

Set b.

$$1. a. \text{Var}[f(x)] \approx (f'(\mu))^2 \text{Var}[X] \quad \mu = E[X]$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(\mu)}{n!} (x-\mu)^n$$

$$x = \mu = E[x]$$

$$f(X) \approx f(\mu) + f'(\mu)(X-\mu)$$

$$b. \text{Var}(f(X)) \approx \text{Var}[f(\mu) + f'(\mu)(X-\mu)]$$

$$\approx \underbrace{\text{Var}[f(\mu)]}_0 + \text{Var}[f'(\mu)(X-\mu)] + \underbrace{2\text{Cov}[f(\mu), f'(\mu)(X-\mu)]}_0$$

$$\approx \text{Var}[f'(\mu)(X-\mu)]$$

$$\approx E[(f'(\mu)(X-\mu))^2] - E[f'(\mu)(X-\mu)]^2$$

$$\approx E[(f'(\mu)(X-\mu))^2] - f'(\mu)^2 \underbrace{E[X-\mu]^2}_0$$

$$\approx E[(f'(\mu)(X-\mu))^2]$$

$$\approx E[f'(\mu)^2 (X-\mu)^2]$$

$$\approx E[f'(\mu)^2 (X-E[X])^2]$$

$$\approx f'(\mu)^2 E[(X-E[X])^2]$$

$$\approx f'(\mu)^2 \text{Var}(X) \quad \checkmark$$

d. a. $K|Q = q \sim \text{Poisson}(q)$
 $Q \sim \text{Gamma}(k, \theta)$

$$E[a] = k\theta$$

$$\text{Var}[a] = k\theta^2$$

Show $E[k] = k\theta$, $\text{Var}[k] = k\theta + k\theta^2$

$$E[k] = E[E[k|a]]$$

$$= E[a] \quad \leftarrow \text{Gamma dist.}$$

$$= k\theta$$

$$\text{Var}[k] = E[\underbrace{\text{Var}[k|a]}_a] + \text{Var}[\underbrace{E[k|a]}_a]$$

$$E[a] + \text{Var}[a]$$

$$= k\theta + k\theta^2$$

B. $k'|a, s \sim \text{Poisson}(sa)$

$$Q \sim \text{Gamma}(\frac{1}{s}, a\theta)$$

$$E[k] = E[E[k|a, s]]$$

$$= E[sa]$$

$$= sE[a]$$

$$= sm$$

$$= m'$$

$$\text{Var}[k] = E[\text{Var}[k'|a, s]] + \text{Var}[E[k|a]]$$

$$= E[sa] + \text{Var}[sa]$$

$$= sm + s^2 \text{Var}(a)$$

$$= sm + s^2(\theta a^2)$$

$$= m' + m'^2 \theta$$

C. $\gamma = \frac{k'}{s}$

$$E[\gamma] = E\left[\frac{k'}{s}\right] = \frac{E[k']}{s} = \frac{m'}{s} = m$$

$$\text{Var}[\gamma] = \text{Var}\left[\frac{k'}{s}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} \text{Var}[k']$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} (sm + s^2 \theta a^2)$$

D. the variance of γ is dependent on the size factor still

So if size factor varies, then γ is still not stabilized with the delta method.

5.

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1zkBAqMpowDkvkuUriiljkMX4j_Fxa1mm?usp=sharing