

Getting started with the STMicroelectronics X-CUBE-BLE1 software package for STM32CubeMX

Introduction

This document provides the guidelines to configure and use the X-CUBE-BLE1 software package V1.1.0 for STM32CubeMX (minimum required version V4.27.0). The document contains a description of the provided sample applications, a description of the steps required to configure a generic project using the BLE middleware, as well as a description of the steps to configure and use the sample application provided in the package.

Information and documentation related to the ST BlueNRG-MS network processor, the X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 expansion board and the X-CUBE-BLE1 expansion software for Bluetooth Low Energy are available on www.st.com.

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1 Acronyms and abbreviations

Table 1: list of acronyms

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|---|
| BLE | Bluetooth Low Energy |
| HAL | Hardware Abstraction Layer |
| HID | Human Interface Device |
| IOT | Internet Of Things |
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| LAN | Local Area Network |
| NVIC | Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller |
| PCB | Printed Circuit Board |
| RTC | Real Time Clock |
| RTOS | Real Time Operating System |
| SPI | Serial Peripheral Interface |
| UID | Unique Identifier |
| URL | Uniform Resource Locator |
| U(S)ART | Universal (Synchronous) Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter |
| USB | Universal Serial BUS |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol |

2 What is STM32Cube?

STM32Cube™ represents an original initiative by STMicroelectronics to ease developers' life by reducing development effort, time and cost. STM32Cube covers the STM32 portfolio. Version 1.x of STM32Cube includes:

- STM32CubeMX, a graphical software configuration tool that allows the generation of C initialization code using graphical wizards.
- A comprehensive embedded software platform, delivered per series (such as the STM32CubeF4 for STM32F4 series).
 - STM32Cube HAL, an STM32 abstraction layer embedded software, ensuring maximized portability across the STM32 portfolio;
 - a consistent set of middleware components, such as RTOS, USB, TCP/IP, graphics;
 - all embedded software utilities, including a full set of examples.

3 License

The software provided in this package is licensed under [Software License Agreement SLA0077](#).

4 Sample Applications Description

In this section a short overview of the sample applications included in the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack is provided.

The sample applications:

- are ready-to-use projects that can be generated through the STM32CubeMX for any board equipped with an STM32 MCU and using the BlueNRG-MS chip;
- show the users how to use the BLE APIs, provided by the BlueNRG-MS middleware, for correctly initialize and use a BLE device.

4.1 SensorDemo

This sample application, that could be considered the BlueNRG-MS “Hello Word” application, shows how to use the BlueNRG-MS expansion board to send data from an STM32 Nucleo board to a BLE device such as a smartphone. In this example the stack composed by the STM32 and the BlueNRG-MS expansion boards act as Server-Peripheral, while the smartphone act as Client-Central. On the smartphone it is required to have installed and running the **BlueNRG** app, freely available on both [Play Store](#) and [iTunes](#).

After establishing the connection between the STM32 board and the smartphone:

- by pressing the USER button on the board, the cube showed by the app on the smartphone in the MOTION tab will rotate on the three axes (x,y,z);
- in the ENVIRONMENT tab of the app the temperature, pressure and humidity emulated values sent by the STM32 Nucleo to the smartphone are shown;
- in the OTHER tab of the app the RSSI value is shown.

4.2 SampleApp

This sample application shows how to simply use the BLE Stack.

To test this application you need two STM32 Nucleo boards with their respective BlueNRG-MS STM32 expansion boards. One board needs to be configured as Server-Peripheral role, while the other needs to be configured as Client-Central role. Before flashing the boards, please make sure to use the right configuration by enabling/disabling the `#define SERVER_ROLE` in file `app_bluenrg-ms.c`.

Once the two STM32 Nucleo boards have been configured (one as Client and the other as Server) and flashed, the connection between the two boards establishes (when the LED2 on the CLIENT turns off).

By pressing the USER button on one board, the LD2 LED on the other one gets toggled and viceversa.

If you have only one STM32 Nucleo board, you can program it as SERVER and use as CLIENT the [BLE IOT](#) app for Android devices.

4.3 Beacon

This example application shows how to use the BlueNRG Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) expansion board to implement an Eddystone Beacon device.

An Eddystone Beacon is a smart Bluetooth Low Energy device that transmits a small data payload at regular intervals using Bluetooth advertising packets.

Beacons are used to mark important places and objects. Typically, a beacon is visible to a user's device from a range of a few meters, allowing for highly context-sensitive use cases.

[Eddystone](#) is an open beacon format from Google that works with Android and iOS.

Two different kinds of devices can be selected through `#define EDDYSTONE_BEACON_TYPE` in file `app_bluenrg-ms.c`:

- `EDDYSTONE_UID_BEACON_TYPE`: a UID beacon broadcasts a unique ID that provides proximity and general location information.

- **EDDYSTONE_URL_BEACON_TYPE**: a URL beacon broadcasts a packet containing an URL code usable by compatible applications.

To locate the beacon, it is necessary to have a scanner application running on a BLE-capable smartphone, such as one of the following ones for Android:

- [Physical Web](#)
- [iBeacon & Eddystone Scanner](#)
- [Beacon Radar](#)

An alternative is to use a *Physical Web* compatible browser like Google Chrome (version ≥ 44).

4.4 VirtualCOMPort

VirtualCOMPort is the application to be used for updating the BlueNRG-MS firmware on the X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 expansion boards.

It must be used along with the flashUpdater java tool enclosed in the generated application folders at:

Middlewares\ST\BlueNRG-MS\Utilities\PC_Software\FlashUpdaterTool

The User can also use this sample application in order to port the BlueNRG-MS VCOM application to his specific BlueNRG-MS PCB (assuming that the customer PCB has a USB or RS232 I/O port available for PC connection).

This application provides an interface compliant with the Bluetooth Low Energy DTM test commands. Anyway, this application is not a reference application to be used for BlueNRG-MS application development and evaluation.

5 Installing the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack in STM32CubeMX

After downloading (from www.st.com), installing and launching the STM32CubeMX (V \geq 4.26.0), the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack can be installed in few steps.

1. From the menu, select Help > Manage embedded software packages

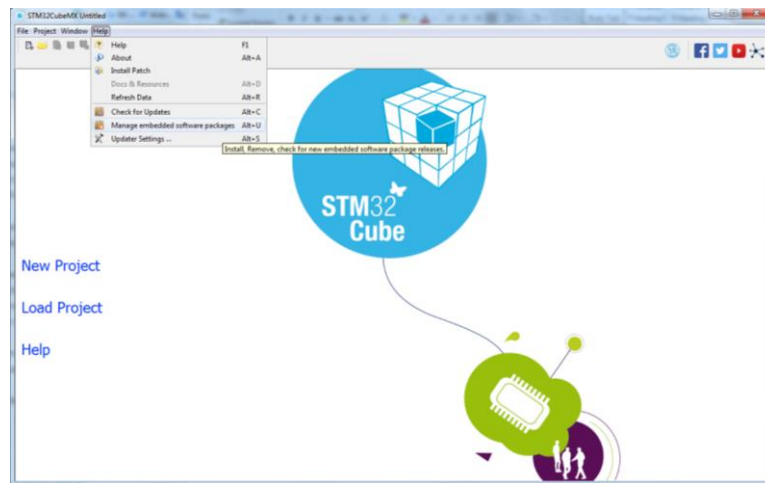


Figure 1 Managing embedded software packs in STM32CubeMX

2. From the Embedded Software Packages Manager window, press the 'Refresh' button to get an updated list of the add-on packs. Go to the 'STMicroelectronics' tab to find the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack.

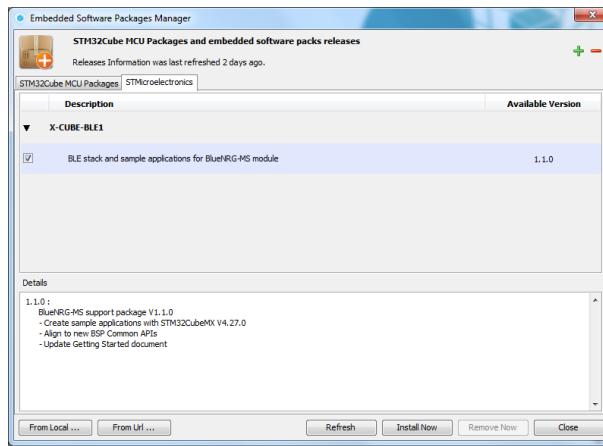


Figure 2 Installing the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack in STM32CubeMX

3. Select it checking the corresponding box and install it pressing the 'Install Now' button. Once the installation is completed, the corresponding box will become green, the 'Close' button can be pressed and the configuration of a new project can start.

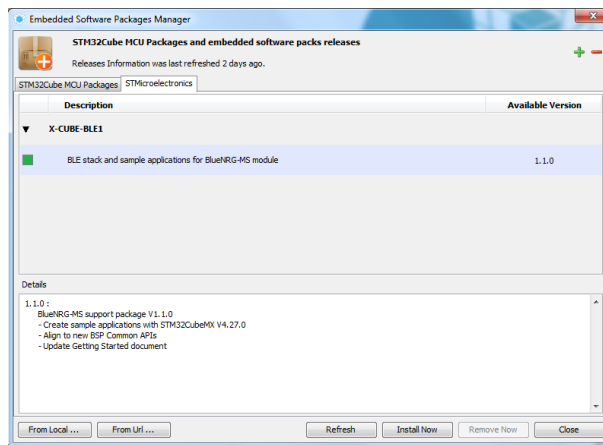


Figure 3 The X-CUBE-BLE1 pack in STM32CubeMX

6 Starting a new project

After launching the STM32CubeMX, click the [New Project](#) text in the GUI.

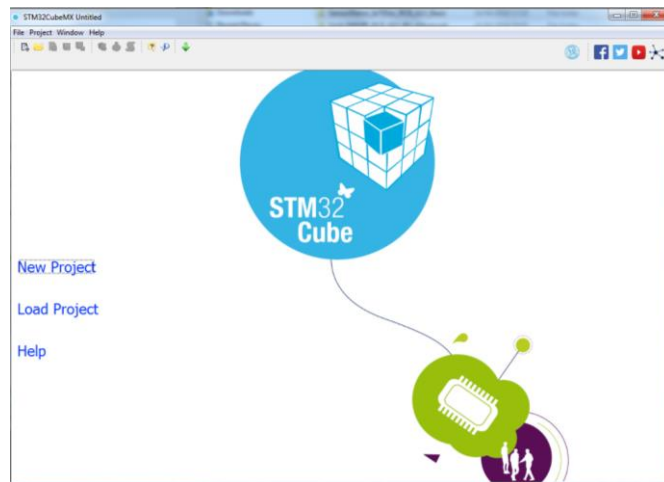


Figure 4 STM32CubeMX main page

The **MCU/Board selector** window will pop up. From this window, the STM32 MCU or platform can be selected.

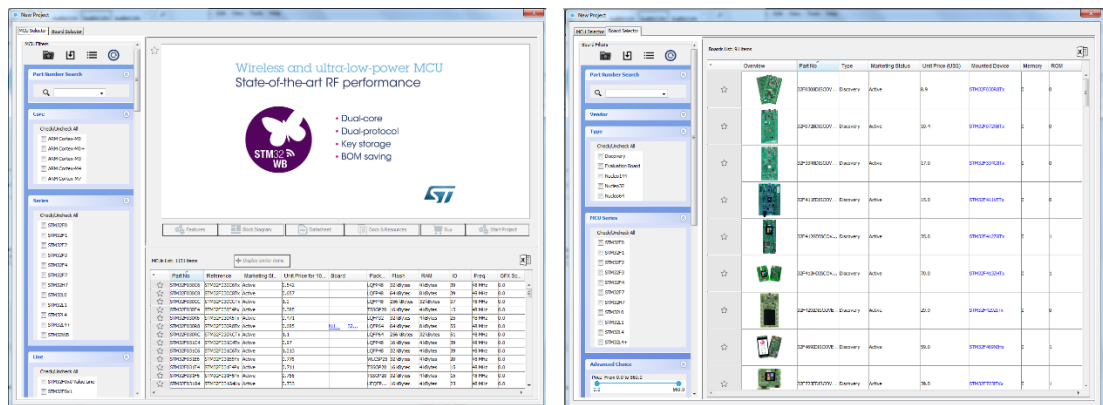


Figure 5 STM32CubeMX MCU/Board Selector windows

After selecting the MCU or the Board, the selected STM32 pinout will appear. From this window the user can set up the project, by adding one or more Additional Software and peripherals and configuring the clock.

7

HCI_TL and HCI_TL_INTERFACE Configuration

The HCI_TL (Host Controller Interface Transport Layer) and the HCI_TL_INTERFACE (Host Controller Interface Transport Layer Interface) are the interfaces between the HAL/BSP layer and both the Middleware Core Layer and the Application Layer.

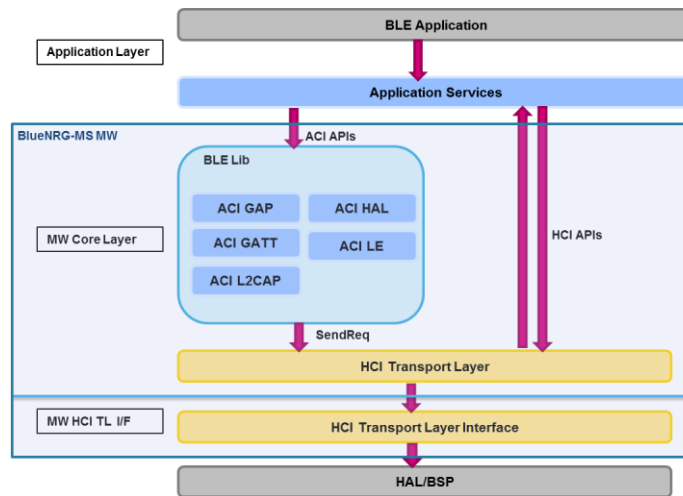


Figure 8 BlueNRG-MS software block scheme

Two different configurations may be used for both the components.

- HCI_TL
 - *Basic* the user can use a basic set of already implemented APIs
 - *Template* the user can implement his own APIs for building his own customized HCI TL
- HCI_TL_INTERFACE
 - *UserBoard* the user can use a basic set of already implemented APIs
 - *Template* the user can implement his own APIs for building his own customized HCI TL Interface.

For generating a ready to work sample application, the *Basic* and *UserBoard* configurations must be selected.

8

STM32 Configuration Steps

The X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 interfaces with the STM32 microcontroller via the SPI pin. Hence, assuming a user wants to interface the ST X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 expansion board with a STM32 Nucleo 64 pins board (e.g. a Nucleo-F401RETx) or a STM32 Nucleo 144 pins board (e.g. a Nucleo F429ZITx), the following steps must be executed in STM32CubeMX before generating a project.



Figure 9 STM32 Nucleo 64 pins and X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1

If a Nucleo 144 pins is used, to correctly set the SPI clock on pin D13, the D3 pin and the D13 pin of the Arduino connector on the X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 expansion board must be bridged (alternatively the resistor R9 must be open and a 0 Ohm resistor must be soldered on R6).

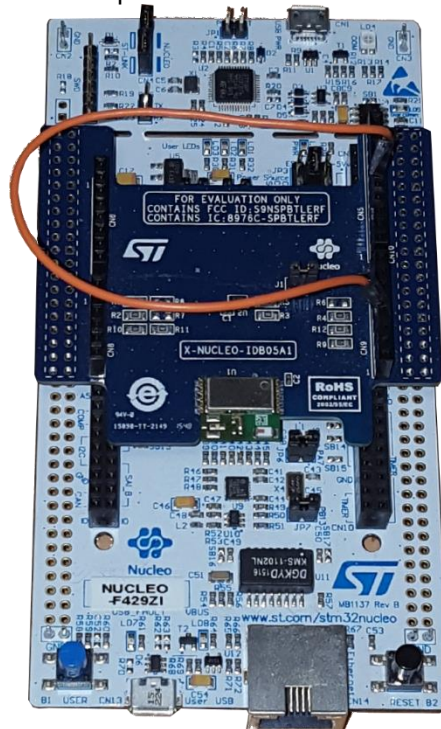


Figure 10 STM32 Nucleo 144 pins and X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1

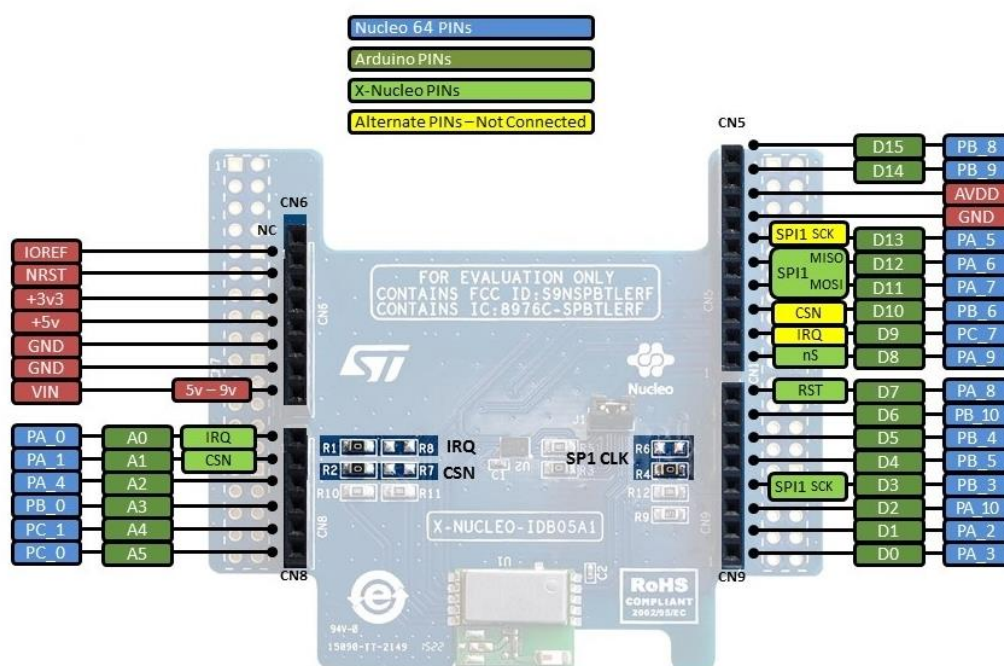


Figure 11 X-NUCLEO-IDB05A1 pinout

8.1 Use of Expansion Software without sample applications

This section outlines how to configure STM32CubeMX when the use of the sample applications is not required. With such setup, only middleware and driver layers will be configured. This setup is useful when the user does not intend to leverage the sample application provided in the package.

From the **Peripherals** list:

- from the **Pinout** scheme, if PB3 pin is already assigned, click on it and reset its state;
- from the **Pinout** scheme, reset the state of all pins used by the ETH (LAN8742A) otherwise click on **Pinout** → **Clear Pinouts** (only for Nucleo 144);
- check that the ETH is disabled (only for Nucleo 144);
- enable the SPI1 in Full-Duplex Master Mode;
- if not enabled yet:
 - enable the USART2 in Asynchronous mode (for Nucleo 64)
 - enable the USART3 in Asynchronous mode (for Nucleo 144).

From the **Pinout** scheme set:

| Nucleo 64 | | Nucleo 144 | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| PA0 | GPIO_EXTI0 | PA3 | GPIO_EXTI3 |
| PA1 | GPIO_Output | PC0 | GPIO_Output |
| PA8 | GPIO_Output | PF13 | GPIO_Output |

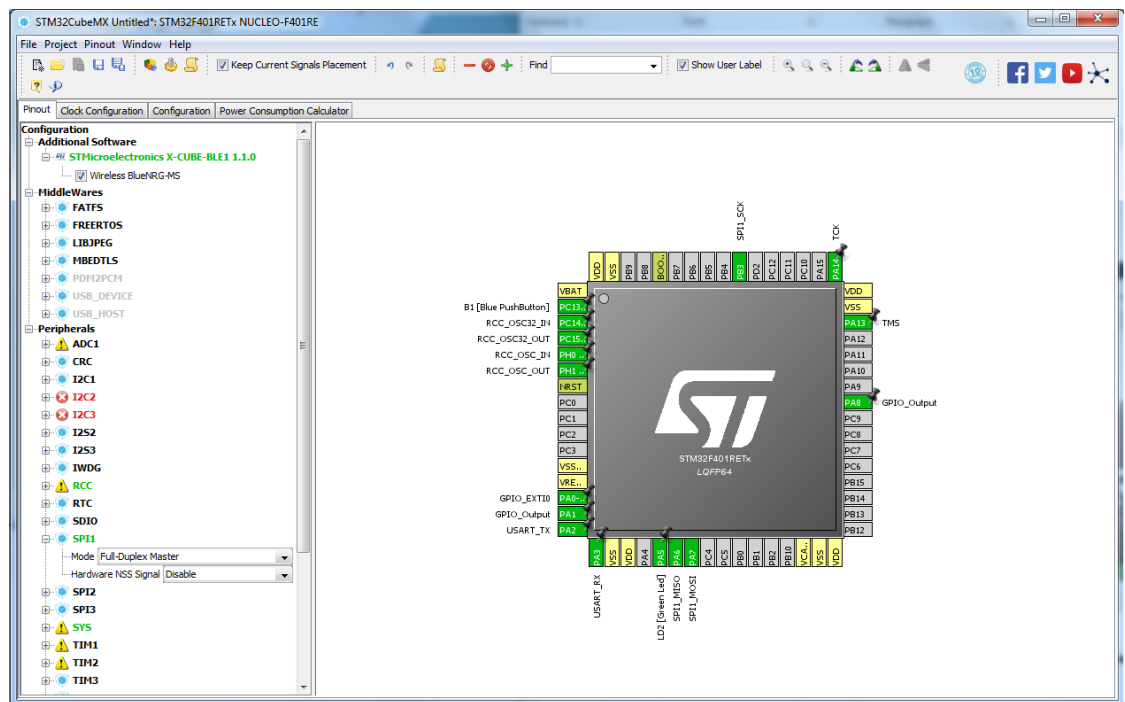


Figure 12 STM32CubeMX Pinout tab

From the **Configuration** tab, press the 'X-CUBE-BLE1' button under the Additional Software and set the following Platform Settings:


| Name | BSP_Api | Supported IPs | Nucleo 64 | Nucleo 144 |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|
| BUS IO driver | BSP_BUS_DRIVER | SPI:Full-Duplex Master | SPI1 | SPI1 |
| Exti Line | HAL_EXTI_DRIVER | GPIO:EXTI | PA0 | PA3 |
| CS Line | Unknown | GPIO:Output | PA1 | PC0 |
| Reset Line | Unknown | GPIO:Output | PA8 | PF13 |

From the **Configuration** tab, click on SPIx button under Connectivity and:

- check that the Data size is 8 Bits;
- set the Prescaler (for Baud Rate) to a value so that HCLK/Prescaler is less or equal to 8MHz (the maximum supported SPI speed)

From **Configuration** tab, click on USARTx button under Connectivity and check that:

- Baud Rate is 115200 Bits/s;
- Word Length is 8 Bits (including Parity)
- Parity is None
- Stop Bits is 1

Once all the above described steps have been performed, the source code of the project using the **STMicroelectronics X-CUBE-BLE1** software can be generated clicking the  button.

In the Advanced Settings tab, check to have the following settings:

| Generated Function Calls | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| Rank | Function Name | IP Instance Name | <input type="checkbox"/> Not Generate Function Call | <input type="checkbox"/> Visibility (Static) |
| 1 | MX_GPIO_Init | GPIO | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 | SystemClock_Config | RCC | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 | MX_USART2_UART_... | USART2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | MX_X_CUBE_BLE1_Init | STMicroelectronics.X... | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | MX_X_CUBE_BLE1_P... | STMicroelectronics.X... | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 15 STM32CubeMX Advanced Project settings

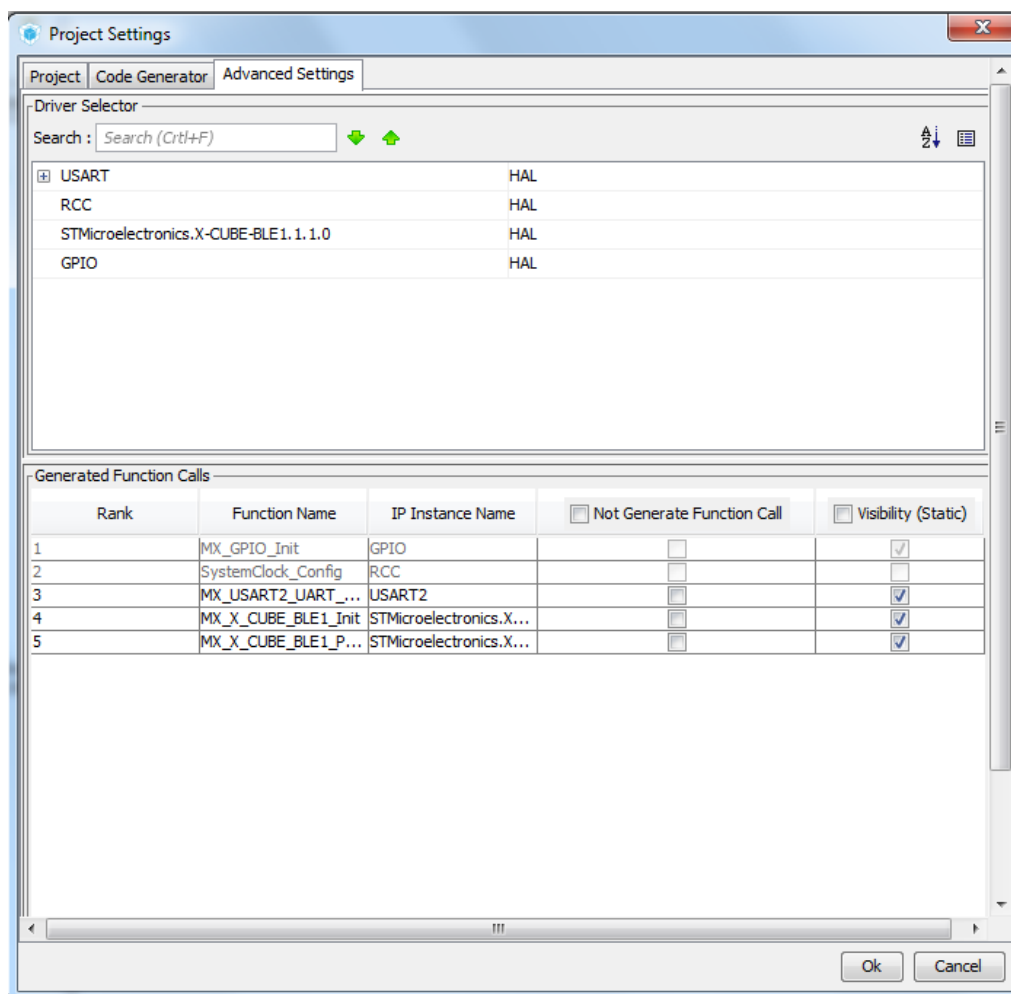


Figure 16 STM32CubeMX Advanced Settings Configuration

8.2 Use of Expansion Software with sample applications

This section outlines how to configure STM32CubeMX when the use of the sample applications is required. With such setup, all the components of the expansion software package, including applications, will be properly configured.

From the **Peripherals** list:

1. from the **Pinout** scheme, if PB3 pin is already assigned, click on it and reset its state;
2. reset the state of all pins used by the ETH (LAN8742A) otherwise click on *Pinout* → *Clear Pinouts* (only for Nucleo 144)
3. check that the ETH is disabled (only for Nucleo 144)
4. enable the SPI1 in Full-Duplex Master Mode
5. if not enabled yet:
 - a. enable the USART2 in Asynchronous mode (for Nucleo 64)
 - b. enable the USART3 in Asynchronous mode (for Nucleo 144)

From the **Pinout** scheme, if not already set, set:

| Nucleo 64 | | | Nucleo 144 | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| <i>PIN</i> | <i>Mode</i> | <i>Label</i> | <i>PIN</i> | <i>Mode</i> | <i>Label</i> |

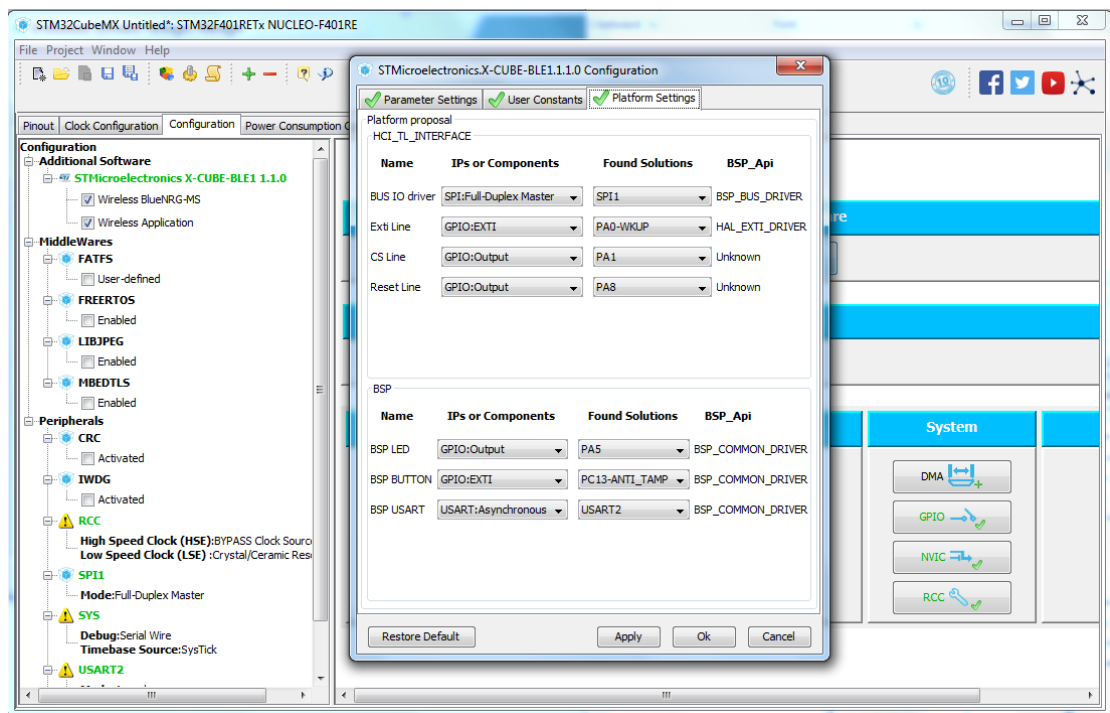


Figure 18 STM32CubeMX X-CUBE-BLE1 Configuration

From the **Parameter Settings** tab, some parameters for the data logging, the debugging and for the BLE scanning, advertising and connection can be set.

For all the sample applications, a part from the Beacon one, the default parameters can be used.

For the Beacon sample application the Advertising Type and the Minimum and Maximum Advertising Intervals must be changed as in the following table:

| Beacon Sample Application | |
|---|--|
| Advertising Type (ADV_DATA_TYPE) | Non Connectable Undirected Advertising (ADV_NONCONN_IND) |
| Minimum Advertising Interval (ADV_INTERV_MIN) | 1600 |
| Maximum Advertising Interval (ADV_INTERV_MAX) | 1600 |

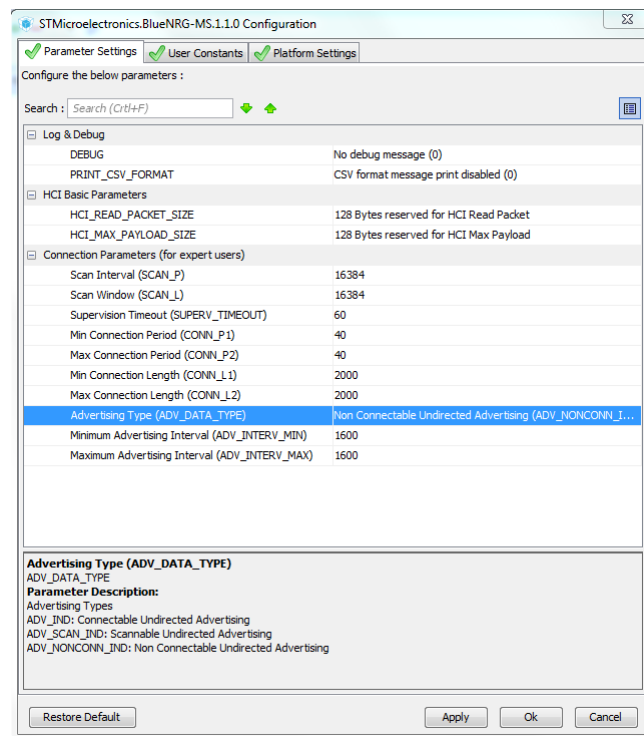


Figure 19 BLE Connection Parameter Settings

From the **Configuration** tab, click on NVIC button under System to enable the EXTI line interrupts:

| Nucleo 64 | Nucleo 144 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| EXTI line 0 interrupt | EXTI line 3 interrupt |

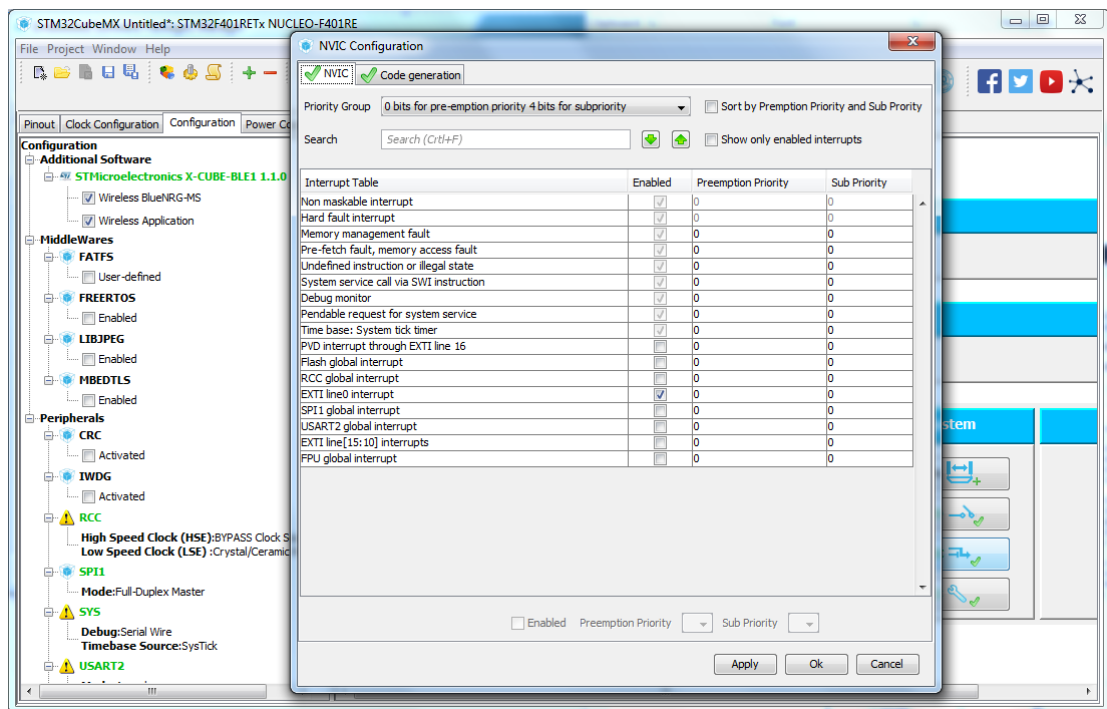


Figure 20 STM32CubeMX NVIC Configuration

From the **Configuration** tab, click on SPI1 button under Connectivity and:

- check that the Data Size is 8 Bits;
- set the Prescaler (for Baud Rate) to a value so that HCLK/Prescaler is less or equal to 8MHz (the maximum supported SPI speed).

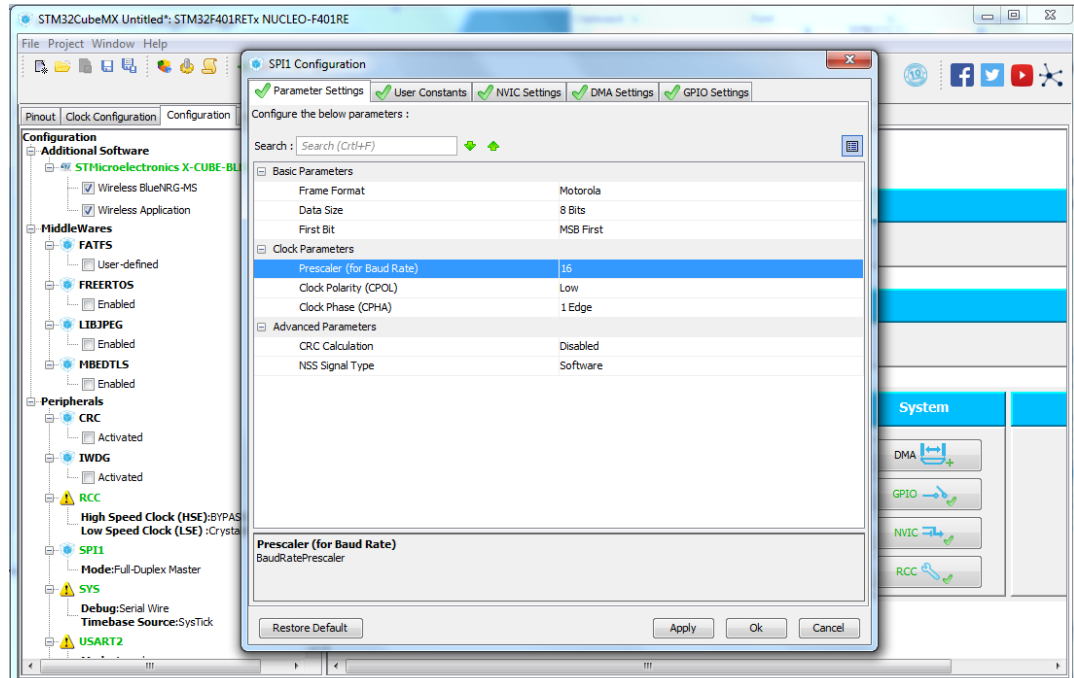


Figure 21 STM32CubeMX SPI Configuration

From the Configuration tab, click on USART2 button under Connectivity and check the following configuration is set:

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Baud Rate | 115200 Bits/s |
| Word Length | 8 Bits (including Parity) |
| Parity | None |
| Stop Bits | 1 |

Also, from the GPIO Settings tab, be sure the USART_TX and USART_RX label are set.

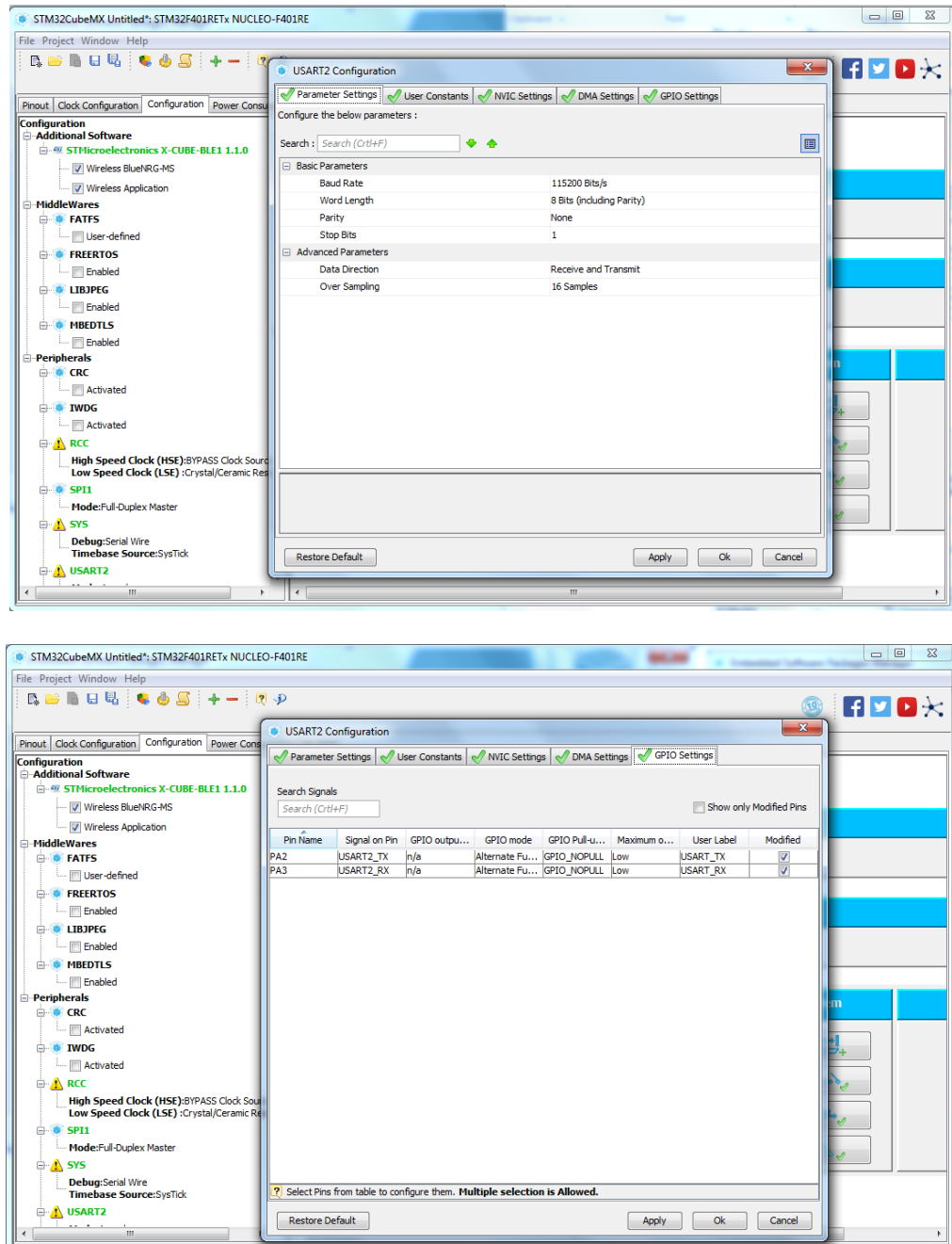



Figure 22 STM32CubeMX USART Configuration

Once all the above described steps have been performed, the sample application using the **STMicroelectronics BlueNRG-MS** software can be generated clicking the  button.

In the Advanced Settings tab, it is important to replicate the following settings:

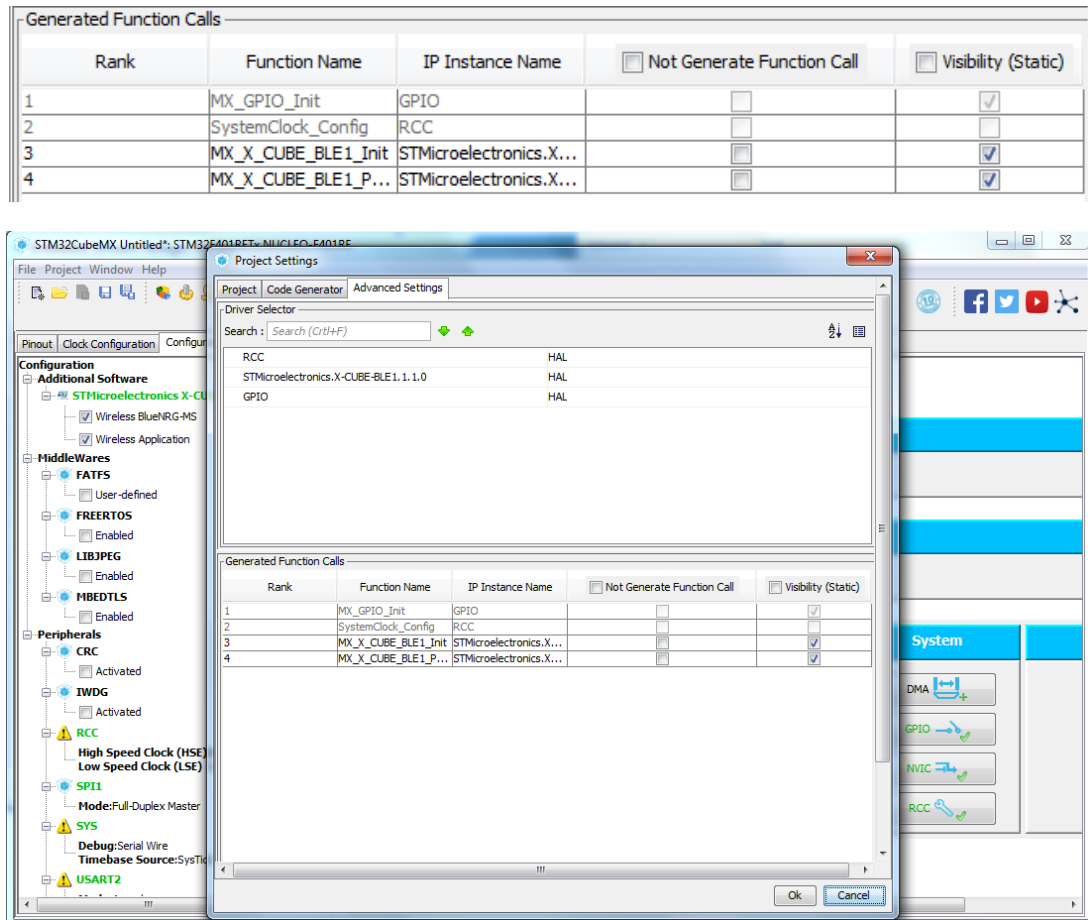


Figure 23 STM32CubeMX Advanced Settings Configuration

9 Generated Folders Structure

When generating a project, two models of folders structure can be adopted when using a high level firmware component (i.e. a middleware in the STM32Cube MCU package):

- **Basic Structure:** the basic structure is often used with HAL examples and single middleware projects. This structure consists of having the IDE configuration folder in the same level as the sources (organized in *Inc* and *Src* subfolders).
- **Advanced Structure:** the advanced structure provides a more efficient and organized folders model that allows ease middleware applications integration when several middlewares are used.

In the Advanced mode *Src* and *Inc* are generated under folder *Core*.

For each middleware, the list of the generated files is under *<MW_Name>* (*X-CUBE-BLE1* for the X-CUBE-BLE1 pack), at the same level as *Core* and either in *App* or in *Target* subfolder.

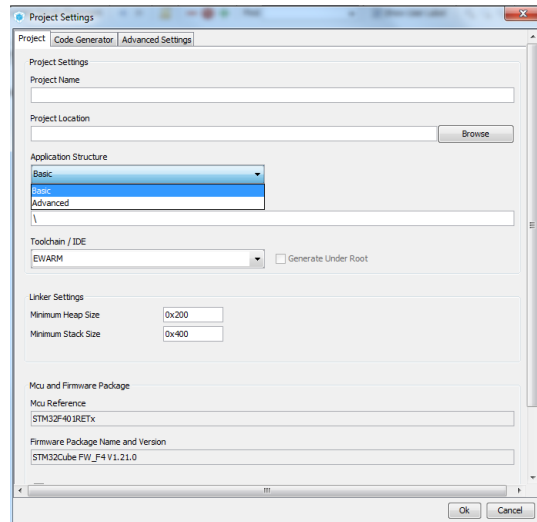


Figure 24 STM32CubeMX Application Structure Configuration

10 Known Limitations and workarounds

- For sample applications using any low power feature, such as **Beacon**, the ST-Link reset must be set in *Connect during reset* mode into the generated project configuration options.
- The Virtual_COM_Port sample application must be used with the following configuration for the HCI Transport Layer (HCI_TL) and the HCI Transport Layer Interface (HCI_TL_INTERFACE):
 - HCI_TL → Basic
 - HCI_TL_INTERFACE → UserBoard
 Other configurations using the template files are not supported yet.
- No support to **Low Level (LL) Driver** is provided yet for the SPI interface used by the BlueNRG-MS chip.

9

References

- [1] [UM1873](#) – User Manual - *Getting started with the X-CUBE-BLE1 Bluetooth Low Energy software expansion for STM32Cube* (see section 3.4 "Guide for writing applications")
- [2] [AN4642](#) – Application Notes – *Overview of the BLE Profiles application for X-CUBE-BLE1, expansion for STM32Cube*
- [3] [AN4979](#) – Application Notes – *Bluetooth Low Energy beacons with Eddystone*

10 Revision history

Table 2: Document revision history

| Date | Version | Changes |
|-------------|---------|---|
| 15-Dec-2017 | 1 | Initial release |
| 25-Jun-2018 | 2 | Add pack installation instructions |
| | | Add HCI_TL and HCI_TL_INTERFACE configuration description |
| 31-Aug-2018 | 3 | Update pictures |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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