# Assignment 4, part 1

Lilja Bjorg, Jón Vilberg, Daníel Bergmann

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```
sat.dat <- read.csv("Satelliteorbit.csv",header=FALSE,col.names=c("rm","theta_m","V3") )
sat.dat$rm[2] = sat.dat$theta_m[2]
sat.dat$theta_m[2] = sat.dat$V3[2]
y_rm = sat.dat$rm
y_theta= sat.dat$theta_m
y = matrix(c(y_rm,y_theta),nrow=2,ncol=50,byrow=T)
y = cbind(y,matrix(NA,2,6))
y[2,51:56] = NA
sat.dat$V3 = NULL</pre>
```

#TASK1 - State space model

we have >>> x = t[r theta omega] we want >>> x' = Ax + Bu and y = Cx B\*u is zero, because there is no input to the system all states are output, thus, C is an identity matrix, dimension 2x3

## Part 2

```
qr(cbind(t(C),t(C%*%A)))$rank

## [1] 3

sigma1 = matrix(c(500,0,0, 0, 0.005,0 , 0,0,0.005),nrow=3,ncol=3,byrow=TRUE) #var in diag
sigma2 = matrix(c(2000,0, 0,0.03),nrow=2,ncol=2,byrow=TRUE)
n = length(y[1,])
# Initialize variables for storing results
Kt.store <- matrix(NA,n,6)

Xhr <- Xhp <- matrix(NA,n,6)

Xhr <- Sxx.p <- matrix(NA,n,9) # 3x3 flett ut
Syy.p <- matrix(NA,nrow=n,ncol=4) # 2x2 flett ut</pre>
```

#### Initiailzation

```
Xh.t.tm1 <- matrix(c(sat.dat$rm[1], sat.dat$theta_m[1],0),nrow=3,ncol=1,byrow=T)
Sxx.t.tm1 <- sigma1 #G * sigma1 * t(G)
Syy.t.tm1 <- C %*% Sxx.t.tm1 %*% t(C) +sigma2</pre>
```

### Reconstruction

```
Kt <- Sxx.t.tm1 %*% t(C) %*% solve(Syy.t.tm1)

Xh.t.t <- Xh.t.tm1 + Kt %*% (y[,1] - C%*%Xh.t.tm1)

Sxx.t.t = Sxx.t.tm1 - Kt %*% Syy.t.tm1 %*% t(Kt)</pre>
```

## Prediction

```
Xh.tp1.t <- A %*% Xh.t.t
Sxx.tp1.t <- A %*% Sxx.t.t %*% t(A) + sigma1</pre>
Syy.tp1.t <- C %*% Sxx.tp1.t %*% t(C) + sigma2
# Store step result
Kt.store[1,] <- t(Kt)</pre>
Xhr[1,] <- t(Xh.t.t)</pre>
Sxx.r[1,] <- as.vector(Sxx.t.t)</pre>
Xhp[1,] <- t(Xh.tp1.t)</pre>
Sxx.p[1,] <- as.vector(Sxx.tp1.t)</pre>
Syy.p[1,] <- as.vector(Syy.tp1.t)</pre>
for(tt in 2:n){
  # Reconstruction
  if(any(is.na(y[,tt]))){ # if Y_t is missing
    #yy <- C%*%Xh.t.tm1
    Xh.t.t = Xh.tp1.t
    Sxx.t.t = Sxx.tp1.t
  }else{
    # Prepare for next iteration
    Xh.t.tm1 <- Xh.tp1.t</pre>
    Sxx.t.tm1 <- Sxx.tp1.t
    Syy.t.tm1 <- Syy.tp1.t
    yy <- y[,tt]
    Kt <- Sxx.t.tm1 %*% t(C) %*% solve(Syy.t.tm1)</pre>
    Xh.t.t <- Xh.t.tm1 + Kt %*% (yy - C%*%Xh.t.tm1)</pre>
    Sxx.t.t = Sxx.t.tm1 - Kt %*% Syy.t.tm1 %*% t(Kt)
  }
  #Prediction
  Xh.tp1.t <- A %*% Xh.t.t
  Sxx.tp1.t <- A %*% Sxx.t.t %*% t(A) + sigma1</pre>
  Syy.tp1.t <- C %*% Sxx.tp1.t %*% t(C) + sigma2
  # Store step result
  Kt.store[tt,] <- t(Kt)</pre>
  Xhr[tt,] <- t(Xh.t.t)</pre>
  Sxx.r[tt,] <- as.vector(Sxx.t.t)</pre>
  Xhp[tt,] \leftarrow t(Xh.tp1.t)
  Sxx.p[tt,] <- as.vector(Sxx.tp1.t)</pre>
```

```
Syy.p[tt,] <- as.vector(Syy.tp1.t)</pre>
}
rm_p = Xhp[,1]
theta_p = Xhp[,2]
rm_r = Xhr[,1]
theta_r = Xhr[,2]
#plot xhat
plot(x=(rm_p[1:50]*cos(theta_p[1:50])),
     y=(rm_p[1:50] * sin(theta_p[1:50])), type='l', col=3, xlim= c(-5000, 45000), ylim=c(0, 45000),
     ylab = "y",
     xlab = "x")
lines(x=(rm_r[1:50]*cos(theta_r[1:50])),
     y= (rm_r[1:50] * sin(theta_r[1:50])),type='1',col=4)
lines(x=(rm_p[51:56]*cos(theta_p[51:56])),
     y= (rm_p[51:56] * sin(theta_p[51:56])),type='b',col=3)
lines(x=(rm_r[51:56]*cos(theta_r[51:56])),
      y= (rm_r[51:56] * sin(theta_r[51:56])),type='b',col=4)
lines(y = sat.dat$rm * sin(sat.dat$theta_m),
     x = sat.dat$rm * cos(sat.dat$theta_m),
     type='l',
     col=2,
     lwd=2
legend("topright",
       c("prediction", "Reconstruction", "observation"),
       lty = 1,
       col=c(3,4, 2),
       cex=0.6)
```

