Feature Flags:
Simplify Branching & Deployments

Benjamin Day
TRAINER | COACH | DEVELOPER

@benday www.benday.com

Overview

Limits of releases based on source control

Feature flags

Feature flag demos

Source control can
sometimes get in your way.

Software development is hard.

Software delivery is hard.

How do you get a feature into production?

Most teams use a source control-based release flow.

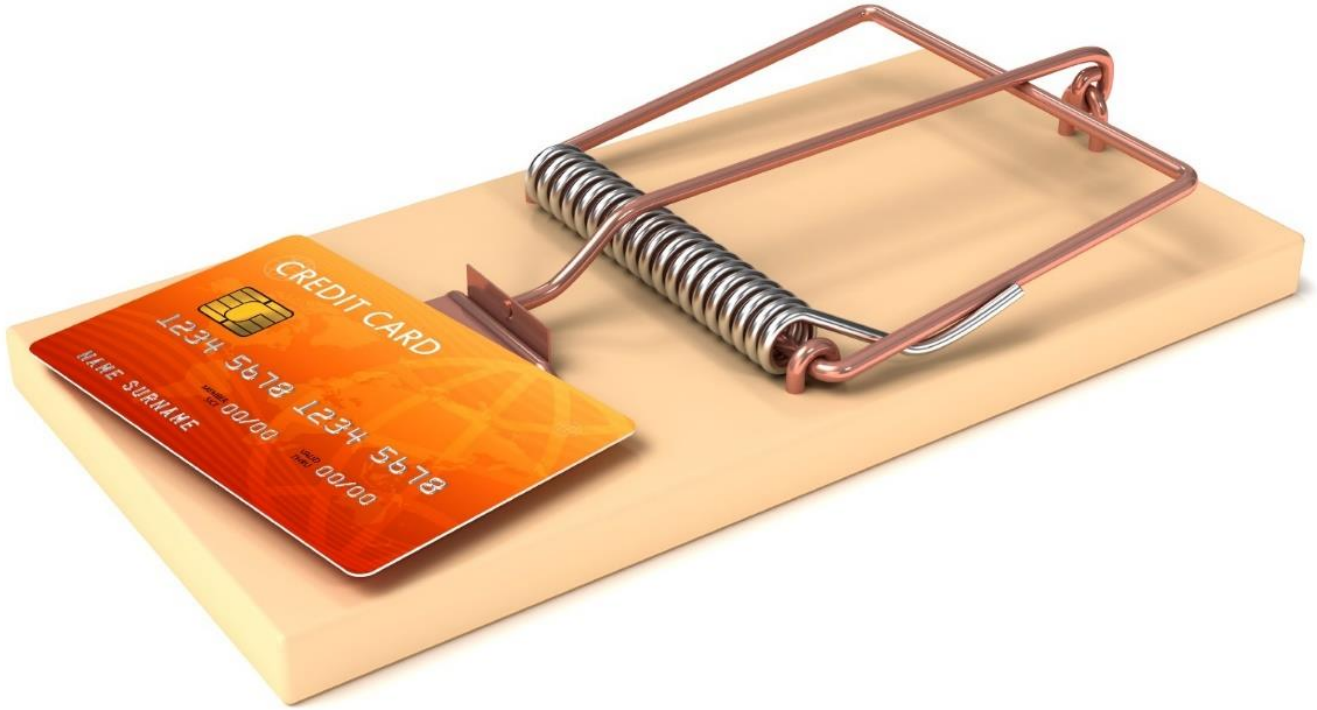
Branching & Merging

Branching lets you work on similar, related code in isolation at the same time.

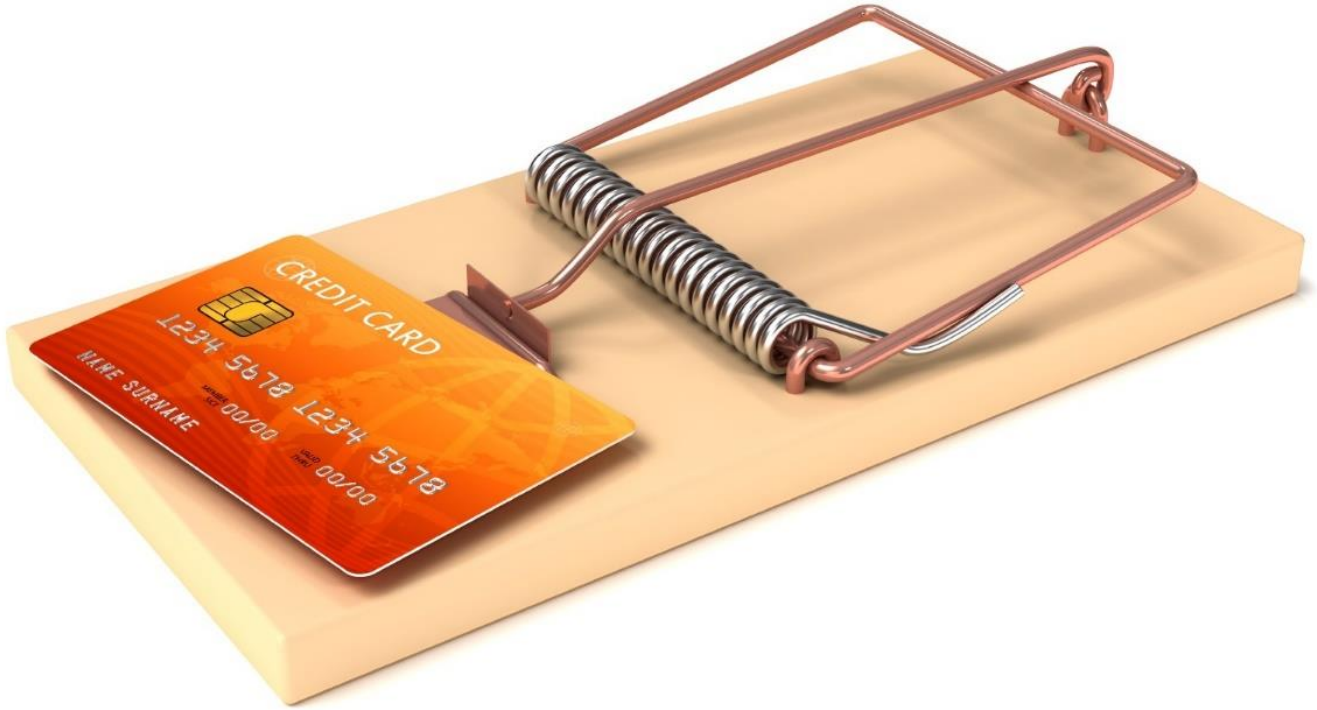
“So, I can go nuts and create 250 zillion branches and it’s a good idea?”

No.

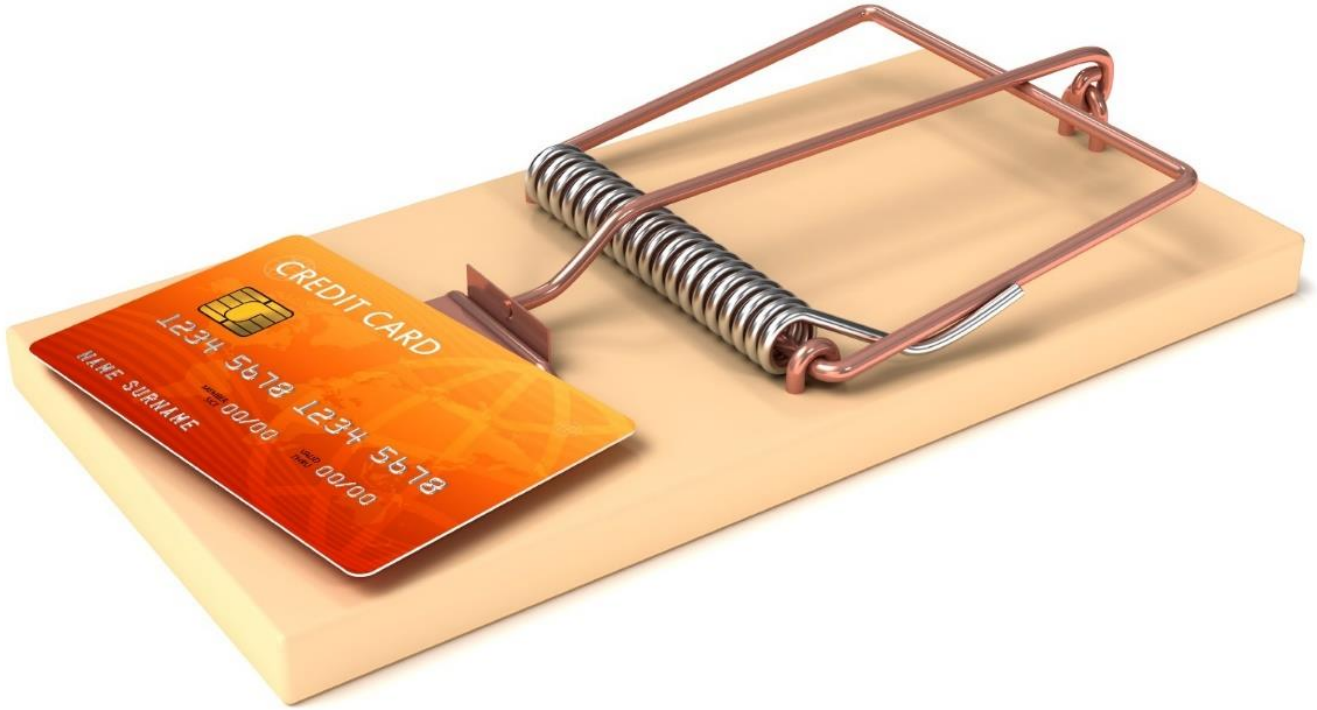
A branch is an integration credit card.



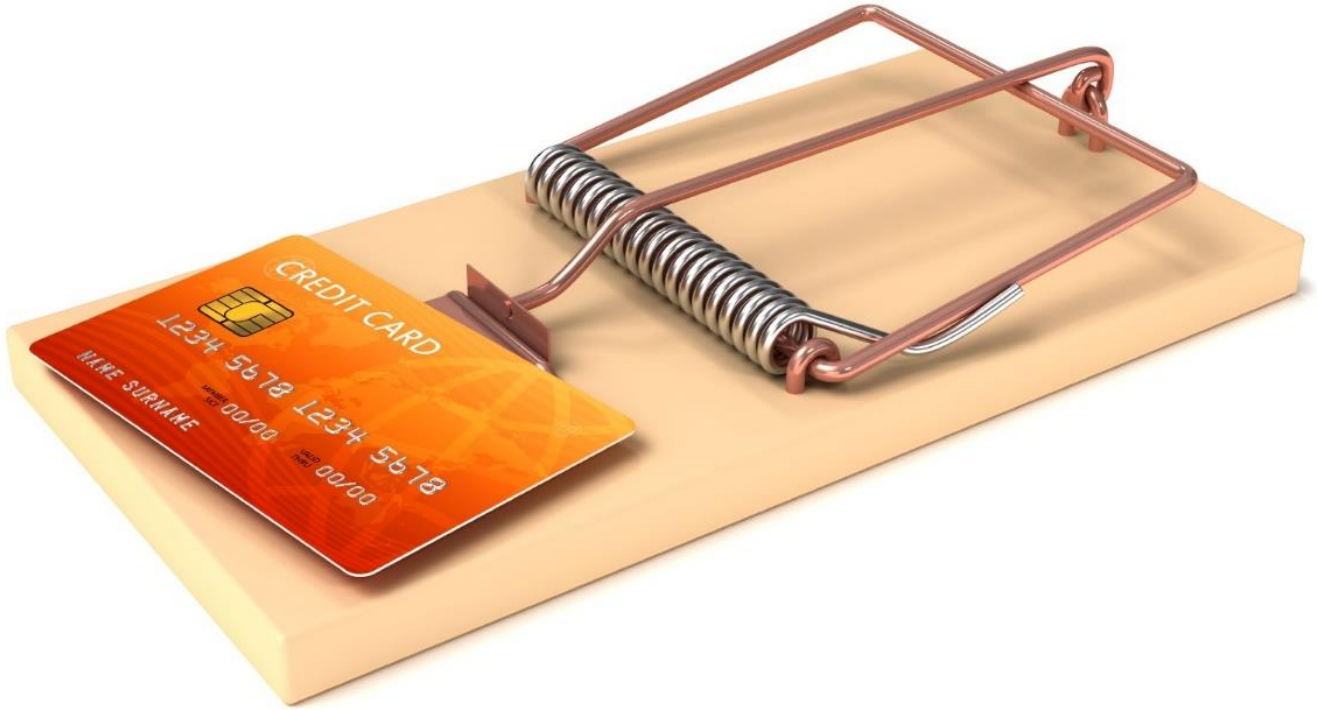
For every branch, there's a merge.



Merging can be expensive and painful.



Until everything's integrated, it's *definitely* not done.



Keep it simple.

Best Practice: Don’t Branch

* - unless you absolutely have to

Integrate often.

The smaller the integration,
the easier it is.

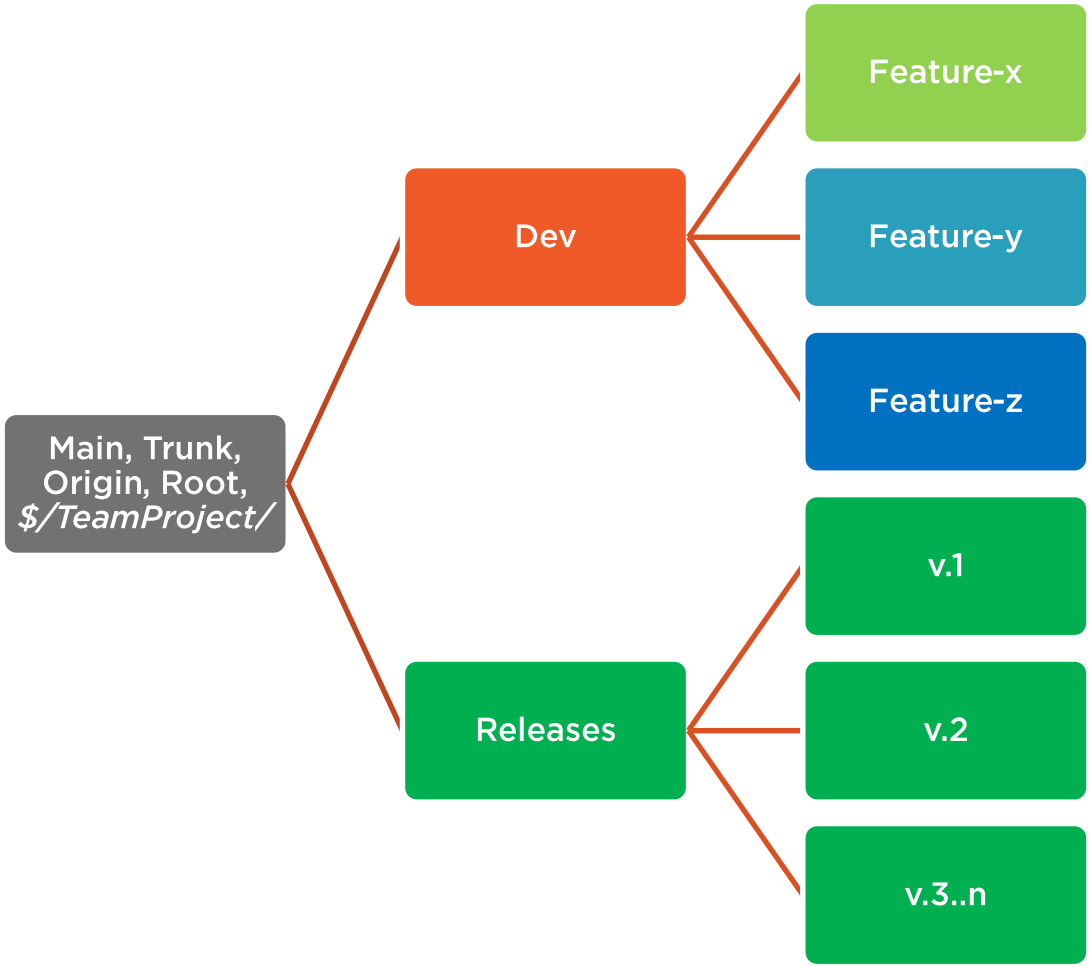
Review:
DevOps is about streamlined, automated flows.

Typical Branching Structure Activites

Branch for Development

Branch for Release & Release Maintenance

Typical Branching Structure



Main

- Beginning of everything
- Ultimate integration point

Dev

- Integration point for a release

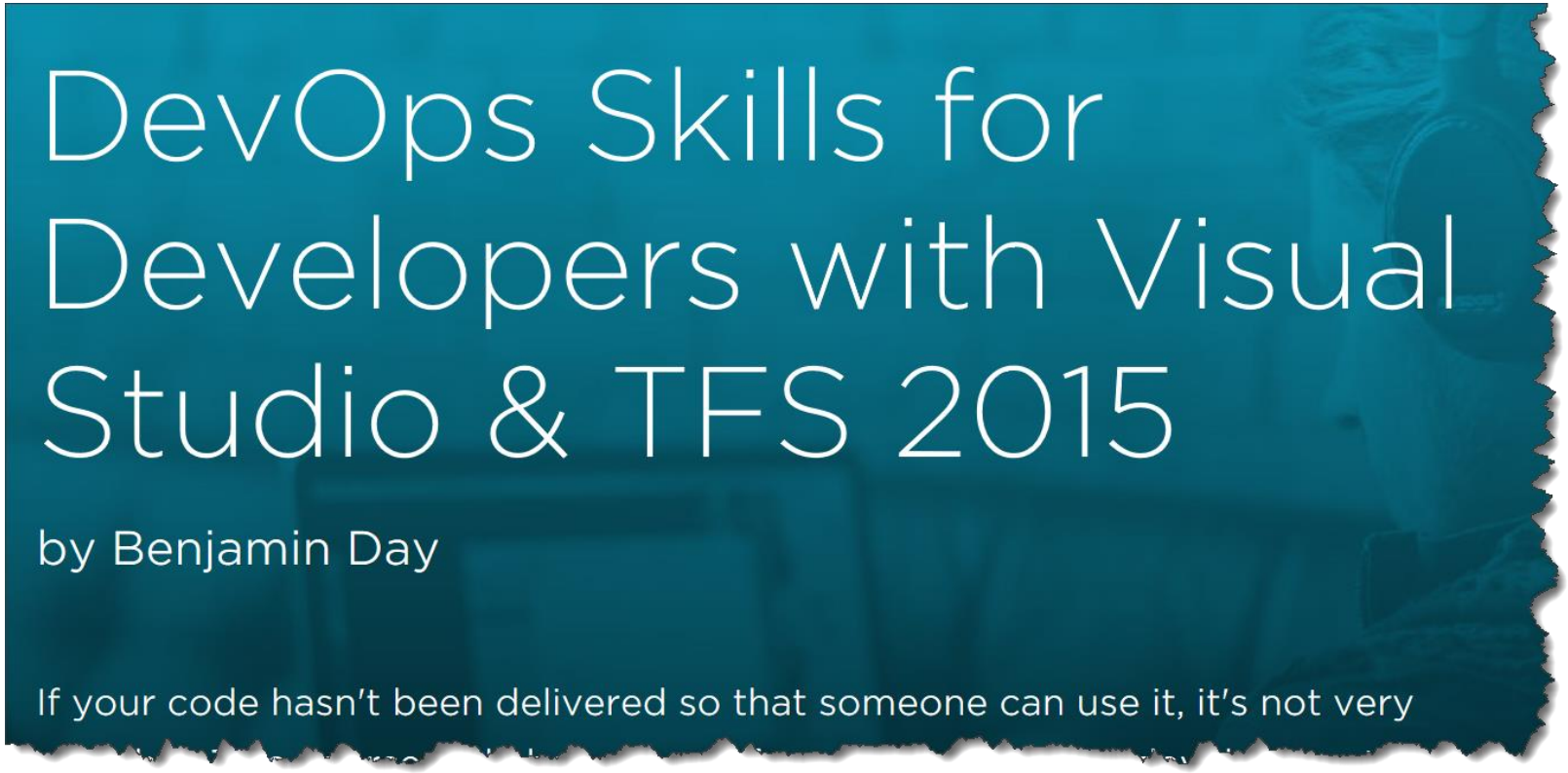
Features

- Features are developed here

Releases (v.*)

- Snapshot of what goes to production
- Source of hot fixes
- Using Git? Use tagging

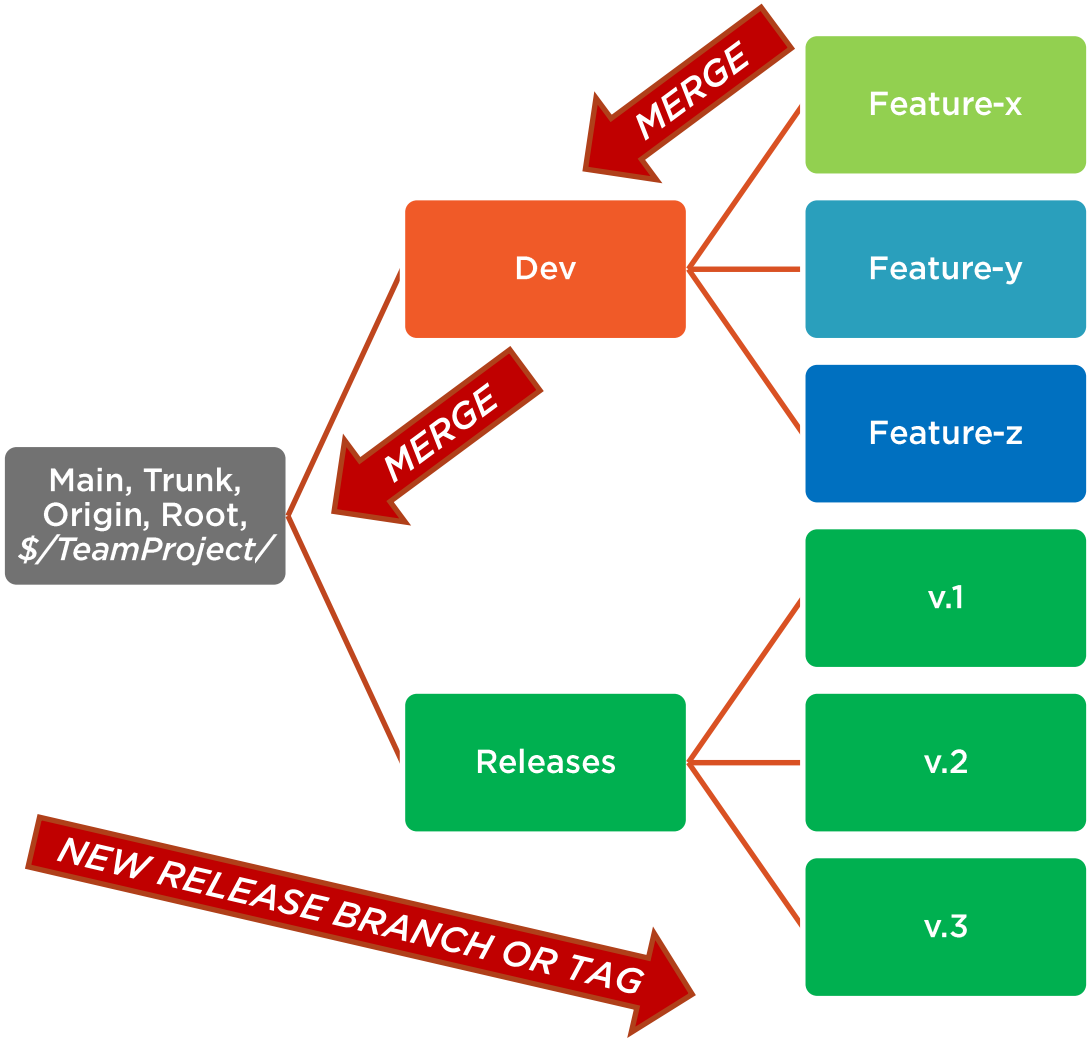
Git Tags + TFS Release Branch Demos



“Managing ‘Hot Fixes’ & Code Quality: Branches & Code Reviews”

https://app.pluralsight.com/library/courses/devops-skills-developers-visual-studio-tfs-2015

Typical Release Flow



Merge Features to Dev

Verify / fix whatever is in Dev

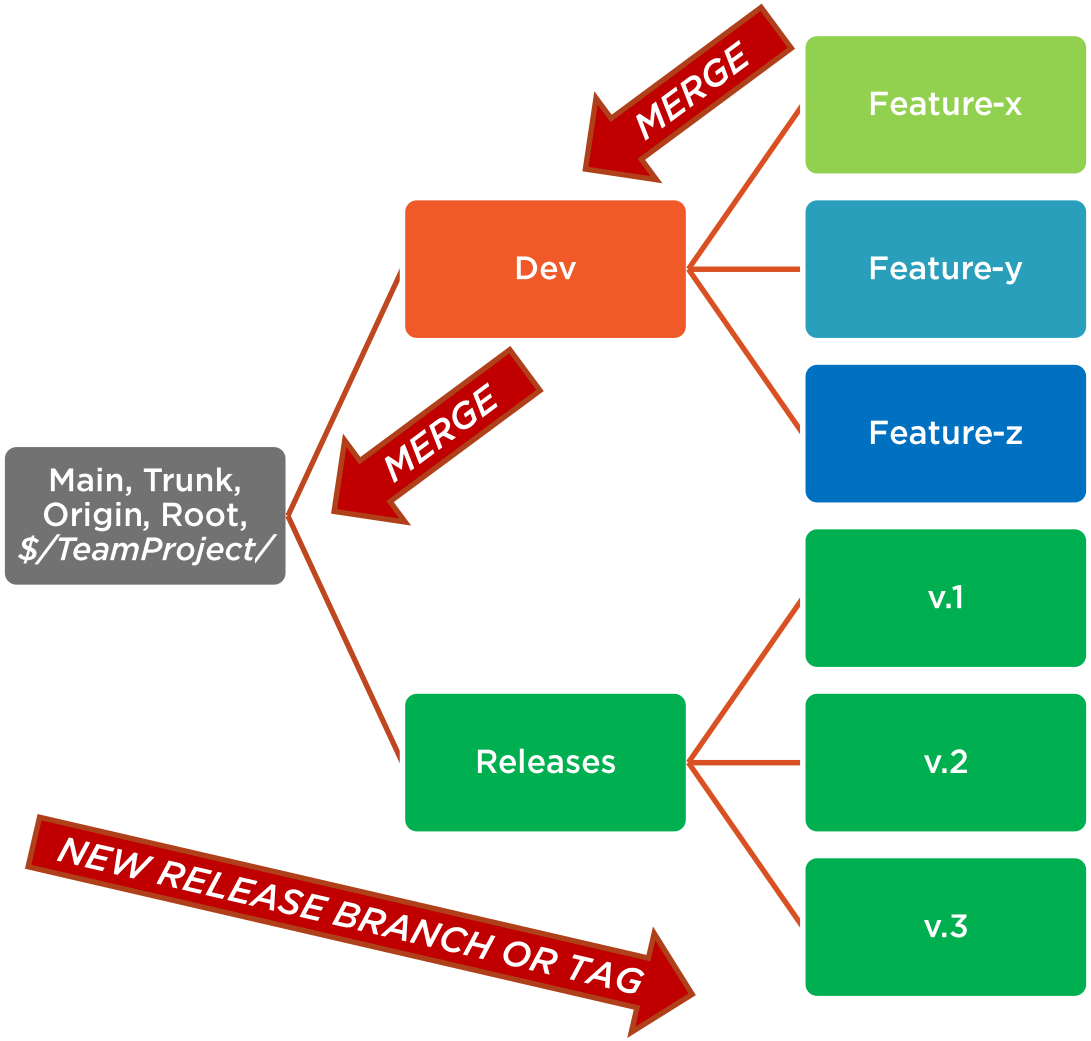
Merge to Main

Create new Release branch or Tag

- V.1123414
- 2016.03.15

Deploy to production servers

Typical Release Flow



For a release, Main rules the universe

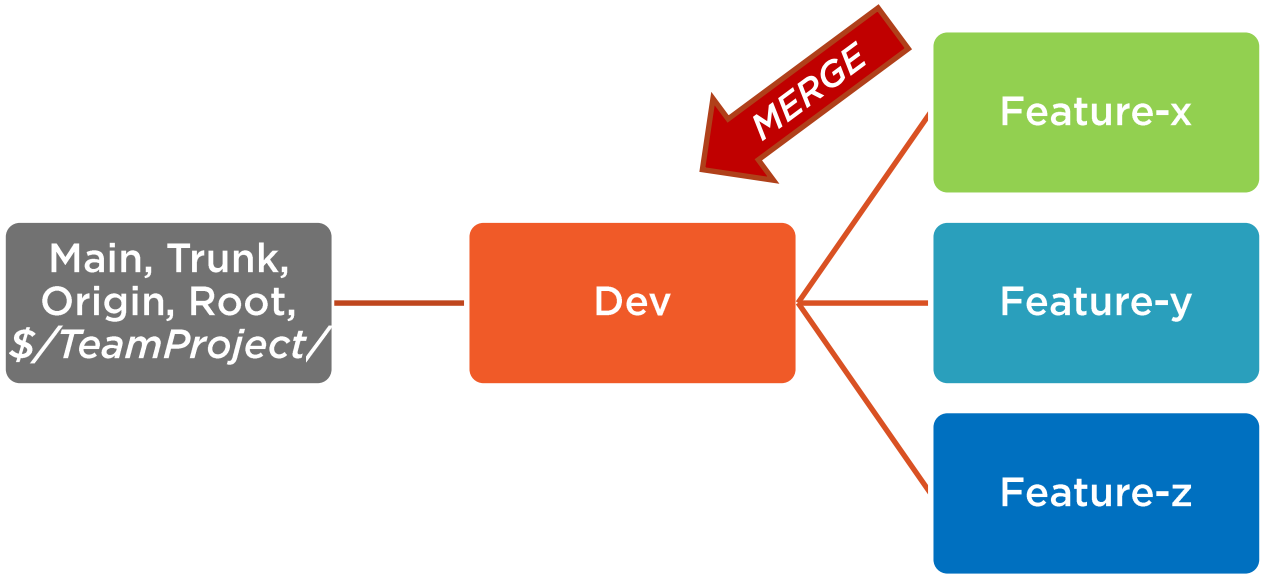
Whatever gets merged to Main gets released

Code-based / Source control-based release model

Next up:
How Source Control-based Releases Break

Source Control-based Releases Break

Typical Release Flow: Bad News



Merge Feature X

- Easy

Commit the merge

Merge Feature Y

- Less easy. Still ok.

Commit the merge

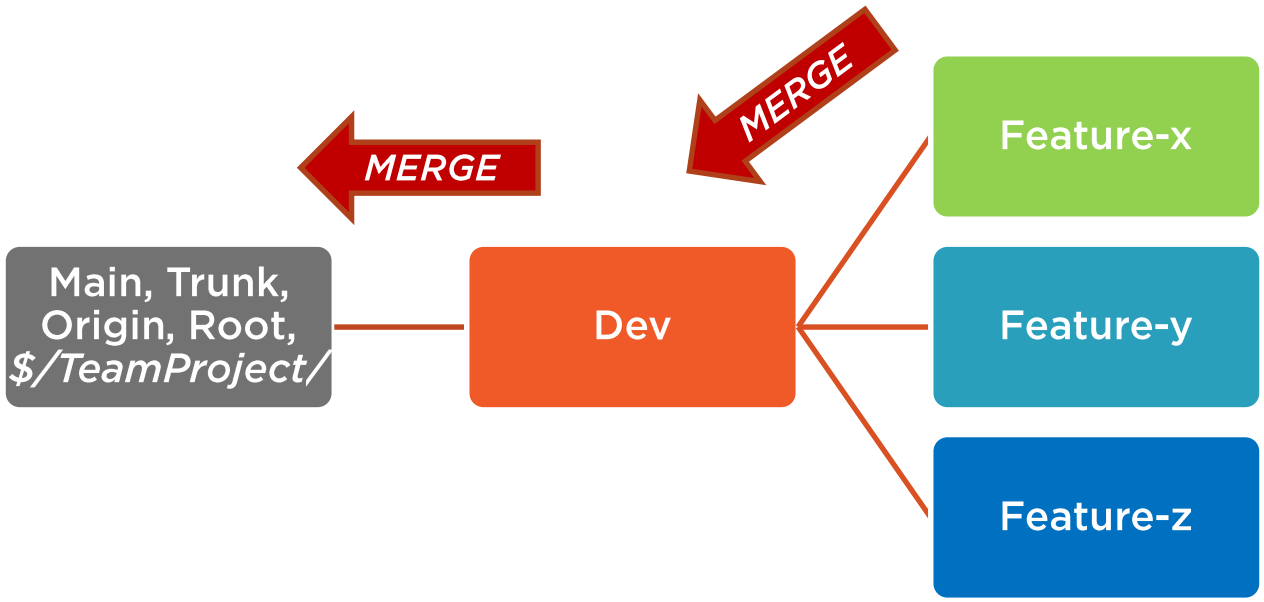
Merge Feature Z

- REALLY REALLY HARD!!

Turns out that Feature X wasn't really done

Major surgery to get Feature X un-done

Typical Release Flow: Change of Plans



Merge Features X, Y, and Z to Dev

Commit the merge

Boss wants only Feature X and Feature Z to go live

"Feature Y should be in the next release."

Merging Feature X and Feature Z to Main is painful, annoying, and tedious

Takes a long time

Delays

Commit the merge

Deploy to production...late

Reminder:
DevOps is about streamlined,
automated flows.

Releases Based on Source Control Can Be a Real Drag

Whatever is in the branch goes to production

Whatever is in production is live

Pros:

- Simple to understand

Cons

- Coordination can be a real headache

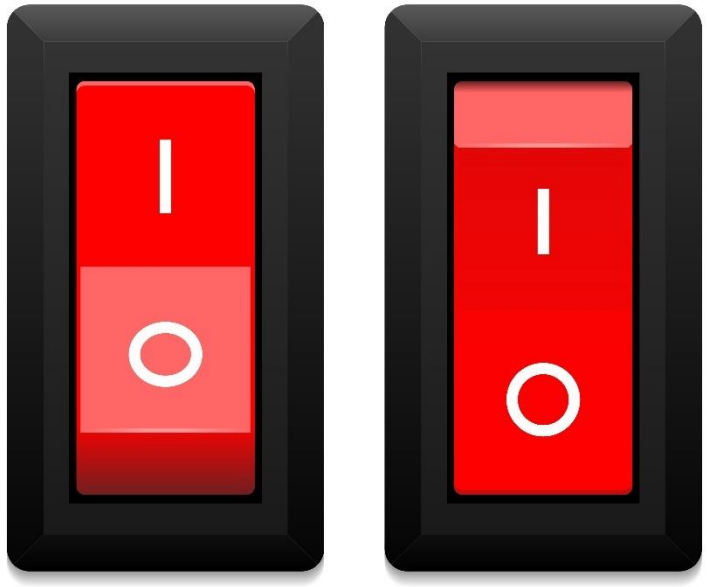
Lots of manual effort

Next up:
Feature Flags

Feature Flags

Feature Toggles

Feature Flags
=
Configuration-based Releases



Feature Toggles /
Feature Flags

Each new feature gets a configuration value

- Feature Flag
- On / Off

Wrap feature code in check for feature flag

- If it's on, it runs

Deploy whatever doesn't cause problems

- Closer to "deploy everything"

Turn on whatever is ready

Feature Flag Release Benefits

Decreased focus on branch/merge

Less deployment panic

- More flexible
- Easier to schedule

Deploy multiple version of a feature side-by-side

- New UI and old UI

Private betas

- New features for small subsets of users

A/B Testing

- Which version do users prefer?

Easy rollback

Feature Flag Drawbacks

Feature Flag Drawbacks

Adds complexity to the code

Can get confusing

Technical debt

Each feature flag should be removed

- Old versions of features need to be cleaned up

Can be an invitation to ship garbage

- Lack of focus on “Done”

Feature Flag Implementation Tips

Use Dependency Injection

Create an IFeatureManager interface

Each flag should be a Boolean property

- No magic strings!

No Magic Strings!

Wrong Way: Magic Strings

```
public class TheWrongWay
{
    private IFeatureManager _FeatureManager;

    0 references
    public void FeatureFlagsTheWrongWay()
    {
        if (_FeatureManager.IsFeatureEnabled("FeatureXyz") == true)
        {
            RunFeatureXyz();
        }
    }

    1 reference
    private void RunFeatureXyz()...
}
```

Right Way: Boolean Property

```
public class TheRightWay
{
    private IFeatureManager _FeatureManager;

    0 references
    public void FeatureFlagsTheRightWay()
    {
        if (_FeatureManager.FeatureXyz == true)
        {
            RunFeatureXyz();
        }
    }

    1 reference
    private void RunFeatureXyz()...
}
```

Feature Flag Implementation Tips: No Magic Strings

Each flag should be a Boolean property

Each flag should be temporary

Each flag should eventually be removed

Properties are much easier to find/remove

- Remove the property
- Recompile
- Fix the compile errors

Next up:
Feature Flag Demos

Demo

ASP.NET MVC Core

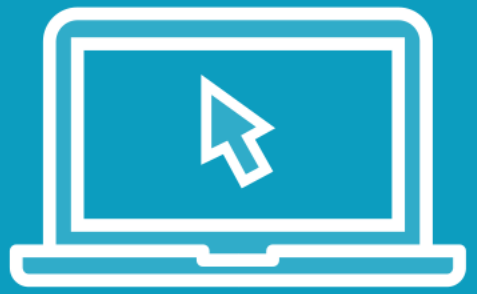
Basic feature flag implementation

IFeatureManager interface

Turn a feature on/off

Next up:
Two versions of the same feature at the same time

Demo



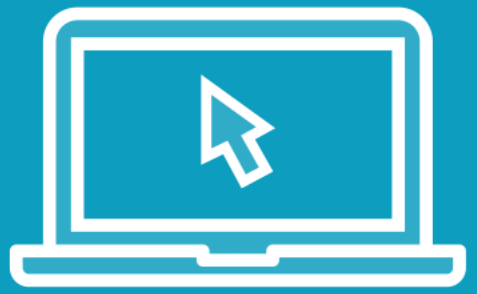
ASP.NET MVC Core

Add new functionality to an existing feature

Two versions of the same feature

Next up:
Private beta

Demo



ASP.NET MVC Core

Private Beta using Feature Flags

Turn on a feature for specific user(s)

Summary

Limits of releases based on source control

Feature flags

Feature flag demos

Next up:
Deploying applications using TFS Releases