

Home Assignment 4

IE1206 Embedded Electronics

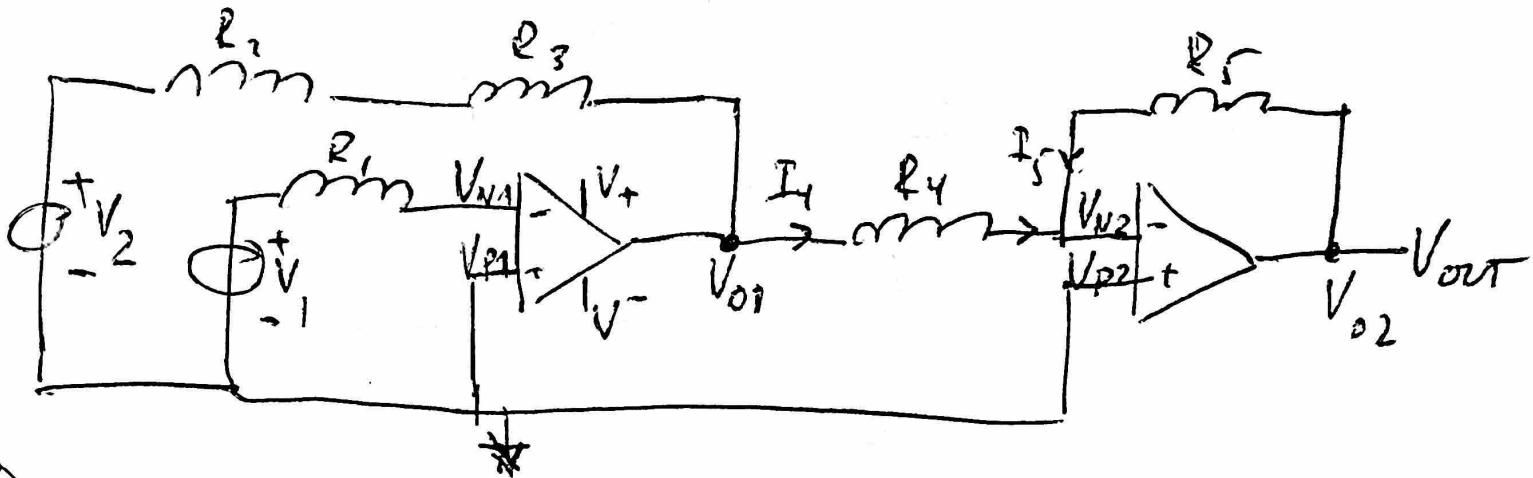
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PROBLEM 2

$$V_1 = 2V$$

$$V_2 = 3V$$

$$R_1 - R_5 = 2000 \Omega$$



(A)

$$V_{O1} - \left(-\frac{V_1}{R_1} - \frac{V_2}{R_2} \right) \cdot R_3 = 0$$

$$V_{O1} = V_{N2} \quad I_4 + I_5 = 0 \Rightarrow I_4 = \frac{V_{O1} - V_{N2}}{R_4} = \left(-\frac{V_1}{R_1} - \frac{V_2}{R_2} \right) \frac{R_3}{R_4}$$

$$I_5 = \frac{V_{O2} - V_{N2}}{R_5} = \frac{V_{O2} - 0}{R_5} = \frac{V_{O2}}{R_5}$$

$$\frac{V_{O2}}{R_5} + \left(-\frac{V_1}{R_1} - \frac{V_2}{R_2} \right) \frac{R_3}{R_4} = 0 \Rightarrow V_{O2} = \left(\frac{V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_2}{R_2} \right) \frac{R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_4}$$

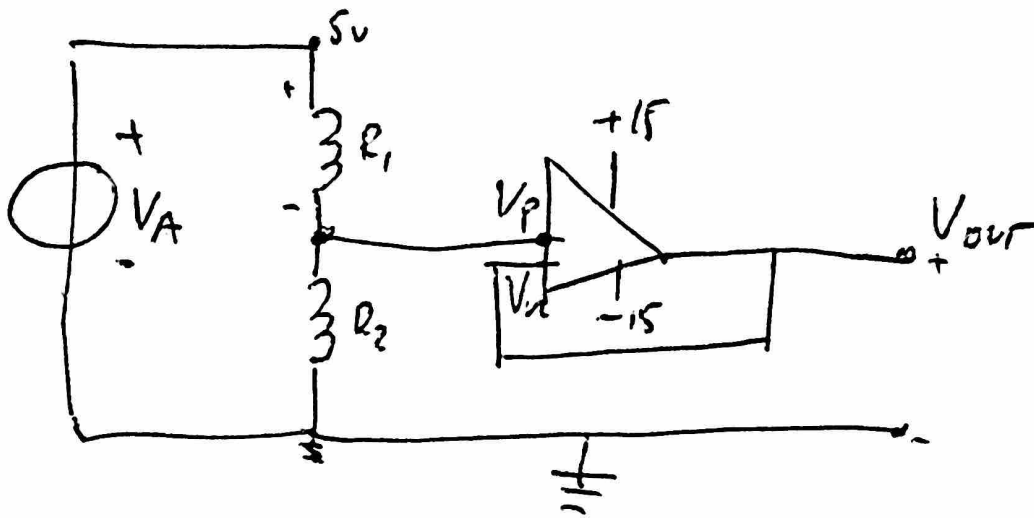
$$V_{out} = \left(\frac{V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_2}{R_2} \right) \cdot \frac{R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_4}$$

(B)

$$V_{out} = \left(\frac{2}{2000} + \frac{3}{2000} \right) \cdot \frac{2000 \cdot 2000}{2000}$$

$$V_{out} = 5V$$

PROBLEM 3



$$R_1 = 10000 \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 10000 \Omega$$

$$V_A = 5V$$

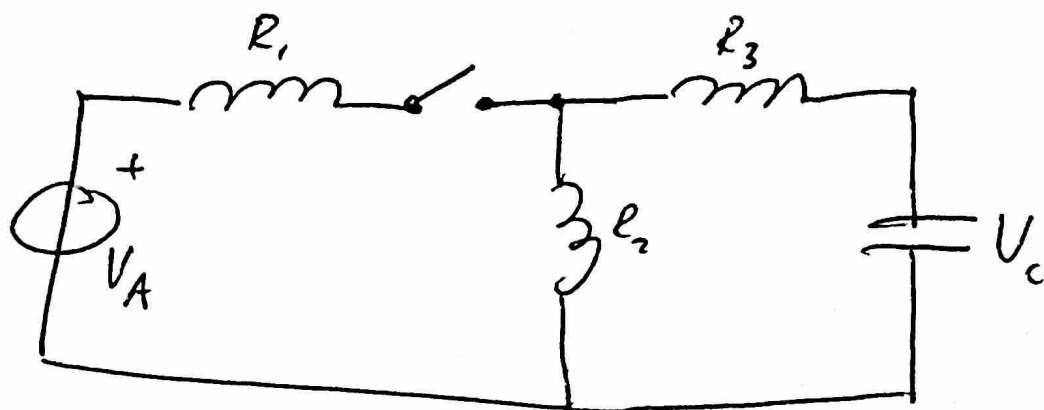
①

$$V_n = V_p$$

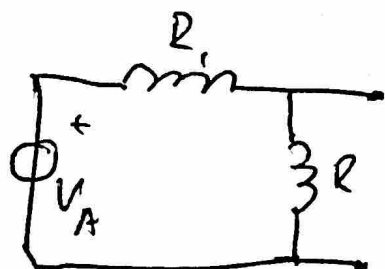
$$V_p = V_A - \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \Rightarrow 5 - \frac{10000}{20000} = 2.5V$$

$$V_{out} = V_n \Rightarrow V_{out} = 2.5V$$

PROBLEM 4



$$\begin{aligned} V_A &= 6V \\ R_1 &= 10000 \Omega \\ R_2 &= 10000 \Omega \\ R_3 &= 5000 \Omega \\ C &= 100 \text{ nF} \end{aligned}$$



$$R = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3}{R_2 + R_3} + R_1 \Rightarrow \frac{10000 \cdot 5000}{10000 + 5000} = 3333$$

$$R = 3333 \Omega$$

$$V_C(\infty) = V_A \frac{R}{R + R_1} \Rightarrow 6 \cdot \frac{3333}{3333 + 10000} = 4.5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_C(0) = 0$$

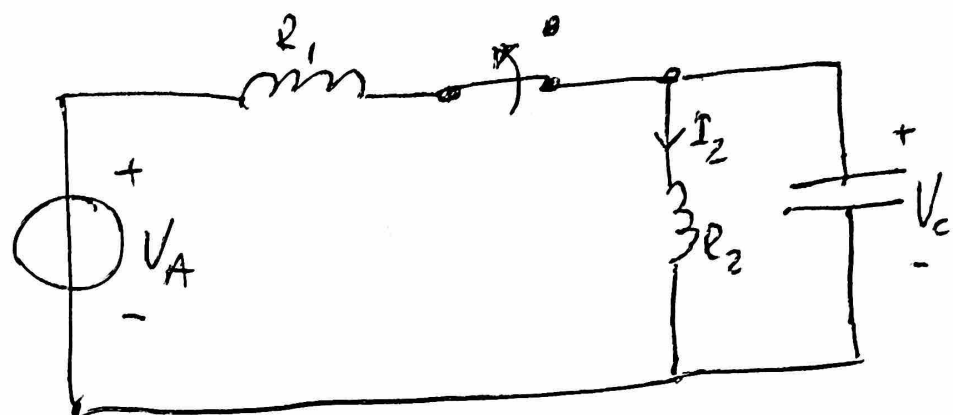
$$R_{TH} = R + R_1 \Rightarrow 3333 + 10000 = 13333 \Omega$$

$$\tau = R_{TH} \cdot C \Rightarrow 13333 \cdot 0.0000001 = 1.3 \text{ ms}$$

$$V_C(t=0.002) = 4.5 + (0 - 4.5) \cdot e^{-\frac{0.002}{0.0013333}}$$

$$V_C(t=0.002) = 3.44 \text{ V}$$

PROBLEM 5



$$\begin{aligned} V_A &= 5 \text{ V} \\ R_1 &= 1000 \, \Omega \\ R_2 &= 4000 \, \Omega \\ C &= 2,5 \text{ nF} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{A} \quad V_C(0) = V_A \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \Rightarrow 5 \cdot \frac{4000}{5000} = 4 \text{ V}$$

$$V_C(\infty) = 0$$

$$I_2(t=0) = \frac{V_C}{R_2} \Rightarrow \frac{4}{4000} = 0,001 = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$P_C(0) = I_2 \cdot V_C \Rightarrow 0,001 \cdot 4 = 0,004 = 4 \text{ mW}$$

$$\textcircled{B} \quad R_{TH} = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \Rightarrow \frac{1000 \cdot 4000}{1000 + 4000} = 800 \, \Omega$$

$$\tau = R_{TH} \cdot C \Rightarrow 800 \cdot 0,0000000025 = 0,000002 = 2 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_C(t) = V_C(\infty) + (V_C(0) - V_C(\infty)) \cdot e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

$$V_C(t=10 \mu\text{s}) = 0 + (4 - 0) \cdot e^{-\frac{0,00001}{0,000002}} = 0,027 = 27 \text{ mV}$$

$$I_2(t=10 \mu\text{s}) = \frac{0,027}{4000} = 0,00000675 = 6,7 \mu\text{A}$$

$$P_C(10 \mu\text{s}) = I_2 \cdot V_C \Rightarrow 0,0000067 \cdot 0,027 = 0,00000018$$

$$P_C = 0,18 \mu\text{W}$$