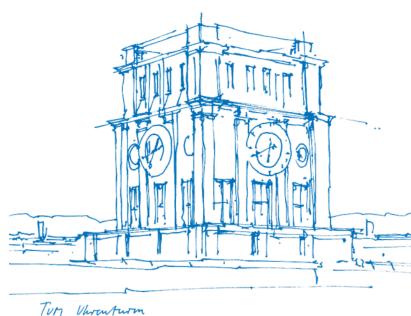


TMA 2017 PhD School — RIPE Atlas Lab

Emile Aben, Quirin Scheitle Dublin, June 20, 2017





Agenda

Learning Goals

- Become familiar with RIPE Atlas, its capabilities, and its use
- See how to plan measurements and analyze data along the lines of a TMA'17 paper
- Run DNS and Traceroute measurements using RIPE Atlas

Outline

- Background on Research Questions to be answered
- DNS Measurements
- Traceroute Measurements
- Mapping to ASes/IXPs



Background



Apple Push Notification Service (APNs)

Maybe the biggest user of unencrypted TLS Client Certificate Authentication?

APNs integral part of iOS and macOS – "always on" APNs uses Client Certificates for login:

- Generated at device setup
- Unique cryptographic material (CN, public key, fingerprint)

```
Serial Number: ab:12:34:56:78:9a:bc:de:f0:12
Issuer: C=US, O=Apple Inc., OU=Apple iPhone, CN=Apple iPhone Device CA
Validity Not Before: Apr 8 12:34:56 2015 GMT
Validity Not After: Apr 8 12:34:56 2016 GMT
Subject: CN=12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789ABC
Key ...
(all data redacted)
```



Precise User Tracking in APNs

Several appearances of same device easily linkable

2 attacker types

- Local adversary: Can use MAC addresses and more
- Regional adversary: Access to one or several large networks
- Global adversary: Access to several core networks

Regional Adversary – Feasibility Validation at Internet Uplink

Can a regional adversary track users? √

Global Adversary – Validation through Global Path Measurements

How well can a global adversary leverage APNs to track users? This exercise



Detailed Research Questions and Approach

Research Question: How many networks do you need to eavesdrop on to surveil a majority of APNs backend logins?

Steps to be taken:

- What and where are the APNs backend servers?
- How to measure paths for user population connecting to backend servers?
- How to map this to networks? What is a network in this context?



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Pick a country you want to work on! Inspiration:

http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population_coverage/table.html



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Prerequisites:

Do you have (a) RIPE Atlas Account (b) Voucher? (c) Python3 (d) Github Downloaded? git clone --recursive git://github.com/quirins/tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants



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Task: Pick 1 of '[1-50]-courier.push.apple.com' and do a RIPE Atlas DNS resolution for "your" country.

Example: 42-courier.push.apple.com

Note: More experienced RIPE Atlas users are invited to do resolutions for all 50 DNS names.



Step 1: Finding APNs Backend Servers - Discussion

- What probes did you choose? How many per country?

 http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population_coverage/country.html?name=NL
- Which detailed DNS settings did you choose?
- How did you run the measurement? How to scale it to 50?

New DNS measurement: https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/form/
Sample measurement from paper: https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/5500016/
Sample measurement from June 2017: https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/8831682
Script for batch measurements:

https://github.com/tumi8/cca-privacy/blob/master/ripe_atlas/dns/atlas-measure.sh



Step 1: Finding APNs Backend Servers - Obtaining the Result

Your measurement should have finished by now – please obtain the result and parse it

Our parsing script:

https://github.com/tumi8/cca-privacy/blob/master/ripe_atlas/dns/parse-results.py



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Discussion

- Download via Browser or REST
- JSON with abuf
- Region-specific CNAMEs
- Are these all IP addresses? Or just some?

Sample measurement result from June 2017: https://github.com/quirins/tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants/blob/master/data/dns/RIPE-Atlas-measurement-8831682.json

Sample parsed result from paper https:

//github.com/quirins/tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants/blob/master/data/dns/result-5500014.json.parsed.txt Sample parsed result from June 2017 https://github.com/quirins/tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants/blob/master/data/dns/RIPE-Atlas-measurement-8831682.json.parsed.txt



Our DNS queries have yielded a list of backend servers. Coming back to our Research Question, we want to quantify the number of networks an adversary has to eavesdrop on to see a significant number of logins directed to those backend servers.

Task: Define and execute a measurement strategy: Which RIPE Atlas settings? Which probes? Which targets?

Note: Again, RIPE Atlas novices can just run measurements towards 1 target IP address.



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Discussion

- Traceroute Details https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/form/
- Target Selection all APNs IP addresses? Some?
- Probe Selection:
- Which probes to select?
- Do they represent the APNs user base? AS/CC bias?
- Only probes that resolved the IP being probed?

Traceroute measurement from Paper - Germany: https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/5719601/



Task: Please download the results – what format does it have? Ideas how to parse it? What would be the next steps?



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Fortunately, the link https://github.com/tumi8/cca-privacy/tree/master/ripe_atlas/traceroute contains the script "traceroutes_to_asn_ixp.py."

Task: Call it using ./traceroutes_to_asn_ixp.py your-measurement.json ip2ixp ip2as Sample Result from Paper:

https://github.com/quirins/tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants/blob/master/data/traceroute/result-5719599.json.result.txt



Step 3: Analyze Results

How does the result look like for your country? Is that in line with the paper?

Rank	Global		Germany	
	IXP/AS	Σ% Paths	IXP/AS	Σ% Paths
1	AS3356 (L3)	25%	IXP DE-CIX	30%
2	AS1299 (Telia)	40%	AS3320 (DTAG)	52%
3	AS174 (Cogent)	54%	IXP E-CIX	61%
4	AS7922 (Comcast)	61%	AS6830 (Liberty)	69%
5	AS12322 (Free)	67%	AS31334 (VF/Kabel D)	75%
6	AS6830 (Liberty)	71%	AS1273 (C&W)	78%
7	AS4637 (Telstra)	75%	AS3356 (L3)	81%
8	AS6453 (Tata)	78%	AS34419 (VF Group)	84%
9	AS2828 (XO)	81%	AS680 (DFN)	86%
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 \rightarrow What do you think of the result overall?



Feedback & Conclusion

- How did you like the exercise?
- Useful parts / less useful parts?
- Excited to use RIPE Atlas? :)

Black Belt Track: Share your results back to the exercise through a pull-request.

To do so, please use this folder structure:

- tma17-ripeatlas-lab-participants/results/\$country/[dns|traceroute]
- A list of DNS and traceroute measurement IDs
- Intermediate Results (potentially compressed)
- the final table
- a readme file with: your name and a quick description of your approach



Backup



Is global tracking feasible?

Methodology

Research Question: How many networks does an attacker have to eavesdrop on to observe a significant share of APNs logins?

- We identify APNs backend infrastructure and conduct distributed traceroute measurements towards it
- Measurements confirm that clients resolve one of [1-50]-courier.push.apple.com
- We globally resolve [1-50]-courier.push.apple.com using 1000 RIPE Atlas probes each
- We find 69 /24 subnets and pick one random observed IP address in each of the 69 subnets
- Using 1000 RIPE Atlas probes per measurement, we conduct traceroute measurements towards all 69 IP addresses
- We map transit router's IP addresses to ISPs and IXPs
- We count what % of routes traverses a certain ISP or IXP