1.

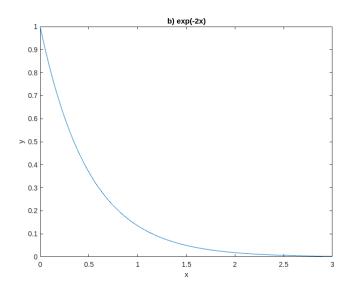
```
a) \sin(\deg 2rad(60))/(2+3)
          Output:
                   ans = 0.1732
        b) sqrt(1 + log(10))
          Output:
                   ans = 1.873
        c) \exp(1).^2
          Output:
                   ans = 7.3891
2.
        syms x1 x2 x3
        eq1 = 2*x1 + 3*x2 == 0;
        eq2 = 3*x2 + 4*x3 == -1;
        eq3 = x1 + x2 + x3 == -2;
        [solx1, solx2, solx3] = solve([eq1, eq2, eq3], [x1, x2, x3])
        Output:
                 solx1 = -21/10
                 solx2 = 7/5
                 solx3 = -13/10
3.
                                                                       a) sin(x)
        a) x = linspace(-3*pi, 3*pi);
          y = \sin(x);
                                               0.8
          plot(x,y)
                                               0.6
          xlabel('x')
                                               0.4
          y label('y')
                                               0.2
          title('a) sin(x)')
                                                0
                                               -0.2
```

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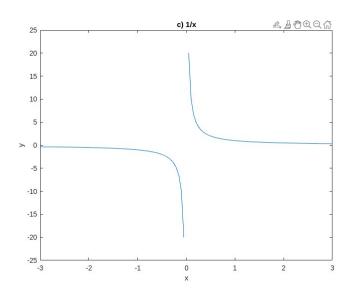
-0.4 -0.6

## TPC 1 – Introdução à Programação em MATLAB

b) x = linspace(0, 3); y = exp(-2\*x); plot(x,y) xlabel('x') ylabel('y') title('b) exp(-2x)')



c) x = -3:0.05:0.05 + 0:0.05:3; y = 1./x; plot(x, y) xlabel('x') ylabel('y') title('c) 1/x')



## TPC 1 – Introdução à Programação em MATLAB

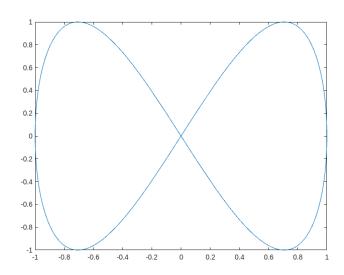
4.

```
a) syms t

xt = cos(t);

yt = sin(2*t);

fplot(xt,yt, [0, 2*pi])
```



```
b) syms t

xt = sin(t);

yt = cos(t);

zt = (t.^2)/100;

fplot3(xt,yt,zt, [0, 10*pi])
```

