Tacita's JavaCraft - Provisional Report (Group 18)

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Group Details

| Group Name | Tacita |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Group Number | 18 |
| TA | TA assigned to Group 18 |

Participating Students

| Student Name | Student ID |
|-----------------|------------|
| Leopold Meinel | i6352276 |
| Anton Haarmann | i6367288 |
| Sian Lodde | i6343174 |
| Tristan Dormans | i6343359 |

Introduction

Meet JavaCraft, the first project we were assigned in our University journey. JavaCraft is a very simplified version of the game Minecraft that is set in a two dimensional world that is visualized using ASCII characters.

For this project, we are given a code for the JavaCraft game. That code is, what we are meant to work on.

We are supposed to expand the game in different aspects like adding new items or crafting recipes to it and documenting and understanding it, which we should show in the form of code descriptions, flowcharts, pseudocodes, automatas.

So far we've already learned a lot from this project!

JavaCraft's Workflow

See Appendix

Functionality Exploration

See Appendix for documentation of all functions and flowcharts and pseudocodes of 16 functions.

Code Repetition

getBlockSymbol contains code repetition in its switch statement, where each block contains a different color that corresponds to a different block.

This also occurs in multiple functions like getBlockChar, getBlockTypeFromCraftedItem, getCraftedItemFromBlockType, getRequiredItemForMining, craftItem, craftStonePickaxe, craftIronPickaxe, craftWoodenPlanks, craftStick, craftIronIngot, interactWithWorld, getBlockName and getCraftedItemColor.

inventoryContains and craftedItemsContains are almost identical and the general concepts are exactly the same.

Finite State Automata (FSA) Design

Secret door logic (boolean secretDoorUnlocked)

General Description

The secret door logic is triggered when <boolean> secretDoorUnlocked is true and will replace the map with an empty map containing a dutch flag. It will also replace the green player symbol with a blue one.

The <boolean> secretDoorUnlocked is true if the player supplies the following input in order:

- 1. y (caseless check)
- 2. Nothing OR anything other than exit (caseless check)
- 3. unlock (caseless check)
- 4. Nothing OR anything other than exit (caseless check)
- 5. Mandatory a, c AND m plus optional y AND/OR unlock in any order (caseless check, repetition is possible)
- 6. Nothing OR anything other than exit (caseless check)
- 7. open (caseless check)

After point 7, the <boolean> secretDoorUnlocked is true and the secret door logic triggers.

Automaton

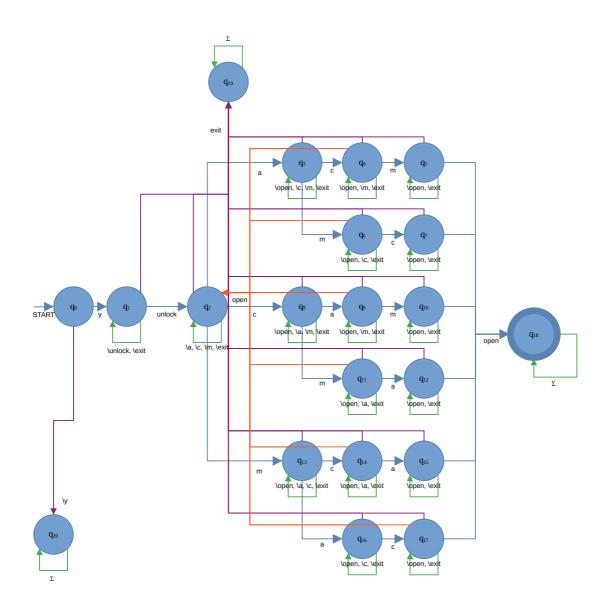
D=(Q, Σ , δ , q₀, F)

a=w, up, s, down, a, left, d, right

 $\Sigma {=} \{y, \, unlock, \, a, \, c, \, m, \, open, \, exit \}$ (caseless check) $\delta {:} \, Transition \, Function$

 $L(D) = \{y, \text{ unlock}, \{\text{mandatory a, c, m and optional } y, \text{ unlock in any order; repetition is possible}\}, \text{ open}\} \\ Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_5, q_6, q_7, q_8, q_9, q_{10}, q_{11}, q_{12}, q_{13}, q_{14}, q_{15}, q_{16}, q_{17}, q_{18}, q_{19}, q_{20}\}$

 $F = \{q_{18}\}$



Table

| State | у | unlock | a | С | m | open | exit |
|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|
| $^{ ightarrow}q_0$ | q_1 | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} |
| q_1 | q_1 | q_2 | q_1 | q_1 | $oldsymbol{q}_1$ | q_1 | q_{19} |
| q_2 | q_2 | q_2 | q_3 | q_8 | q_{13} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_3 | q_3 | q_3 | q_3 | q_4 | q_6 | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_4 | q_4 | q_4 | q_4 | q_4 | q_5 | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_5 | q_5 | q_5 | q_5 | q_5 | q_5 | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| q_6 | q_6 | q_6 | q_6 | q_7 | q_6 | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_7 | q_7 | q_7 | q_7 | q_7 | q_7 | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| q_8 | q_8 | q_8 | q_9 | q_8 | q_{11} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_9 | q_9 | q_9 | q_9 | q_9 | q_{10} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_{10} | q_{10} | q_{10} | q_{10} | q_{10} | q_{10} | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| q_{11} | q_{11} | q_{11} | q_{12} | q_{11} | q_{11} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_{12} | q_{12} | q_{12} | q_{12} | q_{12} | q_{12} | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| q_{13} | q_{13} | q_{13} | q_{16} | q_{14} | q_{13} | q_1 | q_{19} |
| q_{14} | q_{14} | q_{14} | q_{15} | q_{14} | q_{14} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_{15} | q_{15} | q_{15} | q_{15} | q_{15} | q_{15} | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| q_{16} | q_{16} | q_{16} | q_{16} | q_{17} | q_{16} | q_2 | q_{19} |
| q_{17} | q_{17} | q_{17} | q_{17} | q_{17} | q_{17} | q_{18} | q_{19} |
| $^*q_{18}$ | q_{18} | q_{18} | q_{18} | q_{18} | q_{18} | q_{18} | q_{18} |
| q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} | q_{19} |
| q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} | q_{20} |

Git Collaboration & Version Control

Overview

UM Gitlab Repository, Branch Group 18

Git usage

We used Gitlab as our main collaboration method. By splitting up the tasks in a fair manner we divided the workload to be more efficient. Through Gitlab we kept each other up to date by making commits after every completed task.

That way everybody knew in what state the project was and how much still needed to be done. We also made sure to document our commits well, in an effort to better our understanding of the changes made.

Each one of us made multiple commits and used Gitlab extensively. This in return improved our team performance and also kept each other motivated to work on the project.

Changes & Conflicts

Merge conflicts were handled efficiently and quickly. As a team we all had our experiences with these conflicts, one example was that a local repository was a few key commits behind. This was solved by choosing what parts of the code to keep, and what parts of the code needed to be replaced by the newer version on the repository.

Some other issue we faced was not being able to merge in the first place, which was inevitably resolved by re-cloning the repository and pasting in our modified files, which we wanted to replace older files on the remote repository.

Extending the game code

Blocktypes

The blocktypes we added are coal and emerald, we added them to the Game by assigning them an integer value and an ANSI color. We had to change a few functions to be able to fully integrate them into the game.

The first being generateWorld() in which we tweaked the rate at which the blocks spawn in the world. We made sure to match their rarity.

We also had to make some minor changes, for instance assigning the color to the integer value in <code>getBlockSymbol()</code>, and assigning them ASCII characters in <code>getBlockChar()</code>. Afterwards we changed integer values in <code>fillInventory()</code>, <code>placeBlock()</code> and <code>displayInventory()</code>. This had to be done to match the new amount of blocktypes. Otherwise the Game would've only used the old Blocktypes.

Additionally we assigned String values to the new blocktypes in getBlockName(), assigned each block to its color in getBlockSymbol() and added them to the legend in displayLegend(). Whenever one of our blocks is mined, a message will also be printed interactWithWorld().

Crafted Items

Our crafted Items we added to the game are iron and stone pickaxe, crafting the stone pickaxe requires three stone and one stick, crafting the iron pickaxe requires three iron ingot and one stick.

We chose these items because we wanted to implement a mechanic, that only lets a player mine a block if he fulfills certain requirements.

In this case for the player to be able to mine coal and iron blocks, he needs to have a stone pickaxe in his inventory. To be able to mine emerald blocks he needs an iron pickaxe.

To accomplish this, we had to first implement the crafted items. We did this in similar fashion as the blocktypes by assigning them integer values. And adding their values to the preexisting crafted items methods.

Afterwards we implemented the methods <code>craftStonePickaxe()</code> and <code>craftIronPickaxe()</code> in which we specified the crafting requirements for each Item. for this to work we had to add a new method <code>removeItemFromCraftedItem()</code>, that removes items from the crafted items inventory. And <code>craftedItemsContains()</code> that checks if the player has the amount of crafted items in his Inventory.

The biggest change was the implementation of the mine requirements in mineBlock(), we did this by checking for the blocktype that is going to be mined first and then checking if the player fits the requirements.

To do this we implemented a new method getRequiredItemForMining() which gets the Blocktype as parameter and gives back the needed Crafted Item to be able to mine it.

Interacting with Flags API

We have rewritten the template function <code>getCountryAndQuoteFromServer()</code> to interact with the flags API at https://flag.ashish.nl.

The old code used a now deprecated constructor for URL: new URL(String). Java complains with the following warning: The constructor URL(String) is deprecated since version 20. Therefore we decided on using URI.create(String).toURL() instead. This is not deprecated.

The rest of our code just uses the provided template which gets a country and a quote from the flags API via a POST request. Within the post request we send a json String containing the following:

"group_number" : "18" "group_name" : "group18" "difficulty level" : "hard"

This is meant to identify our group via it's name and number and lets the server know which difficulty level it should choose for the flag.

Since we only use this to know which flag we have to build, it wasn't necessary to pretty print any response we get. Therefore we didn't work on that and didn't really change the code.

In our current code we have replaced https://example.com to avoid unnecessary interactions with the API.

We got Sri Lanka as our first response and used a string to represent it's flag. The result is the following:



Conclusion

We created flowcharts for 16 funtions, tried to document the code in an organized fashion and as expected encountered no lack of issues along the way.

For instance, it was really challenging to fit the flowchart of the whole game on one page. Sian managed to do that anyways, even though he was grasping at straws.

Leo encountered some difficulties while constructing the FSA and had to redo the automaton multiple times. This was because of some misunderstandings about what was expected from us.

Anton faced some problems while adding new blocks and crafting recipes to the game. His difficulties were exaggerated due to the fact that he entered the course with minimal programming experience, nevertheless with enough persistance he managed to enrich JavaCraft's gameplay.

We learned how to work together in a team and to manage and divide team tasks. Also included in our learning experience was learning to maintain a functioning and readable codebase and fighting over who gets to do what. We became skilled at reading and understanding code written by someone else, via pseudocode and flowcharts, this in turn greatly helped us advance our java knowledge.

In the final stages of our project, we managed to create a proper looking and well formatted pdf using markdown. We also learned how to use an API and how to draw a challenging flag using only UNICODE characters and 16 ANSI colors.

This project has been a very good start to our BSc Computer Science and helped us a lot with getting used to working on university projects at Maastricht University.

Who Did What?

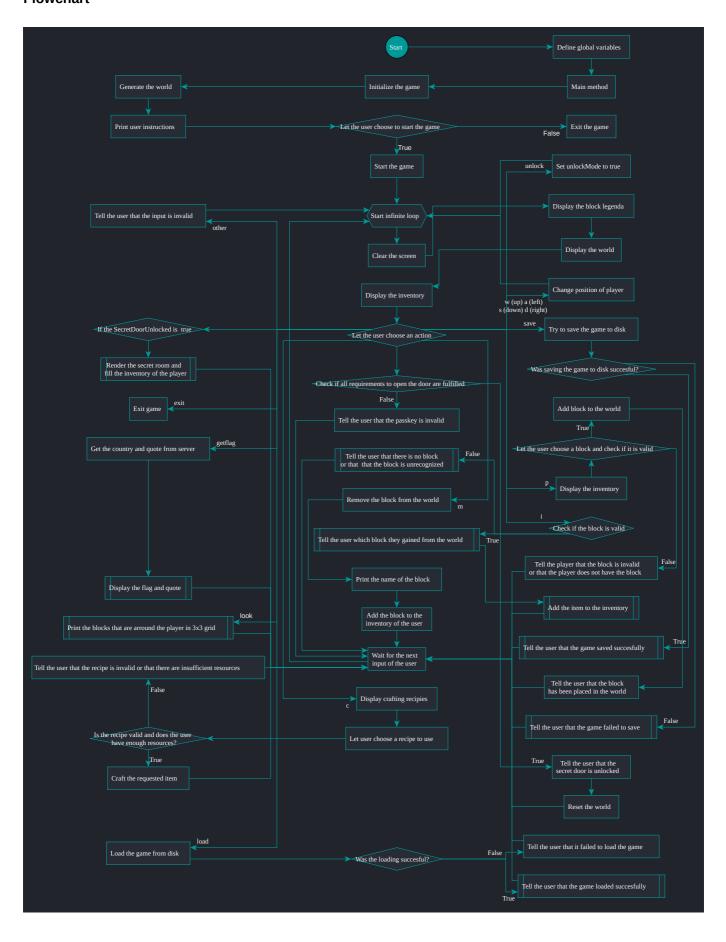
| Task | Who worked on the task | Participation in percentage |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Creating initial pseudocode and flowcharts | Leopold, Anton, Tristan, Sian | Even across all participants |
| Setting up Gitlab repository | Leopold, Sian | Even across all participants |
| Creating documentation for JavaCraft code | Leopold, Anton, Tristan, Sian | Even across all participants |
| Finding repetitions in code | Sian | 100% |
| Creating flowchart and pseudocode for class JavaCraft | Tristan | 100% |
| Creating FSA for automaton | Leopold, Tristan | 90%, 10% |
| Creating table and description for automaton | Leopold | 100% |
| Converting ODF Flowcharts to .graphml | Tristan | 100% |
| Deciding on the uniformal format for flowcharts | Leopold, Anton, Tristan, Sian | Even across all participants |
| Deciding on the uniformal format for pseudocode | Leopold, Anton, Tristan, Sian | 70%, 10%, 10%, 10% |
| Converting flowcharts to uniformal format | Sian, Tristan, Anton | 80%, 10%, 10% |
| Converting pseudocode to uniformal format | Leopold | 100% |
| Creating documentation | Leopold | 100% |
| Cleaning up repository directories | Sian | 100% |
| Exporting flowcharts to SVG format | Sian | 100% |
| Implementing two new blocks and two new crafting items | Anton | 100% |
| Updating functions involved with new blocks and crafting items | Anton | 100% |
| Creating provisional report document | Leo, Tristan, Anton, Sian | 70%, 10%, 10%, 10% |
| Merging flowchart images with report document into single PDF | Sian | 100% |
| Implementing uniformal directory structure | Leopold | 100% |

Appendix

Class JavaCraft

```
BEGIN
Define global constants/variables and assign values to some;
Initialize game by assigning some global variables;
Generate world with different blocks by using randomness;
PRINT INFO `instructions`;
PRINT INFO "Start the game? (Y/N): ";
IF `<String> READ user input` == y (caseless check)
    Set `<boolean> unlockMode` = false;
    Set `<boolean> craftingCommandEntered` = false;
    Set `<boolean> miningCommandEntered` = false;
    Set `<boolean> movementCommandEntered` = false;
    WHILE true
        PRINT INFO `initial UI containing legend, world, inventory`;
        PRINT INFO "Enter your action: 'WASD': Move, 'M': Mine, 'P': Place,
'C': Craft, 'I': Interact, 'Save': Save, 'Load': Load, 'Exit': Quit,
'Unlock': Unlock Secret Door\n" (colored in green);
        IF `<String> READ user input` == "w" OR "up" OR "s" OR "down" OR
"a" OR "left" OR "d" OR "right" (caseless check)
            IF `<boolean> unlockMode` == true
                Set `<boolean> movementCommandEntered` = true;
            Move player;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "m" (caseless check)
            IF `<boolean> unlockMode` == true
                Set `<boolean> miningCommandEntered` = true;
            Mine block;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "p" (caseless check)
            PRINT INFO `players inventory`;
            PRINT INFO "Enter the block type to place: ";
            Place block `<String> READ user input`;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "c" (caseless check)
            PRINT INFO `crafting recipes`;
            PRINT INFO "Enter the recipe number to craft: ";
            Craft item `<String> READ user input`;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "i" (caseless check)
            Interact with world;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "save" (caseless check)
            PRINT INFO "Enter the file name to save the game state: ";
            Save game as `<String> READ user input`;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "load" (caseless check)
            PRINT INFO "Enter the file name to load the game state: ";
            Load game from `<String> READ user input`;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "exit" (caseless check)
```

```
PRINT INFO "Exiting the game. Goodbye!\n";
            Exit game;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "look" (caseless check)
            Print all blocks sorrounding player;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "unlock" (caseless check)
            Set `<boolean> unlockMode` = true;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "getflag" (caseless check)
            TRY TO
                Set up connection to a server;
                PRINT INFO " " + `<String> get country from server via a
POST request`;
                PRINT INFO " " + `<String> get quote from server via a POST
request`;
            ON EXCEPTION
                PRINT ERROR containing `stacktrace`;
                PRINT ERROR "Error connecting to the server";
            Wait on player to press ENTER;
        ELSE IF `<String> READ user input` == "open" (caseless check)
            IF `<boolean> unlockMode` == true AND `<boolean>
craftingCommandEntered` == true AND `<boolean> miningCommandEntered` ==
true AND `<boolean> movementCommandEntered` == true
                Set `<boolean> secretDoorUnlocked` = true;
                Reset world to an empty world;
                PRINT INFO "Secret door unlocked!\n";
                Wait on player to press ENTER;
            ELSE
                PRINT WARNING "Invalid passkey. Try again!\n";
                Set `<boolean> unlockMode` = false;
                Set `<boolean> craftingCommandEntered` = false;
                Set `<boolean> miningCommandEntered` = false;
                Set `<boolean> movementCommandEntered` = false;
        ELSE
            PRINT WARNING "Invalid input. Please try again." (colored in
yellow);
        IF `<boolean> unlockMode` == true
            IF `<String> READ user input` == "c" (caseless check)
                Set `<boolean> craftingCommandEntered` = true;
            IF `<String> READ user input` == "m" (caseless check)
                Set `<boolean> miningCommandEntered` = true;
        IF `<boolean> secretDoorUnlocked` == true
            PRINT INFO `description of current state`;
            Set `<boolean> inSecretArea` = true;
            Reset world to an empty world;
            Set `<boolean> secretDoorUnlocked` = false;
            Fill `<Integer list> inventory` with all available blockTypes;
            Wait on player to press ENTER;
ELSE
    Exit game;
END
```



Extending the Gamecode

boolean craftedItemContains()

Documentation

```
craftedItemsContains

public static boolean craftedItemsContains(int craftedItem, int count)

Queries craftedItems for if it has enough of an crafted item.

This method queries the players craftedItems for an crafted item and if it contains at least as much as the supplied count.

Parameters:

craftedItem - The crafted item to query the crafted items inventory for

count - The count that the crafted items inventory should contain of the item

Returns:

boolean true if craftedItems contains crafted item at least as many times as the supplied count, false in any other case
```

```
public static boolean craftedItemsContains(int craftedItem, int count) {
    int craftedItemCount = 0;
    for (int i : craftedItems) {
        if (i == craftedItem) {
            craftedItemCount++;
            if (craftedItemCount == count) {
                return true;
            }
        }
    }
    return false;
}
```

void craftIronPickaxe()

Documentation

```
craftIronPickaxe

public static void craftIronPickaxe()

Crafts CRAFTED_IRON_PICKAXE.

This method crafts CRAFTED_IRON_PICKAXE from 1 Stick and 3 Iron Ingots that are taken form the players inventory.

Prints message if the player doesn't have the correct items in his inventory.
```

```
public static void craftIronPickaxe() {
    if (craftedItemsContains(CRAFTED_STICK) &&
    craftedItemsContains(CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT, 3)) {
        removeItemFromCraftedItems(CRAFTED_STICK, 1);
        removeItemFromCraftedItems(CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT, 3);
        addCraftedItem(CRAFTED_IRON_PICKAXE);
        System.out.println("Crafted Iron Pickaxe");
    } else {
        System.out.println("Insufficient resources to craft Stone
Pickaxe");
    }
}
```

void craftStonePickaxe()

Documentation

```
craftStonePickaxe

public static void craftStonePickaxe()

Crafts CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE.

This method crafts CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE from 1 Stick and 3 Stone that are taken form the players inventory.

Prints message if the player doesn't have the correct items in his inventory.
```

```
public static void craftStonePickaxe() {
    if (craftedItemsContains(CRAFTED_STICK) && inventoryContains(STONE,
3)) {
        removeItemFromCraftedItems(CRAFTED_STICK, 1);
        removeItemsFromInventory(STONE, 3);
        addCraftedItem(CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE);
        System.out.println("Crafted Stone Pickaxe");
    } else {
        System.out.println("Insufficient resources to craft Stone
Pickaxe");
    }
}
```

void displayLegend()

Documentation

displayLegend

```
public static void displayLegend()
Prints a legend.
This method prints a legend of items on the map.
```

```
public static void displayLegend() {
        System.out.println(ANSI_BLUE + "Legend:");
        System.out.println(ANSI_WHITE + "-- - Empty block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_RED + "\u2592\u2592 - Wood block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_GREEN + "\u00A7\u00A7 - Leaves block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_BLUE + "\u2593\u2593 - Stone block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_WHITE + "\u00B0\u00B0- Iron ore block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_COAL_GRAY + "\u2593\u2593 - Coal ore
block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_EMERALD_GREEN + "\u00B0\u00B0 - Emerald ore
block");
        System.out.println(ANSI_BLUE + "P - Player" + ANSI_RESET);
    }
}
```

int getRequiredItemForMining()

Documentation

```
getRequiredItemForMining

public static int getRequiredItemForMining(int blockType)

Returns the crafted item that is required to mine blockType.

This method returns the crafted item that is required to mine blockType.

Defaults -1.

Parameters:
blockType - The type of block

Returns:
int The crafted Item required to mine blockType
```

```
public static int getRequiredItemForMining(int blockType) {
    switch (blockType) {
        case 4:
            return CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE;
        case 5:
            return CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE;
        case 6:
            return CRAFTED_IRON_PICKAXE;
        default:
            return -1;
    }
}
```

void interactWithWorld()

Documentation

```
interactWithWorld
```

public static void interactWithWorld()
Handles interaction with the game world.

This method handles interaction with the game world and prints messages for blocks that the player can interact with. It also adds certain blocks to the players inventory if he interacts with them.

```
public static void interactWithWorld() {
        int blockType = world[playerX][playerY];
        switch (blockType) {
            case WOOD:
                System.out.println("You gather wood from the tree.");
                inventory.add(WOOD);
                break;
            case LEAVES:
                System.out.println("You gather leaves from the tree.");
                inventory.add(LEAVES);
                break;
            case STONE:
                System.out.println("You gather stones from the ground.");
                inventory.add(STONE);
                break;
            case IRON_ORE:
                System.out.println("You mine iron ore from the ground.");
                inventory.add(IRON_ORE);
                break;
            case EMERALD_ORE:
                System.out.println("You mine emerald ore from the
ground.");
                inventory.add(EMERALD_ORE);
                break;
            case COAL ORE:
                System.out.println("You mine coal ore from the ground.");
                inventory.add(COAL_ORE);
                break;
            case AIR:
                System.out.println("Nothing to interact with here.");
                break;
            default:
                System.out.println("Unrecognized block. Cannot interact.");
        waitForEnter();
    }
```

void mineBlock()

Documentation

```
mineBlock

public static void mineBlock()

Mines a block.

This method mines a block and adds it to the players inventory if it is not AIR
```

```
public static void mineBlock() {
        int blockType = world[playerX][playerY];
        if (blockType == EMERALD_ORE) {
            if (craftedItems.contains(getRequiredItemForMining(blockType)))
{
                inventory.add(blockType);
                world[playerX][playerY] = AIR;
                System.out.println("Mined " + getBlockName(blockType) +
".");
            } else {
                System.out.println(
                        "You need: " +
getCraftedItemName(getRequiredItemForMining(blockType))
                                + ", to mine a " +
getBlockName(blockType));
        } else if (blockType == IRON_ORE || blockType == COAL_ORE) {
            if (craftedItems.contains(getRequiredItemForMining(blockType)))
{
                inventory.add(blockType);
                world[playerX][playerY] = AIR;
                System.out.println("Mined " + getBlockName(blockType) +
".");
            } else {
                System.out.println(
                        "You need: " +
getCraftedItemName(getRequiredItemForMining(blockType))
                                + ", to mine a " +
getBlockName(blockType));
        } else if (blockType != AIR) {
            inventory.add(blockType);
            world[playerX][playerY] = AIR;
            System.out.println("Mined " + getBlockName(blockType) + ".");
            System.out.println("No block to mine here.");
        waitForEnter();
    }
```

void removeItemFromCraftedItem()

Documentation

```
removeItemFromCraftedItems

public static void removeItemFromCraftedItems(int craftedItem, int count)

Removes a count of item from craftedItem.

This method removes a count of an item from the players crafted items inventory.

Parameters:

craftedItem - The item to remove from the crafted items inventory

count - The count that should be removed from the crafted items inventory
```

```
public static void removeItemFromCraftedItems(int craftedItem, int count) {
    int removedCount = 0;
    Iterator<Integer> iterator = craftedItems.iterator();
    while (iterator.hasNext()) {
        int i = iterator.next();
        if (i == craftedItem) {
             iterator.remove();
             removedCount++;
             if (removedCount == count) {
                  break;
             }
        }
    }
}
```

void clearScreen()

Documentation

```
clearScreen

private static void clearScreen()

Clears the screen.

This method clears the screen and uses different logic depending on the OS.

Catched Exceptions:

• On IOException: Prints stacktrace when I/O exception of some sort has occurred.

• On InterruptedException: Prints stacktrace when a thread is waiting, sleeping, or otherwise occupied, and the thread is interrupted, either before or during the activity.
```

Java

```
TRY TO

IF current operating system matches Windows

Clear screen using Windows cmd.exe by calling "/c cls";

Wait on process to finish;

ELSE

Clear screen using ANSI code;

ON EXCEPTION

PRINT ERROR containing `stacktrace`;
```



void craftIronIngot()

Documentation

```
public static void craftIronIngot()
Crafts CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT.
This method crafts CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT from 3 IRON_ORE that is taken from the players inventory.
Prints message if the player doesn't have the correct items in his inventory.
```

Java

```
public static void craftIronIngot() {
  if (inventoryContains(IRON_ORE, 3)) {
     removeItemsFromInventory(IRON_ORE, 3);
     addCraftedItem(CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT);
     System.out.println("Crafted Iron Ingot.");
  } else {
     System.out.println("Insufficient resources to craft Iron Ingot.");
  }
}
```

```
BEGIN

IF `<list> inventory` contains at least 3 iron ore
    Remove 3 iron ore from `<list> inventory`;
    Add the crafted item 1 iron ingot to `<list> inventory`;
    PRINT INFO "Crafted Iron Ingot.\n";

ELSE
    PRINT WARNING "Insufficient resources to craft Iron Ingot.\n";

END
```



void craftItem(int recipe)

Documentation

```
craftitem

public static void craftItem(int recipe)

Crafts an item.

This method crafts an item from a recipe.

Prints message if invalid recipe was supplied.

Parameters:
recipe - The recipe used to craft the item
```

```
public static void craftItem(int recipe) {
    switch (recipe) {
        case 1:
            craftWoodenPlanks();
            break;
        case 2:
            craftStick();
            break;
        case 3:
            craftIronIngot();
            break;
        case 4:
            craftStonePickaxe();
            break;
        case 5:
            craftIronPickaxe();
            break;
        default:
            System.out.println("Invalid recipe number.");
    waitForEnter();
}
```

Pseudocode

```
BEGIN

IF `<Integer> recipe` == 1
        Craft wooden planks;

ELSE IF `<Integer> recipe` == 2
        Craft stick;

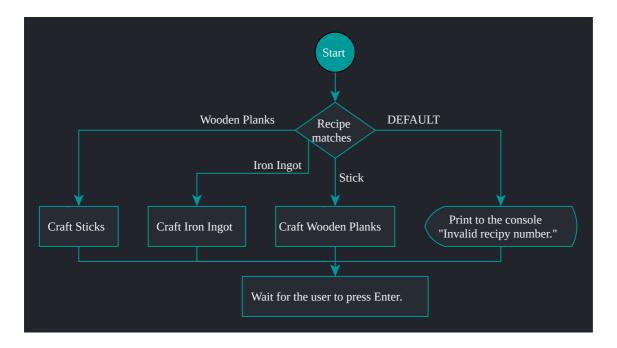
ELSE IF `<Integer> recipe` == 3
        Craft iron ingot;

ELSE IF `<Integer> recipe` == 4
        Craft stone pickaxe;

ELSE IF `<Integer> recipe` == 5
        Craft iron pickaxe;

ELSE
        PRINT WARNING "Invalid recipe number.\n";

Wait on player to press ENTER;
END
```



void craftStick()

Documentation

```
public static void craftStick()
Crafts CRAFTED_STICK.
This method crafts CRAFTED_STICK from 1 WOOD that is taken from the players inventory.
Prints message if the player doesn't have the correct items in his inventory.
```

Java

```
public static void craftStick() {
   if (inventoryContains(W00D)) {
      removeItemsFromInventory(W00D, 1);
      addCraftedItem(CRAFTED_STICK);
      System.out.println("Crafted Stick.");
   } else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient resources to craft Stick.");
   }
}
```

```
BEGIN

IF `<list> inventory` contains wood
    Remove 1 wood from `<list> inventory`;
    Add the crafted item 1 stick to `<list> inventory`;
    PRINT INFO "Crafted Stick.\n";

ELSE
    PRINT WARNING "Insufficient resources to craft Stick.\n";

END
```



void craftWoodenPlanks()

Documentation

```
craftWoodenPlanks

public static void craftWoodenPlanks()

Crafts CRAFTED_WOODEN_PLANKS.

This method crafts CRAFTED_WOODEN_PLANKS from 2 WOOD that are taken from the players inventory.

Prints message if the player doesn't have the correct items in his inventory.
```

Java

```
public static void craftWoodenPlanks() {
   if (inventoryContains(WOOD, 2)) {
      removeItemsFromInventory(WOOD, 2);
      addCraftedItem(CRAFTED_WOODEN_PLANKS);
      System.out.println("Crafted Wooden Planks.");
   } else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient resources to craft Wooden Planks.");
   }
}
```

```
BEGIN

IF `<list> inventory` contains at least 2 wood
    Remove 2 wood from `<list> inventory`;
    Add the crafted item 1 wooden planks to `<list> inventory`;
    PRINT INFO "Crafted Wooden Planks.\n";

ELSE
    PRINT WARNING "Insufficient resources to craft Wooden Planks.\n";

END
```



void displayCraftingRecipes()

Documentation

```
displayCraftingRecipes

public static void displayCraftingRecipes()

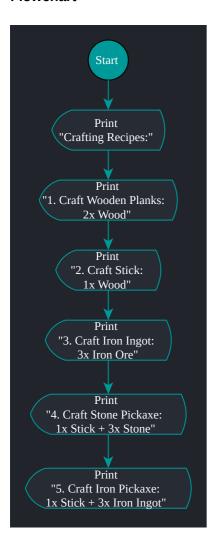
Prints crafting recipes.

This method prints the available crafting recipes.
```

Java

```
public static void displayCraftingRecipes() {
    System.out.println("Crafting Recipes:");
    System.out.println("1. Craft Wooden Planks: 2 Wood");
    System.out.println("2. Craft Stick: 1 Wood");
    System.out.println("3. Craft Iron Ingot: 3 Iron Ore");
    System.out.println("4. Craft Stone Pickaxe: 1 Stick, 3 Stone");
    System.out.println("5. Craft Iron Pickaxe: 1 Stick, 3 Iron Ingot");
}
```

```
PRINT INFO "Crafting Recipes:\n";
PRINT INFO "1. Craft Wooden Planks: 2 Wood\n";
PRINT INFO "2. Craft Stick: 1 Wood\n";
PRINT INFO "3. Craft Iron Ingot: 3 Iron Ore\n";
PRINT INFO "4. Craft Stone Pickaxe: 1 Stick, 3 Stone\n";
PRINT INFO "5. Craft Iron Pickaxe: 1 Stick, 3 Iron Ingot\n";
END
```



void displayInventory()

Documentation

```
displayInventory

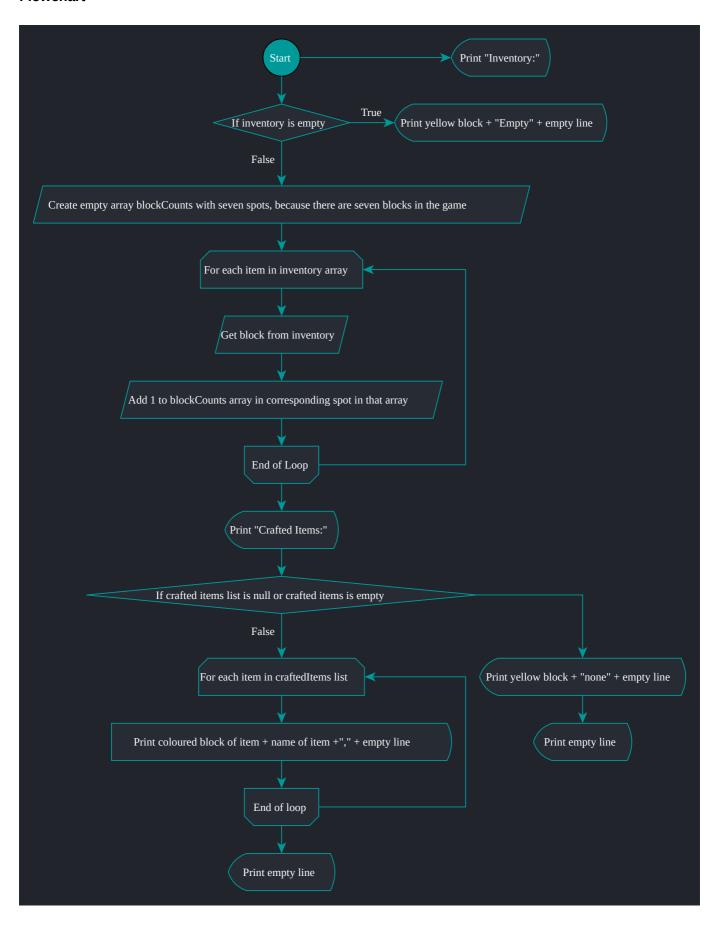
public static void displayInventory()

Prints players inventory.

This method prints the players inventory including craftedItems
```

```
public static void displayInventory() {
    System.out.println("Inventory:");
    if (inventory.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println(ANSI_YELLOW + "Empty" + ANSI_RESET);
    } else {
        int[] blockCounts = new int[7];
        for (int i = 0; i < inventory.size(); i++) {
            int block = inventory.get(i);
            blockCounts[block]++;
        }
        for (int blockType = 1; blockType < blockCounts.length;</pre>
blockType++) {
            int occurrences = blockCounts[blockType];
            if (occurrences > 0) {
                System.out.println(getBlockName(blockType) + " - " +
occurrences);
            }
        }
    }
    System.out.println("Crafted Items:");
    if (craftedItems == null || craftedItems.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println(ANSI_YELLOW + "None" + ANSI_RESET);
    } else {
        for (int item : craftedItems) {
            System.out.print(
                    getCraftedItemColor(item) + getCraftedItemName(item) +
  " + ANSI_RESET);
        System.out.println();
    System.out.println();
}
```

```
BEGIN
PRINT INFO "Inventory:\n";
IF `<Integer list> inventory` is empty
    PRINT INFO "Empty\n" (colored in yellow);
ELSE
    CREATE `<Integer array> blockCounts` of size 7;
    FOR EACH `<Integer> element` in `<Integer list> inventory`
        Assign `<Integer> block` = `<Integer> element`;
        Set `<Integer array> blockCounts @ index <Integer> block` += 1;
    FOR `<Integer> blockType` = 1; `<Integer> blockType` < `length of
<Integer array> blockCounts`
        Assign `<Integer> occurences` = `<Integer array> blockCounts @
index <Integer> blockType`;
        IF `<Integer> occurences` > 0
            PRINT INFO `<String> get block name matching <Integer>
blockType` + " - " + `<Integer> occurences\n`;
        Set `<Integer> blockType` += 1;
PRINT INFO "Crafted Items:\n";
IF `<Integer list> craftedItems` is non-existant or empty
    PRINT INFO "None\n" (colored in yellow);
ELSE
    FOR EACH `<Integer> item` in `<Integer list> craftedItems`
        PRINT INFO `<String> get name matching <Integer> item` + ", "
(colored in `<String> get color matching <Integer> item`);
    PRINT INFO "\n";
PRINT INFO "\n";
END
```



void fillInventory()

Documentation

```
fillInventory

private static void fillInventory()

Fills players inventory with all blocks.

This method fills the players inventory with all available blockTypes.

Part of secret door logic.
```

Java

```
private static void fillInventory() {
   inventory.clear();
   for (int blockType = 1; blockType <= 6; blockType++) {
      for (int i = 0; i < INVENTORY_SIZE; i++) {
         inventory.add(blockType);
      }
   }
}</pre>
```

```
BEGIN

Clear `<Integer list> inventory`;
FOR `<Integer> blockType` = 1; `<Integer> blockType` <= 6
   FOR EACH `<Integer> element` in `<Integer list> inventory`
        Set `<Integer> member` = `<Integer> blockType`;
   Set `<Integer> blockType` += 1;
END
```



void generateWorld()

Documentation

```
generateWorld
public static void generateWorld()
Generates the world.
This method uses randomness to generate a world out of different materials.
```

```
public static void generateWorld() {
    Random rand = new Random();
    for (int y = 0; y < worldHeight; y++) {
        for (int x = 0; x < worldWidth; x++) {
             int randValue = rand.nextInt(100);
            if (randValue < 17) {
                 world[x][y] = WOOD;
             } else if (randValue < 30) {</pre>
                 world[x][y] = LEAVES;
             } else if (randValue < 45) {
                 world[x][y] = STONE;
             } else if (randValue < 57) {</pre>
                 world[x][y] = COAL_ORE;
             } else if (randValue < 65) {</pre>
                 world[x][y] = IRON_ORE;
             } else if (randValue < 70) {</pre>
                 world[x][y] = EMERALD_ORE;
             } else {
                 world[x][y] = AIR;
             }
       }
    }
}
```

```
BEGIN
FOR `<Integer> y` = 0; `<Integer> y` < `<Integer> worldHeight`
    FOR `<Integer> x` = 0; `<Integer> x` < `<Integer> worldWidth`
        Assign `<Integer> randValue` = `random value between 0 and 99`;
        IF `<Integer> randValue` < 17</pre>
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> wood`;
        ELSE IF `<Integer> randValue` < 30</pre>
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> leaves`;
        ELSE IF `<Integer> randValue` < 45</pre>
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> stone`;
        ELSE IF `<Integer> randValue` < 57</pre>
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> coal ore`;
        ELSE IF `<Integer> randValue` < 65</pre>
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> iron ore`;
        ELSE IF `<Integer> randValue` < 70
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> emerald ore`;
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
x, <Integer> y` = `<Integer> air`;
        Set `<Integer> x` += 1;
    Set `<Integer> y` += 1;
END
```



char getBlockChar(int blockType)

Documentation

```
getBlockChar

private static char getBlockChar(int blockType)

Returns the symbol for blockType.

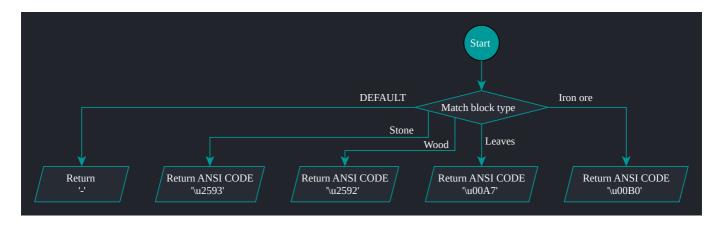
This method returns the mapped char for blockType.

Parameters:
blockType - The type of block

Returns:
char The mapped symbol for blockType
```

```
private static char getBlockChar(int blockType) {
    switch (blockType) {
        case WOOD:
            return '\u2592';
        case LEAVES:
            return '\u00A7';
        case STONE:
            return '\u2593';
        case IRON_ORE:
            return '\u00B0';
        case COAL_ORE:
            return '\u2593';
        case EMERALD_ORE:
            return '\u00B0';
        default:
            return '-';
    }
}
```

```
BEGIN
IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> wood`
    RETURN `<Character> medium shade`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> leaves`
    RETURN `<Character> section sign`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> stone`
    RETURN `<Character> dark shade`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> iron ore`
    RETURN `<Character> degree sign`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> coal ore`
   RETURN `<Character> dark shade`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> emerald ore`
    RETURN `<Character> degree sign`;
ELSE
   RETURN `<Character> - `;
END
```



String getBlockName(int blockType)

Documentation

```
getBlockName

private static String getBlockName(int blockType)

Returns human readable block name.

This method returns a human readable block name for blockType.

Defaults to "Unknown"

Parameters:
blockType - The type of block

Returns:
String The human readable block name.
```

```
private static String getBlockName(int blockType) {
    switch (blockType) {
        case AIR:
            return "Empty Block";
        case WOOD:
            return "Wood";
        case LEAVES:
           return "Leaves";
        case STONE:
            return "Stone";
        case IRON_ORE:
            return "Iron Ore";
        case COAL_ORE:
            return "Coal Ore";
        case EMERALD_ORE:
            return "Emerald Ore";
        default:
            return "Unknown";
    }
}
```

```
BEGIN
IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> air`
    RETURN "Empty Block";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> wood`
    RETURN "Wood";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> leaves`
    RETURN "Leaves";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> stone`
   RETURN "Stone";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> iron ore`
   RETURN "Iron Ore";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> coal ore`
   RETURN "Coal Ore";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> emerald ore`
    RETURN "Emerald Ore";
ELSE
    RETURN "Unknown";
END
```



String getBlockSymbol(int blockType)

Documentation

```
getBlockSymbol

private static String getBlockSymbol(int blockType)

Returns the symbol and color for blockType.

This method returns the mapped char and blockColor for blockType.

Parameters:
blockType - The type of block

Returns:
String The mapped symbol and blockColor for blockType
```

```
private static String getBlockSymbol(int blockType) {
    String blockColor;
    switch (blockType) {
        case AIR:
            return ANSI_RESET + "- ";
        case WOOD:
            blockColor = ANSI_RED;
            break;
        case LEAVES:
            blockColor = ANSI_GREEN;
            break;
        case STONE:
            blockColor = ANSI_BLUE;
            break;
        case IRON_ORE:
            blockColor = ANSI_WHITE;
            break;
        case COAL_ORE:
            blockColor = ANSI_COAL_GRAY;
            break;
        case EMERALD_ORE:
            blockColor = ANSI_EMERALD_GREEN;
        default:
            blockColor = ANSI_RESET;
            break;
    return blockColor + getBlockChar(blockType) + " ";
}
```

```
BEGIN
Define `<String> blockColor`;
IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> air`
    RETURN "Empty Block";
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> wood`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color red)`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> leaves`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color green)`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> stone`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color blue)`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> iron ore`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color white)`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> coal ore`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color coal gray)`;
ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> emerald ore`
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(color emerald green)`;
ELSE
    Set `<String> blockColor` = `(reset color)`;
RETURN `<String> blockColor` + `<Character> get symbol matching blockType`
+ ";
END
```



String getCraftedItemName(int craftedItem)

Documentation

```
getCraftedItemName

private static String to getCraftedItemName(int craftedItem)

Returns human readble item name.

This method returns a human readable item name for craftedItem.

Parameters:

craftedItem - The crafted item

Returns:

String The human readable name of craftedItem
```

```
private static String getCraftedItemName(int craftedItem) {
    switch (craftedItem) {
        case CRAFTED_WOODEN_PLANKS:
            return "Wooden Planks";
        case CRAFTED_STICK:
            return "Stick";
        case CRAFTED_IRON_INGOT:
            return "Iron Ingot";
        case CRAFTED_STONE_PICKAXE:
            return "Stone Pickaxe";
        case CRAFTED_IRON_PICKAXE:
            return "Iron Pickaxe";
        default:
            return "Unknown";
    }
}
```

```
BEGIN

IF `<Integer> craftedItem` == `<Integer> wooden planks`
    RETURN "Wooden Planks";

ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> stick`
    RETURN "Stick";

ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> iron ingot`
    RETURN "Iron Ingot";

ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> stone pickaxe`
    RETURN "Stone Pickaxe";

ELSE IF `<Integer> blockType` == `<Integer> iron pickaxe`
    RETURN "Iron Pickaxe";

ELSE
    RETURN "Unknown";
END
```



void loadGame(String fileName)

Documentation

```
public static void loadGame(String fileName) {
    // Implementation for loading the game state from a file goes here
    try (ObjectInputStream inputStream = new ObjectInputStream(new
FileInputStream(fileName))) {
        // Deserialize game state data from the file and load it into the
program
        NEW_WORLD_WIDTH = inputStream.readInt();
        NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT = inputStream.readInt();
        world = (int[][]) inputStream.readObject();
        playerX = inputStream.readInt();
        playerY = inputStream.readInt();
        inventory = (List<Integer>) inputStream.readObject();
        craftedItems = (List<Integer>) inputStream.readObject();
        unlockMode = inputStream.readBoolean();
        System.out.println("Game state loaded from file: " + fileName);
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
        System.out.println("Error while loading the game state: " +
e.getMessage());
   waitForEnter();
}
```

```
BEGIN
TRY TO
    Set `<stream> inputStream` = `<stream> of contents from file matching
<String> fileName relative to current working directory`;
    Set `<Integer> NEW_WORLD_WIDTH` = `<Integer> get next line containing
serialized <Integer> in <stream> inputStream`;
    Set `<Integer> NEW_WORLD_HEIGHT` = `<Integer> get next line containing
serialized <Integer> in <stream> inputStream`;
    Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world` = `<two dimensional Integer
array> get next line containing any serialized object in <stream>
inputStream`;
    Set `<Integer> playerX` = `<Integer> get next line containing
serialized <Integer> in <stream> inputStream`;
    Set `<Integer> playerY` = `<Integer> get next line containing
serialized <Integer> in <stream> inputStream`;
    Set `<Integer list> inventory` = `<Integer list> get next line
containing any serialized object in <stream> inputStream` and cast to
<Integer list>;
    Set `<Integer list> craftedItems` = `<Integer list> get next line
containing any serialized object in <stream> inputStream` and cast to
<Integer list>;
    Set `<boolean> unlockMode` = `<boolean> get next line containing
serialized <boolean> in <stream> inputStream`;
    PRINT INFO "Game state loaded from file: " + `<String> fileName` +
   Close `<stream> inputStream`;
ON EXCEPTION
    PRINT ERROR "Error while loading the game state: " + `errormessage` +
"\n";
   Close `<stream> inputStream`;
Wait on player to press ENTER;
END
```



void lookAround()

Documentation

lookAround

private static void lookAround()

Prints all blocks sorrounding the player.

This method prints all blocks sorrounding the player. This is meant to make the players life easier.

```
BEGIN
PRINT INFO "You look around and see:";
FOR `<Integer> y` = `Maximum {of} 0 and {<Integer> playerY - 1}`;
`<Integer> y` <= `Minimum of \{<Integer> playerY + 1\} and \{<Integer>
worldHeight - 1}`
    FOR `<Integer> x` = `Maximum of \{0\} and \{\{1\}\};
`<Integer> x` <= `Minimum of {<Integer> playerX + 1} and {<Integer>
worldWidth - 1}`
       IF `<Integer> x` == `<Integer> playerX` AND `<Integer> y` ==
`<Integer> playerY`
           PRINT INFO "P " (colored green);
        ELSE
           PRINT INFO `get block symbol from <two dimensional Integer
array> world @ indexes <Integer> x, <Integer> y`;
       Set `<Integer> x` += 1;
    PRINT INFO "\n";
    Set `<Integer> y` += 1;
PRINT INFO "\n";
Wait on player to press ENTER;
END
```



void placeBlock(int blockType)

Documentation

```
public static void placeBlock(int blockType)

Places a block.

This method places a block that is of blockType 0 to 9 and removes it from the players inventory if the players inventory contains that block.

Parameters:
blockType - The type of block
```

```
public static void placeBlock(int blockType) {
    if (blockType >= 0 && blockType <= 11) {
        if (blockType <= 6) {</pre>
            if (inventory.contains(blockType)) {
                inventory.remove(Integer.valueOf(blockType));
                world[playerX][playerY] = blockType;
                System.out.println("Placed " + getBlockName(blockType) + "
at your position.");
            } else {
                System.out.println(
                        "You don't have " + getBlockName(blockType) + " in
your inventory.");
        } else {
            int craftedItem = getCraftedItemFromBlockType(blockType);
            if (craftedItems.contains(craftedItem)) {
                craftedItems.remove(Integer.valueOf(craftedItem));
                world[playerX][playerY] = blockType;
                System.out.println(
                        "Placed " + getCraftedItemName(craftedItem) + " at
your position.");
            } else {
                System.out.println("You don't have " +
getCraftedItemName(craftedItem)
                        + " in your crafted items.");
            }
        }
    } else {
        System.out.println("Invalid block number. Please enter a valid
block number.");
        System.out.println(BLOCK_NUMBERS_INFO);
    waitForEnter();
}
```

```
BEGIN
IF `<Integer> blockType` >= 0 AND `<Integer> blockType` <= 11</pre>
    IF `<Integer> blockType` <= 6</pre>
        IF `<Integer list> inventory` contains `<Integer>` blockType
            Remove member `<Integer>` blockType from `<Integer list>
inventory`;
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
playerX, <Integer> playerY` = `<Integer>` blockType;
            PRINT INFO "Placed " + `<String> get block name matching
<Integer> blockType` + " at your position.";
            PRINT WARNING "You don't have " + `<String> get block name
matching <Integer> blockType` + " in your inventory.";
        Assign `<Integer> craftedItem` = `<Integer> get crafted item of
<Integer> blockType`;
        IF `<Integer list> craftedItems` contains `<Integer>` craftedItem
            Remove member `<Integer>` craftedItem from `<Integer list>
craftedItems`;
            Set `<two dimensional Integer array> world @ indexes <Integer>
playerX, <Integer> playerY` = `<Integer>` blockType;
            PRINT INFO "Placed " + `<String> get block name matching
<Integer> craftedItem` + " at your position.";
        ELSE
            PRINT WARNING "You don't have " + `<String> get block name
matching <Integer> craftedItem` + " in your crafted items.";
ELSE
    PRINT WARNING "Invalid block number. Please enter a valid block
number.\n";
    PRINT WARNING `<String> BLOCK_NUMBERS_INFO` + "\n";
Wait on player to press ENTER;
END
```



Additional documentation

public static void addCraftedItem(int craftedItem)

Adds a crafted item to craftedItems

This method adds a crafted item to craftedItems that are part of the players inventory.

 ${\tt craftedItem-The\ crafted\ item}$

craftedItemsContains

public static boolean craftedItemsContains(int craftedItem)

Queries craftedItems for an item.

This method queries the players crafted item inventory for an item.

craftedItem - The item to query the crafted item inventory for

boolean true if craftedItems contains item, false in any other case

displayWorld

public static void displayWorld()

Prints the world as ASCII text.

This method is responsible for displaying the world.

Part of secret door logic.

generateEmptyWorld

private static void generateEmptyWorld()

Generates an empty world.

This method generates an empty world which only contains Sri Lanka's flag.

Part of secret door logic.

getCountryAndQuoteFromServer

 $\verb"public" static void getCountryAndQuoteFromServer()$

Gets country and quote from server

This method gets country and quote from server via a POST request.

On Exception: Prints an error for any encountered exception.

getCraftedItemColor

 $private \ static \ String^{!2} \ getCraftedItemColor(int \ craftedItem)$

This method returns the items color.

Defaults to empty String

Parameters:

craftedItem - The crafted item

String The human readable name of craftedItem

get Crafted Item From Block Type

private static int getCraftedItemFromBlockType(int blockType)

Returns the crafted item of blockType.

This method returns the crafted item of blockType

Defaults to -1.

 $\verb|blockType-The type of block|$

int The crafted item of blockType

This method sets worldWidth, JworldHeight, world, playerX, playerY and initializes inventory.

worldHeight - The height of world in blocks

inventoryContains

public static boolean inventoryContains(int item)

Queries inventory for an item.

This method queries the players inventory for an item.

Parameters

item - The item to query the inventory for

Returns:

boolean true if inventory contains item, false in any other case

inventoryContains

Queries inventory for if it has enough of an item.

This method queries the players inventory for an item and if it contains at least as much as the supplied count.

Parameters

item - The item to query the inventory for

count - The count that the inventory should contain of the item

Returns

boolean true if inventory contains item at least as many times as the supplied count, false in any other case

main

public static void main(String[™][] args)

Main method

This method is called upon execution of the game.

Parameters

args - The supplied commandline arguments

movePlayer

public static void movePlayer(String direction)

Moves the player

This method moves the player UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT depending on the supplied direction.

Darameters

direction - The direction the player should be moved towards.

removeItemsFromInventory

 $\verb"public" static void removeItemsFromInventory(int item",$

int count)

Removes a count of item from inventory.

This method removes a count of an item from the players inventory.

Parameters

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\scriptsize item}}$ - The item to remove from the inventory

count - The count that should be removed from the inventory

resetWorld

private static void resetWorld()

Resets the world to an empty world.

This method resets the world to an empty world via generating an empty world and resetting the players position.

Part of secret door logic.

saveGame

public static void saveGame(String[®] fileName)

Saves the game.

This method saves the game in a file.

Parameters:

fileName - The file name

Catched Exceptions:

 $\bullet\,$ On IOException: Prints error with message when I/O exception of some sort has occurred.

startGame

public static void startGame()

Starts the game.

This method handles the following:

- Printing of initial UI, instructions and informational messages
 Player input
 Secret door logic

Part of secret door logic.

waitForEnter

private static void waitForEnter()

Waits for input ENTER.

This method waits for player to input ENTER.

References

- Template Canvas task on which this document is based
- yEd Graph Editor we used to make the flowcharts
- Flags API API to get a flag