

Automating Builds & Deployments



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Overview



Why automated builds + DevOps?

Builds vs. release pipelines

TFS2017 build system

Different types of build triggers

Customizing the build process

TFS extensions / build activities

Installing the build agent

- Windows
- Linux

Agent Capabilities



Automated Builds: “Why do I care?”



The
“works on my box”
problem.



“Well, it works
on my box.”

Works on a developer's machine

Doesn't work somewhere else

- Configuration differences
- Subtle code differences
- Version control issues

Integration issues

Annoying during development

Catastrophic when going to production



Automated builds & automated deployments



An automated build is the
start of your DevOps
awesomeness.



Automated Builds

Checks & balances

Build server keeps you honest

- Unbiased judge
- Not the developer's machine

Is the build broken?

Compiles on the build server?

- No → Build is broken

Unit tests pass on build server?

- No → Build is broken



DevOps & Automation

Automated builds run without human involvement

Humans are slow

Humans make mistakes

Humans are inconsistent

Automation = consistency, repeatability



TFS Builds vs. TFS Releases

Two parts that work together

TFS Builds compile the code

- Integration
- Turn code into an application
- Get ready to deploy

TFS Releases deploy the application

- Understand deployment environments
- Build, Test, Stage, Production, etc.

Much more on TFS Releases later



Separating “build” from
“release” changes your
testing process.



Separate Build from Release / Deploy

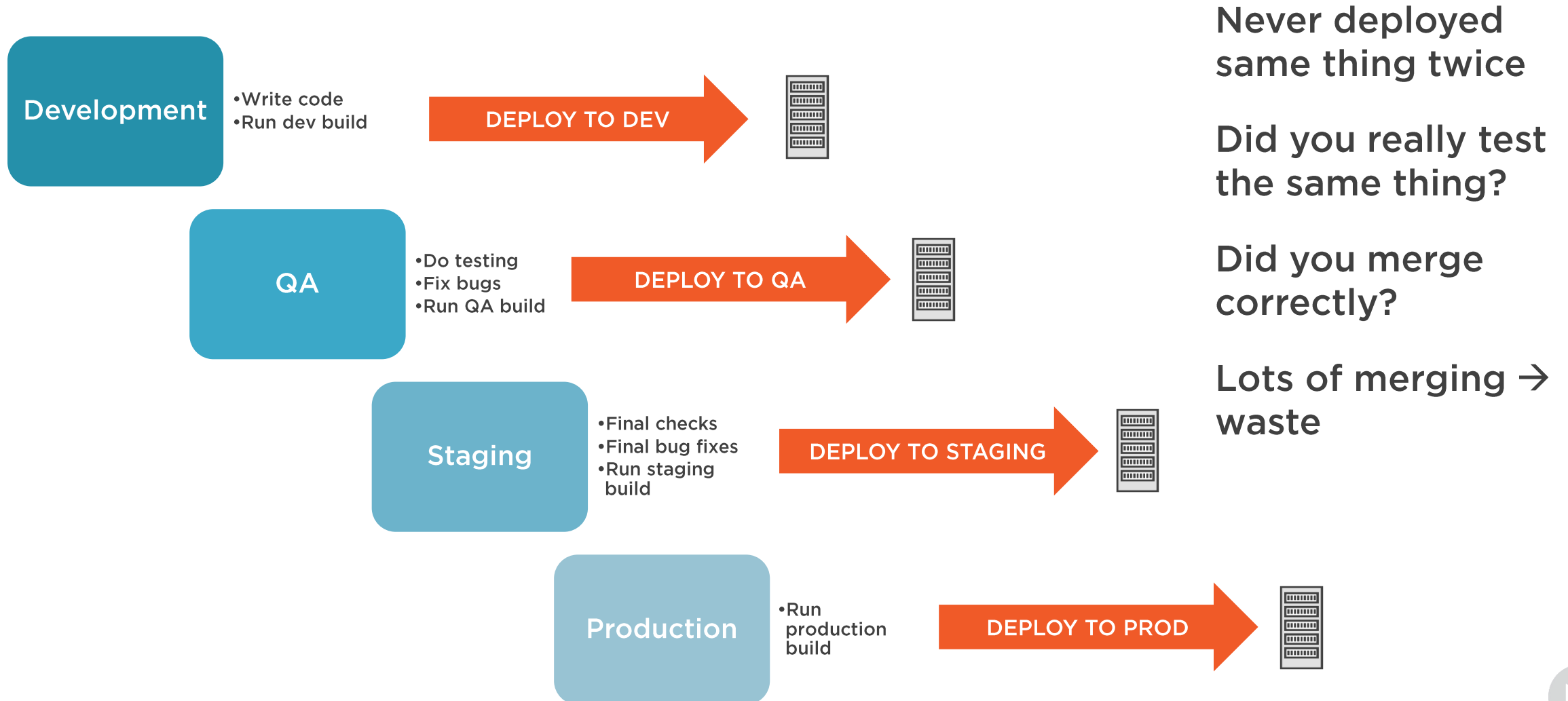
Compile once and
only once

Deploy to many
environments

Always test the
same compiled
application



Phases / Environments != Branches



Separate Build from Release / Deploy

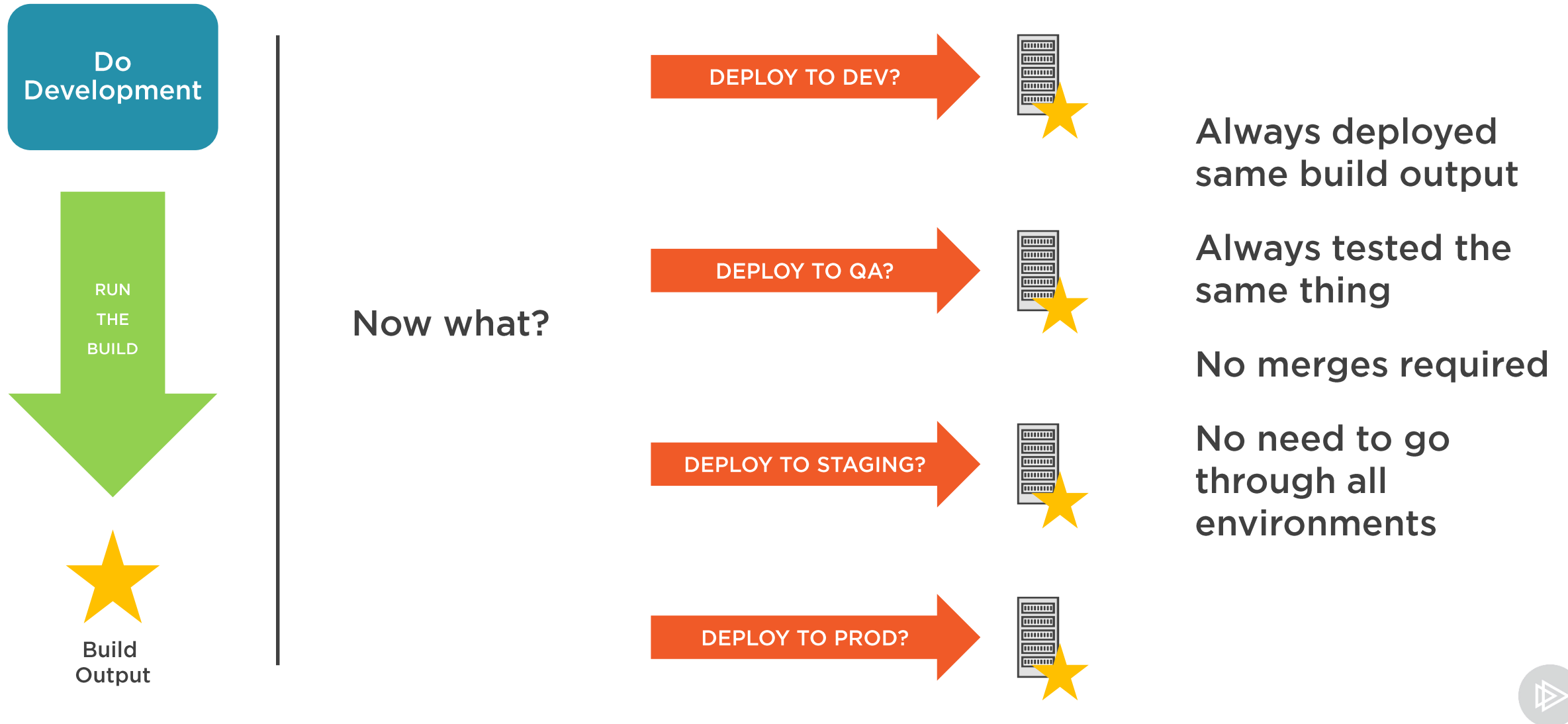
Compile once and
only once

Deploy to many
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Always test the
same compiled
application



One Build, Multiple Environments



The “works on my box”
problem can also be caused
by deployment issues.



Deployment Annoyances

“Works on my box”

Deployment details

- IIS configuration
- File & folder permissions
- Database connection strings
- Service endpoint URLs
- Database deployments
- Database lookup data

Deployments are traditionally high-risk



Infrequent Deployments

Why?

- Painful
- Manual effort
- Takes a lot of time
- Stuff breaks unpredictably → fire drills

Do painful stuff as infrequently as possible

Infrequently means you forget...

- ...how to deploy
- ...how to configure

Customers don't get new stuff that often

- Slow feedback
- Slow fixes
- Defensive posture



Configuration Steps: Manual or Automated?

Manual

Forgotten steps

Troubleshooting problems

Similar but not identical

Deployment is a Constraint

Automated / Scripted

It's the same every time

It works or it doesn't work

Didn't work? Fix the script.

Script is version controlled

Can be called from an automated build



What happens if your build
is automated and your
deploy is automated?



Builds and Deploys Are Automated

Not painful to
integrate your
team's code

Not a big deal to
do a deploy

Little or no human
involvement



If a deploy isn't a big deal,
then what's stopping you
from doing them more
often?



At its core, DevOps is about shortening feedback cycles.



Shorter Feedback Cycles in DevOps

Show a feature,
get feedback

Deploy a feature,
see if it's popular

Take the
feedback, improve
the product

Make the product
less awful as soon
as possible

Repeat the
process



If a deploy isn't a big deal,
then what's stopping you
from doing them
more often?



What's stopping you from
doing them *A LOT* more
often?



Automated builds are the
start of your DevOps
awesomeness.



Next up:
Create an automated build
in Team Foundation Server



Demo



Create a TFS build

.NET Standard

Run unit tests

Build trigger types



Next up:
Create a build for .NET Core



Demo



Create a TFS Build

.NET Core



Next up:
Builds on the dashboard



Demo



Builds and project dashboards



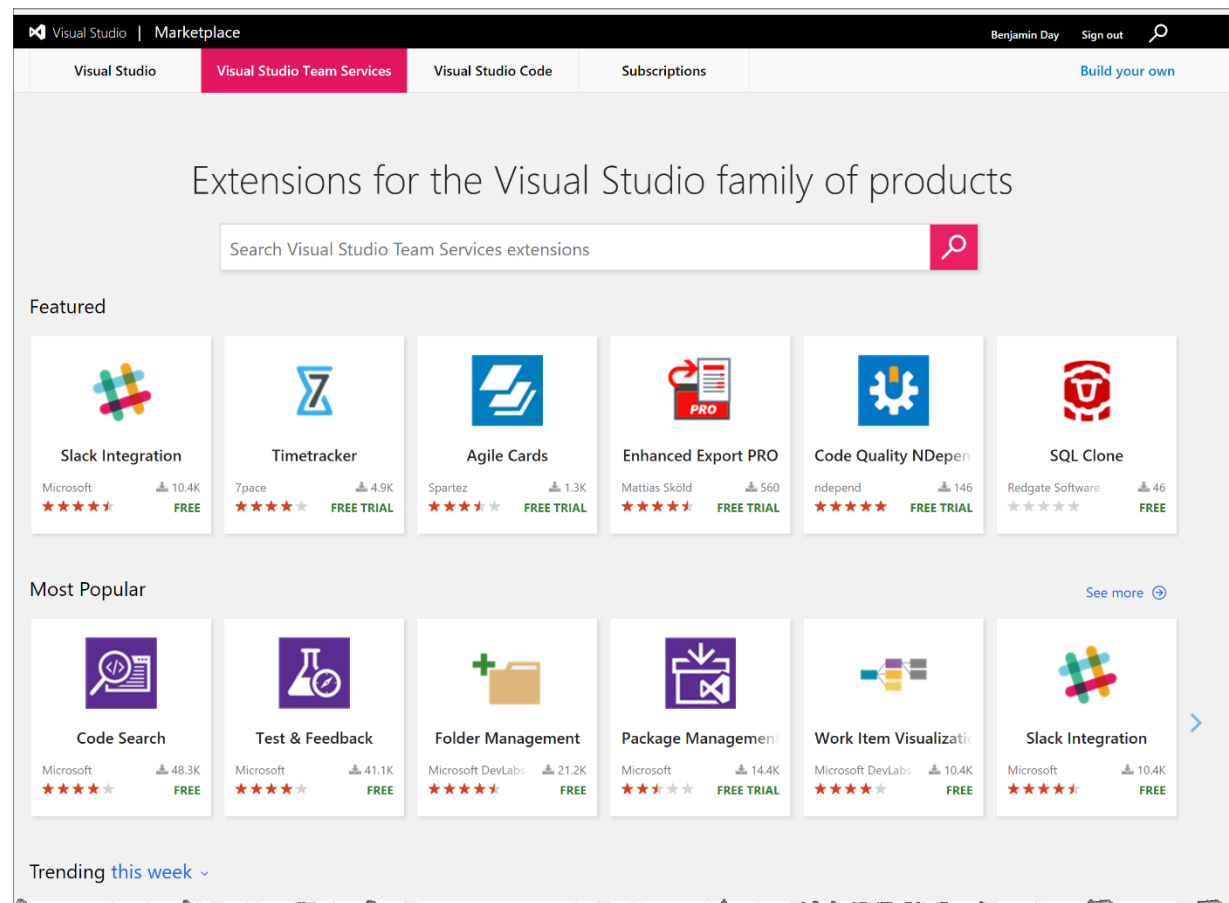
Next up:
TFS Extensions &
Build Activities



TFS is extensible.



Visual Studio Marketplace



<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/>



TFS Extensions

Download from the Marketplace

Write your own

- Publish to the world
- Private

http://{server-name}:8080/tfs/_gallery/manage



Demo



Find an extension in the marketplace

Install the extension in TFS

Use the extension in a build



Next up:
Create & deploy a
build agent



Team Foundation Server Agent

Does the work for TFS Build & Release
Available on Windows, Linux, & MacOS



Installing the
TFS Agent is easy.



TFS 2017 Install Guide



<https://www.benday.com/tfs2017installguide>



Before You
Start...

Authentication for the Agent to TFS

- TFS with Active Directory → {domain}\TFSSBUILD
- Visual Studio Team Services (VSTS) → Personal Access Token (PAT)

TFS URL

- `http://{server-name}:8080/tfs`

VSTS URL

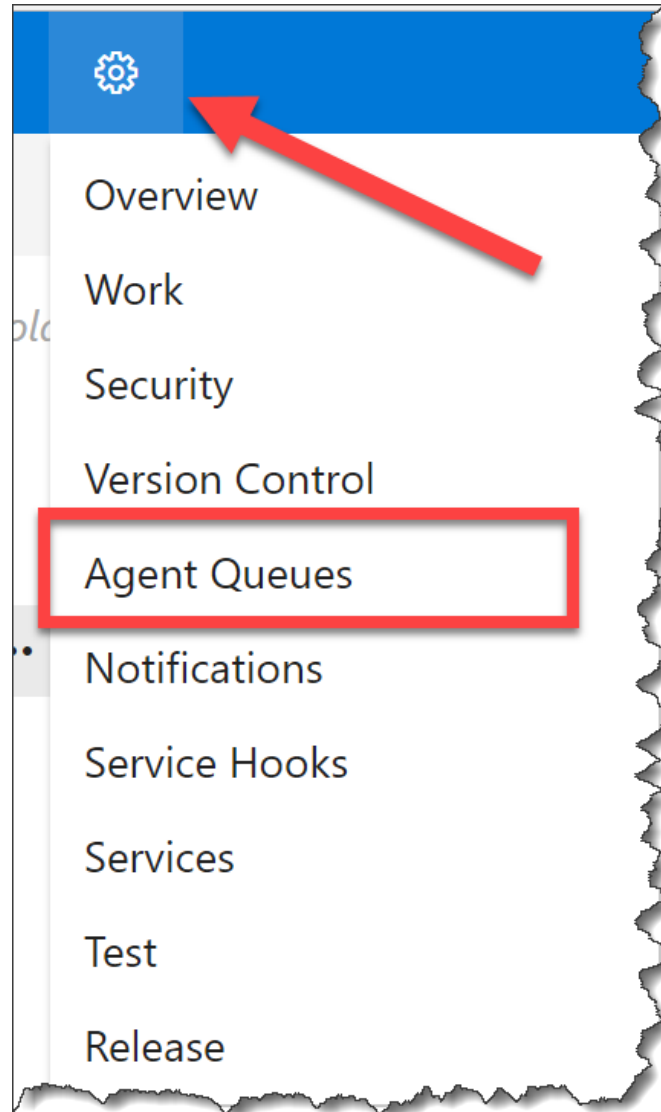
- `https://{account-name}.visualstudio.com`



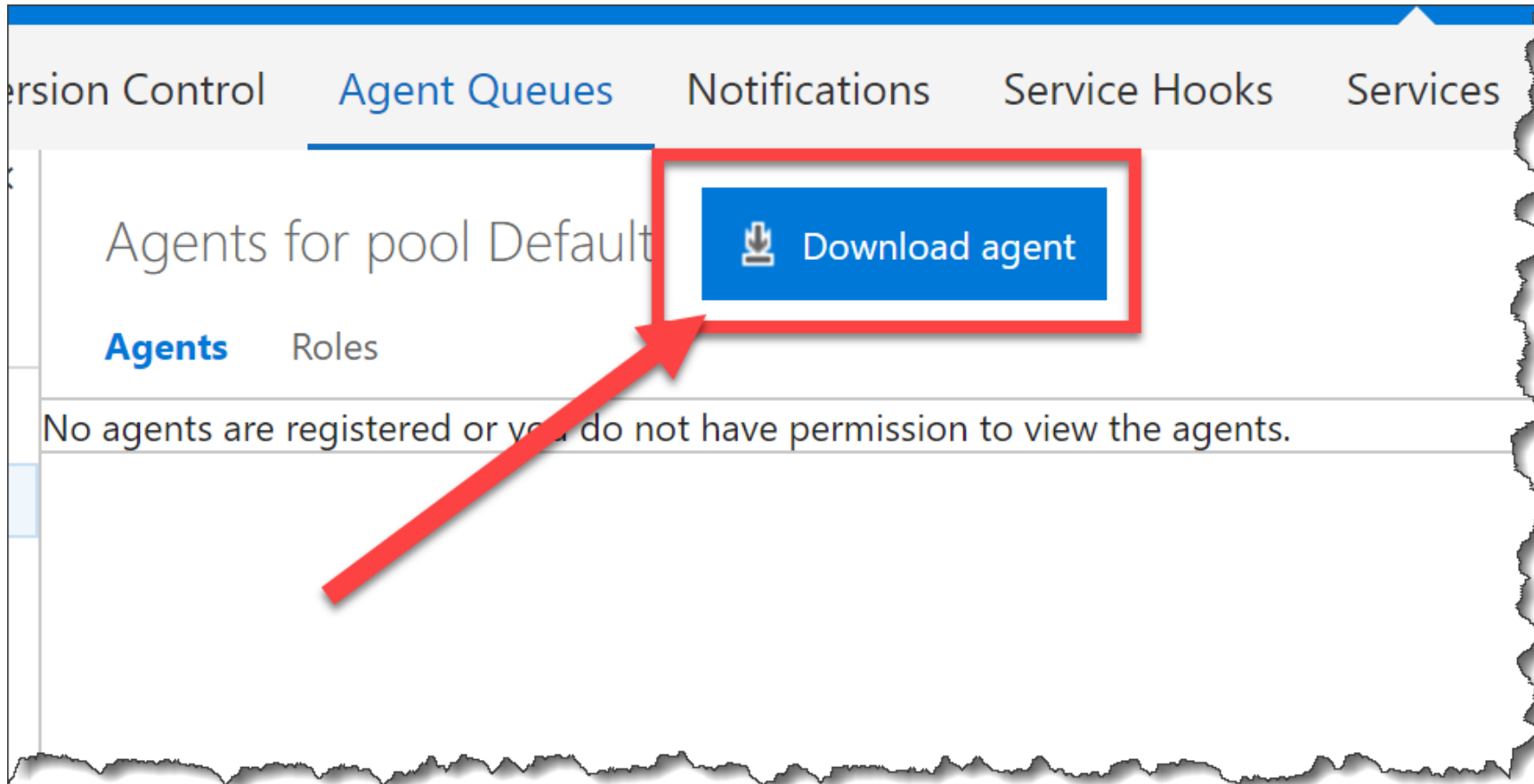
Step 1:
Log into the server



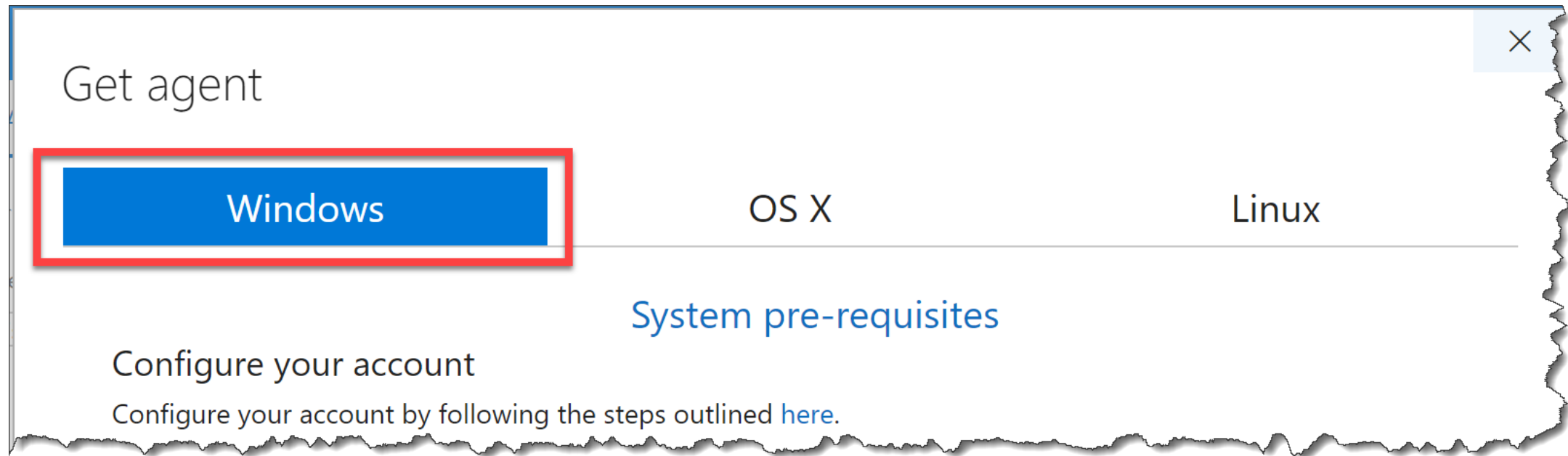
Step 2: Navigate to Agent Queues



Step 3: Click Download Agent



Step 4: Choose Operating System



Step 5: Download the Agent

Get agent

Windows

OS X

Linux

System pre-requisites

Configure your account

Configure your account by following the steps outlined [here](#).

Download the agent

Download

Create the agent

```
PS C:\> mkdir agent ; cd agent
PS C:\agent> Add-Type -AssemblyName System.IO.Compression.FileSystem ;
[System.IO.Compression.ZipFile]::ExtractToDirectory("$HOME\Downloads\vsts-agent-win7-x64-2.112.0.zip", "$PWD")
```

Configure the agent [detailed instructions](#)

```
PS C:\agent> .\config.cmd
```

Optionally run the agent interactively

If you didn't run as a service above:


```
PS C:\agent> .\run.cmd
```



Step 6: Follow the Instructions

Create the agent

```
PS C:\> mkdir agent ; cd agent
PS C:\agent> Add-Type -AssemblyName System.IO.Compression.FileSystem ;
[System.IO.Compression.ZipFile]::ExtractToDirectory("$HOME\Downloads\vsts-agent-win7-x64-2.112.0.zip", "$PWD")
```

Configure the agent [detailed instructions](#) 

```
PS C:\agent> .\config.cmd
```

Optionally run the agent interactively

If you didn't run as a service above:

```
PS C:\agent> .\run.cmd
```



That's it.



Next up:
Agent Capabilities



TFS Agent Capabilities



Agent Capabilities

Define what an agent can do

Build definition demands

Match builds to agents



Demo



Configure build agent capabilities



Summary



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Next up:
Deploy database updates
from a build

