LABORATORY REPORT

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EXERCISES

TASK #1

Problem statement:

We need to create a table including all countries in the Middle East from the database. This table should be sorted by the 2004 population count and in descending order.

Solution:

By Data Definition Language scripts: we use SELECT command which is one of the most widely used SQL command. We have to choose which column and attribute we want to choose:

- *after SELECT we add the column name (in this case it is : name)
- *after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is: country)
- *after WHERE we specify which region (middle east) and year (2004) And since we want the data(population) to appear in a descending order we add order by population desc.

Code:

```
use lab21;
select name from country where (region = 'Middle East' and year =
'2004') order by population desc;
+ CREATE TABLE [dbo].[country](...
```

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got table with different middle eastern countries ordered by their population.

Problem statement:

We need to create a table including the name, area and GDP of only european countries with a 2009 population of more than 10,000,000.

Solution:

By Data Definition Language scripts: we use SELECT command which is one of the most widely used SQL command. We have to choose which column and attribute we want to choose:

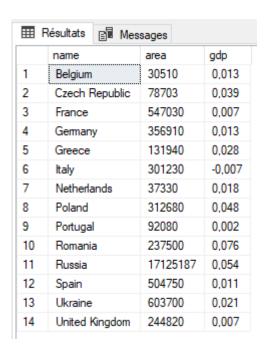
```
*after SELECT:
```

- -we add the column name (in this case it is : name)
- -we add the column name (in this case it is: area)
- -we add the column name (in this case it is : gdp)
- *after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is : country)
- *after WHERE we specify which region (europe) and year (2004) and population (more than 1000000

Code:

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got table with different european countries which everyone has its own area and gdp.

Problem statement:

We need to create a table including the name and region of countries with an area larger than 2,000,000 and smaller than 5,000,000, ordred in descending order by 2002 GDP.

Solution:

By Data Definition Language scripts: we use SELECT command which is one of the most widely used SQL command. We have to choose which column and attribute we want to choose:

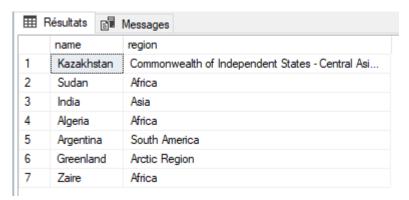
- *after SELECT:
- -we add the column name (in this case it is : name)
- -we add the column name (in this case it is : region)
- *after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is: country)
- *after WHERE we specify which year (2002) and population (between 2000000 and 5000000)

Code:

```
use lab21;
select name, region from country where (year =2002) and
area>2000000 and area <5000000 order by gdp desc;
+ CREATE TABLE [dbo].[country](...</pre>
```

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got table with different countries which everyone has its own area and gdp.

Problem statement:

We need to create a table with regions of all countries whose names start with 'S' (uppercase).

Solution:

By Data Definition Language scripts:

We use SELECT command and DISTINCT keyword to list only unique values (Region) in a table.

- *after SELECT distinct we add the column name (in this case it is : region)
- *after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is: country)

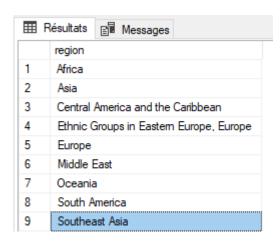
Then we add Like operator to search for a specified pattern(countries names starting with S in a column).

Code:

```
use lab21;
select distinct region from country where name like 'S%'
+ CREATE TABLE [dbo].[country](...
```

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got table with different regions that includes countries starting with 'S'

Problem statement:

We need to insert a new row in the table with country name "SQLvania", with year = 2004, area = 4707 and population = 65550.

Solution:

By Data Definition Language scripts: we use INSERT INTO statement with specifying both the column names which we want to fill and their corresponding values.

We have to add the table name (country) which we are going to insert data in.

Then we have to choose which attributes are going to add.

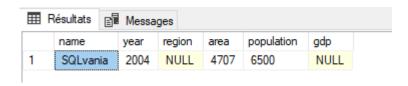
After values we add the new data (sqlvania as name, 2004 as year, 4707 as area...).

Since we only need the row that includes informations about 'sqlvania', we mention SELECT command.

Code:

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got table with one single row(entity) but with different columns values(attributes).

Problem statement:

We need to update data about the population of some countries with area less than 10000.

Solution:

We need to use UPDATE command because the population exists already as one of the attributes.

According to 2007 population , we should add 15000 to the countries that has less than 10000.

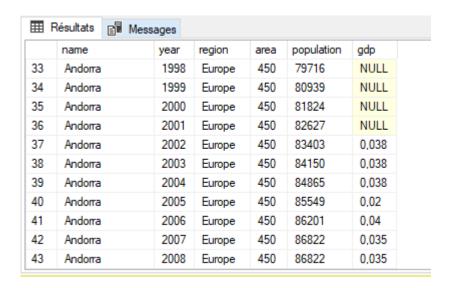
The new population is the actual population + 15000: SET command *after WHERE we specify which year (2004).

We should also specify which area (in this case less than 10000).

Code:

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got an updated table with new population number (+15000)

Problem statement:

We need to delete all rows that have a negative GDP. And we have to count the number of rows after deletion.

Solution:

We need to use DELETE command to delete rows from the table: those rows with a negative gdp.(gdp<0)

We should add count function to calculate the number of rows left after deletion.

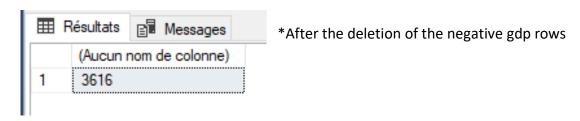
Code:

```
use lab21;
delete from country where gdp<0
SELECT count(name)from country

+ CREATE TABLE [dbo].[country](...</pre>
```

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got a table with the number of the rest of rows.

Problem statement:

We need to create a table country with the biggest population in 2010

Solution:

We use SELECT and we have to mention 3 columns :name, region and population after the command

Code:

Reasoning:

Result:

 	Résultats 🗐		
	name	region	population
1	China	Asia	1330141295
2	India	Asia	1173108018
3	Indonesia	Southeast Asia	242968342
4	Pakistan	Asia	184404791
5	Bangladesh	Asia	156118464
6	Nigeria	Africa	152217341
7	Russia	Europe, Asia	142856536
8	Philippines	Southeast Asia	99900177
9	Ethiopia	Africa	88013491
10	Egypt	Africa	80471869
11	Iran	Middle East	76923300

We have got a table with the highest population according to to the year 2010.

^{*}after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is : country)

^{*}after WHERE we specify which year (2010) And since we want the data(population) to appear in a descending order we add order by population desc.

Problem statement:

We need to list three Asian countries with the smallest total GDP growth for all years.

Solution:

We need to use SELECT command and the TOP clause to specify the number of records to return.

Using TOP(3) since we need only to get the 1st 3 rows from the asian table with the smallest GDP growth for all years.

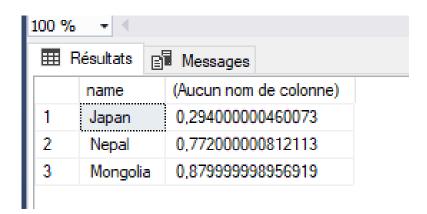
Also we've used SUM function to get the total gdp in the 2nd column of the table.

- *after FROM we add the table name (in this caste it is : country)
- *after WHERE we specify which region (asia)

Code:

Reasoning:

Result:



We have got a table including the 3 asian countries with the smallest total(gdp) growth for all years.

Problem statement:

We need to list the countries with total GDP growth greater than 1.4

Solution:

We use SELECT and we have to mention 3 columns :name, region and total(gdp) after the command

Here we've used SUM function to get the total gdp in the 3nd column of the table.

Using group statement to assemble the result-set by 3 columns.

Also here we've used the HAVING clause because the WHERE keyword cannot be used with aggregate functions.

Reasoning:

Result:

	name		region	(Aucun nom de colonne)
1	Angola		Africa	1,42000001110137
2	Equatori	al Guinea	Africa	1,92400003038347
3	Bhutan		Asia	1,48999999091029
4	China		Asia	1,84600000083447
5	Maldive	S	Asia	1,43700000457466
6	Turkmer	nistan	Commonwealth of Independent States - Central Asia	1,43900000851136
7	Azerbaijan		Commonwealth of Independent States - European St	1,95399999897927
8	Kuwait		Middle East	1,83300002105534
9	Malaysia		Southeast Asia	1,42900000652298
10	Singapo	re	Southeast Asia	1,47900000028312

We have got a table including the countries with the total(gdp) greater than 1.4.