1	Argument description	38
12.1.4	getCSRIndex	38
12.1.5	isync	38
12.1.6	itrace	39
12.1.7	listCSRs	39
12.1.7.1	Argument description	39
13	Registers	40
13.1	Level 1: Hart	40
13.1.1	Core	40
13.1.2	Floating-point	41
13.1.3	User_Control_and_Status	41
13.1.4	Supervisor_Control_and_Status	43
13.1.5	Hypervisor_Control_and_Status	43
13.1.6	Machine_Control_and_Status	44
13.1.7	Integration_support	47

Chapter 1

Overview

This document provides the details of an OVP Fast Processor Model variant.

OVP Fast Processor Models are written in C and provide a C API for use in C based platforms. The models also provide a native interface for use in SystemC TLM2 platforms.

The models are written using the OVP VMI API that provides a Virtual Machine Interface that defines the behavior of the processor. The VMI API makes a clear line between model and simulator allowing very good optimization and world class high speed performance. Most models are provided as a binary shared object and also as source. This allows the download and use of the model binary or the use of the source to explore and modify the model.

The models are run through an extensive QA and regression testing process and most model families are validated using technology provided by the processor IP owners. There is a companion document (OVP Guide to Using Processor Models) which explains the general concepts of OVP Fast Processor Models and their use. It is downloadable from the OVPworld website documentation pages.

1.1 Description

RISC-V RV32GCH 32-bit processor model

1.2 Licensing

This Model is released under the Open Source Apache 2.0

1.3 Extensions

1.3.1 Extensions Enabled by Default

The model has the following architectural extensions enabled, and the corresponding bits in the misa CSR Extensions field will be set upon reset:

misa bit 0: extension A (atomic instructions)

misa bit 2: extension C (compressed instructions)

misa bit 3: extension D (double-precision floating point)

misa bit 5: extension F (single-precision floating point)

misa bit 7: extension H (hypervisor)

misa bit 8: RV32I/RV64I/RV128I base integer instruction set

misa bit 12: extension M (integer multiply/divide instructions)

misa bit 18: extension S (Supervisor mode)

misa bit 20: extension U (User mode)

To specify features that can be dynamically enabled or disabled by writes to the misa register in addition to those listed above, use parameter “add_Extensions_mask”. This is a string parameter containing the feature letters to add; for example, value “DV” indicates that double-precision floating point and the Vector Extension can be enabled or disabled by writes to the misa register, if supported on this variant. Parameter “sub_Extensions_mask” can be used to disable dynamic update of features in the same way.

Legacy parameter “misa_Extensions_mask” can also be used. This Uns32-valued parameter specifies all writable bits in the misa Extensions field, replacing any permitted bits defined in the base variant.

Note that any features that are indicated as present in the misa mask but absent in the misa will be ignored. See the next section.

1.3.2 Enabling Other Extensions

The following extensions are supported by the model, but not enabled by default in this variant:

misa bit 1: extension B (bit manipulation extension)

misa bit 4: RV32E base integer instruction set (embedded)

misa bit 10: extension K (cryptographic)

misa bit 13: extension N (user-level interrupts)

misa bit 15: extension P (DSP instructions)

misa bit 21: extension V (vector extension)

misa bit 23: extension X (non-standard extensions present)

To add features from this list to the visible set in the misa register, use parameter “add_Extensions”. This is a string containing identification letters of features to enable; for example, value “DV” indicates that double-precision floating point and the Vector Extension should be enabled, if they are currently absent and are available on this variant.

Legacy parameter “misa_Extensions” can also be used. This Uns32-valued parameter specifies the reset value for the misa CSR Extensions field, replacing any permitted bits defined in the base variant.

To add features from this list to the implicitly-enabled set (not visible in the misa register), use parameter “add_implicit_Extensions”. This is a string parameter in the same format as the “add_Extensions” parameter described above.

1.3.3 Disabling Extensions

The following extensions are enabled by default in the model and can be disabled:

misa bit 0: extension A (atomic instructions)

misa bit 2: extension C (compressed instructions)

misa bit 3: extension D (double-precision floating point)

misa bit 5: extension F (single-precision floating point)

misa bit 7: extension H (hypervisor)

misa bit 12: extension M (integer multiply/divide instructions)

misa bit 18: extension S (Supervisor mode)

misa bit 20: extension U (User mode)

To disable features that are enabled by default, use parameter “sub_Extensions”. This is a string containing identification letters of features to disable; for example, value “DF” indicates that double-precision and single-precision floating point extensions should be disabled, if they are enabled by default on this variant.

To remove features from this list from the implicitly-enabled set (not visible in the misa register), use parameter “sub_implicit_Extensions”. This is a string parameter in the same format as the “sub_Extensions” parameter described above.

1.4 General Features

1.4.1 mtvec CSR

On this variant, the Machine trap-vector base-address register (mtvec) is writable. It can instead be configured as read-only using parameter “mtvec_is_ro”.

Values written to “mtvec” are masked using the value 0xfffffd. A different mask of writable bits may be specified using parameter “mtvec_mask” if required. In addition, when Vectored interrupt mode is enabled, parameter “tvec_align” may be used to specify additional hardware-enforced base

address alignment. In this variant, “tvec_align” defaults to 0, implying no alignment constraint.

If parameter “mtvec_sext” is True, values written to “mtvec” are sign-extended from the most-significant writable bit. In this variant, “mtvec_sext” is False, indicating that “mtvec” is not sign-extended.

The initial value of “mtvec” is 0x0. A different value may be specified using parameter “mtvec” if required.

1.4.2 stvec CSR

Values written to “stvec” are masked using the value 0xffffffd. A different mask of writable bits may be specified using parameter “stvec_mask” if required. In addition, when Vectored interrupt mode is enabled, parameter “tvec_align” may be used to specify additional hardware-enforced base address alignment. In this variant, “tvec_align” defaults to 0, implying no alignment constraint.

If parameter “stvec_sext” is True, values written to “stvec” are sign-extended from the most-significant writable bit. In this variant, “stvec_sext” is False, indicating that “stvec” is not sign-extended.

1.4.3 Reset

On reset, the model will restart at address 0x0. A different reset address may be specified using parameter “reset_address” or applied using optional input port “reset_addr” if required.

1.4.4 NMI

On an NMI, the model will restart at address 0x0; a different NMI address may be specified using parameter “nmi_address” or applied using optional input port “nmi_addr” if required. The cause reported on an NMI is 0x0 by default; a different cause may be specified using parameter “ecode_nmi” or applied using optional input port “nmi_cause” if required.

If parameter “rnmi_version” is not “none”, resumable NMIs are supported, managed by additional CSRs “mnscratch”, “mnepc”, “mncause” and “mnstatus”, following the indicated version of the Resumable NMI extension proposal. In this variant, “rnmi_version” is “none”.

1.4.5 WFI

WFI will halt the processor until an interrupt occurs. It can instead be configured as a NOP using parameter “wfi_is_nop”. WFI timeout wait is implemented with a time limit of 0 (i.e. WFI causes an Illegal Instruction trap in Supervisor mode when mstatus.TW=1).

1.4.6 cycle CSR

The “cycle” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “cycle_undefined” to True to instead specify that “cycle” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.7 time CSR

The “time” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “time_undefined” to True to instead specify that “time” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps. Usually, the value of the “time” CSR should be provided by the platform - see notes below about the artifact “CSR” bus for information about how this is done.

1.4.8 instret CSR

The “instret” CSR is implemented in this variant. Set parameter “instret_undefined” to True to instead specify that “instret” is unimplemented and reads of it should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.9 hpmcounter CSRs

“hpmcounter” CSRs are implemented in this variant. Set parameter “hpmcounter_undefined” to True to instead specify that “hpmcounter” CSRs are unimplemented and reads of them should cause Illegal Instruction traps.

1.4.10 Virtual Memory

This variant supports address translation modes 0 (bare) and 1 (Sv32). Use parameter “Sv_modes” to specify a bit mask of different implemented modes if required; for example, setting “Sv_modes” to $(1 < 0) + (1 < 8)$ indicates that mode 0 (bare) and mode 8 (Sv39) are implemented. These indices correspond to writable values in the satp.MODE CSR field.

A 9-bit ASID is implemented. Use parameter “ASID_bits” to specify a different implemented ASID size if required.

TLB behavior is controlled by parameter “ASIDCacheSize”. If this parameter is 0, then an unlimited number of TLB entries will be maintained concurrently. If this parameter is non-zero, then only TLB entries for up to “ASIDCacheSize” different ASIDs will be maintained concurrently initially; as new ASIDs are used, TLB entries for less-recently used ASIDs are deleted, which improves model performance in some cases. If the model detects that the TLB entry cache is too small (entry ejections are very frequent), it will increase the cache size automatically. In this variant, “ASIDCacheSize” is 8.

1.4.11 Unaligned Accesses

Unaligned memory accesses are not supported by this variant. Set parameter “unaligned” to “T” to enable such accesses.

Unaligned memory accesses are not supported for AMO instructions by this variant. Set parameter “unalignedAMO” to “T” to enable such accesses.

1.4.12 PMP

16 PMP entries are implemented by this variant. Use parameter “PMP_registers” to specify a different number of PMP entries; set the parameter to 0 to disable the PMP unit. The PMP grain size (G) is 0, meaning that PMP regions as small as 4 bytes are implemented. Use parameter “PMP_grain” to specify a different grain size if required. Unaligned PMP accesses are not decomposed into separate aligned accesses; use parameter “PMP_decompose” to modify this behavior if required.

1.4.13 LR/SC Granule

LR/SC instructions are implemented with a 1-byte reservation granule. A different granule size may be specified using parameter “lr_sc_grain”.

1.5 Compressed Extension

Standard compressed instructions are present in this variant.

Parameter Zcea_version is used to specify the version of Zcea instructions present. By default, Zcea_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

Parameter Zceb_version is used to specify the version of Zceb instructions present. By default, Zceb_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

Parameter Zcee_version is used to specify the version of Zcee instructions present. By default, Zcee_version is set to “none” in this variant. Updates to this parameter require a commercial product license.

1.6 Floating Point Features

The D extension is enabled in this variant independently of the F extension. Set parameter “d_requires_f” to “T” to specify that the D extension requires the F extension to be enabled.

Half precision floating point is not implemented. Use parameter “Zfh” to enable this if required.

By default, the processor starts with floating-point instructions disabled (mstatus.FS=0). Use parameter “mstatus_FS” to force mstatus.FS to a non-zero value for floating-point to be enabled from the start.

The specification is imprecise regarding the conditions under which mstatus.FS is set to Dirty state (3). Parameter “mstatus_fs_mode” can be used to specify the required behavior in this model, as described below.

If “mstatus_fs_mode” is set to “always_dirty” then the model implements a simplified floating point status view in which mstatus.FS holds values 0 (Off) and 3 (Dirty) only; any write of values 1 (Initial) or 2 (Clean) from privileged code behave as if value 3 was written.

If “mstatus_fs_mode” is set to “write_1” then mstatus.FS will be set to 3 (Dirty) by any explicit write to the fflags, frm or fcsr control registers, or by any executed instruction that writes an FPR, or by any executed floating point compare or conversion to integer/unsigned that signals a floating point exception. Floating point compare or conversion to integer/unsigned instructions that do not signal an exception will not set mstatus.FS.

If “mstatus_fs_mode” is set to “write_any” then mstatus.FS will be set to 3 (Dirty) by any explicit write to the fflags, frm or fcsr control registers, or by any executed instruction that writes an FPR, or by any executed floating point compare or conversion even if those instructions do not signal a floating point exception.

In this variant, “mstatus_fs_mode” is set to “write_1”.

1.7 Privileged Architecture

This variant implements the Privileged Architecture with version specified in the References section of this document. Note that parameter “priv_version” can be used to select the required architecture version; see the following sections for detailed information about differences between each supported version.

1.7.1 Legacy Version 1.10

1.10 version of May 7 2017.

1.7.2 Version 20190608

Stable 1.11 version of June 8 2019, with these changes compared to version 1.10:

- mcountinhibit CSR defined;
- pages are never executable in Supervisor mode if page table entry U bit is 1;
- mstatus.TW is writable if any lower-level privilege mode is implemented (previously, it was just if Supervisor mode was implemented);

1.7.3 Version master

Unstable master version corresponding to evolving 1.12 specification, with these changes compared to version 20190608:

- mstatush, mseccfg, mseccfg, menvcfg, menvcfg, senvcfg, henvcfg, henvcfg and mconfigptr CSRs defined;
- xret instructions clear mstatus.MPRV when leaving Machine mode if new mode is less privileged than M-mode;
- maximum number of PMP registers increased to 64;
- data endian is now configurable.

1.8 Unprivileged Architecture

This variant implements the Unprivileged Architecture with version specified in the References section of this document. Note that parameter “user_version” can be used to select the required architecture version; see the following sections for detailed information about differences between each supported version.

1.8.1 Legacy Version 2.2

2.2 version of May 7 2017.

1.8.2 Version 20191213

Stable 20191213-Base-Ratified version of December 13 2019, with these changes compared to version 2.2:

- floating point fmin/fmax instruction behavior modified to comply with IEEE 754-201x.
- numerous other optional behaviors can be separately enabled using Z-prefixed parameters.

1.9 Hypervisor Extension

This variant implements the RISC-V hypervisor extension with version specified in the References section of this document.

1.9.1 Hypervisor Extension Parameters

A 9-bit VS-mode ASID is implemented. Use parameter “ASID_bits” to specify a different implemented VS-mode ASID size if required. Note that this parameter also defines HS-mode ASID size.

A 7-bit VMID is implemented. Use parameter “VMID_bits” to specify a different implemented VMID size if required.

Parameter “GEILEN” is used to specify the number of guest external interrupts. By default, “GEILEN” is set to 0 in this variant.

Parameter “xtinst_basic” is used to specify whether transformed instructions reported in mtinst/htinst are fully supported (if False) or whether only basic pseudo-instructions are reported (if True). If only basic instructions are reported, the writable bits in mtinst/htinst are restricted so that only bits 5 and 13 are writable (for RV32) or bits 5, 12 and 13 are writable (for RV64). By default, “xtinst_basic” is set to False in this variant.

1.10 Other Extensions

Other extensions that can be configured are described in this section.

1.10.1 Zmmul

Parameter “Zmmul” is 0 on this variant, meaning that all multiply and divide instructions are implemented. if “Zmmul” is set to 1 then multiply instructions are implemented but divide and remainder instructions are not implemented.

1.10.2 Zicsr

Parameter “Zicsr” is 1 on this variant, meaning that standard CSRs and CSR access instructions are implemented. if “Zicsr” is set to 0 then standard CSRs and CSR access instructions are not implemented and an alternative scheme must be provided as a processor extension.

1.10.3 Zifencei

Parameter “Zifencei” is 1 on this variant, meaning that the fence.i instruction is implemented (but treated as a NOP by the model). if “Zifencei” is set to 0 then the fence.i instruction is not implemented.

1.10.4 Zicbom

Parameter “Zicbom” is 0 on this variant, meaning that code block management instructions are undefined. if “Zicbom” is set to 1 then code block management instructions cbo.clean, cbo.flush and cbo.inval are defined.

If Zicbom is present, the cache block size is given by parameter “cmomp_bytes”. The instructions may cause traps if used illegally but otherwise are NOPs in this model.

1.10.5 Zicbop

Parameter “Zicbop” is 0 on this variant, meaning that prefetch instructions are undefined. if “Zicbop” is set to 1 then prefetch instructions prefetch.i, prefetch.r and prefetch.w are defined (but behave as NOPs in this model).

1.10.6 Zicboz

Parameter “Zicboz” is 0 on this variant, meaning that the cbo.zero instruction is undefined. if “Zicboz” is set to 1 then the cbo.zero instruction is defined.

If Zicboz is present, the cache block size is given by parameter “cmoz_bytes”.

1.11 CLIC

The model can be configured to implement a Core Local Interrupt Controller (CLIC) using parameter “CLICLEVELS”; when non-zero, the CLIC is present with the specified number of interrupt levels (2-256), as described in the RISC-V Core-Local Interrupt Controller specification, and further parameters are made available to configure other aspects of the CLIC. “CLICLEVELS” is zero in this variant, indicating that a CLIC is not implemented.

1.12 Load-Reserved/Store-Conditional Locking

By default, LR/SC locking is implemented automatically by the model and simulator, with a reservation granule defined by the “lr_sc_grain” parameter. It is also possible to implement locking externally to the model in a platform component, using the “LR_address”, “SC_address” and “SC_valid” net ports, as described below.

The “LR_address” output net port is written by the model with the address used by a load-reserved instruction as it executes. This port should be connected as an input to the external lock management component, which should record the address, and also that an LR/SC transaction is active.

The “SC_address” output net port is written by the model with the address used by a store-conditional instruction as it executes. This should be connected as an input to the external lock management component, which should compare the address with the previously-recorded load-reserved address, and determine from this (and other implementation-specific constraints) whether the store should succeed. It should then immediately write the Boolean success/fail code to the “SC_valid” input net port of the model. Finally, it should update state to indicate that an LR/SC transaction is no longer active.

It is also possible to write zero to the “SC_valid” input net port at any time outside the context of a store-conditional instruction, which will mark any active LR/SC transaction as invalid.

Irrespective of whether LR/SC locking is implemented internally or externally, taking any exception or interrupt or executing exception-return instructions (e.g. MRET) will always mark any active LR/SC transaction as invalid.

1.13 Active Atomic Operation Indication

The “AMO_active” output net port is written by the model with a code indicating any current atomic memory operation while the instruction is active. The written codes are:

- 0: no atomic instruction active
- 1: AMOMIN active
- 2: AMOMAX active
- 3: AMOMINU active
- 4: AMOMAXU active

- 5: AMOADD active
- 6: AMOXOR active
- 7: AMOOR active
- 8: AMOAND active
- 9: AMOSWAP active
- 10: LR active
- 11: SC active

1.14 Interrupts

The “reset” port is an active-high reset input. The processor is halted when “reset” goes high and resumes execution from the reset address specified using the “reset_address” parameter or “reset_addr” port when the signal goes low. The “mcause” register is cleared to zero.

The “nmi” port is an active-high NMI input. The processor resumes execution from the address specified using the “nmi_address” parameter or “nmi_addr” port when the NMI signal goes high. The “mcause” register is cleared to zero.

All other interrupt ports are active high. For each implemented privileged execution level, there are by default input ports for software interrupt, timer interrupt and external interrupt; for example, for Machine mode, these are called “MSWInterrupt”, “MTimerInterrupt” and “MExternalInterrupt”, respectively. When the N extension is implemented, ports are also present for User mode. Parameter “unimp_int_mask” allows the default behavior to be changed to exclude certain interrupt ports. The parameter value is a mask in the same format as the “mip” CSR; any interrupt corresponding to a non-zero bit in this mask will be removed from the processor and read as zero in “mip”, “mie” and “mideleg” CSRs (and Supervisor and User mode equivalents if implemented).

Parameter “external_int_id” can be used to enable extra interrupt ID input ports on each hart. If the parameter is True then when an external interrupt is applied the value on the ID port is sampled and used to fill the Exception Code field in the “mcause” CSR (or the equivalent CSR for other execution levels). For Machine mode, the extra interrupt ID port is called “MExternalInterruptID”.

The “deferint” port is an active-high artifact input that, when written to 1, prevents any pending-and-enabled interrupt being taken (normally, such an interrupt would be taken on the next instruction after it becomes pending-and-enabled). The purpose of this signal is to enable alignment with hardware models in step-and-compare usage.

1.15 Debug Mode

The model can be configured to implement Debug mode using parameter “debug_mode”. This implements features described in Chapter 4 of the RISC-V External Debug Support specification with version specified by parameter “debug_version” (see References). Some aspects of this mode are not defined in the specification because they are implementation-specific; the model provides infrastructure to allow implementation of a Debug Module using a custom harness. Features added

are described below.

Parameter “debug_mode” can be used to specify three different behaviors, as follows:

1. If set to value “vector”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor jumping to the address specified by the “debug_address” parameter. It will execute at this address, in Debug mode, until a “dret” instruction causes return to non-Debug mode. Any exception generated during this execution will cause a jump to the address specified by the “dexc_address” parameter.
2. If set to value “interrupt”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor simulation call (e.g. `opProcessorSimulate`) returning, with a stop reason of `OP_SR_INTERRUPT`. In this usage scenario, the Debug Module is implemented in the simulation harness.
3. If set to value “halt”, then operations that would cause entry to Debug mode result in the processor halting. Depending on the simulation environment, this might cause a return from the simulation call with a stop reason of `OP_SR_HALT`, or debug mode might be implemented by another platform component which then restarts the debugged processor again.

1.15.1 Debug State Entry

The specification does not define how Debug mode is implemented. In this model, Debug mode is enabled by a Boolean pseudo-register, “DM”. When “DM” is True, the processor is in Debug mode. When “DM” is False, mode is defined by “mstatus” in the usual way.

Entry to Debug mode can be performed in any of these ways:

1. By writing True to register “DM” (e.g. using `opProcessorRegWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`), dcsr cause will be reported as trigger;
2. By writing a 1 then 0 to net “haltreq” (using `opNetWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
3. By writing a 1 to net “resethaltreq” (using `opNetWrite`) while the “reset” signal undergoes a negedge transition, followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
4. By executing an “ebreak” instruction when Debug mode entry for the current processor mode is enabled by `dcsr.ebreakm`, `dcsr.ebreaks` or `dcsr.ebreaku`.

In all cases, the processor will save required state in “dpc” and “dcsr” and then perform actions described above, depending in the value of the “debug_mode” parameter.

1.15.2 Debug State Exit

Exit from Debug mode can be performed in any of these ways:

1. By writing False to register “DM” (e.g. using `opProcessorRegWrite`) followed by simulation of at least one cycle (e.g. using `opProcessorSimulate`);
2. By executing an “dret” instruction when Debug mode.

In both cases, the processor will perform the steps described in section 4.6 (Resume) of the Debug

specification.

1.15.3 Debug Registers

When Debug mode is enabled, registers “dcsr”, “dpc”, “dscratch0” and “dscratch1” are implemented as described in the specification. These may be manipulated externally by a Debug Module using `opProcessorRegRead` or `opProcessorRegWrite`; for example, the Debug Module could write “dcsr” to enable “ebreak” instruction behavior as described above, or read and write “dpc” to emulate stepping over an “ebreak” instruction prior to resumption from Debug mode.

1.15.4 Debug Mode Execution

The specification allows execution of code fragments in Debug mode. A Debug Module implementation can cause execution in Debug mode by the following steps:

1. Write the address of a Program Buffer to the program counter using `opProcessorPCSet`;
2. If “debug_mode” is set to “halt”, write 0 to pseudo-register “DMStall” (to leave halted state);
3. If entry to Debug mode was handled by exiting the simulation callback, call `opProcessorSimulate` or `opRootModuleSimulate` to resume simulation.

Debug mode will be re-entered in these cases:

1. By execution of an “ebreak” instruction; or:
2. By execution of an instruction that causes an exception.

In both cases, the processor will either jump to the debug exception address, or return control immediately to the harness, with `stopReason` of `OP_SR_INTERRUPT`, or perform a halt, depending on the value of the “debug_mode” parameter.

1.15.5 Debug Single Step

When in Debug mode, the processor or harness can cause a single instruction to be executed on return from that mode by setting `dcsr.step`. After one non-Debug-mode instruction has been executed, control will be returned to the harness. The processor will remain in single-step mode until `dcsr.step` is cleared.

1.15.6 Debug Ports

Port “DM” is an output signal that indicates whether the processor is in Debug mode

Port “haltreq” is a rising-edge-triggered signal that triggers entry to Debug mode (see above).

Port “resethaltreq” is a level-sensitive signal that triggers entry to Debug mode after reset (see above).

1.16 Trigger Module

This model is configured with a trigger module, implementing a subset of the behavior described in Chapter 5 of the RISC-V External Debug Support specification with version specified by parameter “debug_version” (see References).

1.16.1 Trigger Module Restrictions

The model currently supports tdata1 of type 0, type 2 (mcontrol), type 3 (icount), type 4 (itrigger), type 5 (etrigger) and type 6 (mcontrol6). icount triggers are implemented for a single instruction only, with count hard-wired to 1 and automatic zeroing of mode bits when the trigger fires.

1.16.2 Trigger Module Parameters

Parameter “trigger_num” is used to specify the number of implemented triggers. In this variant, “trigger_num” is 4.

Parameter “tinfo” is used to specify the value of the read-only “tinfo” register, which indicates the trigger types supported. In this variant, “tinfo” is 0x7d.

Parameter “tinfo_undefined” is used to specify whether the “tinfo” register is undefined, in which case reads of it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “tinfo_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “tcontrol_undefined” is used to specify whether the “tcontrol” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “tcontrol_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “mcontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “mcontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “mcontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “scontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “scontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “scontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “mscontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “mscontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “mscontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “hcontext_undefined” is used to specify whether the “hcontext” register is undefined, in which case accesses to it trap to Machine mode. In this variant, “hcontext_undefined” is 0.

Parameter “amo_trigger” is used to specify whether load/store triggers are activated for AMO instructions. In this variant, “amo_trigger” is 0.

Parameter “no_hit” is used to specify whether the “hit” bit in tdata1 is unimplemented. In this variant, “no_hit” is 0.

Parameter “no_sselect_2” is used to specify whether the “sselect” field in “textra32”/“textra64” registers is unable to hold value 2 (indicating match by ASID is not allowed). In this variant, “no_sselect_2” is 0.

Parameter “mcontext_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “mcontext” register. In this variant, “mcontext_bits” is 6.

Parameter “scontext_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “scontext” register.

In this variant, “scontext_bits” is 16.

Parameter “mvalue_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “mvalue” field in “extra32”/“extra64” registers; if zero, the “mselect” field is tied to zero. In this variant, “mvalue_bits” is 6.

Parameter “svalue_bits” is used to specify the number of writable bits in the “svalue” field in “extra32”/“extra64” registers; if zero, the “sselect” is tied to zero. In this variant, “svalue_bits” is 16.

Parameter “mcontrol_maskmax” is used to specify the value of field “maskmax” in the “mcontrol” register. In this variant, “mcontrol_maskmax” is 63.

1.17 Debug Mask

It is possible to enable model debug messages in various categories. This can be done statically using the “override_debugMask” parameter, or dynamically using the “debugflags” command. Enabled messages are specified using a bitmask value, as follows:

Value 0x002: enable debugging of PMP and virtual memory state;

Value 0x004: enable debugging of interrupt state.

All other bits in the debug bitmask are reserved and must not be set to non-zero values.

1.18 Integration Support

This model implements a number of non-architectural pseudo-registers and other features to facilitate integration.

1.18.1 CSR Register External Implementation

If parameter “enable_CSR_bus” is True, an artifact 16-bit bus “CSR” is enabled. Slave callbacks installed on this bus can be used to implement modified CSR behavior (use opBusSlaveNew or icmMapExternalMemory, depending on the client API). A CSR with index 0xABC is mapped on the bus at address 0xABC0; as a concrete example, implementing CSR “time” (number 0xC01) externally requires installation of callbacks at address 0xC010 on the CSR bus.

1.18.2 LR/SC Active Address

Artifact register “LRSCAddress” shows the active LR/SC lock address. The register holds all-ones if there is no LR/SC operation active or if LR/SC locking is implemented externally as described above.

1.18.3 Page Table Walk Introspection

Artifact register “PTWStage” shows the active page table translation stage (0 if no stage active, 1 if HS-stage active, 2 if VS-stage active and 3 if G-stage active). This register is visibly non-zero only in a memory access callback triggered by a page table walk event.

Artifact register “PTWInputAddr” shows the input address of active page table translation. This register is visibly non-zero only in a memory access callback triggered by a page table walk event.

Artifact register “PTWLevel” shows the active level of page table translation (corresponding to index variable “i” in the algorithm described by Virtual Address Translation Process in the RISC-V Privileged Architecture specification). This register is visibly non-zero only in a memory access callback triggered by a page table walk event.

1.18.4 Artifact Register “fflags_i”

If parameter “enable_fflags_i” is True, an 8-bit artifact register “fflags_i” is added to the model. This register shows the floating point flags set by the current instruction (unlike the standard “fflags” CSR, in which the flag bits are sticky).

1.19 Limitations

Instruction pipelines are not modeled in any way. All instructions are assumed to complete immediately. This means that instruction barrier instructions (e.g. fence.i) are treated as NOPs, with the exception of any Illegal Instruction behavior, which is modeled.

Caches and write buffers are not modeled in any way. All loads, fetches and stores complete immediately and in order, and are fully synchronous. Data barrier instructions (e.g. fence) are treated as NOPs, with the exception of any Illegal Instruction behavior, which is modeled.

Real-world timing effects are not modeled: all instructions are assumed to complete in a single cycle.

Hardware Performance Monitor registers are not implemented and hardwired to zero.

The TLB is architecturally-accurate but not device accurate. This means that all TLB maintenance and address translation operations are fully implemented but the cache is larger than in the real device.

1.20 Verification

All instructions have been extensively tested by Imperas, using tests generated specifically for this model and also reference tests from <https://github.com/riscv/riscv-tests>.

Also reference tests have been used from various sources including:

<https://github.com/riscv/riscv-tests>

<https://github.com/ucb-bar/riscv-torture>

The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are used in the RISC-V Foundation Compliance Framework as a functional Golden Reference:

<https://github.com/riscv/riscv-compliance>

where the simulated model is used to provide the reference signatures for compliance testing. The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are used as reference in both open source and commercial instruction stream test generators for hardware design verification, for example:

<http://valtrix.in/sting> from Valtrix

<https://github.com/google/riscv-dv> from Google

The Imperas OVPSim RISC-V models are also used by commercial and open source RISC-V Core RTL developers as a reference to ensure correct functionality of their IP.

1.21 References

The Model details are based upon the following specifications:

RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume I: User-Level ISA (User Architecture Version 20191213)

RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume II: Privileged Architecture (Privileged Architecture Master Branch (1.12 draft))

RISC-V “H” Hypervisor Extension (Hypervisor Architecture Version 0.6.1)

Chapter 2

Configuration

2.1 Location

This model's VLVN is riscv.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0.

The model source is usually at:

`$IMPERAS_HOME/ImperasLib/source/riscv.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0`

The model binary is usually at:

`$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/$IMPERAS_ARCH/ImperasLib/riscv.ovpworld.org/processor/riscv/1.0`

2.2 GDB Path

The default GDB for this model is: `$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/$IMPERAS_ARCH/gdb/riscv-none-embed-gdb`.

2.3 Semi-Host Library

The default semi-host library file is riscv.ovpworld.org/semihosting/pk/1.0

2.4 Processor Endian-ness

This is a LITTLE endian model.

2.5 QuantumLeap Support

This processor is qualified to run in a QuantumLeap enabled simulator.

2.6 Processor ELF code

The ELF code supported by this model is: 0xf3.

Chapter 3

All Variants in this model

This model has these variants

Variant	Description
RV32I	
RV32IM	
RV32IMC	
RV32IMCZ _{ce}	
RV32IMAC	
RV32G	
RV32GC	
RV32GCZ _{finx}	
RV32GCB	
RV32GCH	(described in this document)
RV32GCK	
RV32GCN	
RV32GCP	
RV32GCV	
RV32E	
RV32EC	
RV64I	
RV64IM	
RV64IMC	
RV64IMCZ _{ce}	
RV64IMAC	
RV64G	
RV64GC	
RV64GCZ _{finx}	
RV64GCB	
RV64GCH	
RV64GCK	
RV64GCN	
RV64GCP	
RV64GCV	
RVB32I	

RVB32E	
RVB64I	

Table 3.1: All Variants in this model

Chapter 4

Bus Master Ports

This model has these bus master ports.

Name	min	max	Connect?	Description
INSTRUCTION	32	34	mandatory	Instruction bus
DATA	32	34	optional	Data bus

Table 4.1: Bus Master Ports

Chapter 5

Bus Slave Ports

This model has no bus slave ports.

Chapter 6

Net Ports

This model has these net ports.

Name	Type	Connect?	Description
reset	input	optional	Reset
reset_addr	input	optional	externally-applied reset address
nmi	input	optional	NMI
nmi_cause	input	optional	externally-applied NMI cause
nmi_addr	input	optional	externally-applied NMI address
SSWInterrupt	input	optional	Supervisor software interrupt
VSSWInterrupt	input	optional	Virtual supervisor software interrupt
MSWInterrupt	input	optional	Machine software interrupt
STimerInterrupt	input	optional	Supervisor timer interrupt
VSTimerInterrupt	input	optional	Virtual supervisor timer interrupt
MTimerInterrupt	input	optional	Machine timer interrupt
SExternalInterrupt	input	optional	Supervisor external interrupt
VSEExternalInterrupt	input	optional	Virtual supervisor external interrupt
MExternalInterrupt	input	optional	Machine external interrupt
irq_ack_o	output	optional	interrupt acknowledge (pulse)
irq_id_o	output	optional	acknowledged interrupt id (valid during irq_ack_o pulse)
sec_lvl_o	output	optional	current privilege level
LR_address	output	optional	Port written with effective address for LR instruction
SC_address	output	optional	Port written with effective address for SC instruction
SC_valid	input	optional	SC_address valid input signal
AMO_active	output	optional	Port written with code indicating active AMO
deferint	input	optional	Artifact signal causing interrupts to be held off when high

Table 6.1: Net Ports

Chapter 7

FIFO Ports

This model has no FIFO ports.

Chapter 8

Formal Parameters

Name	Type	Description
Fundamental		
variant	Enumeration	Selects variant (either a generic UISA or a specific model)
user_version	Enumeration	Specify required User Architecture version (2.2, 2.3, 20190305 or 20191213)
priv_version	Enumeration	Specify required Privileged Architecture version (1.10, 1.11, 20190405, 20190608 or master)
Smepmp_version	Enumeration	Specify required Smepmp Architecture version (none or 0.9.5)
numHarts	Uns32	Specify the number of hart contexts in a multiprocessor
endian	Endian	Model endian
enable_expanded	Boolean	Specify that 48-bit and 64-bit expanded instructions are supported
endianFixed	Boolean	Specify that data endianness is fixed (mstatus.{MBE,SBE,UBE} fields are read-only)
misa_MXL	Uns32	Override default value of misa.MXL
misa_Extensions	Uns32	Override default value of misa.Extensions
add_Extensions	String	Add extensions specified by letters to misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to add V and D features)
sub_Extensions	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to remove V and D features)
misa_Extensions_mask	Uns32	Override mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions
add_Extensions_mask	String	Add extensions specified by letters to mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to add V and D features)
sub_Extensions_mask	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions (for example, specify “VD” to remove V and D features)
add_implicit_Extensions	String	Add extensions specified by letters to implicitly-present extensions not visible in misa.Extensions
sub_implicit_Extensions	String	Remove extensions specified by letters from implicitly-present extensions not visible in misa.Extensions
Zicsr	Boolean	Specify that Zicsr is implemented
Zifencei	Boolean	Specify that Zifencei is implemented
Zicbom	Boolean	Specify that Zicbom is implemented
Zicbop	Boolean	Specify that Zicbop is implemented
Zicboz	Boolean	Specify that Zicboz is implemented
Zmmul	Boolean	Specify that Zmmul is implemented
Hypervisor		
hypervisor_version	Enumeration	Specify required Hypervisor Architecture version (0.6.1)
VMID_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented VMID bits
GEILEN	Uns32	Specify number of guest external interrupts
xtinst_basic	Boolean	Specify that only pseudo-instructions are reported by htinst/mtinst
Debug		

debug_version	Enumeration	Specify required Debug Architecture version (0.13.2-DRAFT, 0.14.0-DRAFT or 1.0.0-STABLE)
debug_mode	Enumeration	Specify how Debug mode is implemented (none, vector, interrupt or halt)
Interrupts_Exceptions		
rnmi_version	Enumeration	Specify required RNMI Architecture version (none or 0.2.1)
mtvec_is_ro	Boolean	Specify whether mtvec CSR is read-only
tvec.align	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced alignment of mtvec/stvec/utvec when Vectored interrupt mode enabled
ecode_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in xcause.ExceptionCode
ecode_nmi	Uns64	Specify xcause.ExceptionCode for NMI
tval_zero	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval/utval are hard wired to zero
tval_zero_ebreak	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval/utval are set to zero by an ebreak
tval_ii_code	Boolean	Specify whether mtval/stval contain faulting instruction bits on illegal instruction exception
trap_preserves_lr	Boolean	Whether a trap preserves active LR/SC state
xret_preserves_lr	Boolean	Whether an xret instruction preserves active LR/SC state
reset_address	Uns64	Override reset vector address
nmi_address	Uns64	Override NMI vector address
CLINT_address	Uns64	Specify base address of internal CLINT model (or 0 for no CLINT)
local_int_num	Uns32	Specify number of supplemental local interrupts
unimp_int_mask	Uns64	Specify mask of unimplemented interrupts (e.g. 1<<9 indicates Supervisor external interrupt unimplemented)
force_mideleg	Uns64	Specify mask of interrupts always delegated to lower-priority execution level from Machine execution level
force_sideleg	Uns64	Specify mask of interrupts always delegated to User execution level from Supervisor execution level
no_ideleg	Uns64	Specify mask of interrupts that cannot be delegated to lower-priority execution levels
no_e deleg	Uns64	Specify mask of exceptions that cannot be delegated to lower-priority execution levels
external_int_id	Boolean	Whether to add nets allowing External Interrupt ID codes to be forced
Floating Point		
mstatus_fs_mode	Enumeration	Specify conditions causing update of mstatus.FS to dirty (write_1, write_any or always_dirty)
d_requires_f	Boolean	If D and F extensions are separately enabled in the misa CSR, whether D is enabled only if F is enabled
enable_fflags_i	Boolean	Whether fflags_i artifact register present (shows per-instruction floating point flags)
mstatus_FS	Uns32	Override default value of mstatus.FS (initial state of floating point unit)
Zfh	Boolean	Specify that Zfh is implemented (IEEE half-precision floating point is supported)
Zfhmin	Boolean	Specify that Zfhmin is implemented (restricted IEEE half-precision floating point is supported)
Zfinx_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zfinx implemented (use integer register file for floating point instructions) (none, 0.4 or 0.41)
Simulation Artifact		
use_hw_reg_names	Boolean	Specify whether to use hardware register names x0-x31 and f0-f31 instead of ABI register names
ABI_d	Boolean	Specify whether D registers are used for parameters (ABI SemiHosting)
verbose	Boolean	Specify verbose output messages
traceVolatile	Boolean	Specify whether volatile registers (e.g. minstret) should be shown in change trace
enable_CSR_bus	Boolean	Add artifact CSR bus port, allowing CSR registers to be externally implemented
CSR_remap	String	Comma-separated list of CSR number mappings, each of the form <csr-Name>=<number>

ASID_cache_size	Uns32	Specifies the number of different ASIDs for which TLB entries are cached; a value of 0 implies no limit
Memory		
updatePTEA	Boolean	Specify whether hardware update of PTE A bit is supported
updatePTED	Boolean	Specify whether hardware update of PTE D bit is supported
unaligned	Boolean	Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses
unalignedAMO	Boolean	Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses for AMO instructions
ASID_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented ASID bits
lr_sc_grain	Uns32	Specify byte granularity of ll/sc lock region (constrained to a power of two)
PMP_grain	Uns32	Specify PMP region granularity, G (0 =>4 bytes, 1 =>8 bytes, etc)
PMP_registers	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented PMP address registers
PMP_max_page	Uns32	Specify the maximum size of PMP region to map if non-zero (may improve performance; constrained to a power of two)
PMP_decompose	Boolean	Whether unaligned PMP accesses are decomposed into separate aligned accesses
Sv_modes	Uns32	Specify bit mask of implemented address translation modes (e.g. (1<<0)+(1<<8) indicates “bare” and “Sv39” modes may be selected in satp.MODE)
Svnapot_page_mask	Uns64	Specify mask of implemented Svnapot intermediate page sizes (e.g. 1<<16 means 64KiB contiguous regions are supported)
Svpbmt	Boolean	Specify that Svpbmt is implemented (page-based memory types)
Svinval	Boolean	Specify that Svinval is implemented (fine-grained address translation cache invalidation)
Instruction_CSR_Behavior		
wfi_is_nop	Boolean	Specify whether WFI should be treated as a NOP (if not, halt while waiting for interrupts)
counteren_mask	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mcounteren/scounteren registers
noinhibit_mask	Uns32	Specify hardware-enforced mask of always-zero bits in mcountinhibit register
cycle_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the cycle CSR is undefined
time_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the time CSR is undefined
instret_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the instret CSR is undefined
hpmcounter_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the hpmcounter CSRs are undefined
CSR_Masks		
mtvec_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mtvec register
stvec_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in stvec register
tdatal_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in Trigger Module tdata1 register
mip_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mip register
sip_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in sip register
hip_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in hip register
envcfg_mask	Uns64	Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in envcfg registers
mtvec_sext	Boolean	Specify whether mtvec is sign-extended from most-significant bit
stvec_sext	Boolean	Specify whether stvec is sign-extended from most-significant bit
Trigger		
tinfo_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the tinfo CSR is undefined
tcontrol_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the tcontrol CSR is undefined
mcontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the mcontext CSR is undefined
scontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the scontext CSR is undefined
mscontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the mscontext CSR is undefined (Debug Version 0.14.0 and later)
hcontext_undefined	Boolean	Specify that the hcontext CSR is undefined
amo_trigger	Boolean	Specify whether AMO load/store operations activate triggers

no_hit	Boolean	Specify that tdata1.hit is unimplemented
no_sselect_2	Boolean	Specify that textra.sselect=2 is not supported (no trigger match by ASID)
trigger_num	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented hardware triggers
tinfo	Uns32	Override tinfo register (for all triggers)
mcontext_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in mcontext
scontext_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in scontext
mvalue_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in textra.mvalue (if zero, textra.mselect is tied to zero)
svalue_bits	Uns32	Specify the number of implemented bits in textra.svalue (if zero, textra.sselect is tied to zero)
mcontrol_maskmax	Uns32	Specify mcontrol.maskmax value
CSR Defaults		
mvendorid	Uns64	Override mvendorid register
marchid	Uns64	Override marchid register
mimpid	Uns64	Override mimpid register
mhartid	Uns64	Override mhartid register (or first mhartid of an incrementing sequence if this is an SMP variant)
mconfigptr	Uns64	Override mconfigptr register
mtvec	Uns64	Override mtvec register
Compressed		
Zcea_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zcea implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 0.50.1)
Zceb_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zceb implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 0.50.1)
Zcee_version	Enumeration	Specify version of Zcee implemented (code-size reduction extension) (none or 1.0.0-rc)
Fast Interrupt		
CLICLEVELS	Uns32	Specify number of interrupt levels implemented by CLIC, or 0 if CLIC absent

Table 8.1: Parameters that can be set in: Hart

8.1 Parameters with enumerated types

8.1.1 Parameter user_version

Set to this value	Description
2.2	User Architecture Version 2.2
2.3	Deprecated and equivalent to 20191213
20190305	Deprecated and equivalent to 20191213
20191213	User Architecture Version 20191213

Table 8.2: Values for Parameter user_version

8.1.2 Parameter priv_version

Set to this value	Description
1.10	Privileged Architecture Version 1.10
1.11	Deprecated and equivalent to 20190608
20190405	Deprecated and equivalent to 20190608
20190608	Privileged Architecture Version Ratified-IMFDQC-and-Priv-v1.11
master	Privileged Architecture Master Branch (1.12 draft)

Table 8.3: Values for Parameter priv_version

8.1.3 Parameter hypervisor_version

Set to this value	Description
0.6.1	Hypervisor Architecture Version 0.6.1

Table 8.4: Values for Parameter hypervisor_version

8.1.4 Parameter debug_version

Set to this value	Description
0.13.2-DRAFT	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 0.13.2-DRAFT
0.14.0-DRAFT	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 0.14.0-DRAFT
1.0.0-STABLE	RISC-V External Debug Support Version 1.0.0-STABLE

Table 8.5: Values for Parameter debug_version

8.1.5 Parameter rnmi_version

Set to this value	Description
none	RNMI not implemented
0.2.1	RNMI version 0.2.1

Table 8.6: Values for Parameter rnmi_version

8.1.6 Parameter Smepmp_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Smepmp not implemented
0.9.5	Smepmp version 0.9.5

Table 8.7: Values for Parameter Smepmp_version

8.1.7 Parameter mstatus_fs_mode

Set to this value	Description
write_1	Any non-zero flag result sets mstatus.fs dirty
write_any	Any write of flags sets mstatus.fs dirty
always_dirty	mstatus.fs is either off or dirty

Table 8.8: Values for Parameter mstatus_fs_mode

8.1.8 Parameter debug_mode

Set to this value	Description
none	Debug mode not implemented
vector	Debug mode implemented by execution at vector
interrupt	Debug mode implemented by interrupt
halt	Debug mode implemented by halt

Table 8.9: Values for Parameter debug_mode

8.1.9 Parameter Zfinx_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zfinx not implemented
0.4	Zfinx version 0.4
0.41	Zfinx version 0.41

Table 8.10: Values for Parameter Zfinx_version

8.1.10 Parameter Zcea_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zcea not implemented
0.50.1	Zcea version 0.50.1

Table 8.11: Values for Parameter Zcea_version

8.1.11 Parameter Zceb_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zceb not implemented
0.50.1	Zceb version 0.50.1

Table 8.12: Values for Parameter Zceb_version

8.1.12 Parameter Zcee_version

Set to this value	Description
none	Zcee not implemented
1.0.0-rc	Zcee version 1.0.0-rc

Table 8.13: Values for Parameter Zcee_version

8.2 Parameter values

These are the current parameter values.

Name	Value
Fundamental	
variant	RV32GCH
user_version	20191213
priv_version	master
Smepmp_version	none
numHarts	0
endian	none
enable_expanded	F
endianFixed	F
misa_MXL	1
misa_Extensions	0x1411ad
add_Extensions	

sub_Extensions	
misa_Extensions_mask	0x11ad
add_Extensions_mask	
sub_Extensions_mask	
add_implicit_Extensions	
sub_implicit_Extensions	
Zicsr	T
Zifencei	T
Zicbom	F
Zicbop	F
Zicboz	F
Zmmul	F
Hypervisor	
hypervisor_version	0.6.1
VMID_bits	7
GEILEN	0
xtinst_basic	F
Debug	
debug_version	1.0.0-STABLE
debug_mode	none
Interrupts_Exceptions	
rnmi_version	none
mtvec_is_ro	F
tvec_align	0
ecode_mask	0x7ffffff
ecode_nmi	0
tval_zero	F
tval_zero_ebreak	F
tval_ii_code	T
trap_preserves_lr	F
xret_preserves_lr	F
reset_address	0
nmi_address	0
CLINT_address	0
local_int_num	0
unimp_int_mask	0
force_mideleg	0
force_sideleg	0
no_ideleg	0
no_eleg	0
external_int_id	F
Floating_Point	
mstatus_fs_mode	write_1
d_requires_f	F
enable_fflags_i	F

mstatus_FS	0
Zfh	F
Zfhmin	F
Zfinx_version	none
Simulation Artifact	
use_hw_reg_names	F
ABI_d	T
verbose	F
traceVolatile	F
enable_CSR_bus	F
CSR_remap	
ASID_cache_size	8
Memory	
updatePTEA	F
updatePTED	F
unaligned	F
unalignedAMO	F
ASID_bits	9
lr_sc_grain	1
PMP_grain	0
PMP_registers	16
PMP_max_page	0
PMP_decompose	F
Sv_modes	3
Svnapot_page_mask	0
Svpbmt	F
Svinval	F
Instruction_CSR_Behavior	
wfi_is_nop	F
counteren_mask	0xffffffff
noinhibit_mask	0
cycle_undefined	F
time_undefined	F
instret_undefined	F
hpmcounter_undefined	F
CSR Masks	
mtvec_mask	0
stvec_mask	0
tdata1_mask	0xffffffffffff
mip_mask	0x337
sip_mask	0x103
hip_mask	4
envcfg_mask	0x8000000000000001
mtvec_sext	F
stvec_sext	F

Trigger	
tinfo_undefined	F
tcontrol_undefined	F
mcontext_undefined	F
scontext_undefined	F
mscontext_undefined	F
hcontext_undefined	F
amo_trigger	F
no_hit	F
no_sselect_2	F
trigger_num	4
tinfo	125
mcontext_bits	6
scontext_bits	16
mvalue_bits	6
svalue_bits	16
mcontrol_maskmax	63
CSR Defaults	
mvendorid	0
marchid	0
mimpid	0
mhartid	0
mconfigptr	0
mtvec	0
Compressed	
Zcea_version	none
Zceb_version	none
Zcee_version	none
Fast Interrupt	
CLICLEVELS	0

Table 8.14: Parameter values

Chapter 9

Execution Modes

Mode	Code	Description
User	0	User mode
Supervisor	1	Supervisor mode
Machine	3	Machine mode
Virtual-User	4	Virtual User mode
Virtual-Supervisor	5	Virtual Supervisor mode

Table 9.1: Modes implemented in: Hart

Chapter 10

Exceptions

Exception	Code	Description
InstructionAddressMisaligned	0	Fetch from unaligned address
InstructionAccessFault	1	No access permission for fetch
IllegalInstruction	2	Undecoded, unimplemented or disabled instruction
Breakpoint	3	EBREAK instruction executed
LoadAddressMisaligned	4	Load from unaligned address
LoadAccessFault	5	No access permission for load
StoreAMOAddressMisaligned	6	Store/atomic memory operation at unaligned address
StoreAMOAccessFault	7	No access permission for store/atomic memory operation
EnvironmentCallFromUMode	8	ECALL instruction executed in User mode
EnvironmentCallFromSMode	9	ECALL instruction executed in Supervisor mode
EnvironmentCallFromVSMODE	10	ECALL instruction executed in Virtual Supervisor mode
EnvironmentCallFromMMODE	11	ECALL instruction executed in Machine mode
InstructionPageFault	12	Page fault at fetch address
LoadPageFault	13	Page fault at load address
StoreAMOPageFault	15	Page fault at store/atomic memory operation address
InstructionGuestPageFault	20	Guest page fault at fetch address
LoadGuestPageFault	21	Guest page fault at load address
VirtualInstruction	22	Virtual instruction fault
StoreAMOGuestPageFault	23	Guest page fault at store/atomic memory operation address
SSWInterrupt	65	Supervisor software interrupt
VSSWInterrupt	66	Virtual supervisor software interrupt
MSWInterrupt	67	Machine software interrupt
STimerInterrupt	69	Supervisor timer interrupt
VSTimerInterrupt	70	Virtual supervisor timer interrupt
MTimerInterrupt	71	Machine timer interrupt

SExternalInterrupt	73	Supervisor external interrupt
VSEExternalInterrupt	74	Virtual supervisor external interrupt
MExternalInterrupt	75	Machine external interrupt

Table 10.1: Exceptions implemented in: Hart

Chapter 11

Hierarchy of the model

A CPU core may be configured to instance many processors of a Symmetrical Multi Processor (SMP). A CPU core may also have sub elements within a processor, for example hardware threading blocks.

OVP processor models can be written to include SMP blocks and to have many levels of hierarchy. Some OVP CPU models may have a fixed hierarchy, and some may be configured by settings in a configuration register. Please see the register definitions of this model.

This model documentation shows the settings and hierarchy of the default settings for this model variant.

11.1 Level 1: Hart

This level in the model hierarchy has 7 commands.

This level in the model hierarchy has 7 register groups:

Group name	Registers
Core	33
Floating_point	32
User_Control_and_Status	67
Supervisor_Control_and_Status	13
Hypervisor_Control_and_Status	26
Machine_Control_and_Status	201
Integration_support	5

Table 11.1: Register groups

This level in the model hierarchy has no children.

Chapter 12

Model Commands

A Processor model can implement one or more **Model Commands** available to be invoked from the simulator command line, from the OP API or from the Imperas Multiprocessor Debugger.

12.1 Level 1: Hart

12.1.1 dumpTLB

12.1.1.1 Argument description

show TLB contents

12.1.2 dumpVS1TLB

12.1.2.1 Argument description

show VS1 TLB contents

12.1.3 dumpVS2TLB

12.1.3.1 Argument description

show VS2 TLB contents

12.1.4 getCSRIndex

Return index for a named CSR (or -1 if no matching CSR)

Argument	Type	Description
-name	String	CSR name

Table 12.1: getCSRIndex command arguments

12.1.5 isync

specify instruction address range for synchronous execution

Argument	Type	Description
-addresshi	Uns64	end address of synchronous execution range

-addresslo	Uns64	start address of synchronous execution range
------------	-------	--

Table 12.2: isync command arguments

12.1.6 itrace

enable or disable instruction tracing

Argument	Type	Description
-after	Uns64	apply after this many instructions
-enable	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-instructioncount	Boolean	include the instruction number in each trace
-memory	String	show memory accesses by this instruction. Argument can be any combination of X (execute), L (load or store access) and S (system)
-off	Boolean	disable instruction tracing
-on	Boolean	enable instruction tracing
-processorname	Boolean	Include processor name in all trace lines
-registerchange	Boolean	show registers changed by this instruction
-registers	Boolean	show registers after each trace

Table 12.3: itrace command arguments

12.1.7 listCSRs

12.1.7.1 Argument description

List all CSRs in index order

Chapter 13

Registers

13.1 Level 1: Hart

13.1.1 Core

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Core

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
zero	32	0	r-	
ra	32	0	rw	
sp	32	0	rw	stack pointer
gp	32	0	rw	
tp	32	0	rw	
t0	32	0	rw	
t1	32	0	rw	
t2	32	0	rw	
s0	32	0	rw	
s1	32	0	rw	
a0	32	0	rw	
a1	32	0	rw	
a2	32	0	rw	
a3	32	0	rw	
a4	32	0	rw	
a5	32	0	rw	
a6	32	0	rw	
a7	32	0	rw	
s2	32	0	rw	
s3	32	0	rw	
s4	32	0	rw	
s5	32	0	rw	
s6	32	0	rw	
s7	32	0	rw	
s8	32	0	rw	
s9	32	0	rw	
s10	32	0	rw	
s11	32	0	rw	
t3	32	0	rw	
t4	32	0	rw	
t5	32	0	rw	
t6	32	0	rw	
pc	32	0	rw	program counter

Table 13.1: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Core

13.1.2 Floating_point

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Floating_point

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
ft0	64	0	rw	
ft1	64	0	rw	
ft2	64	0	rw	
ft3	64	0	rw	
ft4	64	0	rw	
ft5	64	0	rw	
ft6	64	0	rw	
ft7	64	0	rw	
fs0	64	0	rw	
fs1	64	0	rw	
fa0	64	0	rw	
fa1	64	0	rw	
fa2	64	0	rw	
fa3	64	0	rw	
fa4	64	0	rw	
fa5	64	0	rw	
fa6	64	0	rw	
fa7	64	0	rw	
fs2	64	0	rw	
fs3	64	0	rw	
fs4	64	0	rw	
fs5	64	0	rw	
fs6	64	0	rw	
fs7	64	0	rw	
fs8	64	0	rw	
fs9	64	0	rw	
fs10	64	0	rw	
fs11	64	0	rw	
ft8	64	0	rw	
ft9	64	0	rw	
ft10	64	0	rw	
ft11	64	0	rw	

Table 13.2: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Floating_point

13.1.3 User_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:User_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
fflags	32	0	rw	Floating-Point Flags
frm	32	0	rw	Floating-Point Rounding Mode
fcsr	32	0	rw	Floating-Point Control and Status
cycle	32	0	r-	Cycle Counter
time	32	0	r-	Timer
instret	32	0	r-	Instructions Retired
hpmcounter3	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 3

hpmcounter4	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 4
hpmcounter5	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 5
hpmcounter6	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 6
hpmcounter7	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 7
hpmcounter8	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 8
hpmcounter9	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 9
hpmcounter10	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 10
hpmcounter11	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 11
hpmcounter12	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 12
hpmcounter13	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 13
hpmcounter14	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 14
hpmcounter15	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 15
hpmcounter16	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 16
hpmcounter17	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 17
hpmcounter18	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 18
hpmcounter19	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 19
hpmcounter20	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 20
hpmcounter21	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 21
hpmcounter22	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 22
hpmcounter23	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 23
hpmcounter24	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 24
hpmcounter25	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 25
hpmcounter26	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 26
hpmcounter27	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 27
hpmcounter28	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 28
hpmcounter29	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 29
hpmcounter30	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 30
hpmcounter31	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor Counter 31
cycleh	32	0	r-	Cycle Counter High
timeh	32	0	r-	Timer High
instreth	32	0	r-	Instructions Retired High
hpmcounterh3	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 3
hpmcounterh4	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 4
hpmcounterh5	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 5
hpmcounterh6	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 6
hpmcounterh7	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 7
hpmcounterh8	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 8
hpmcounterh9	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 9
hpmcounterh10	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 10
hpmcounterh11	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 11
hpmcounterh12	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 12
hpmcounterh13	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 13
hpmcounterh14	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 14
hpmcounterh15	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 15
hpmcounterh16	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 16
hpmcounterh17	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 17
hpmcounterh18	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 18
hpmcounterh19	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 19
hpmcounterh20	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 20
hpmcounterh21	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 21
hpmcounterh22	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 22
hpmcounterh23	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 23
hpmcounterh24	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 24
hpmcounterh25	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 25
hpmcounterh26	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 26
hpmcounterh27	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 27

hpmcounterh28	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 28
hpmcounterh29	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 29
hpmcounterh30	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 30
hpmcounterh31	32	0	r-	Performance Monitor High 31

Table 13.3: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:User_Control_and_Status

13.1.4 Supervisor_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Supervisor_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
sstatus	32	0	rw	Supervisor Status
sie	32	0	rw	Supervisor Interrupt Enable
stvec	32	0	rw	Supervisor Trap-Vector Base-Address
scounteren	32	0	rw	Supervisor Counter Enable
senvcfg	32	0	rw	Supervisor Environment Configuration
sscratch	32	0	rw	Supervisor Scratch
sepc	32	0	rw	Supervisor Exception Program Counter
scause	32	0	rw	Supervisor Cause
stval	32	0	rw	Supervisor Trap Value
sip	32	0	rw	Supervisor Interrupt Pending
satp	32	0	rw	Supervisor Address Translation and Protection
scontext	32	0	rw	Trigger Supervisor Context
mscontext	32	0	rw	Trigger Machine Context Alias

Table 13.4: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Supervisor_Control_and_Status

13.1.5 Hypervisor_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Hypervisor_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
vsstatus	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Status
vsie	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Interrupt Enable
vstvec	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Trap-Vector Base-Address
vsscratch	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Scratch
vsepc	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Exception Program Counter
vscause	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Cause
vstval	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Trap Value
vsip	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Interrupt Pending
vsatp	32	0	rw	Virtual Supervisor Address Translation and Protection
hstatus	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Status
hedeleg	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Exception Delegation
hideleg	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Interrupt Delegation
hie	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Interrupt Enable
htimedelta	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Time Delta
hcounteren	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Counter Enable
hgeie	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Guest External Interrupt Enable
henvcfg	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Environment Configuration
htimedeltah	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Time Delta High
henvcfggh	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Environment Configuration High
htval	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Trap Value
hip	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Interrupt Pending
hvip	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Virtual Interrupt Pending

htinst	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Trap Instruction
hgatp	32	0	rw	Hypervisor Guest Address Translation and Protection
hcontext	32	0	rw	Trigger Hypervisor Context
hgeip	32	0	r-	Hypervisor Guest External Interrupt Pending

Table 13.5: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Hypervisor_Control_and_Status

13.1.6 Machine_Control_and_Status

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Machine_Control_and_Status

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
mstatus	32	0	rw	Machine Status
misa	32	401411ad	rw	ISA and Extensions
medeleg	32	0	rw	Machine Exception Delegation
mideleg	32	444	rw	Machine Interrupt Delegation
mie	32	0	rw	Machine Interrupt Enable
mtvec	32	0	rw	Machine Trap-Vector Base-Address
mcounteren	32	0	rw	Machine Counter Enable
menvcfg	32	0	rw	Machine Environment Configuration
mstatush	32	0	rw	Machine Status High
menvcfggh	32	0	rw	Machine Environment Configuration High
mcountinhibit	32	0	rw	Machine Counter Inhibit
mhpmevent3	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 3
mhpmevent4	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 4
mhpmevent5	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 5
mhpmevent6	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 6
mhpmevent7	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 7
mhpmevent8	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 8
mhpmevent9	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 9
mhpmevent10	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 10
mhpmevent11	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 11
mhpmevent12	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 12
mhpmevent13	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 13
mhpmevent14	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 14
mhpmevent15	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 15
mhpmevent16	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 16
mhpmevent17	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 17
mhpmevent18	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 18
mhpmevent19	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 19
mhpmevent20	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 20
mhpmevent21	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 21
mhpmevent22	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 22
mhpmevent23	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 23
mhpmevent24	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 24
mhpmevent25	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 25
mhpmevent26	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 26
mhpmevent27	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 27
mhpmevent28	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 28
mhpmevent29	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 29
mhpmevent30	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 30
mhpmevent31	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Event Select 31
mscratch	32	0	rw	Machine Scratch
mepc	32	0	rw	Machine Exception Program Counter
mcause	32	0	rw	Machine Cause
mtval	32	0	rw	Machine Trap Value

mip	32	0	rw	Machine Interrupt Pending
mtinst	32	0	rw	Machine Trap Instruction
mtval2	32	0	rw	Machine Second Trap Value
pmpcfg0	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 0
pmpcfg1	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 1
pmpcfg2	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 2
pmpcfg3	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 3
pmpcfg4	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 4
pmpcfg5	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 5
pmpcfg6	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 6
pmpcfg7	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 7
pmpcfg8	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 8
pmpcfg9	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 9
pmpcfg10	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 10
pmpcfg11	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 11
pmpcfg12	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 12
pmpcfg13	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 13
pmpcfg14	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 14
pmpcfg15	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Configuration 15
pmpaddr0	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 0
pmpaddr1	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 1
pmpaddr2	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 2
pmpaddr3	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 3
pmpaddr4	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 4
pmpaddr5	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 5
pmpaddr6	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 6
pmpaddr7	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 7
pmpaddr8	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 8
pmpaddr9	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 9
pmpaddr10	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 10
pmpaddr11	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 11
pmpaddr12	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 12
pmpaddr13	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 13
pmpaddr14	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 14
pmpaddr15	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 15
pmpaddr16	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 16
pmpaddr17	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 17
pmpaddr18	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 18
pmpaddr19	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 19
pmpaddr20	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 20
pmpaddr21	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 21
pmpaddr22	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 22
pmpaddr23	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 23
pmpaddr24	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 24
pmpaddr25	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 25
pmpaddr26	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 26
pmpaddr27	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 27
pmpaddr28	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 28
pmpaddr29	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 29
pmpaddr30	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 30
pmpaddr31	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 31
pmpaddr32	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 32
pmpaddr33	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 33
pmpaddr34	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 34
pmpaddr35	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 35
pmpaddr36	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 36

pmpaddr37	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 37
pmpaddr38	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 38
pmpaddr39	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 39
pmpaddr40	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 40
pmpaddr41	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 41
pmpaddr42	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 42
pmpaddr43	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 43
pmpaddr44	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 44
pmpaddr45	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 45
pmpaddr46	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 46
pmpaddr47	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 47
pmpaddr48	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 48
pmpaddr49	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 49
pmpaddr50	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 50
pmpaddr51	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 51
pmpaddr52	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 52
pmpaddr53	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 53
pmpaddr54	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 54
pmpaddr55	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 55
pmpaddr56	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 56
pmpaddr57	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 57
pmpaddr58	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 58
pmpaddr59	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 59
pmpaddr60	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 60
pmpaddr61	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 61
pmpaddr62	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 62
pmpaddr63	32	0	rw	Physical Memory Protection Address 63
tselect	32	0	rw	Trigger Register Select
tdata1	32	0	rw	Trigger Data 1
tdata2	32	0	rw	Trigger Data 2
tdata3	32	0	rw	Trigger Data 3
tinfo	32	7d	rw	Trigger Info
tcontrol	32	0	rw	Trigger Control
mcontext	32	0	rw	Trigger Machine Context
mcycle	32	0	rw	Machine Cycle Counter
minstret	32	0	rw	Machine Instructions Retired
mhpmcounter3	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 3
mhpmcounter4	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 4
mhpmcounter5	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 5
mhpmcounter6	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 6
mhpmcounter7	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 7
mhpmcounter8	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 8
mhpmcounter9	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 9
mhpmcounter10	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 10
mhpmcounter11	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 11
mhpmcounter12	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 12
mhpmcounter13	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 13
mhpmcounter14	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 14
mhpmcounter15	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 15
mhpmcounter16	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 16
mhpmcounter17	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 17
mhpmcounter18	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 18
mhpmcounter19	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 19
mhpmcounter20	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 20
mhpmcounter21	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 21
mhpmcounter22	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 22

mhpmpcounter23	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 23
mhpmpcounter24	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 24
mhpmpcounter25	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 25
mhpmpcounter26	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 26
mhpmpcounter27	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 27
mhpmpcounter28	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 28
mhpmpcounter29	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 29
mhpmpcounter30	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 30
mhpmpcounter31	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter 31
mcycleh	32	0	rw	Machine Cycle Counter High
minstreth	32	0	rw	Machine Instructions Retired High
mhpmpcounterh3	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 3
mhpmpcounterh4	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 4
mhpmpcounterh5	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 5
mhpmpcounterh6	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 6
mhpmpcounterh7	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 7
mhpmpcounterh8	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 8
mhpmpcounterh9	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 9
mhpmpcounterh10	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 10
mhpmpcounterh11	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 11
mhpmpcounterh12	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 12
mhpmpcounterh13	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 13
mhpmpcounterh14	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 14
mhpmpcounterh15	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 15
mhpmpcounterh16	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 16
mhpmpcounterh17	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 17
mhpmpcounterh18	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 18
mhpmpcounterh19	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 19
mhpmpcounterh20	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 20
mhpmpcounterh21	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 21
mhpmpcounterh22	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 22
mhpmpcounterh23	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 23
mhpmpcounterh24	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 24
mhpmpcounterh25	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 25
mhpmpcounterh26	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 26
mhpmpcounterh27	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 27
mhpmpcounterh28	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 28
mhpmpcounterh29	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 29
mhpmpcounterh30	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 30
mhpmpcounterh31	32	0	rw	Machine Performance Monitor Counter High 31
mvendorid	32	0	r-	Vendor ID
marchid	32	0	r-	Architecture ID
mimpid	32	0	r-	Implementation ID
mhartid	32	0	r-	Hardware Thread ID
mconfigptr	32	0	r-	Configuration Data Structure

Table 13.6: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Machine_Control_and_Status

13.1.7 Integration support

Registers at level:1, type:Hart group:Integration_support

Name	Bits	Initial-Hex	RW	Description
LRSCAddress	32	ffffff	rw	LR/SC active lock address
commercial	8	0	r-	Commercial feature in use
PTWStage	8	0	r-	PTW active stage (0:none 1:HS 2:VS 3:G)

PTWInputAddr	64	0	r-	PTW input address
PTWLevel	8	0	r-	PTW active level

Table 13.7: Registers at level 1, type:Hart group:Integration_support