



# Nmap Cheat Sheet for Beginners

November 15, 2024



## Scanning Options

Option	What It Does	Example Command
10.10.10.0/24	Specifies the target network range.	nmap 10.10.10.0/24
-sn	Skips port scanning.	nmap -sn 10.10.10.0/24
-Pn	Disables ICMP Echo Requests (no ping).	nmap -Pn 10.10.10.0/24
-n	Avoids DNS resolution.	nmap -n 10.10.10.0/24
-PE	Ping scan using ICMP Echo Requests.	nmap -PE 10.10.10.0/24
--packet-trace	Shows detailed packet sending/receiving logs.	nmap --packet-trace 10.10.10.0/24
--reason	Displays the reason for a result.	nmap --reason 10.10.10.0/24
--disable-arp-ping	Disables ARP Ping.	nmap --disable-arp-ping 10.10.10.0/24
--top-ports=<num>	Scans the most common ports.	nmap --top-ports=100 10.10.10.0/24
-p-	Scans all ports.	nmap -p- 10.10.10.0/24
-p22-110	Scans ports between 22 and 110.	nmap -p22-110 10.10.10.0/24

-p22, 25	Scans only ports 22 and 25.	<code>nmap -p22, 25 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-F	Scans top 100 most common ports.	<code>nmap -F 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-sS	Performs a TCP SYN scan.	<code>nmap -sS 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-sA	Conducts a TCP ACK scan.	<code>nmap -sA 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-sU	Runs a UDP scan.	<code>nmap -sU 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-sV	Scans service versions.	<code>nmap -sV 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-sC	Uses default scripts for scanning.	<code>nmap -sC 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--script <script>	Runs specified scripts during the scan.	<code>nmap --script http-title 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-O	Identifies the target's operating system.	<code>nmap -O 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-A	OS, service, and traceroute detection.	<code>nmap -A 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-D RND:5	Uses 5 random decoys for the scan.	<code>nmap -D RND:5 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-e	Specifies the network interface for scanning.	<code>nmap -e eth0 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-S 10.10.10.200	Sets the source IP address.	<code>nmap -S 10.10.10.200 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-g	Specifies the source port.	<code>nmap -g 80 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--dns-server <ns>	Uses a custom DNS server for resolution.	<code>nmap --dns-server 8.8.8.8 10.10.10.0/24</code>

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## Output Options

Option	What It Does	Example Command
-oA filename	Saves results in all formats under the given filename.	<code>nmap -oA scan_results 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-oN filename	Saves results in a normal text format.	<code>nmap -oN scan.txt 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-oG filename	Saves results in a grepable format.	<code>nmap -oG scan.grep 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-oX filename	Saves results in XML format.	<code>nmap -oX scan.xml 10.10.10.0/24</code>

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## Performance Options

Option	What It Does	Example Command
--max-retries <num>	Sets the number of retries for failed scans.	<code>nmap --max-retries 3 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--stats-every=5s	Displays scan progress every 5 seconds.	<code>nmap --stats-every=5s 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-v/-vv	Increases verbosity during the scan.	<code>nmap -vv 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--initial-rtt-timeout 50ms	Sets the initial round-trip timeout value.	<code>nmap --initial-rtt-timeout 50ms 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--max-rtt-timeout 100ms	Sets the maximum round-trip timeout value.	<code>nmap --max-rtt-timeout 100ms 10.10.10.0/24</code>
--min-rate 300	Sets the rate of packets sent per second.	<code>nmap --min-rate 300 10.10.10.0/24</code>
-T <0-5>	Chooses the scan timing template (0 = slowest, 5 =	<code>nmap -T4 10.10.10.0/24</code>

fastest).

## Script Categories

Category	What It Does	Example Command
auth	Tests for authentication weaknesses.	<code>nmap --script auth 10.10.10.0/24</code>
broadcast	Discovers hosts via broadcasting.	<code>nmap --script broadcast 10.10.10.0/24</code>
brute	Brute-forces logins with common credentials.	<code>nmap --script brute 10.10.10.0/24</code>
default	Runs default scripts with the -sC option.	<code>nmap -sC 10.10.10.0/24</code>
discovery	Identifies available services.	<code>nmap --script discovery 10.10.10.0/24</code>
dos	Tests for Denial of Service vulnerabilities (risky).	<code>nmap --script dos 10.10.10.0/24</code>
exploit	Attempts to exploit known vulnerabilities.	<code>nmap --script exploit 10.10.10.0/24</code>
external	Uses external services for data processing.	<code>nmap --script external 10.10.10.0/24</code>
fuzzer	Identifies vulnerabilities by sending malformed packets.	<code>nmap --script fuzzer 10.10.10.0/24</code>
intrusive	Performs potentially damaging tests.	<code>nmap --script intrusive 10.10.10.0/24</code>
malware	Scans for signs of malware infections.	<code>nmap --script malware 10.10.10.0/24</code>

safe	Safe, non-intrusive defensive scans.	<code>nmap --script safe 10.10.10.0/24</code>
version	Detects service versions.	<code>nmap --script version 10.10.10.0/24</code>
vuln	Scans for specific vulnerabilities.	<code>nmap --script vuln 10.10.10.0/24</code>