



JavaCraft Project

BCS1110, Introduction to Computer Science

Group 11

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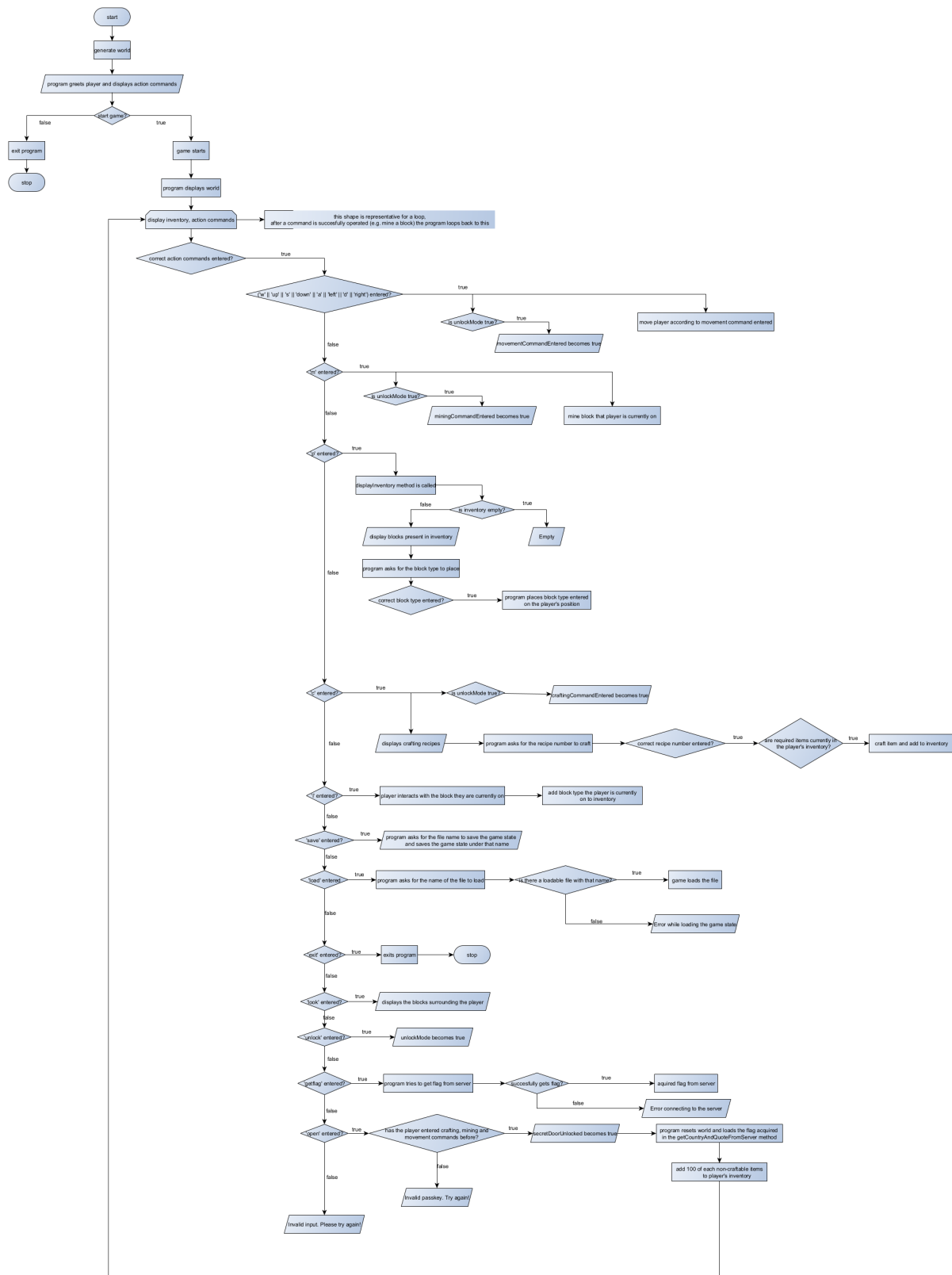
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1 | Introduction

JavaCraft is a a multifaceted text-based Java game inspired by Minecraft. The game is a relatively complex Java program that brings over 35 functions to create a diverse gameplay experience. This project is an academic exercise in computer science, logical thinking, and collaboration. Working in teams of four, we used our creativity, analytical skills, and technical skills to analyse and expand upon the existing JavaCraft game.

2 | JavaCraft's Workflow

In order to fully understand the mechanism of the game, a flowchart of the entire game is provided below. The flowchart is accompanied by pseudocode.



```

generate world
print welcome message and instructions

```

```
ask player if they want to start the game
if choice is equal to 'y' then start game
    clear screen
    display world

loop
display inventory, display legend

if input is 'wasd' then move player accordingly
    if unlockMode is true then movementCommandEntered becomes true

else if input is 'm' then mine the block the player is currently standing on
    if unlockMode is true then miningCommandEntered becomes true

else if input is 'p' then function displayInventory and ask player which block they want
    to place                                if inventory is empty display "Empty"
else display inventory
    if input is correct then place block on the player's current position
    else inform player they do not have that specific block in their inventory

else if input is 'c' then display crafting recipes
    ask for recipe number in order to craft
        if input is correct then check whether the player has the items necessary for the
        crafting recipe
            if the player has the necessary items then proceed crafting and add the item to
            the player's inventory
            else inform the player they have insufficient resources to craft
        if unlockMode is true then craftinCommandEntered becomes true

else if input is 'i' then player interacts with the block they are currently standing on
    if the block they are currently on is not air then add the item to their inventory

else if input is 'save' then ask player for a name for the current state file they want
    to save
    save file

else if input is 'load' then ask player for the name of the file they want to load
    if there is a file with that name then load file
    else inform player there has been an error loading the game state

else if input is 'exit' then exit program

else if input is 'look' then inform the player of the block types surrounding them

else if input is 'unlock' then unlockMode becomes true

else if input is 'getflag' then try to get flag from the server
    if unsuccessful then inform the player that there has been an error connecting to the
    server

else if input is 'open' then check if the booleans craftingCommandEntered,
    movementCommandEntered, miningCommandEntered true
    if they are true then secretDoorUnlocked becomes true
    reset world
    load flag world
    add 100 of leaves, stone, iron ore and wood to player's inventory

else inform player that their input is invalid
end if
else print "Game not started. Goodbye!" and exit program
end if
```

3 | Functionality Exploration

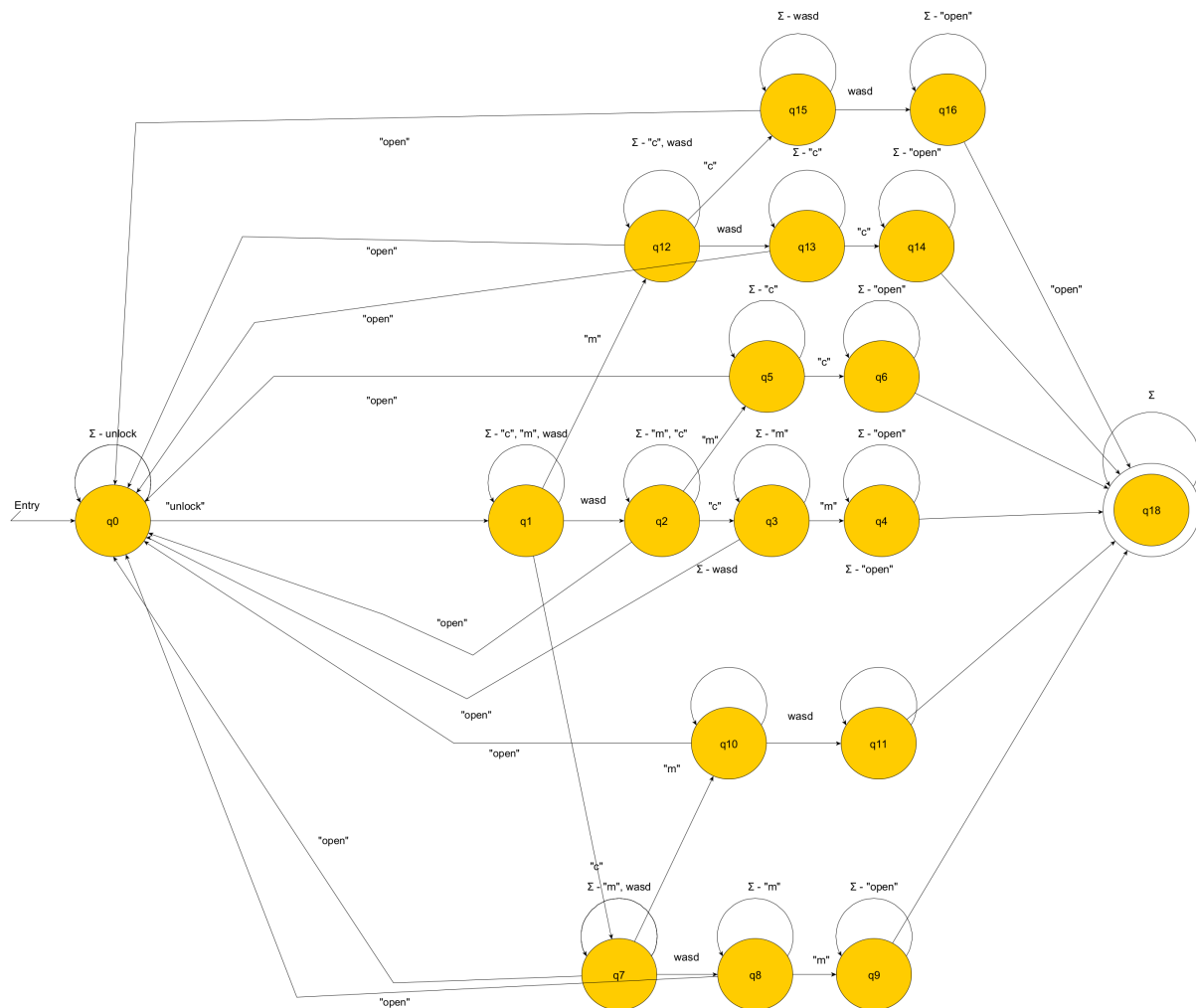
This section describes several functions found in the JavaCraft.java file. Out of the functions, there are fifteen who have a flowchart and pseudocode.

Table 3.1: A table that describes functions used in javacraft

No.	Function Name	Description
1	<code>void generateWorld</code>	assigns integer to every tile of the world
2	<code>void initGame</code>	creates world with width <code>worldWidth</code> and height <code>worldHeight</code>
3	<code>void main</code>	main function
4	<code>void startGame</code>	starts the game
5	<code>void movePlayer</code>	moves player horizontally or vertically
6	<code>void mineBlock</code>	mines block player is on if block is not air
7	<code>String getBlockSymbol</code>	returns symbol of <code>blockType</code>
8	<code>void resetWorld</code>	clears the world and sets player position in middle
9	<code>void generateEmptyWorld</code>	generates an empty world
10	<code>void clearScreen</code>	clears terminal
11	<code>void lookAround</code>	prints out adjacent squares to player
12	<code>void fillInventory</code>	completely fills up inventory of player
13	<code>void displayLegend</code>	displays a legend of what each tile represents
14	<code>void displayWorld</code>	prints out all tiles of the world
15	<code>void displayInventory</code>	prints out obtained items & crafted items
16	<code>void loadGame</code>	loads the game from file <code>fileName</code>
17	<code>void saveGame</code>	saves the game in file <code>fileName</code>
18	<code>void interactWithWorld</code>	interacts with item player is standing on
19	<code>void addCraftedItem</code>	adds item <code>craftedItem</code> to array <code>craftedItems</code>
20	<code>void removeItemsFromInventory</code>	removes item <code>item</code> <code>count</code> times from inventory
21	<code>boolean inventoryContains</code>	returns boolean of whether <code>item</code> is in inventory
22	<code>void placeBlock</code>	places block <code>blockType</code> at player position
23	<code>void displayCraftingRecipes</code>	prints out available crafting recipes
24	<code>void craftItem</code>	crafts an item based on argument <code>recipe</code>
25	<code>void craftIronIngot</code>	crafts an iron ingot
26	<code>void craftStick</code>	crafts a stick
27	<code>void waitForEnter</code>	waits for operator to press Enter
28	<code>String getBlockTypeFromCraftedItem</code>	returns integer of <code>craftedItem</code>
29	<code>String getCraftedItemFromBlockType</code>	returns integer of <code>blockType</code>
30	<code>String getBlockName</code>	returns name of <code>blockType</code>
31	<code>String getBlockColor</code>	returns color of <code>blockType</code>
32	<code>String getCraftedItemName</code>	returns name of <code>craftedItem</code>
33	<code>String getCraftedItemColor</code>	returns color of <code>craftedItem</code>
34	<code>char getBlockChar</code>	returns char of <code>blockType</code>
35	<code>void craftWoodenPlanks</code>	crafts wooden planks
36	<code>void getCountryAndQuoteFromServer</code>	makes HTTP request and writes data to server and prints country and quote

4 | Finite State Automata (FSA) Design

The following describes the Secret Door Logic through an FSA illustration and a description:



We have 18 finite set of states and in our alphabet we have "open", "wasd", "c", "m" and "unlock". On step one Q0 you have to write unlock if not you will remain in Q0. After you have arrived in Q1 you have the choice in between wasd, c, m because in able to unlock the secret door you must c, craft then m, mine or wasd to move in any order that's why after Q1 it divides in 3 because the order is not important. If you type a move command (w,a,s or d) you enter Q2, the only options you have from now are mine or craft if not you stay in Q2 unless you type open which sends you back to Q0 and have to start again. If you type c you go into Q3 so the last thing you have to write is mine if you write anything else you stay in Q3 expect "open" which sends you in Q0 after mining you enter Q4. From there your only option is to "open" which unlocks the secret door. Now because the order doesn't matter after Q2 you can also type m for mine which sends you in Q5 where the only option is c, "craft" if you type anything else you go back to Q0 after you type C you enter Q6 where you can only type "open" which will unlock the secret door. We have created 2 other branches based on the same principal so we can cover all the possible ways you can access the secret door.

Note: in our alphabet "wasd" stands for "w", "a", "s" or "d"

5 | Git Collaboration & Version Control

The link to the JavaCraft branch can be found here: <https://gitlab.maastrichtuniversity.nl/bcs1110/javacraft/-/tree/group11>

All the files of the project can be found in the repository.

Everything was done on one branch called group11. There were no conflicts during the process.

6 | Team Overview

Below describes what each team member did on the project:

6.1 | Long Luong

Project leader

LaTeX Document owner and composer

Created 1 flowchart with pseudocode:

1. `getCountryAndQuoteFromServer`

Finalised the Function Exploration part

Helped others with git issues

Refined some pseudocode that others have made

6.2 | Élisia Donéa

Designed FSA for secret door with Chris

Initiated with the Function Exploration

Create 5 flowcharts with pseudocode:

1. `fillInventory`
2. `generateEmptyWorld`
3. `generateWorld`
4. `initGame`
5. `lookAround`

6.3 | Chris Munteanu

Designed FSA for secret door with Élisia and created description of FSA

Create 5 flowcharts with pseudocode:

1. `displayInventory`
2. `getBlockName`
3. `loadGame`
4. `removeItemsFromInventory`
5. `saveGame`

6.4 | Alexia Raportaru

Create 5 flowcharts with pseudocode:

1. `placeBlock`
2. `craftItem`
3. `interactWithWorld`
4. `mineBlock`
5. `movePlayer`

Created an impressive flowchart of the entire game along with its pseudocode explanation

6.5 | Explanation

When we first met up with each other we were with the three of us. During the first week we got to know each other. Long proposed to be the document manager because he knows how to use LaTeX. He also created a (now deprecated) GitLab repository found at <https://gitlab.maastrichtuniversity.nl/I6359380/test-project/>. During the second week Alexia joined the group. We met up with each other and we divided the roles. We had to create at least 16 flowcharts alongside with pseudocode. Long mentioned that most of the functions are very easy to understand, and since he wanted a difficult one he proposed to do the function `getCountryAndQuoteFromServer` and he proposed the other three group members to do 5 flowcharts with their respective pseudocode. Everybody agreed and thinks it is a good idea.

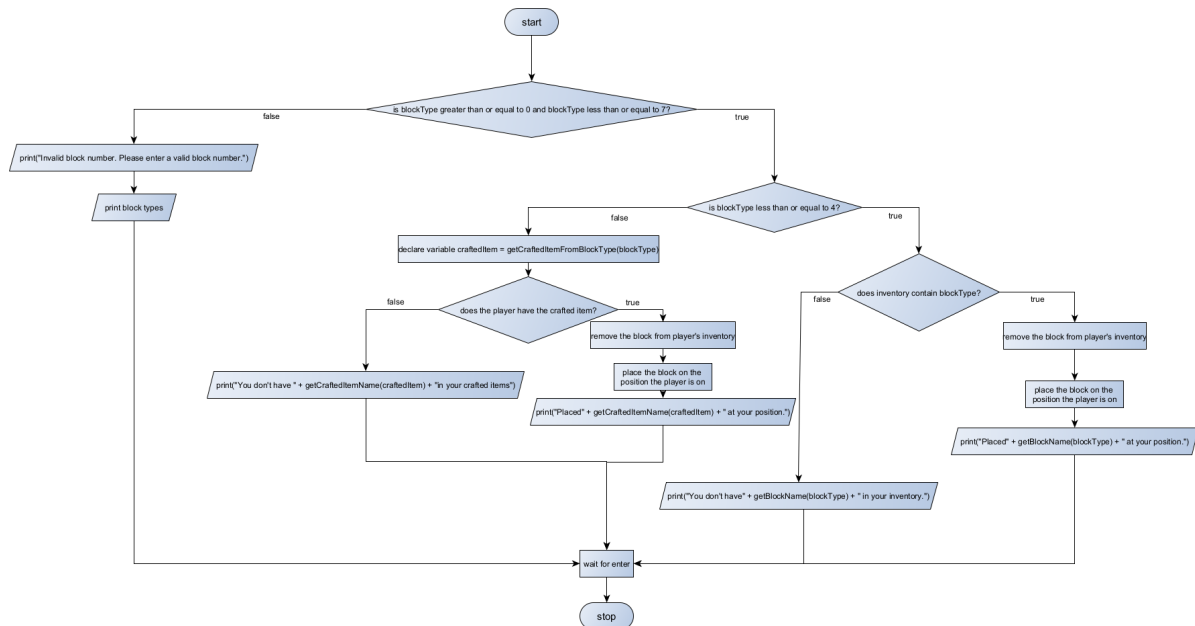
In week 3 and later Élisia and Chris decided to work on the FSA together. Everybody in the group was new to Git except Long, so he helped out everyone set-up the Git environment and he explained to

everyone how it works. In the meantime, Alexia worked on the flowchart and the pseudocode of the entire game JavaCraft. Later, Long found out he made a mistake and that we had to create a branch on the repository <https://gitlab.maastrichtuniversity.nl/bcs1110/javacraft/> so he informed everybody about the mistake and that we all had to migrate to the correct branch.

7 | References

A | Appendix: pseudocode and flowcharts

This appendix provides the full blocks of pseudocode and its flowcharts.

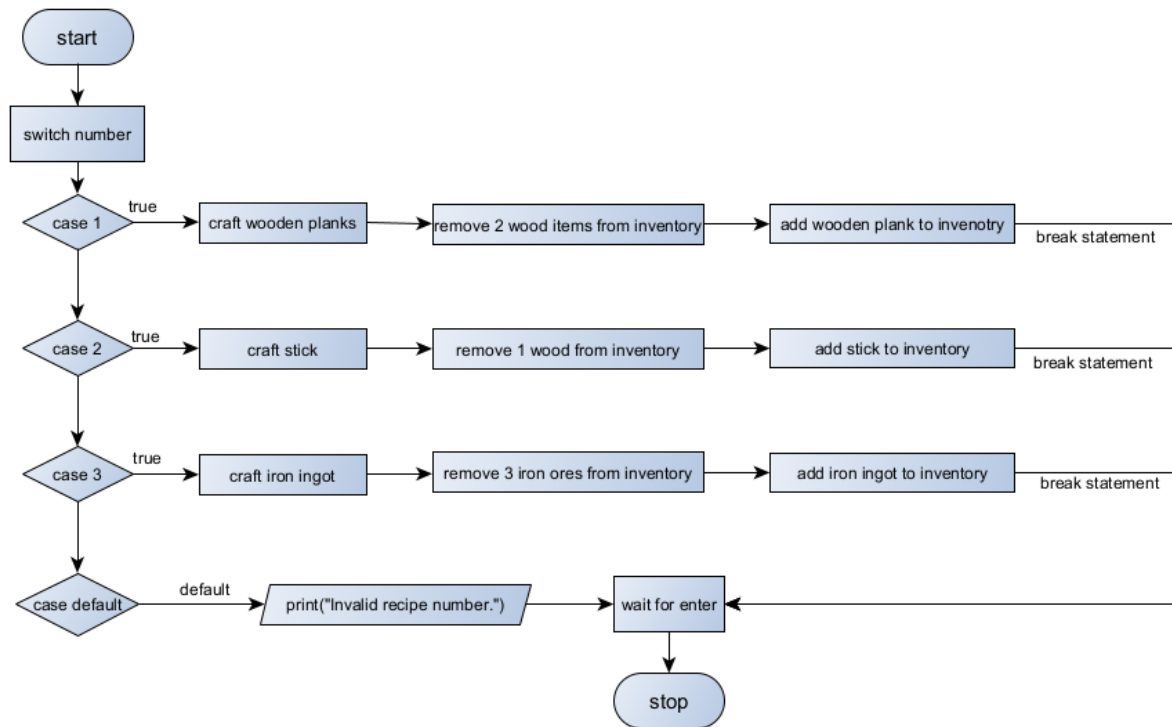


```
function placeBlock(blockType)
```

```

if blockType is greater than or equal to 0 and blockType is less than or equal to 7 then
    if blockType less than or equal to 4 then
        if inventory contains blockType then
            inventory.remove(blockType)
            world[playerX][playerY] = blockType
            print("Placed" + getBlockName(blockType) + " at your position.")
        else print("You don't have " + getBlockName(blockType) + " in your inventory")
        end if
    else
        craftedItem = getCraftedItemFromBlockType(blockType)
        if craftedItems contains craftedItem then
            craftedItems.remove(craftedItem)
            world[playerX][playerY] = blockType
            print("Placed" + getCraftedItemName(craftedItem) + " at your position.")
            else print("You don't have " + getCraftedItemName() + " in your inventory.")
            end if
        end if
    else print("Invalid block number. Please enter a valid block number.")
    print(BLOCK_NUMBERS_INFO)
    end if
    waitEnter()
end function

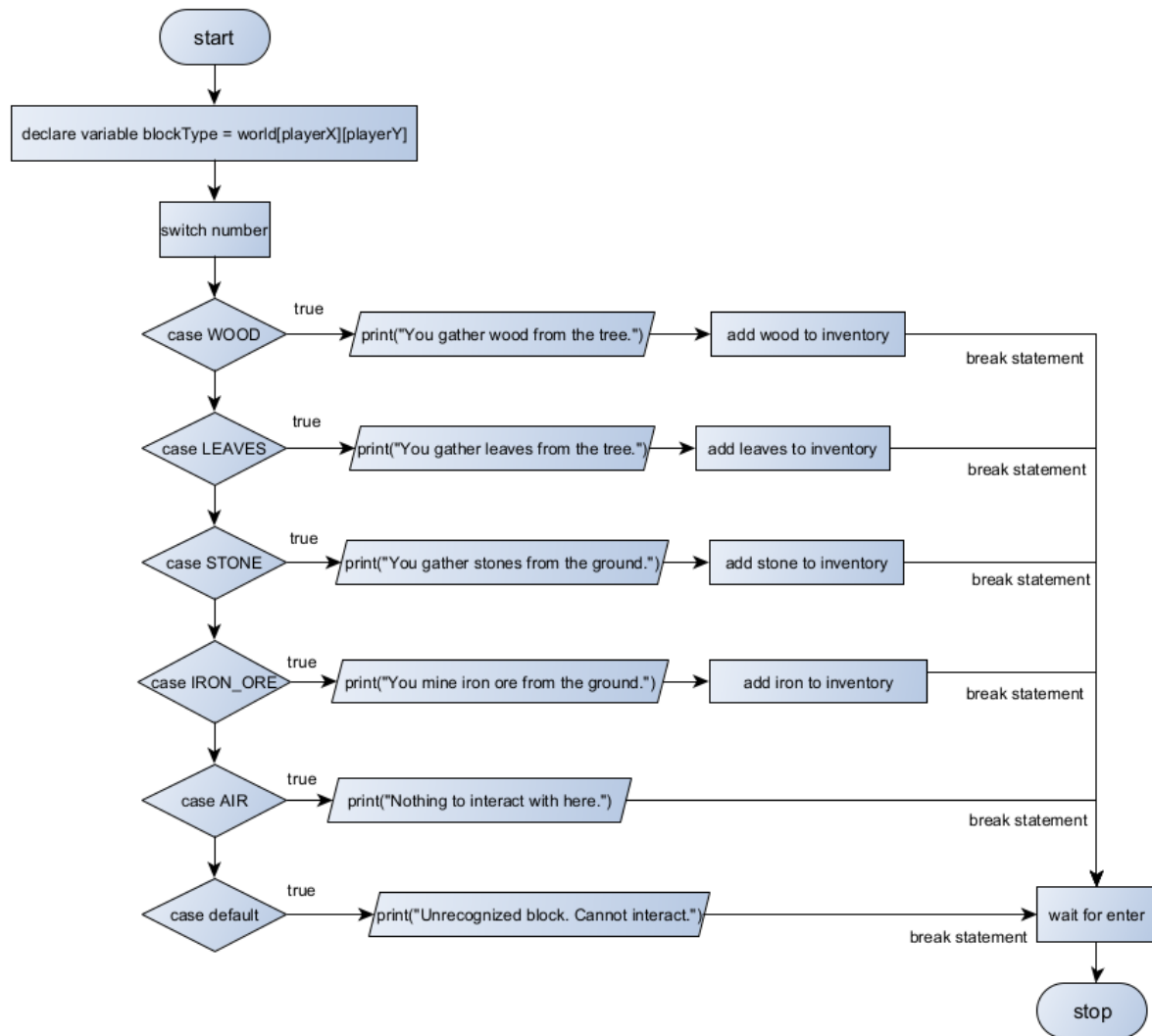
```



```

function craftItem(recipe)

switch(recipe)
case 1:
    craftWoodenPlanks()
end if
case2:
    craftStick()
end if
case3:
    craftIronIngot()
end if
default:
    print("Invalid recipe number.")
end switch
waitForEnter()
end function
  
```

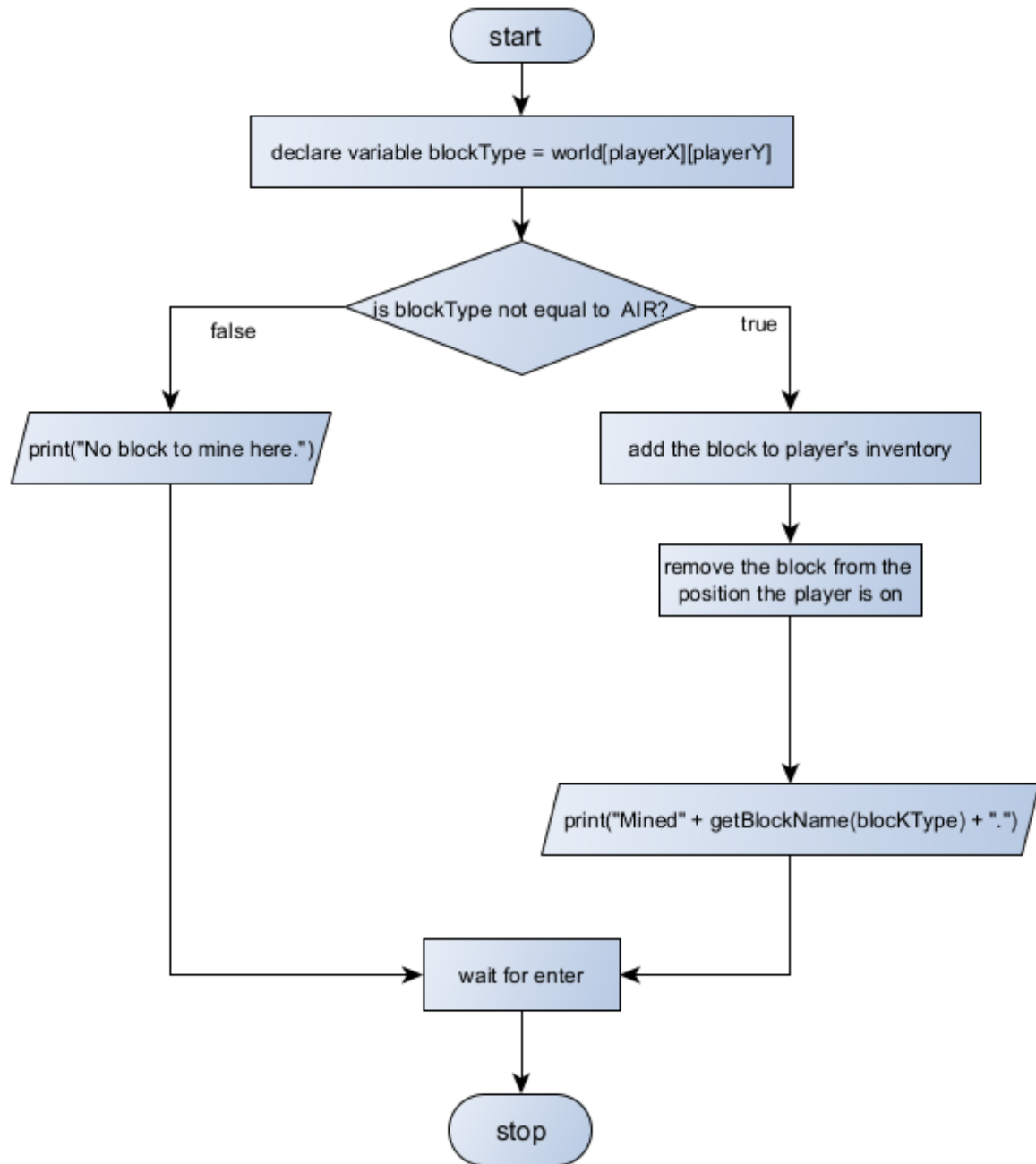


```

function interactWithWorld()

blockType = world[playerX][playerY]
switch(blockType):
case WOOD:
    print("You gather wood from the tree.")
    inventory.add(WOOD)
end if
case LEAVES:
    print("You gather leaves from the tree.")
    inventory.add(LEAVES)
end if
case STONE:
    print("You gather stones from the ground.")
    inventory.add(STONE)
end if
case IRON_ORE:
    print("You mine iron ore from the ground.")
    inventory.add(IRON_ORE)
end if
case AIR:
    print("Nothing to interact with here.")
end if
default: print("Unrecognized block. Cannot interact.")
end switch
  
```

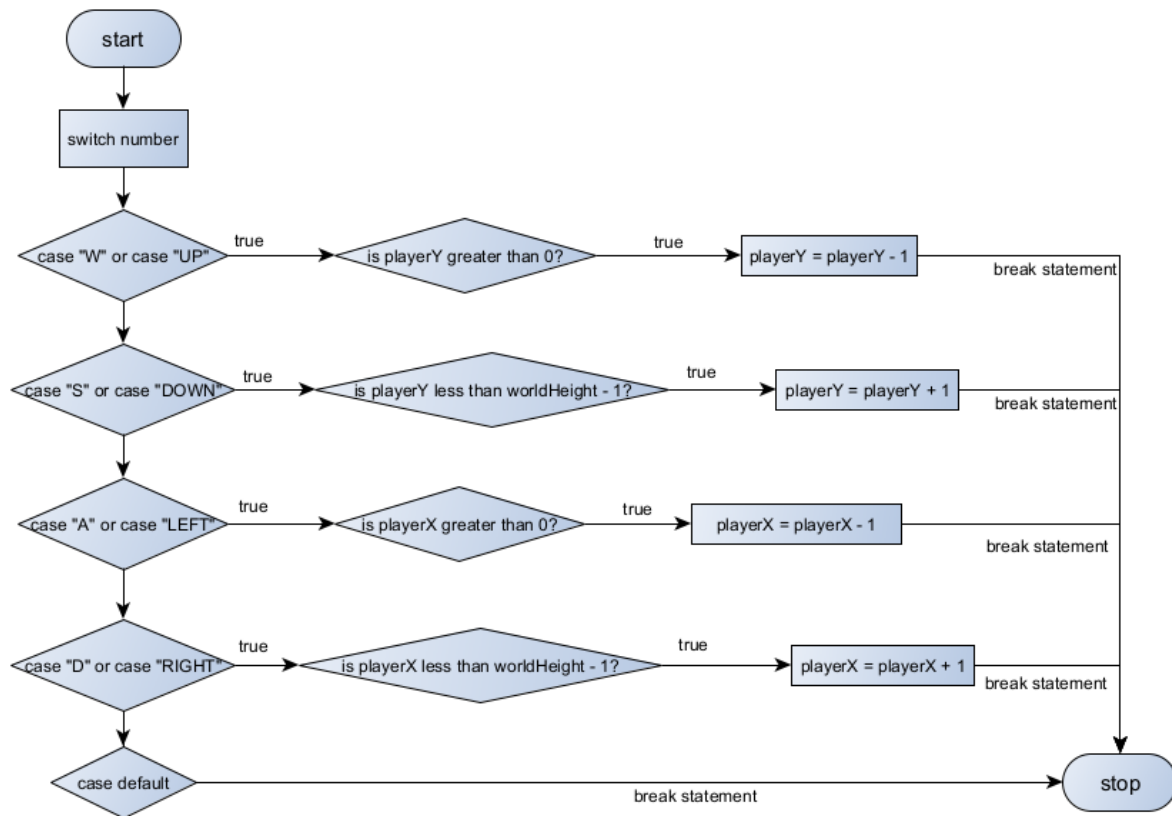
```
waitForEnter()  
end function
```



```

function mineBlock()

blockType = world[playerX][playerY]
if blockType is not equal to AIR then
    inventory.add(blockType)
    world[playerX][playerY] = AIR
    print("Mined " + getBlockName(blockType) + ".")
else print("No block to mine here.")
end if
waitForEnter()
end function
  
```

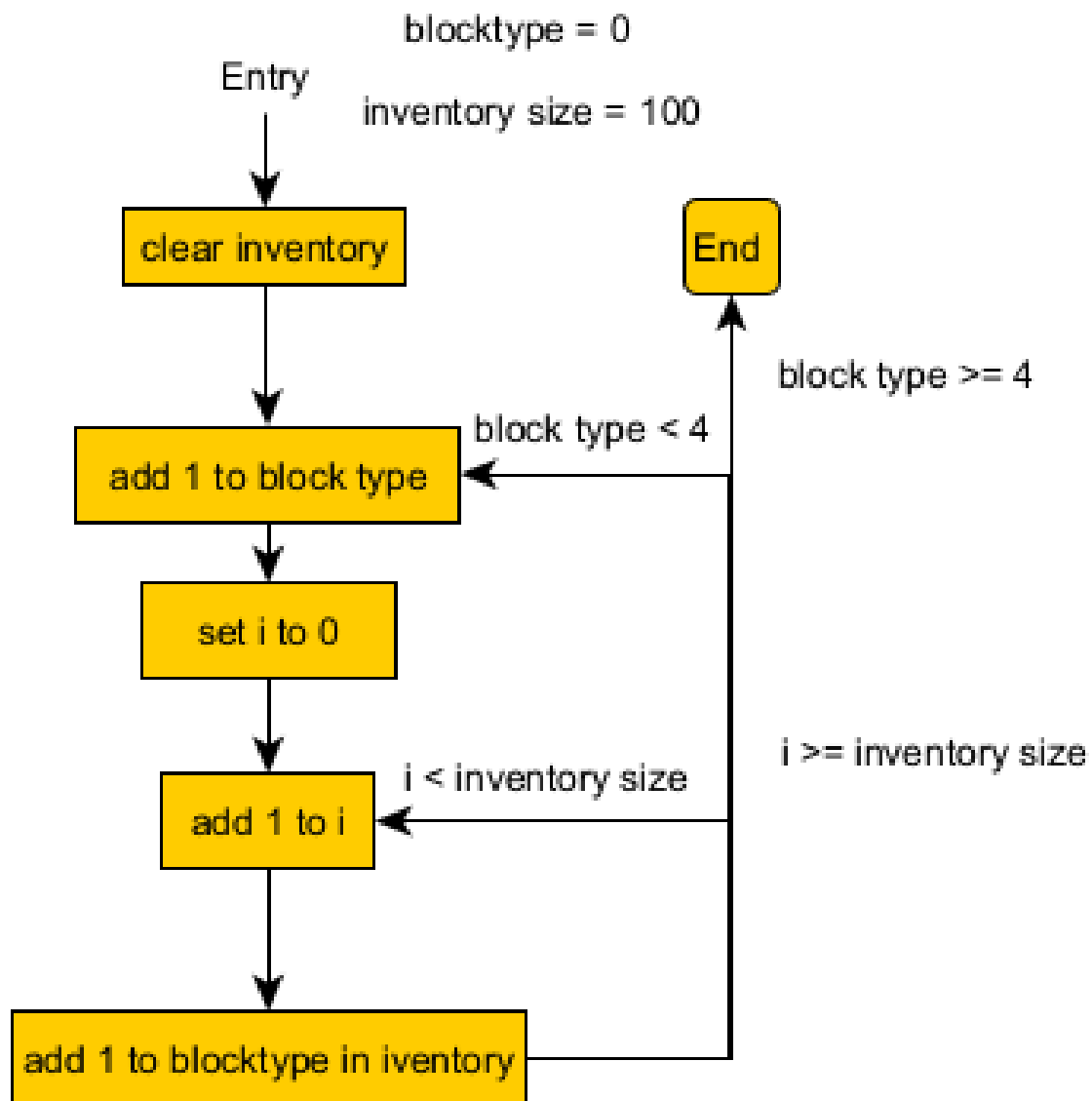


```
function movePlayer(direction):
```

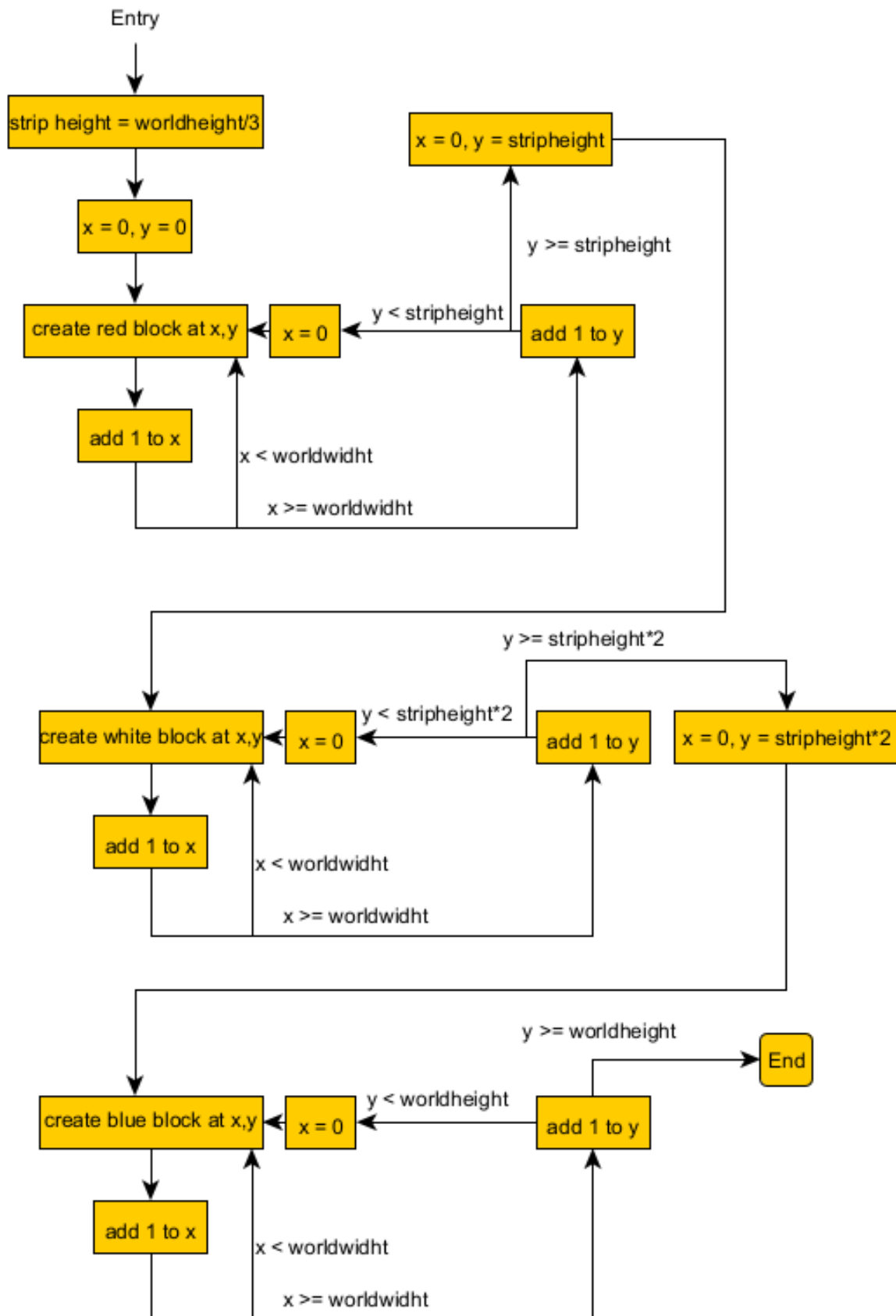
```

direction = uppercase(direction) //converts direction to uppercase for consistency
switch(direction):
case "W" or "UP":
    if playerY > 0 then playerY = playerY - 1
    end if
case "S" or "DOWN":
    if playerY < worldHeight - 1 then playerY = playerY + 1
    end if
case "A" or "LEFT":
    if playerX > 0 then playerX = playerX - 1
    end if
case "D" or "RIGHT":
    if playerX < worldWidth - 1 then playerX = playerX + 1
    end if
default: //do nothing
end switch
end function

```



```
fillInventory()  
Set INVENTORY_SIZE = 100  
  
Clear inventory  
FOR blockType = 0; blockType <= 4; blockType ++:  
    FOR i = 0; i < INVENTORY_SIZE; i++:  
        add block blockType to inventory  
    end  
end function
```



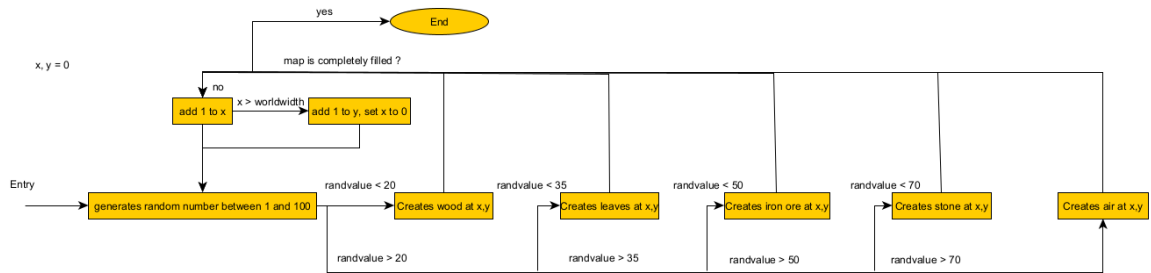
```
function generateEmptyWorld()
```

```
Set 2d array world = new int[NEW_WORLD_WIDTH][NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT]
Set redBlock = 1
Set whiteBlock = 4
Set blueBlock = 3
Set stripHeight = NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT / 3

FOR y = 0; y < stripHeight; y++:
  FOR x = 0; x < NEW_WORLD_WIDTH; x++:
    world[x][y] = redBlock

FOR y = stripHeight; y < stripHeight * 2; y++:
  FOR x = 0; x < NEW_WORLD_WIDTH; x++:
    world[x][y] = whiteBlock

FOR y = stripHeight * 2; y < NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT; y++:
  FOR x = 0; x < NEW_WORLD_WIDTH; x++:
    world[x][y] = blueBlock
end function
```

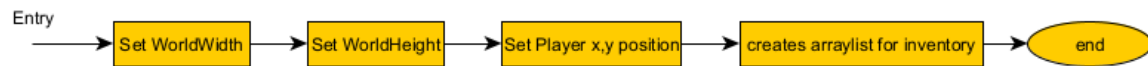


```
function generateWorld()
```

```

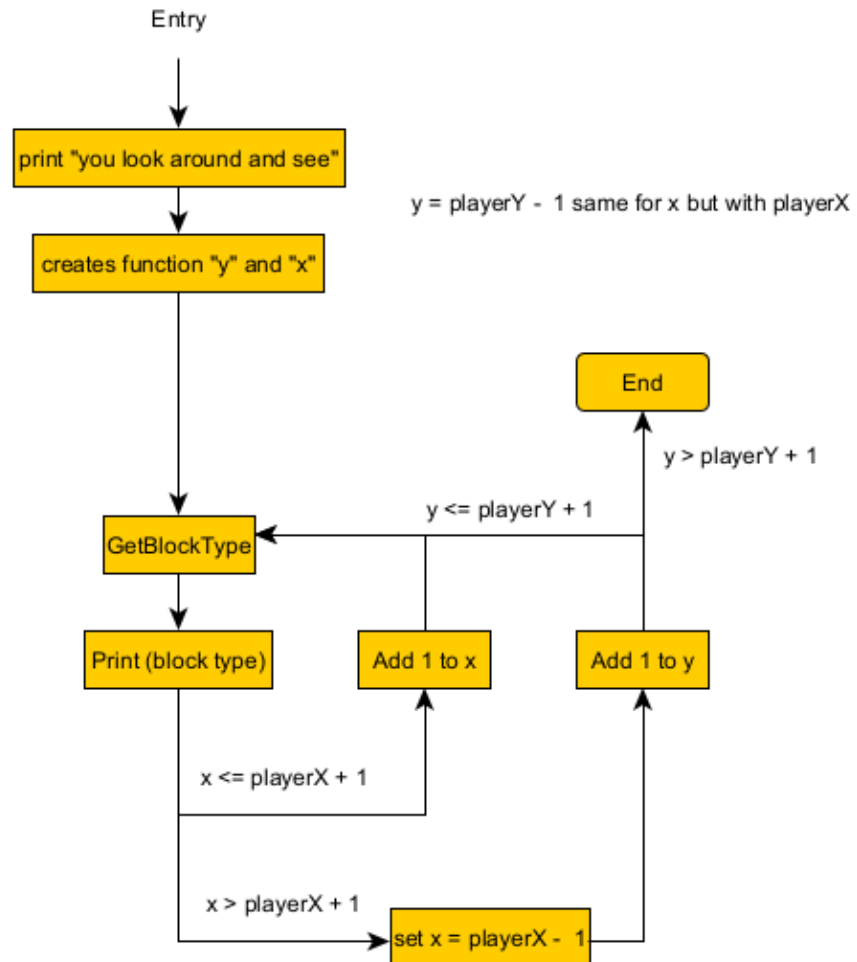
FOR y = 0; y < WORLD_HEIGHT; y++:
  FOR x = 0; x < WORLD_WIDTH; x++:
    creates random number between 1 and 100
    if random number < 20
      creates wood at x, y
    else if random number < 35
      creates leaves at x, y
    else if random number < 50
      creates stone at x, y
    else if random number < 70
      creates iron ore at x, y
    else create air at x, y
  end function
end function

```



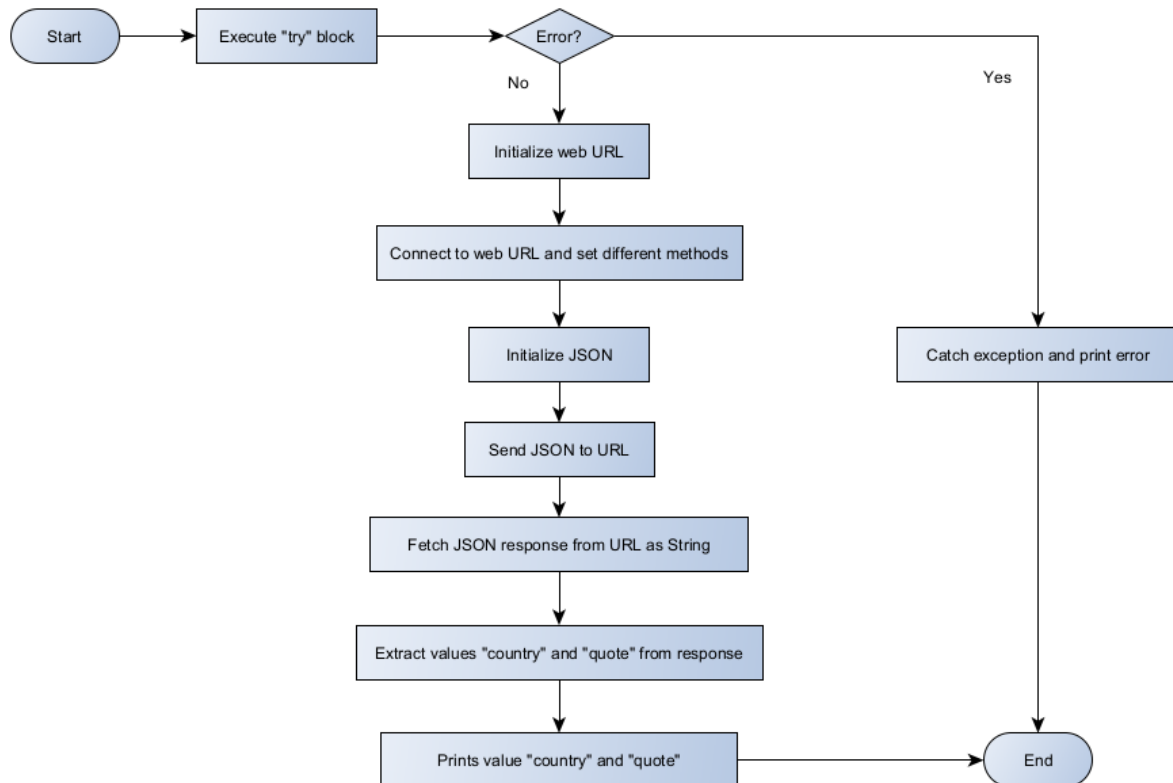
```
function initGame()
```

```
Set worldwidth
Set worldheight
Set world = [worldwidth][worldheight]
Set playerx = worldwidth / 2
Set playery = worldheight / 2
Creates array list inventory
```



```
function lookAround()
Set playerX be x position of player
Set playerY be y position of player

print("You look around and see:")
FOR y = Math.max(0, playerY - 1); y <= Math.min(playerY + 1, worldHeight - 1); y++:
  FOR x = Math.max(0, playerX - 1); x <= Math.min(playerX + 1, worldWidth - 1); x++:
    if x == playerX and y == playerY:
      print("P");
    else:
      print(block at position [x][y])
  print empty line
print empty line
end function
```



```

function getCountryAndQuoteFromServer():
TRY:
Set link = "https://flag.ashish.nl/get_flag"
Setup a connection to link
Set request method of connection to "POST"
Set request property of connection to "Content-Type" as json
Enable output of connection

let payload be stringified json
let writer be OutputStreamWriter of connection
  Write payload to writer
  Flush writer
  Close writer

let reader be BufferedReader of connection
let sb be StringBuilder
let line be empty string
WHILE (line is not null):
let line read next line of reader
Append line line to sb
  json = ConvertToString(sb)

  let countryStart = FindSubstringIndex(json, " ") + 11
  let countryEnd = FindSubstringIndex(json, " ", countryStart)
  let country = Substring(json, countryStart, countryEnd)

  let quoteStart = FindSubstringIndex(json, " ") + 9
  let quoteEnd = FindSubstringIndex(json, " ", quoteStart)
  let quote = Substring(json, quoteStart, quoteEnd)

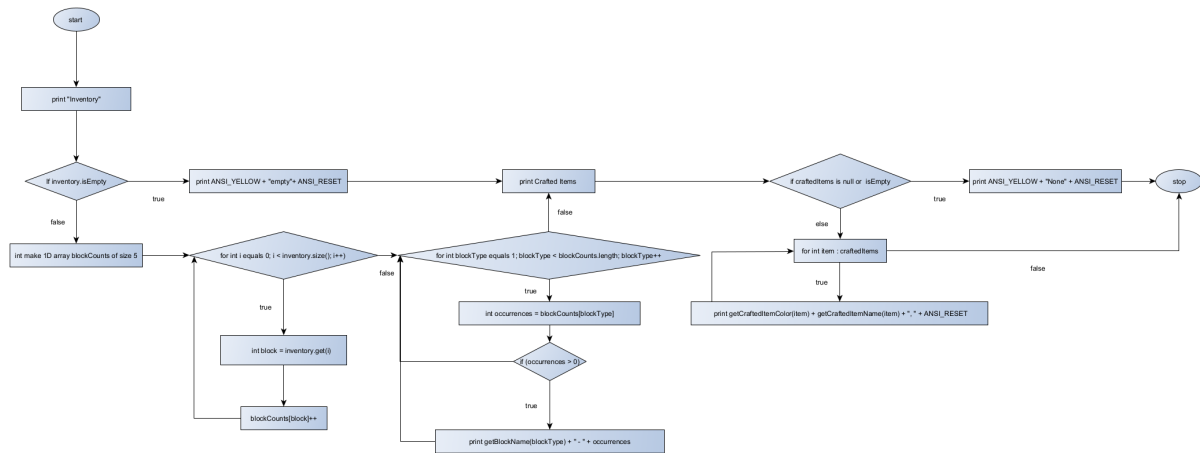
quote = ReplaceSpaces(quote)
Print("Country: " + country)
Print("Quote: " + quote)
CATCH Exception AS e:
  
```



```

stackTrace = GetStackTrace(e)
Print("Error connecting to the server")
Print(stackTrace)
end function

```



function displayInventory:

```

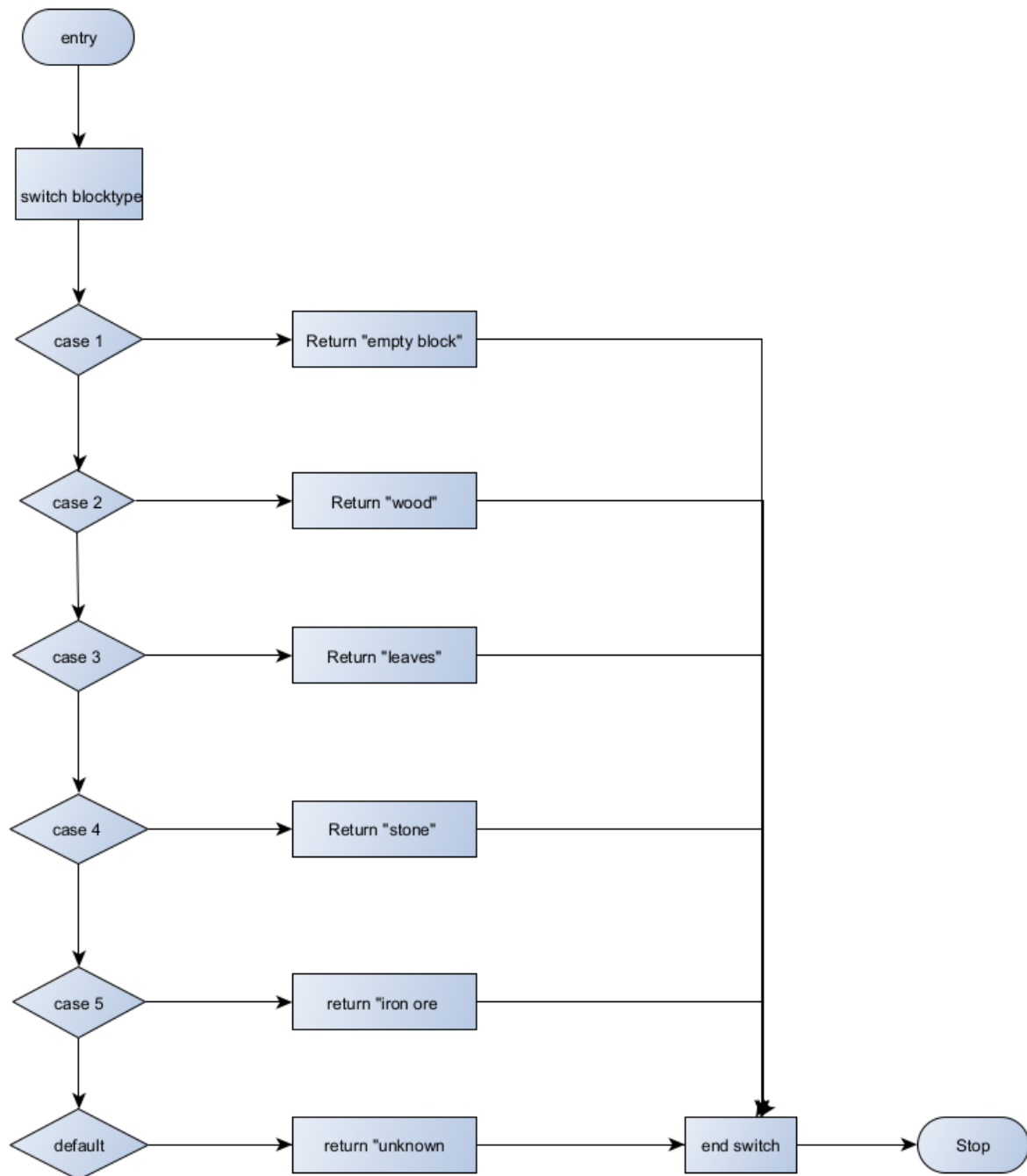
print "Inventory"
if inventory.isEmpty()
    print ANSI_YELLOW + " empty" + ANSI_RESET
else:
    make a 1D array blockCounts of size 5
    for int i = 0; i < inventory.size(); i++
        int block = inventory.get(i)
        blockCounts[block]

```

```

For int blockType = 1; blockType < blockCounts.length; blockType++
    int occurrences = blockCounts[blockType]
If occurrences > 0:
    Print getBlockName(blockType) + " - " + occurrences
print "Crafted Item"
if craftedItems is null or craftedItems is empty
    print ANSI_YELLOW_ + "none" + ANSI_RESET
else
    for int item : crafted item
        print getCraftedItemColor(item) + getCraftedItemName(item) + ", " + ANSI_RESET

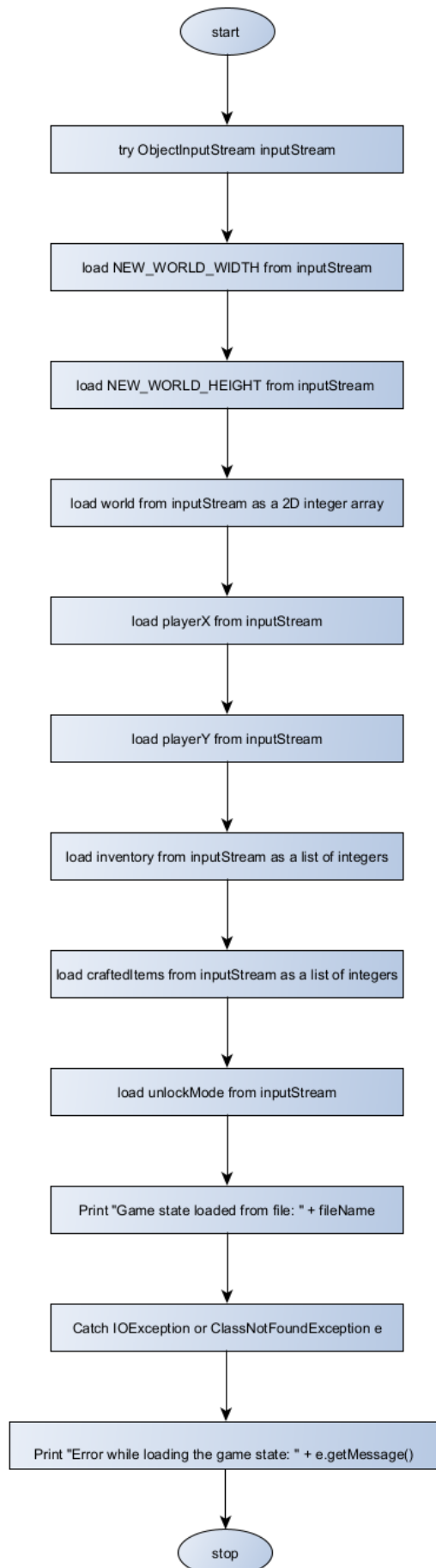
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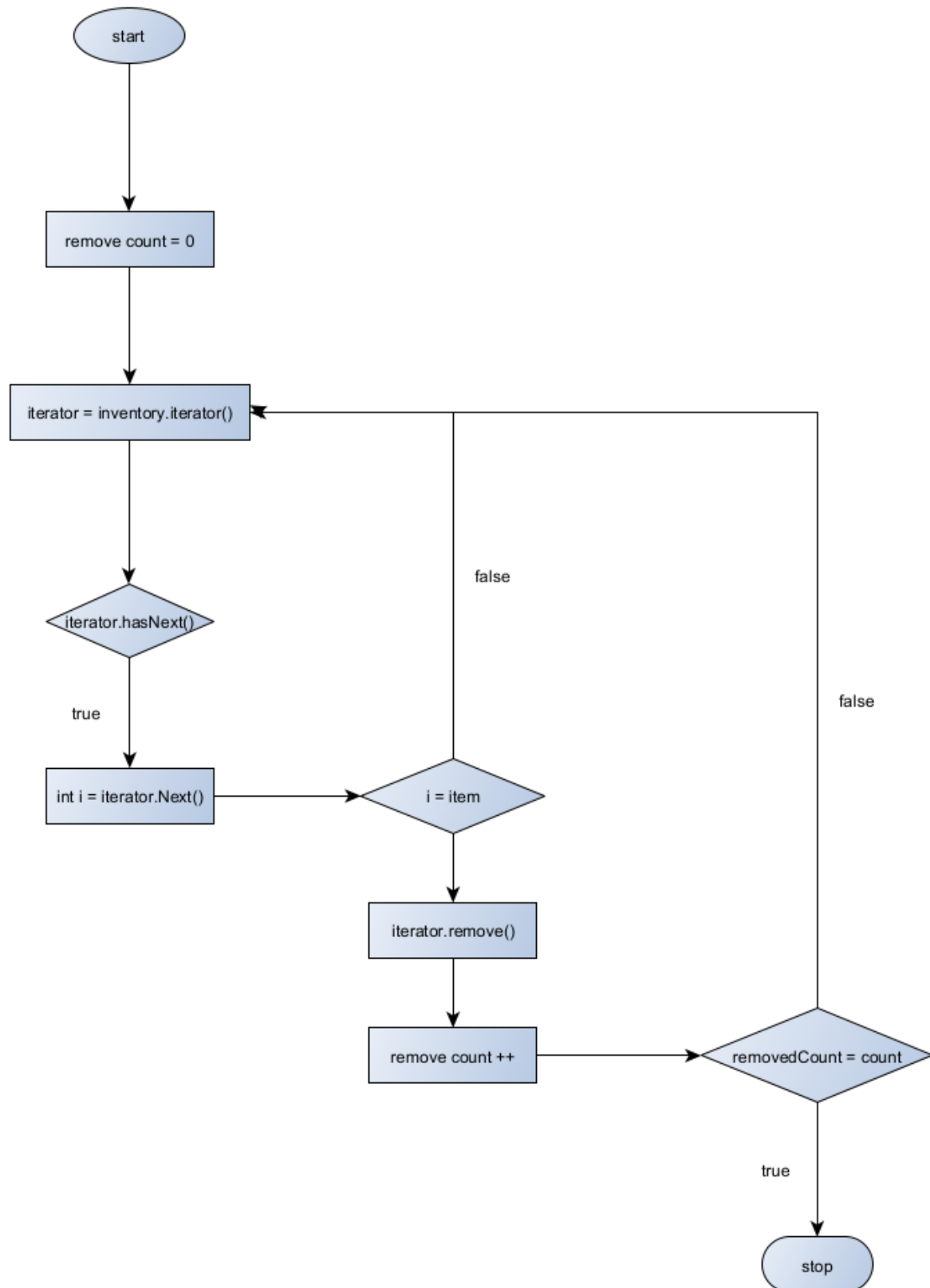
Function `getBlockName(blockType):`

```

Switch blockType
Case AIR:
  Return "Empty Block"
Case WOOD:
  Return "Wood"
Case LEAVES:
  Return "Leaves"
Case STONE:
  Return "Stone"
Case IRON_ORE:
  Return "Iron Ore"
Default:
  Return "Unknown"
  
```



```
Function loadGame(fileName)
Try Create ObjectInputStream inputStream using FileInputStream(fileName)
load NEW_WORLD_WIDTH from inputStream
load NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT from inputStream
load world from inputStream as a 2D integer array
load playerX from inputStream
load playerY from inputStream
load inventory from inputStream as a list of integers
load craftedItems from inputStream as a list of integers
load unlockMode from inputStream
Print "Game state loaded from file: " + fileName
Catch IOException or ClassNotFoundException e
Print "Error while loading the game state: " + e.getMessage()
```



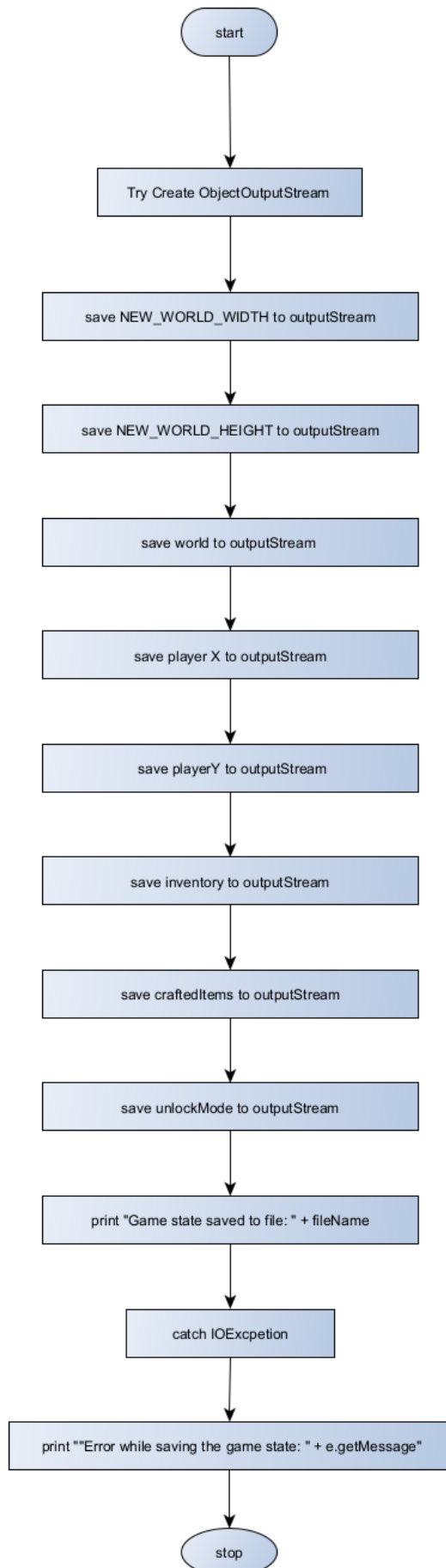
```
function removeItemsFromInventory(item, count):
```

```

removedCount = 0
iterator = createIterator(inventory)
While iterator.hasNext()
    i = iterator.next()

```

```
If i is equal to item iterator.remove()  
    removedCount = removedCount + 1  
If removedCount is equal to count  
    break
```



```
function saveGame(fileName):  
  
Try ObjectOutputStream outputStream  
  save NEW_WORLD_WIDTH to outputStream  
  save NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT to outputStream  
  save world to outputStream  
  save playerX to outputStream  
  save playerY to outputStream  
  save inventory to outputStream  
  save craftedItems to outputStream  
  save unlockMode to outputStream  
  Print "Game state saved to file: " + fileName Catch IOException e  
  Print "Error while saving the game state: " + e.getMessage()
```
