

## Linear Search and Binary Search : Iterative Versions

```
#-----
# Linear Search of a list with n items :
#
#   number of list items inspected ( worst case ) = n .
#-----

def LinearSearch( item, lst ) :

    # A position in 'lst' in which 'item' occurs, or 'None' if not present
    for pos in range( len( lst ) ) :
        if item == lst[ pos ] :
            return pos

    return None
```

```
#-----

>>> #           0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14
>>> L1 = [ 53, 76, 31, 12, 57, 85, 73, 49, 44, 60, 93, 18, 65, 96, 23 ]

>>> LinearSearch( 73, L1 )
6

>>> LinearSearch( 59, L1 )
None

#-----
```

```
#-----
# Binary Search of a list with n items :
#
#   number of list items inspected ( worst case ) = log n [base 2] (approx)
#-----

def BinarySearch( item, lst ) :

    # A position in 'lst' in which 'item' occurs, or 'None' if not present
    #
    # NOTE : 'lst' must already be sorted in ascending order

    lo = 0                # INVARIANT : always searching between
    hi = len( lst ) - 1    #               lst[ lo ] and lst[ hi ]

    while lo <= hi :
        mid = ( lo + hi ) // 2
        if item < lst[ mid ] :
            hi = mid - 1
        elif item > lst[ mid ] :
            lo = mid + 1
        else :
            return mid

    return None
```

```
#-----

>>> #           0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14
>>> L2 = [ 12, 18, 23, 31, 44, 49, 53, 57, 60, 65, 73, 76, 85, 93, 96 ]

>>> BinarySearch( 73, L2 )
10

>>> BinarySearch( 59, L2 )
None

#-----
```