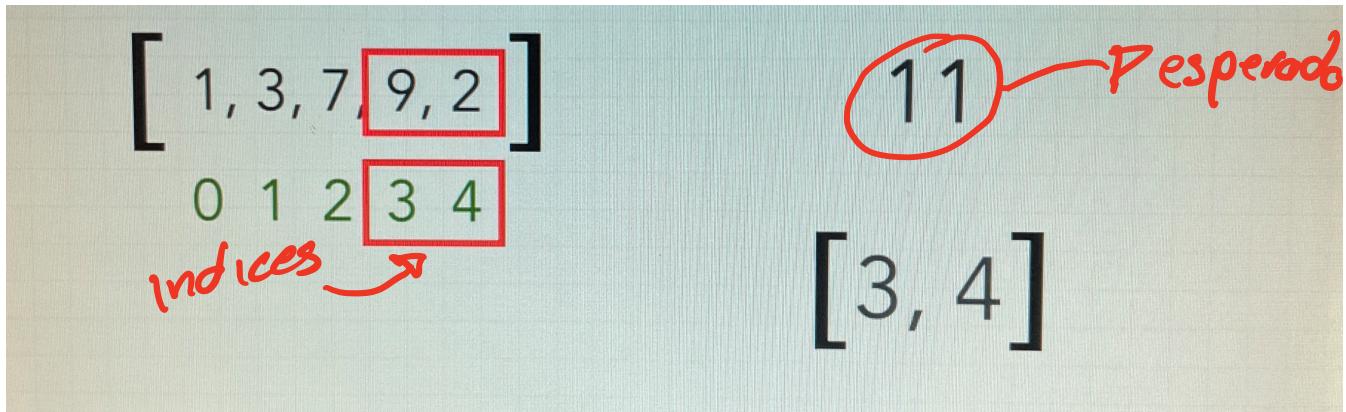


Arreglos

Encontrar los indices de los números,
Dado un arreglo de enteros regresar los
dos indices de los números que sumados
de un elemento esperado.



Pseudocódigo $\text{nums} = [4, 3, 7, 2]$ $\text{target} = 6$
Sin optimizar

```
func get_indexes(nums: [int], target: int) → [int]:  
    for p1 in range(len(nums)):  
        num_searched = target - nums[p1]  
        for p2 in range(p1+1, len(nums)):  
            if num_searched == nums[p2]:  
                return [p1, p2]  
  
    return Null
```

Optimized

```
func get_indexes(nums:[int], target:int) → [int]:  
    nums_map = {}  
    for i, n1 in enumerate(nums):  
        if n1 in nums_map:  
            return [nums_map[n1], i]  
        num_searched = target - n1  
        nums_map[num_searched] = i  
    return Null
```

nums = [2, 8, 9, 1] target = 11

Encontrar la mayor área que se puede obtener
 Dado un arreglo con enteros positivos encontrar el
 área mayor que se puede generar entre los elementos
 Consideraciones:

* Los bordes izquierdos y derechos tienen que
 ser mayores a los del centro para que se pueda
 usar.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline & 7 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 9 \end{matrix} \quad \text{área} = l \times w \\
 \begin{matrix} a & b \end{matrix} \quad \min(a_i, b_i) \times (b_i - a_i) \\
 \text{Max Área} = 0 \\
 \min(7, 1) \times (1 - 0) = 1
 \end{array}$$

Pseudocódigo

```

func get_max_area(container: [int]) → int:
    max_area = 0
    for n1 in range(len(container)):
        for n2 in range(n1 + 1, len(container)):
            height = min(container[n1], container[n2])
            width = n2 - n1
            area = height * width
            max_area = max(max_area, area)
    return max_area
    
```

Optima $\{4, 8, 1, 2, 3, 9\}$

func get_max_area(container: [int]) → int:

max-area = 0

a = 0

b = len(container) - 1

while a < b:

height = min(container[a], container[b])

width = b - a

area = height * width

max-area = max(max-area, area)

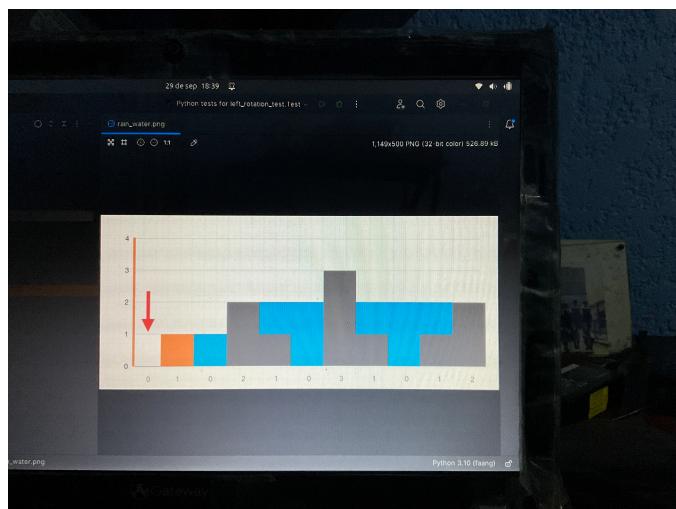
if container[a] <= container[b]:

a += 1

else:

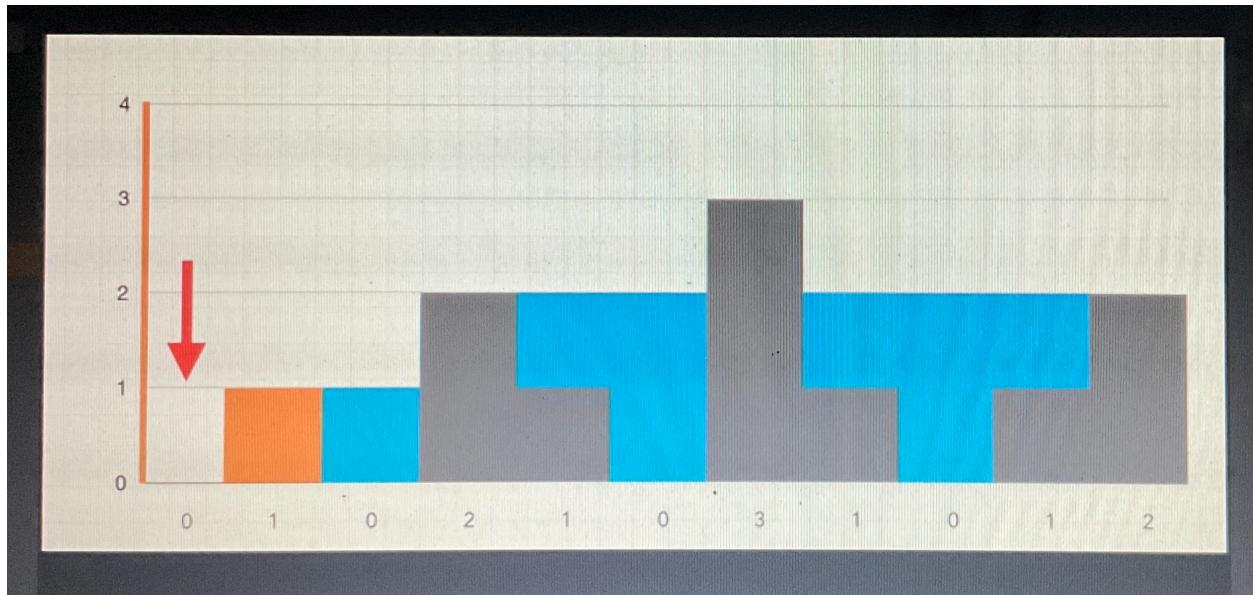
b -= 1

return max-area



Contenedor de agua

Se necesita encontrar el área total que se puede almacenar en un arreglo.



Psudocódigo

```
func get_trapped_rain_water(heights:[int]) -> int:  
    total_water = 0  
    for i in range(len(heights)):  
        left_p = i  
        right_p = i  
        max_left = 0  
        max_right = 0  
        while left_p >= 0:  
            max_left = max(max_left, heights[left_p])  
            left_p -= 1  
        while right_p < len(heights):  
            max_right = max(max_right, heights[right_p])  
            right_p += 1  
        current_water = min(max_left, max_right) - heights[i]  
        total_water += current_water
```

```
if current_water >= 0:  
    total_water += current_water  
return total_water.
```

Optimal

```
func get-trapped-water(heights:[int]) → int:  
    total_water = 0  
    left = 0  
    left_max = 0  
    right_max = 0  
    right = len(heights) - 1  
    while left < right:  
        if heights[left] <= heights[right]:  
            if heights[left] >= left_max:  
                left_max = heights[left]  
            else:  
                total_water += left_max - heights[left]  
                left += 1  
        else:  
            if heights[right] >= right_max:  
                right_max = heights[right]  
            else:  
                total_water += right_max - heights[right]  
                right -= 1  
    return total_water
```