

Applied Data Science Capstone



Introduction

Toronto, Ontario

- Toronto is the largest city in Canada, and is considered to be one of the most multicultural cities in the world [1]
- In 2019 it was in the top 10 'Most Livable Cities' as reported by The Economist [2]
- High cost of living in 2018, the average price among all home types in Toronto was \$835,422 [3]



BUSINESS PROBLEM

3-bedroom rental unit target market

- More and more families are moving out of the city when they have children
 - o due to the rising cost of home ownership
 - o shortage of family-sized rental options
- Toronto has a wealth of schools, libraries, and childcare that are optimal for child-rearing
- The developer aims to empower young families to move back into the city



PROJECT AIM

Compile a shortlist of neighbourhoods that feature criteria that will attract the target market to a rental property.

Target market: young families who can't afford to purchase a house in the city, but need more space than a traditional 1 or 2 bedroom apartment



DATA



Source

Foursquare API City of Toronto Open Data Catalogue



Cleaning

Neighbourhood locations Family-oriented venue features



Analysis

K-means clustering
Data exploration



Visualization

Folium maps

DATA SOURCES

- Location data: City of Toronto <u>Open Data Catalogue</u>
- Venue data: <u>Foursquare API</u>



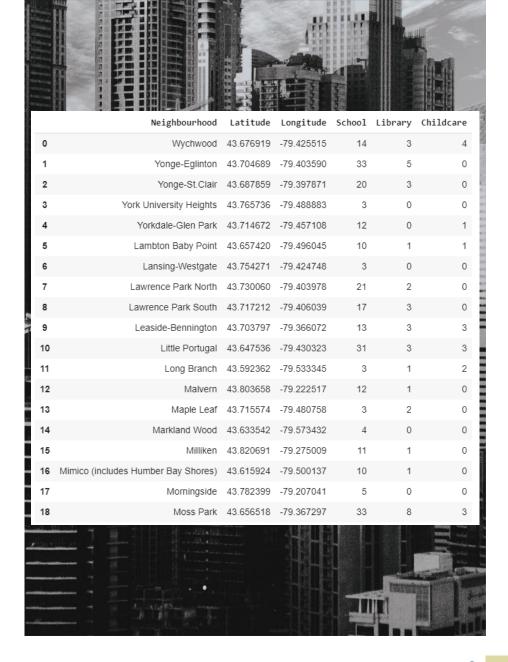
DATA CLEANING

- Location data: City of Toronto <u>Open Data Catalogue</u>
 - Clean up neighbourhood name data
 - Save only the coordinates for the centre of neighbourhood
- Venue data: <u>Foursquare API</u>
 - Limited to 100 venues within 1km
 - Limited to schools, libraries, and childcare centres



DATA ANALYSIS

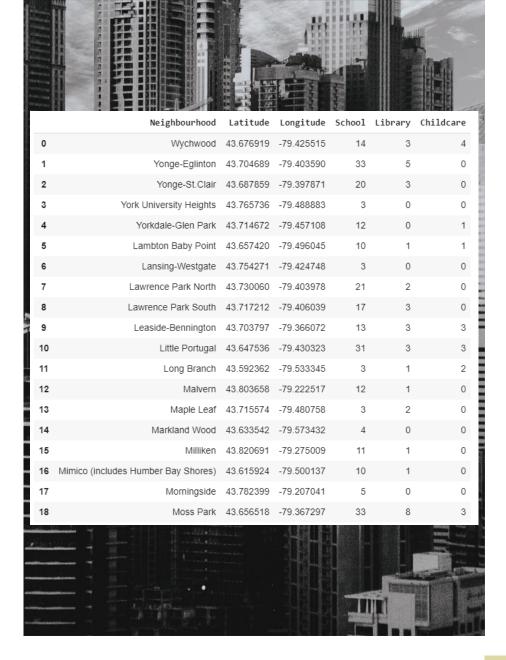
- A dataframe is created summarizing the number of each venue of interest per neighbourhood
- The data is normalized using sklearn preprocessing
- K-means clustering is run
- The 'elbow method' is used to determine appropriate k value
- Three distinct clusters are resulting



DATA ANALYSIS

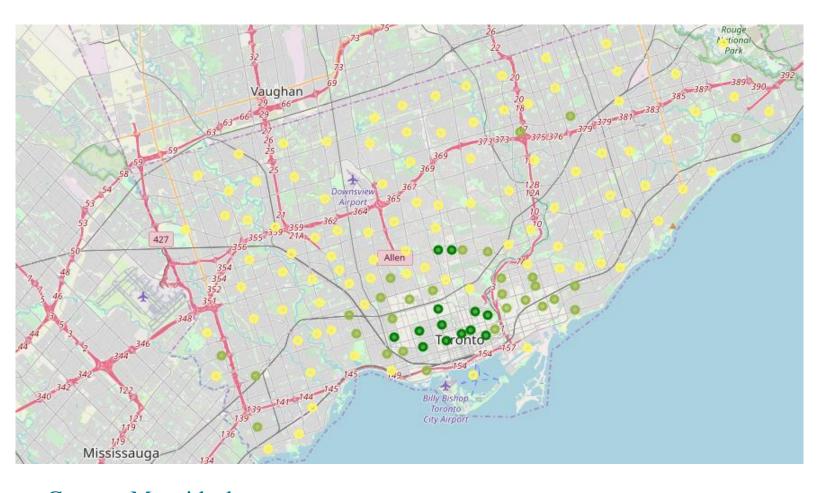
- The neighbourhoods in the 'most ideal' cluster have their venue scores summed
- A 'Top 5' list is created based on feature score

	Neighbourhood	Total_Score
0	Bay Street Corridor	2.170068
1	University	2.133333
2	Church-Yonge Corridor	2.090476
3	Kensington-Chinatown	2.059184
4	North St.James Town	1.773469



DATA VISUALIZATION

K-means clustered neighbourhood map



Green = Most ideal Light green = Moderately ideal Yellow = Less ideal

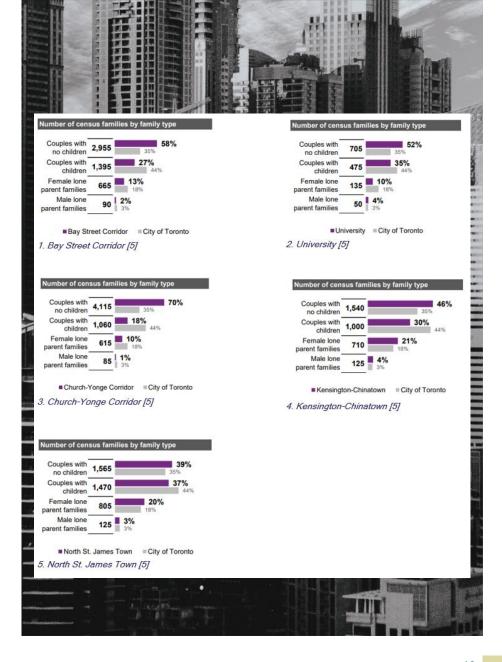
DATA VISUALIZATION

'Top 5' neighbourhoods as recommended to the developer



DISCUSSION

- Surprisingly, these top 5 neighbourhoods are all in the downtown core
- The demographics of these neighbourhoods indicate that most residents are currently childless presenting a good opportunity for market growth



CONCLUSION

- This study analyzed the 140 neighbourhoods of the City of Toronto to determine which would be the most appealing for a developer to build young family-oriented rental housing
- These venue variables could easily be changed or added to if the developer chooses to focus in on a more specific cross-section of the demographic
- Significantly deeper analysis could be run to include more nuanced data including income levels, land cost, current rental vacancy rate, and a plethora of more complicated factors



REFERENCES

- [1] https://www.toronto.ca/community-people/moving-to-toronto/about-toronto/
- [2] https://www.eiu.com/public/topical_report.aspx?campaignid=liveability2019
- [3] https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/toronto-at-a-glance/
- [4] https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/neighbourhoods-communities/neighbourhood-profiles/
- [5] https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/neighbourhoods-communities/neighbourhood-profiles/