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Name.....

B.C.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017

First Semester

Complementary Course—BASIC STATISTICS

(2013-2016 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What is Primary data?
- 2. Define Questionnaire.
- 3. What is random sampling?
- 4. Define Statistical average.
- 5. Mention any one demerit of mode.
- 6. What is random experiment?
- 7. Define event.
- 8. What is sample space?
- 9. Define distribution function.
- 10. Give any one use of M.G.F.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Part B (Brief Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Distinguish between population and sample.
- 12. How will you construct frequency curve?
- 13. Write any two objectives of frequency distribution.
- 14. Give a situation where median is regarded as a suitable average.
- 15. Explain dispersion.
- 16. Find mean deviation of the values 7, 3, 8, 10, 4, -2 from the mean.

Turn over

- 17. State addition theorem in probability and deduce the case for three events.
- 18. A card is drawn from a pack of cards. What is the probability that it is (a) Jack or spade; (b) Jack and spade.
- 19. What are the properties of p.d.f.?
- 20. What is Mathematical expectation? List out its properties.
- 21. State and prove additive property of M.G.F.
- 22. What are the uses of moments?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

Part C (Descriptive/Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. State the general rules of forming a frequency table.
- 24. Describe the importance of diagrams and graphs in representing a data. Point out its limitations.
- 25. Find the first four moments about zero of the values 7, 3, 0, 8, 1 and 5 and hence find the first four central moments.
- 26. Find the root mean square deviation of the following data from the value 5:

Class : 0-4 4-8 8-12 12-16 16-20 Frequency : 4 9 26 14 7

- 27. State and prove Baye's theorem.
- 28. Three identical boxes contains 3 balls each. The first box has all white the second has all black, the third box has one white and 2 black balls. A box is chosen at random and a ball is drawn from it. It is found to be white. Find the probability that the 2nd box was selected.
- 29. A coin is known to come up heads three times as often as tails. This coin is tossed four times. Write the probability distribution of number of heads appear.
- 30. Find K if $f(x) = \begin{cases} Kx(1-x); 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 \end{cases}$ is a p.d.f. Find its mean and variance.
- 31. Find the m.g.f. of the distribution $f(x) = pq^{x-1}$; x = 1, 2, 3, ... and hence evaluate its mean and variance.

 $(6\times 4=24)$

Part D (Long/Essay Type Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

32. Represent the following data by an Ogive:

Monthly Income Below: 5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 30,000 35,000 40,000 No. of families : 38 138 246 368 512 600 632 650

Estimate the percentage of families getting (i) above 33,000; (ii) between 18,000 and 29,000.

- 33. Find the mean deviation from mean of the observations a, a + d, a + 2d, a + 3d . . . a + 2nd. Compare it with the standard deviation.
- 34. (a) Explain 'a priori probabilities' and 'a posteriori probabilities.
 - (b) If A and B are independent prove that (i) A^c and B^c; (ii) A and B^c; (iii) A^c and B are also independent.
- 35. X be a random variable with p.d.f.:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k x^2; 0 < x < 1 \\ \frac{k x}{2}; 1 < x < 2 \\ 0 \text{, elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Find (i) K; (ii) the m.g.f. of X; (iii) P(0.5 < X < 1.5); (iv) variance of X.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$