Assignment #19

Recursive List Processing

Write *recursive* definitions for each of the following Python functions, and for each function, include a clear and concise comment to describe its purpose — as always, this comment should be self-contained and should mention each parameter explicitly.

1. Count(x, s)

```
The number of times item 'x' occurs in sequence 's'
```

```
Count( "i", "floccipaucinihilipilification" ) \Rightarrow 9 Count( "z", "floccipaucinihilipilification" ) \Rightarrow 0 Count( 2, [ 2, 5, 2, 2, 4, 7, 2, 3 ] ) \Rightarrow 4
```

2. IsSorted(s)

```
Is sequence 's' sorted in ascending order? (adjacent items may be equal)
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{IsSorted( [ 2, 5, 5, 7, 8 ] )} \Rightarrow \text{True} \\ & \text{IsSorted( "abcdefg" )} \Rightarrow \text{True} \\ & \text{IsSorted( "abcedfg" )} \Rightarrow \text{False} \\ & \text{IsSorted( [ 3 ] )} \Rightarrow \text{True} \\ & \text{IsSorted( [ ] )} \Rightarrow \text{True} \\ \end{aligned}
```

3. IsPalindrome(s)

Does sequence 's' read the same forwards and backwards?

```
IsPalindrome( [ 1, 2, 3, 2, 1 ] ) \Rightarrow True IsPalindrome( "rotavator" ) \Rightarrow True IsPalindrome( "" ) \Rightarrow True IsPalindrome( "abcdba" ) \Rightarrow False
```

4. Max(s)

The maximum item in sequence 's', or None if 's' is empty; pay attention to efficiency here, and ensure that, for example, Max(range(100)) returns its answer almost instantly

5. Map(f, 1st)

```
Equivalent to the list comprehension: [ f(x) for x in lst ]

Map(lambda n : 2 * n, [3, 1, 4, 2]) \Rightarrow [6, 2, 8, 4]
```

6. Filter(p, lst)

```
Equivalent to the list comprehension: [ x for x in lst if p(x)]

Filter(lambda n : n > 0, [0, 1, -2, 3, -4]) \Rightarrow [1, 3]
```

Program Submission:

Store the function definitions in a file named 'a19.py', and turn it in for grading by typing: submit-cs1117 a19.py

Due Date: Fri Mar 11, 10:30am